

# PROTOCOL

to exercise

## *Electromagnetic Compability*

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## *Electromagnetic Compability*

### Used Devices

Nr.	Device	Manufacturer	Type	
1.	Oscilloscope	-		
2.	Function generator	-		

## **1    Inhalt**

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## 2 General Information

The task of this laboratory exercise was to distribute 230V power on two wires of a cable and then measuring the influence on unconnected wires in the same cable. This influence is called disturbance voltage.

## 3 Exercise A

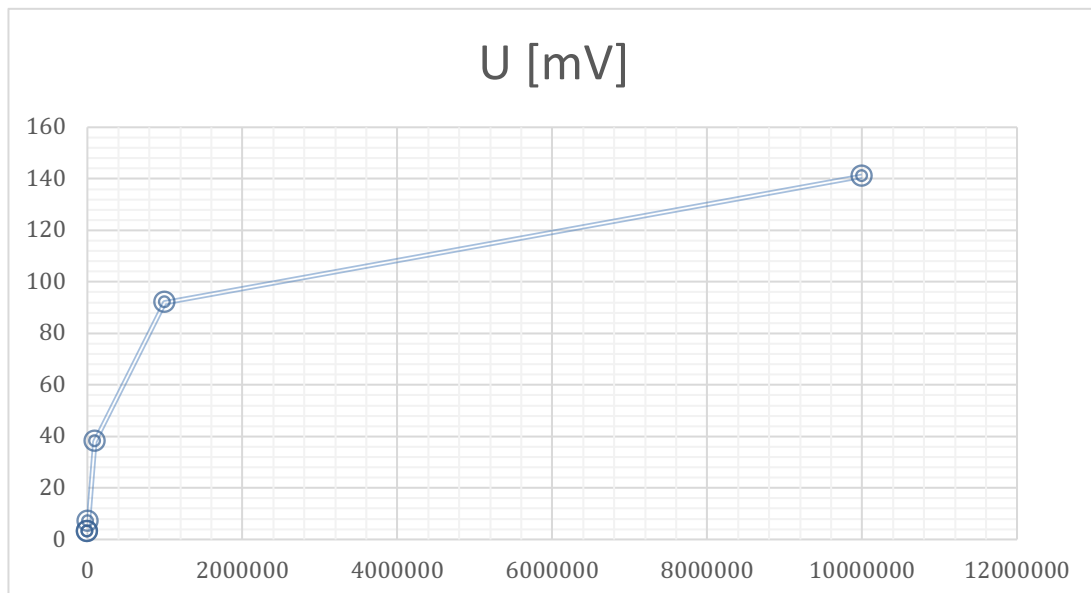
The task in exercise "a" was to measure the symmetric disturbance voltage depending on the terminating resistance.

### 3.1 Measurements

#### 3.1.1 Measurement Table

R [Ohm]	U [mV]
10000000	141
1000000	92
100000	38
10000	7
1000	3
50	3

#### 3.1.2 Measurement Graph

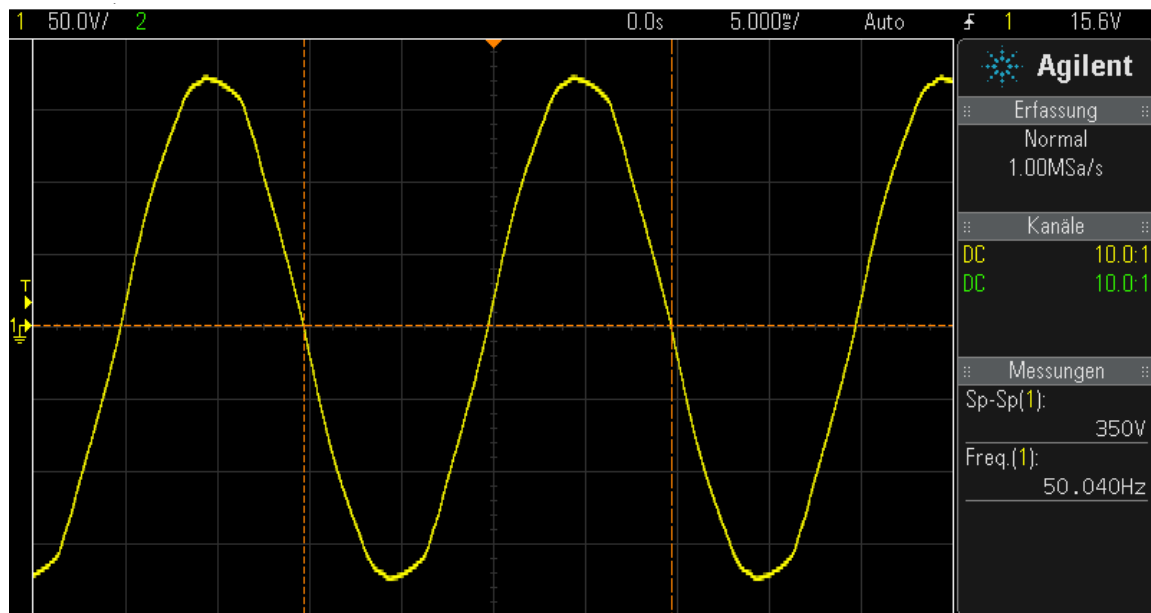


**Note:** The disturbance voltage was measured with a Multimeter depending on the terminating resistance. This can be seen in the chart above. The value from the resistor went from 10MOhm down to 50Ohm. With the values of the chart a diagram was created as can be seen above.

## 4 Exercise B

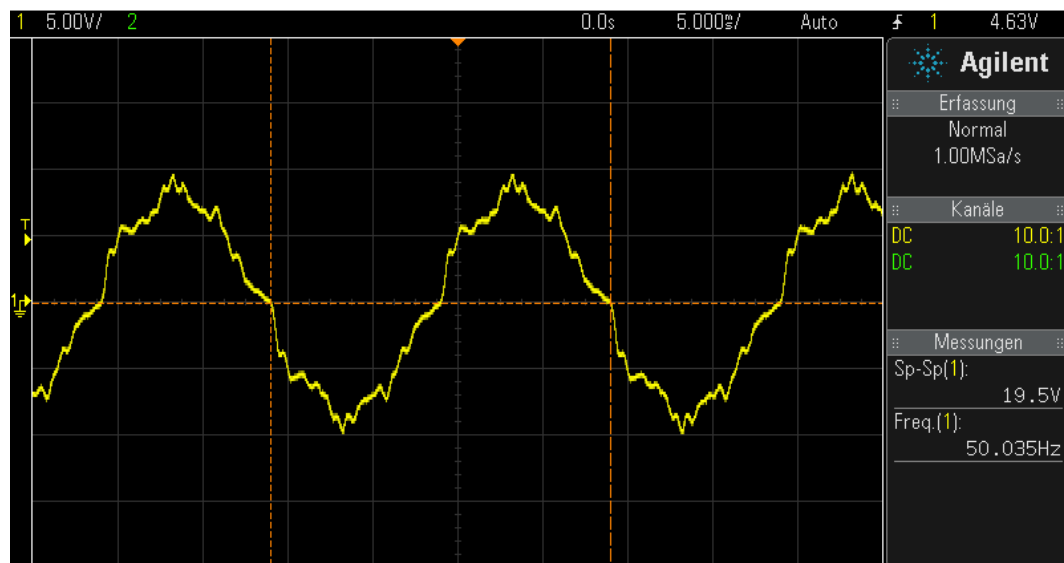
The task in "exercise b" was to measure the asymmetric disturbance voltage depending on the terminating resistance against ground. For that, 4 different resistors were used to determine the disturbance voltage and once it was measured without a resistor. The values of the resistors were 10M, 100k, 10k and 50  $\Omega$ . The disturbance voltages were measured and documented with an oscilloscope.

### 4.1 Measurement of the disturbance voltage (No resistor)



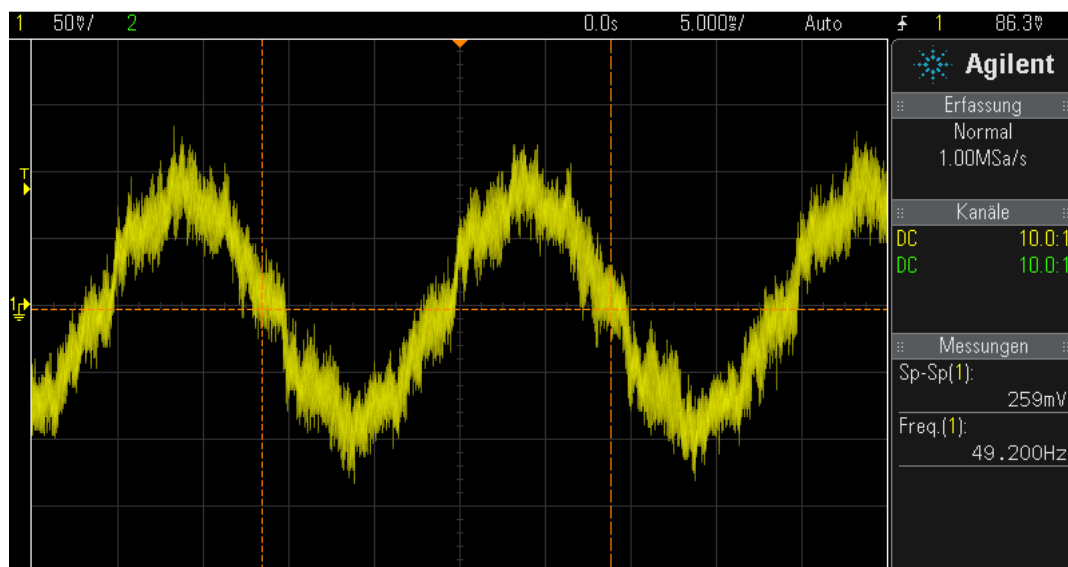
**Note:** On the first picture the disturbance voltage can be seen, as it was measured without an resistor.

### 4.2 Measurement of the disturbance voltage (10 M $\Omega$ )



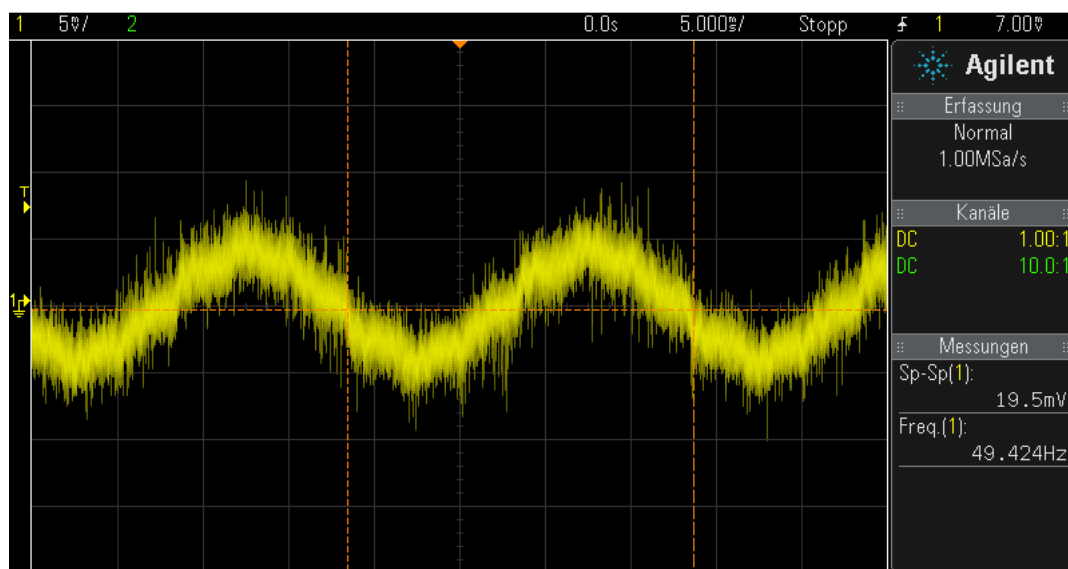
**Note:** On the second picture the disturbance voltage was measured with a 10M Ohm resistor against ground.

#### 4.3 Measurement of the disturbance voltage (100 k $\Omega$ )



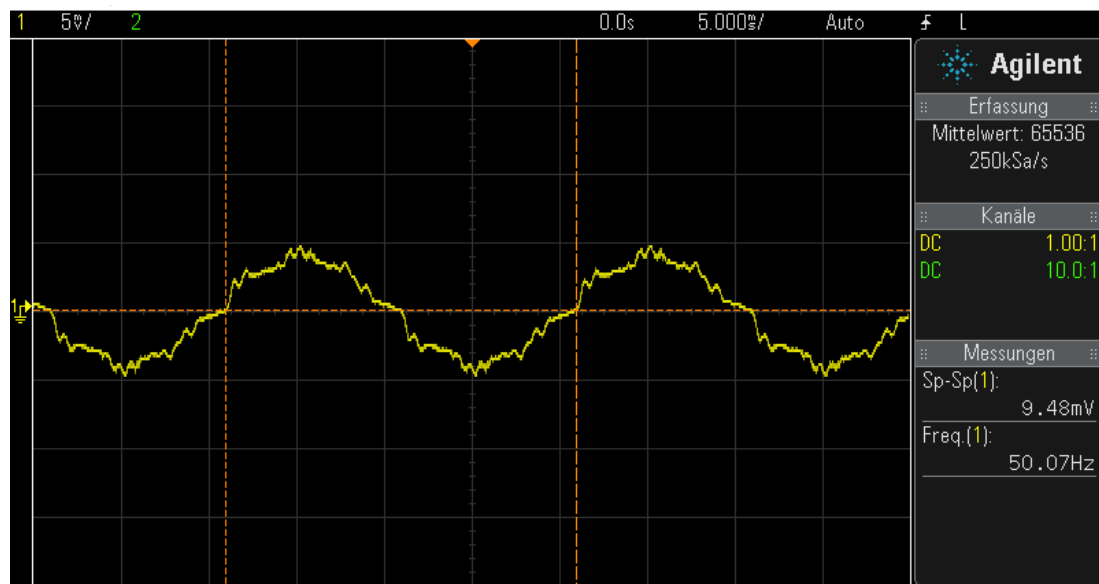
**Note:** Here the disturbance voltage was measured with a resistor of 100kOhm.

#### 4.4 Measurement of the disturbance voltage (10 k $\Omega$ )



**Note:** On this picture a resistor with a value of 10kOhm was used to measure the disturbance voltage.

#### 4.5 Measurement of the disturbance voltage (50 $\Omega$ )



**Note:** Finally on the last picture the disturbance voltage was measured with the help of a terminal resistor of 50 $\Omega$ .