

PROTOKOLL

zur Laborübung

PLL

HTL
St. Pölten

EL

| | | |
|--|---|--------------|
| Gruppe / Klasse 7 / 5BHELS | Protokollführer HOFSTÄTTER A. | Unterschrift |
| Abgabedatum 1. April 2016 | Mitarbeiter | Unterschrift |
| Lehrer BOCH | | Unterschrift |
| Note | Mitarbeiter | Unterschrift |

PLL

Verwendete Geräte

| Nr. | Gerätebezeichnung | Hersteller | Typ | Platznummer |
|-----|--------------------|------------|----------|--------------------|
| | Oszilloscope | Tektronix | TDS2012B | Oszilloscope |
| | Function Generator | HP Packard | 33120A | Function Generator |
| | Power supply | TTi | EL301 | Power supply |

1 Inhaltsverzeichnis

| | | |
|----------|---------------------------------|----------|
| <u>1</u> | <u>INHALTSVERZEICHNIS</u> | <u>2</u> |
| <u>2</u> | <u>TASK.....</u> | <u>3</u> |
| <u>3</u> | <u>EF4059B</u> | <u>3</u> |
| <u>4</u> | <u>MC14029B.....</u> | <u>4</u> |
| <u>5</u> | <u>CALCULATION.....</u> | <u>4</u> |
| <u>6</u> | <u>CIRCUIT</u> | <u>5</u> |
| <u>7</u> | <u>FIGURES</u> | <u>6</u> |

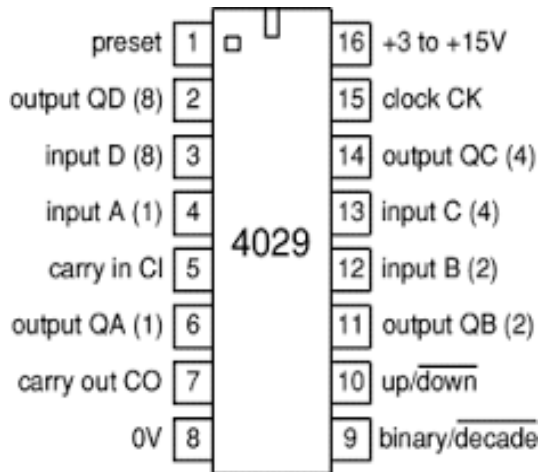


Figure 3 - Pin content form the Up/Down-Counter

5 Calculation

The calculation is to find out which pin was set to which state to divide by 10. For this calculation you have to take the table from the Datasheet and the following formula.

$$N = \text{Mode} * (1000 * \text{decade 5 Preset} + 100 * \text{decade 4 Preset} + 10 * \text{decade 3 preset} + 1 * \text{decade 2 Preset}) + \text{decade 1 Preset}$$

$$N = 10 * (1000 * 0 + 100 * 0 + 10 * 0 + 1 * 0) + (J1...J4)$$

TRUTH TABLE

| MODE SELECT INPUT | | | FIRST COUNTING SECTION | | | LAST COUNTING SECTION | | | COUNTER RANGE | |
|-------------------|-------|-------|------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|----------|
| | | | | | | | | | DESIGN | EXTENDED |
| K_a | K_b | K_c | MODE DIVIDES-BY | CAN BE PRESET TO A MAX OF: | (NOTE 1) JAM INPUTS USED: | MODE DIVIDES-BY | CAN BE PRESET TO A MAX OF: | (NOTE 1) JAM INPUTS USED: | MAX | MAX |
| H | H | H | 2 | 1 | J1 | 8 | 7 | J2, J3, J4 | 15,999 | 17,331 |
| L | H | H | 4 | 3 | J1, J2 | 4 | 3 | J3, J4 | 15,999 | 18,663 |
| H | L | H | 5 (Note 2) | 4 | J1, J2, J3 | 2 | 1 | J4 | 9,999 | 13,329 |
| L | L | H | 8 | 7 | J1, J2, J3 | 2 | 1 | J4 | 15,999 | 21,327 |
| H | H | L | 10 | 9 | J1, J2, J3, J4 | 1 | 0 | - | 9,999 | 16,659 |
| X | L | L | Master Preset | | | Master Preset | | | - | - |

6 Circuit

After the calculation the pins from the 4059 have been set to VCC = 5V or to GND and now it divide by 10. Then the Outputs from the 4029 were connected with the Inputs J1 to J4 from the divide-by-n-counter.

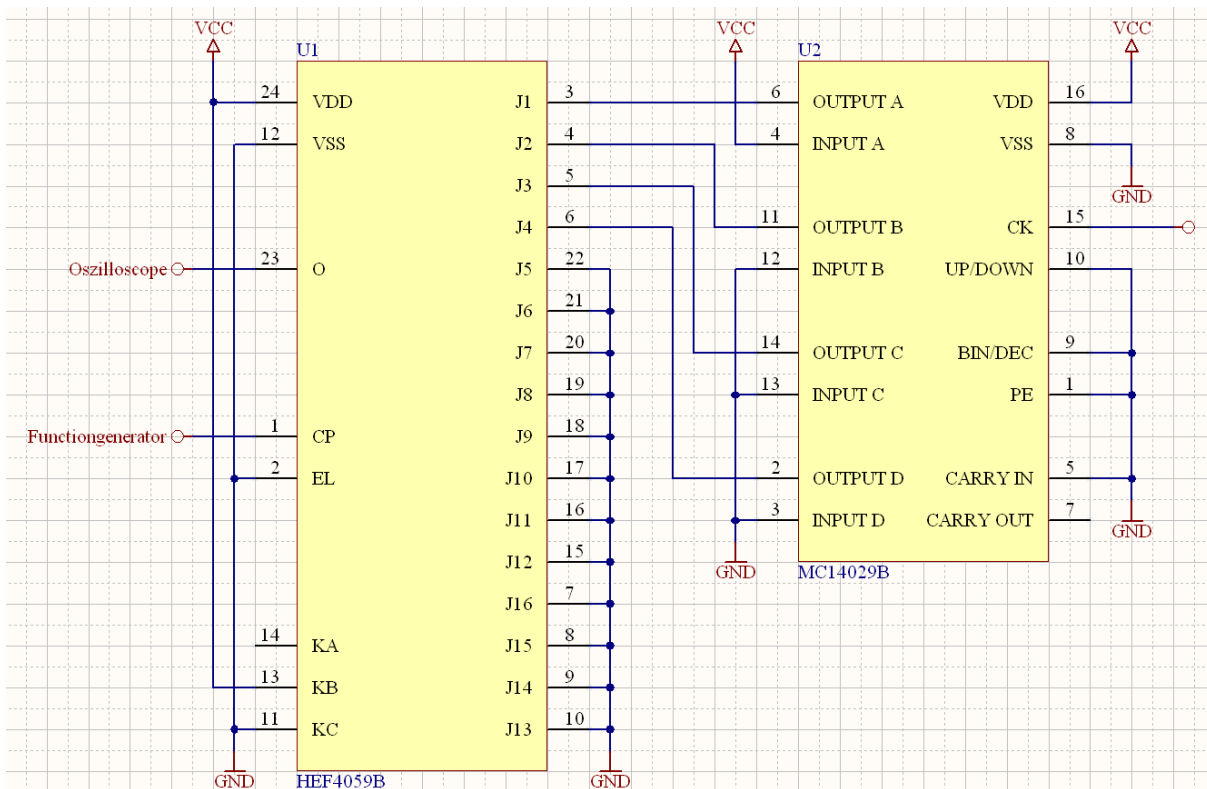


Figure 4 - Schematic from the circuit

7 Figures

| | |
|--|---|
| Figure 1 - Pin content from the HEF4059-module | 3 |
| Figure 2 - Functional-Block-Diagram from the divide-by-n Counter | 3 |
| Figure 3 - Pin content form the Up/Down-Counter | 4 |
| Figure 4 - Schematic from the circuit | 5 |