PROTOCOL

to laboratory exercise

Bode diagram simulation

(v2)



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Device under Test

RC low pass filter

Used Programs

Nr.	Name	Version	
1.	Altium Designer	13	
2.	Micro Cap	11	

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2 Tasks

In this laboratory exercise a RC low-pass filter was simulated. The frequency behaviour was showed in a bode diagram for the ratio of $(\frac{Ua}{Ue})$. This bode diagram contains attenuation and phase shift.

2.1 RC low pass circuit

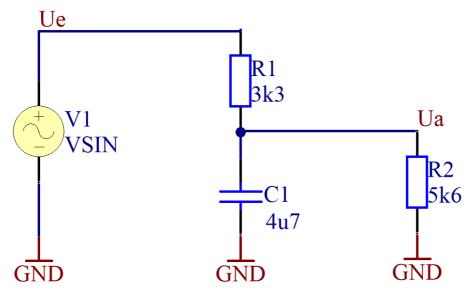


Figure 1 - low pass circuit

3 General calculations

3.1 Time constant (τ)

For optimal measure and representation of the bode diagram the time constant was calculated. In this circuit the time constant is calculated as shown below.

$$\tau = (R1//R2)*C1 = (3.3 \text{ k}\Omega//5.6 \text{ k}\Omega)*4.7 \mu\text{F} = 2.076 \text{ k}\Omega*4.7 \mu\text{F} \ \rightarrow \tau = 9.759 \text{ ms}$$

3.2 Cut off frequency (f_c)

With the time constant the cut off frequency could be calculated. This is those frequency in which the attenuation is 3dB lower than at low frequencys. At the cut off frequency the imaginary part of the complex resistance is equal to the real part, also a fact at this frequency is that the phase shift is exactly -45° .

$$f_c = \frac{1}{2 * \pi * \tau} = \frac{1}{2 * \pi * 9.759 \text{ ms}} \rightarrow f_c = 16.31 \text{ Hz}$$

4 Simulation 1 (Altium Designer)

In the first case the circuit was simulated with an AC Small Signal Analyse in Altium Designer 2013. The settings of the analysis are shown below.

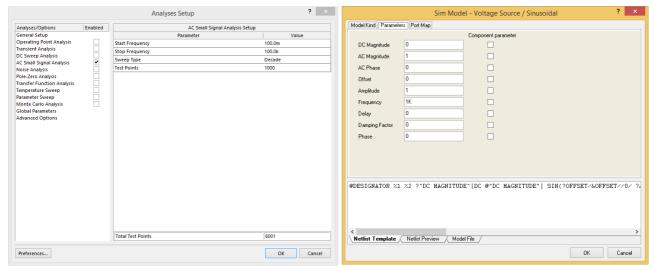
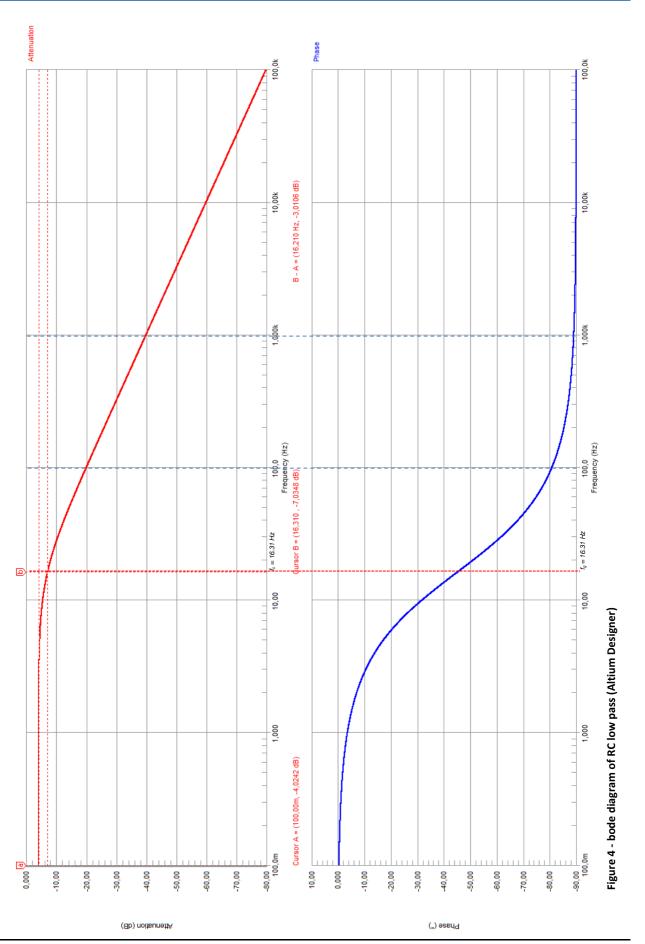


Figure 2 - Analysis Setup

Figure 3 - Sine Generator Setup

4.1 AC Small Signal Analyse

For the frequency range a suitable area was chosen to see all scenarios. Based on the cut off frequency (16.31 Hz), which was calculated above, the area was chosen from 0.1 Hz to 100 kHz with 1,000 simulation points.



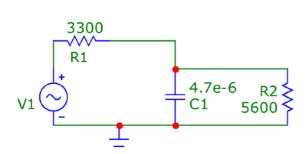
In the bode diagram which is shown on a decade logarithmic scale the attenuation and phase angel depending on the frequency can be seen.

In above bode diagram the attenuation at low frequency's (in this case < 10~Hz) is about 4dB. Based on the set cursors a and b the cut off frequency is shown. The attenuation there is about 3 dB lower as by low frequencies. After the cut off frequency the amplification goes downwards with -20 dB/Decade.

5 Simulation 2 (Micro Cap)

To check the results of Altium Designer a second analysis was made. For second instance of simulating Micro Cap was used.

5.1 AC Analysis



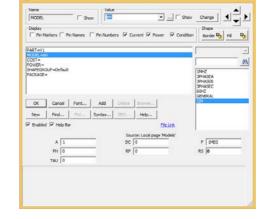
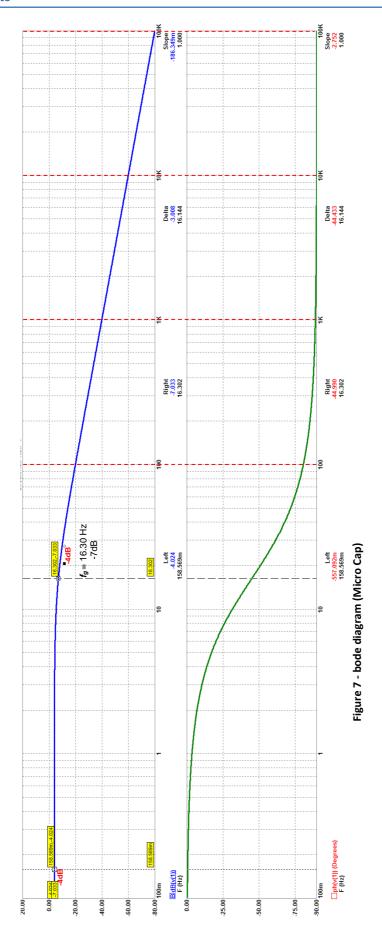


Figure 5 - Circuit in Micro Cap

Figure 6 - Sine Generator Setup



Thereby everything was simulated correct both analysis came to the same results.

Simulation mistakes and errors

In Altium Designer a very important thing is to define the component values properly.

For example: $3.3k - 3300 - 3.3e^3$ and not 3k3 is recognized as 3k

 $4.7u - 4.7uF - 4.7e^{-6}$ and not 4u7 is recognized as 4u

The biggest problem is that Altium Designer don't give an error message. The wrong settings be taken without comment.

Wrong Component Values



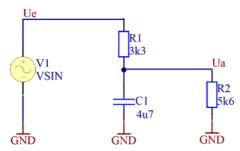


Figure 8 - Wrong Component Values

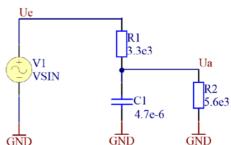


Figure 9 - Right Component Values

Wrong settings on these component values take effect on the whole analysis setup and all simulation results.

	Wrong Settings	Right Settings
Measured cut off frequency	$f_g = 21.221 \text{ Hz}$	$f_{g} = 16.31 Hz$
Attenuation at low frequency's (0.1 Hz)	$H(j\omega) = 4.08 dB$	$H(j\omega) = 4.02 dB$
Attenuation at cut off frequency (16.31 Hz)	$H(j\omega) = 6.32 dB$	$H(j\omega) = 7.03 \text{ dB}$
Phase shift at cut off frequency (fg)	$\varphi = -37.55^{\circ}$	$\varphi = -45.00^{\circ}$