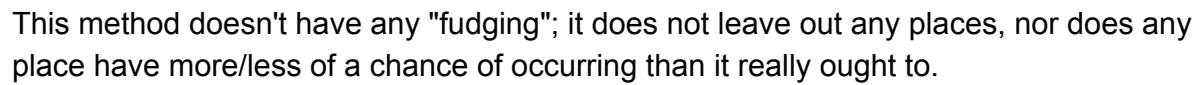


by Talzhemir (Manda)

The easy way to pick a random Large Hex is to roll a d6 for a row and column, and count along that side. If a '1' is rolled, roll a d6, and on a 4-6, use the seventh row/column.



B. Which Small Hex?

Which Row? Roll d20. Consult the appropriate table.

1-6 - Reroll.

7- Roll d6. Even=C, Odd=Q

8-9 - Roll d20.

1-4=B, 5-10=P, 11-14=R, 15-20=D

10-11 - Roll d100.

1-16 - Reroll

17-19=A, 20-58=E, 59-61=S, 62-100=O

12-16 - Roll d20.

1-4=F, 5-8=H, 9-12=J,

13-16=L, 17-20=N

17-20 - Roll d20.

1-5=G, 6-10=I, 11-15=K, 16-20=M

Which Column? Roll a d20, rerolling a 19 or 20. Treat this as hundreds and tens digits. (In other words, multiply this by ten.) Add a d10.

1-35 - Roll d6. Even=G, Odd=H

36-67 - Roll d6. Even=F, Odd=I

68-97 - Roll d6. Even=E, Odd=J

98-124 - Roll d6. Even=D, Odd=K

125-148 - Roll d6. Even=C, Odd=L

149-170 - Roll d6. Even=B, Odd=M

171-185 - Roll d6. Even=A, Odd=N

186-190=O

*The Large Hex selector does give properly scaled chances for the $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$ hexes. Thus, if you are placing things with equal probability in the small Hexes, and you roll one that is off the map, reroll the Small Hex