DSBI Final Project

Group 8

O. Install & Library Packages

```
#install.packages("tidyverse")
#install.packages("lubridate")
#install.packages("magrittr")
#install.packages("naniar")
#install.packages("VIM")
#install.packages("InformationValue")
#install.packages("caret")
#install.packages("tictoc")
#install.packages("caretEnsemble")
#install.packages("gbm")
#install.packages("kernlab")
#install.packages("nnet")
#install.packages("randomForest")
#install.packages("xqboost")
#install.packages("plyr")
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------
------ tidyverse 1.2.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.1.0 v purrr 0.3.2
## v tibble 2.1.1 v dplyr 0.8.0.1
## v tidyr 0.8.3 v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 1.3.1 v forcats 0.4.0
## -- Conflicts -------
----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       date
library(magrittr)
##
## Attaching package: 'magrittr'
```

```
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       set_names
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
       extract
library(naniar)
library(VIM)
## Loading required package: colorspace
## Loading required package: grid
## Loading required package: data.table
##
## Attaching package: 'data.table'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##
       hour, isoweek, mday, minute, month, quarter, second, wday,
##
       week, yday, year
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       between, first, last
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       transpose
## VIM is ready to use.
## Since version 4.0.0 the GUI is in its own package VIMGUI.
##
##
             Please use the package to use the new (and old) GUI.
## Suggestions and bug-reports can be submitted at:
https://github.com/alexkowa/VIM/issues
##
## Attaching package: 'VIM'
## The following object is masked from 'package:datasets':
##
##
       sleep
library(InformationValue)
library(caret)
## Loading required package: lattice
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'caret'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:InformationValue':
##
##
       confusionMatrix, precision, sensitivity, specificity
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       lift
library(tictoc)
library(pROC)
## Type 'citation("pROC")' for a citation.
##
## Attaching package: 'pROC'
## The following object is masked from 'package:colorspace':
##
##
       coords
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
       cov, smooth, var
##
library(caretEnsemble)
##
## Attaching package: 'caretEnsemble'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
       autoplot
library(gbm)
## Loaded gbm 2.1.5
library(kernlab)
##
## Attaching package: 'kernlab'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
       cross
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
       alpha
```

```
library(nnet)
library(randomForest)
## randomForest 4.6-14
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
##
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
       combine
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
       margin
library(xgboost)
##
## Attaching package: 'xgboost'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       slice
```

Attention: 1. Please download the data from https://www.kaggle.com/c/shelter-animal-outcomes/overview, and put that into one suitable working directory 2. Please set your work directory

1. Read data & Take a glimpse

1.1 Training Data

```
train <- read_csv("train.csv")</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     AnimalID = col_character(),
##
     Name = col_character(),
##
     DateTime = col datetime(format = ""),
##
     OutcomeType = col_character(),
##
     OutcomeSubtype = col_character(),
##
     AnimalType = col_character(),
##
     SexuponOutcome = col_character(),
##
     AgeuponOutcome = col character(),
##
     Breed = col character(),
##
     Color = col_character()
## )
glimpse(train)
```

```
## Observations: 26,729
## Variables: 10
                    <chr> "A671945", "A656520", "A686464", "A683430", "A6...
## $ AnimalID
                    <chr> "Hambone", "Emily", "Pearce", NA, NA, "Elsa", "...
## $ Name
                    <dttm> 2014-02-12 18:22:00, 2013-10-13 12:44:00, 2015...
## $ DateTime
                    <chr> "Return_to_owner", "Euthanasia", "Adoption", "T...
## $ OutcomeType
## $ OutcomeSubtype <chr> NA, "Suffering", "Foster", "Partner"...
                    <chr> "Dog", "Cat", "Dog", "Cat", "Dog", "Dog", "Cat"...
## $ AnimalType
## $ SexuponOutcome <chr> "Neutered Male", "Spayed Female", "Neutered Mal...
## $ AgeuponOutcome <chr> "1 year", "1 year", "2 years", "3 weeks", "2 ye...
## $ Breed
                    <chr> "Shetland Sheepdog Mix", "Domestic Shorthair Mi...
                    <chr> "Brown/White", "Cream Tabby", "Blue/White", "Bl...
## $ Color
1.2 Submittable Data
test <- read csv("test.csv")
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     ID = col double(),
##
     Name = col character(),
##
     DateTime = col_datetime(format = ""),
```

##

##

##

##

)

AnimalType = col character(),

Breed = col character(),

Color = col character()

SexuponOutcome = col_character(),

AgeuponOutcome = col character(),

```
glimpse(test)
## Observations: 11,456
## Variables: 8
## $ ID
                               <dbl> 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, ...
## $ Name
                               <chr> "Summer", "Cheyenne", "Gus", "Pongo", "Skooter"...
                               <dttm> 2015-10-12 12:15:00, 2014-07-26 17:59:00, 2016...
## $ DateTime
                               <chr> "Dog", "Dog", "Cat", "Dog", "Dog", "Dog", "Cat"...
## $ AnimalType
## $ SexuponOutcome <chr> "Intact Female", "Spayed Female", "Neutered Mal...
## $ AgeuponOutcome <chr> "10 months", "2 years", "1 year", "4 months", "...
## $ Breed <chr> "Labrador Retriever Mix", "German Shepherd/Sibe...
## $ Color <chr> "Red/White", "Black/Tan", "Brown Tabby", "Trico...
```

1.3 Breed-Size Data (Dog)

```
dog_breed <- read_csv("dog_breed.csv") # outside source</pre>
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##
     Name = col character(),
##
     Breed = col_character(),
     Breed_cl = col_character(),
##
##
     MIX1 = col character(),
```

```
MIX2 = col character(),
##
    Point1 = col double(),
    Point2 = col double(),
##
    Point = col double()
##
## )
glimpse(dog breed)
## Observations: 22,251
## Variables: 8
## $ Name
             <chr> "Hambone", "Pearce", NA, "Elsa", "Lucy", NA, NA, "Roc...
## $ Breed
             <chr> "Shetland Sheepdog", "American Pit Bull Terrier", "Lh...
<chr> "shetlandsheepdog", "americanpitbullterrier", "miniat...
## $ MIX2
## $ Point1
             <dbl> 3, 3, 2, 1, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 3, 0, 0, 0, 3, 3, 3, 1,...
             <dbl> 3, 3, 2, 1, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 4, 3, 0, 0, 3, 3, 3, 3, 1,...
## $ Point2
## $ Point
             <dbl> 3.0, 3.0, 2.0, 1.0, 3.0, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0, 1.0, 4.0, 3.0...
1.4 Splitting & Cleaning the Data
tv row <- 1:nrow(train)</pre>
# Make sure do AnimalID & ID contain any valuable information
sum(is.na(train$AnimalID))
## [1] 0
mean(str_detect(train$AnimalID, "A"))
## [1] 1
mean(sapply(train$AnimalID, nchar) == 7)
## [1] 1
sum(is.na(test$ID))
## [1] 0
# It seems like no information inside for those 2 features
# Omit AnimalID & ID because we think they tell us nothing
shelter <- bind rows(train[,-1], test[,-1])</pre>
glimpse(shelter)
## Observations: 38,185
## Variables: 9
## $ Name
                  <chr> "Hambone", "Emily", "Pearce", NA, NA, "Elsa", "...
## $ DateTime
                  <dttm> 2014-02-12 18:22:00, 2013-10-13 12:44:00, 2015...
                  <chr> "Return to owner", "Euthanasia", "Adoption", "T...
## $ OutcomeType
## $ OutcomeSubtype <chr> NA, "Suffering", "Foster", "Partner", "Partner"...
```

```
## $ SexuponOutcome <chr> "Neutered Male", "Spayed Female", "Neutered Mal...
## $ AgeuponOutcome <chr> "1 year", "1 year", "2 years", "3 weeks", "2 ye...
## $ Breed <chr> "Shetland Sheepdog Mix", "Domestic Shorthair Mi...
## $ Color <chr> "Brown/White", "Cream Tabby", "Blue/White", "Bl...
```

2. Feature Engineering & Exploratory Data Analysis

2.1 OutcomeType

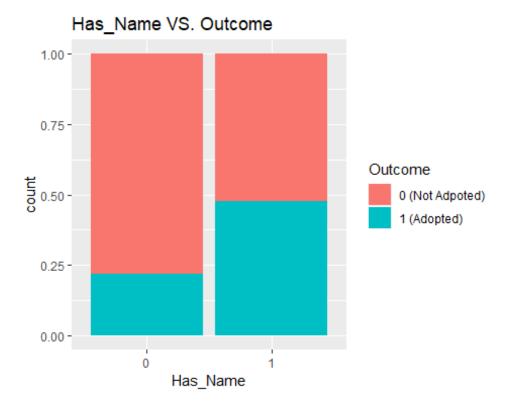
```
length(unique(shelter$OutcomeType))
## [1] 6
shelter <- shelter %>%
   mutate(Outcome = factor(ifelse(shelter$OutcomeType == "Adoption", 1, 0)))
shelter %$%
   summary(Outcome)
## 0 1 NA's
## 15960 10769 11456
```

2.2 Name

```
length(unique(shelter$Name)) # That's too many names!
## [1] 7967
```

2.2.1 Has Name

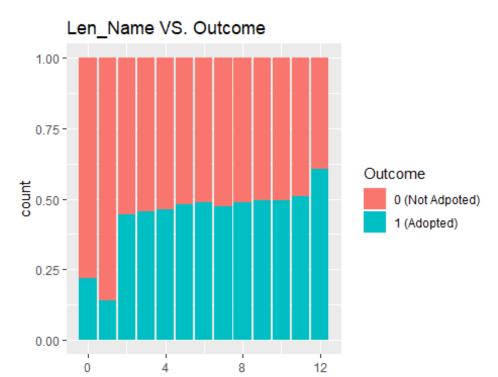
```
shelter <- shelter %>%
 mutate(Has_Name = factor(ifelse(is.na(shelter$Name), 0, 1)))
shelter[tv row,] %>%
 group by(Has Name) %>%
 summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##
    Has_Name count prob
  <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 0
             7691 0.218
## 2 1
             19038 0.478
ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Has_Name, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
 geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
 ggtitle("Has_Name VS. Outcome") +
 scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)"))
```



2.2.2 Len Name

```
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(Len_Name = ifelse(is.na(shelter$Name), 0, nchar(shelter$Name)))
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group_by(Len_Name) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1)) # too similar with
Has_Name
## # A tibble: 13 x 3
      Len Name count prob
##
##
         <dbl> <int> <dbl>
               7691 0.218
##
   1
             0
##
  2
             1
                  36 0.139
##
    3
             2
                  81 0.444
             3
                 953 0.454
##
  4
##
    5
             4
               3788 0.464
             5 5578 0.479
##
  6
##
   7
             6 4265 0.489
  8
             7
               2203 0.472
##
## 9
             8
               1024 0.489
## 10
             9
                 502 0.494
## 11
            10
                 302 0.493
                 189 0.508
## 12
            11
## 13
            12
                 117 0.607
```

```
ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Len_Name, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
  ggtitle("Len_Name VS. Outcome") +
  scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)"))
```



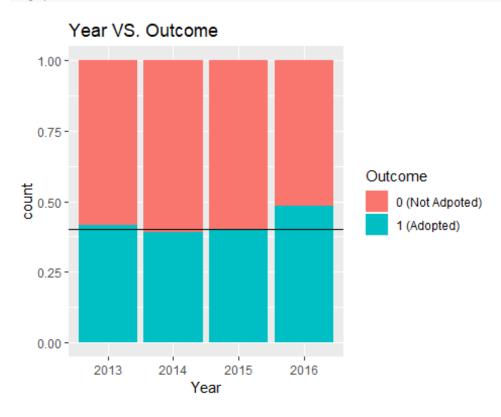
Len Name

2.3 Datetime

2.3.1 Year

```
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(Year = factor(year(shelter$DateTime)))
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group_by(Year) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1)) # no help
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
    Year count prob
##
##
     <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 2013
          2702 0.417
## 2 2014 11179 0.390
## 3 2015 11481 0.402
## 4 2016
          1367 0.485
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Year, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
 ggtitle("Year VS. Outcome") +
```

```
scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
  geom_hline(aes(yintercept = mean(shelter[tv_row,]$Outcome == 1))) # see the
big pic
```

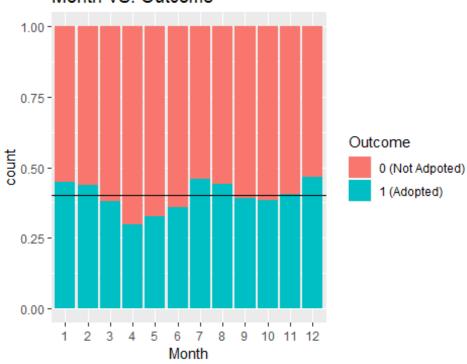


2.3.2 Month & Season(Normal Seasons)

```
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(Month = factor(month(shelter$DateTime)))
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group by(Month) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 12 x 3
##
      Month count prob
##
      <fct> <int> <dbl>
##
   1 1
             2334 0.448
    2 2
             1873 0.437
##
    3 3
             1498 0.381
##
    4 4
             1689 0.296
##
             2094 0.328
##
    5 5
    6 6
             2319 0.358
##
##
    7 7
             2506 0.459
##
    8 8
             2172 0.440
   9 9
             2004 0.389
##
## 10 10
             2881 0.382
## 11 11
             2668 0.405
             2691 0.465
## 12 12
```

```
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = Month, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
    ggtitle("Month VS. Outcome") +
    scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
    geom_hline(aes(yintercept = mean(shelter[tv_row,]$Outcome == 1))) # see the
big pic
```

Month VS. Outcome

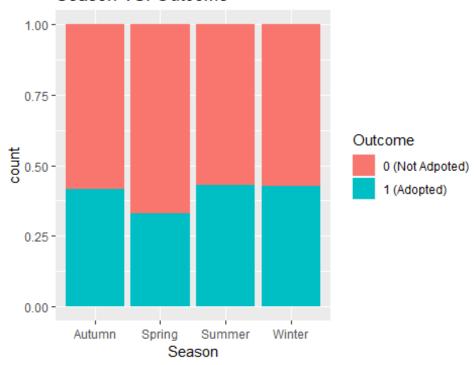


```
season <- function(x){</pre>
  s \leftarrow month(x)
  if(between(s, 4, 6)){
    return("Spring")
  } else if(between(s, 7, 9)) {
    return("Summer")
  } else if(between(s, 10, 12)){
    return("Autumn")
  } else {
    return("Winter")
  }
}
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(Season = factor(sapply(shelter$DateTime, season)))
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group_by(Season) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
## Season count prob
## <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 Autumn 8240 0.417
## 2 Spring 6102 0.330
## 3 Summer 6682 0.432
## 4 Winter 5705 0.427

ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Season, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
    ggtitle("Season VS. Outcome") +
    scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)"))
```

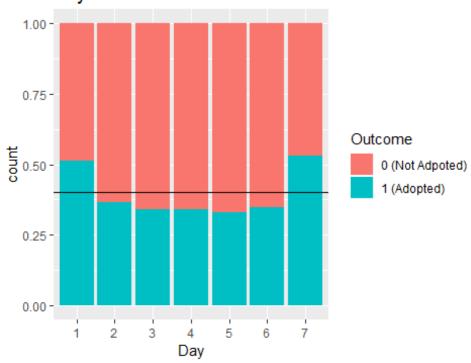
Season VS. Outcome



2.3.3 Day & Wday(Weekdays or Weekends)

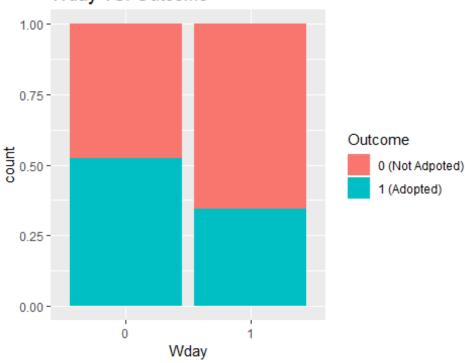
```
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(Day = factor(wday(shelter$DateTime)))
shelter[tv row,] %>%
  group_by(Day) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 7 x 3
##
     Day
          count prob
##
     <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 1
            4317 0.514
## 2 2
            3696 0.366
## 3 3
            3896 0.341
```

Day VS. Outcome



```
ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Wday, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
  ggtitle("Wday VS. Outcome") +
  scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)"))
```

Wday VS. Outcome

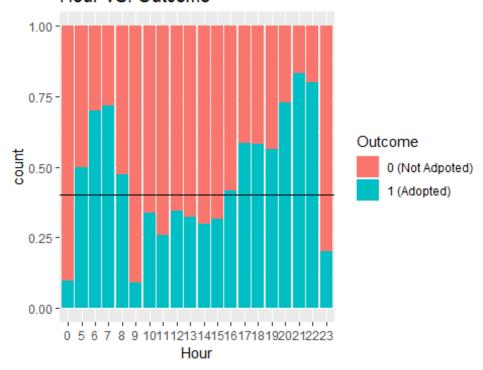


2.3.4 Hour & Daytime(Mornings & Evenings or Others)

```
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(Hour = factor(hour(shelter$DateTime)))
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group by(Hour) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 20 x 3
##
      Hour count prob
##
      <fct> <int> <dbl>
              378 0.0979
##
   1 0
    2 5
                2 0.5
##
    3 6
               10 0.7
##
##
   4 7
              110 0.718
   5 8
              302 0.474
##
##
   69
             1278 0.0892
##
   7 10
             405 0.336
##
   8 11
             2042 0.260
##
   9 12
             2513 0.343
## 10 13
             2468 0.323
## 11 14
             2800 0.297
```

```
## 12 15
             2682 0.314
## 13 16
             2690 0.417
## 14 17
             4162 0.586
## 15 18
             3684 0.581
## 16 19
             1083 0.562
## 17 20
               77 0.727
               18 0.833
## 18 21
## 19 22
               5 0.8
## 20 23
               20 0.2
shelter[tv row,] %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Hour, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
  ggtitle("Hour VS. Outcome") +
  scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
  geom_hline(aes(yintercept = mean(shelter[tv_row,]$0utcome == 1))) # see the
big pic
```

Hour VS. Outcome

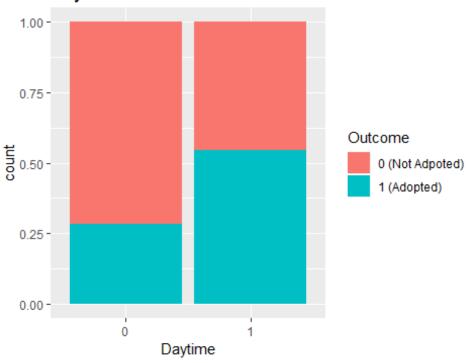


```
shelter <- shelter %>%
   mutate(Daytime = factor(ifelse(hour(shelter$DateTime) %in% c(5:8, 16:22),
1, 0)))
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
   group_by(Daytime) %>%
   summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
## Daytime count prob
## <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 0     14586 0.285
## 2 1     12143 0.545

ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Daytime, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
    ggtitle("Daytime VS. Outcome") +
    scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)"))
```

Daytime VS. Outcome



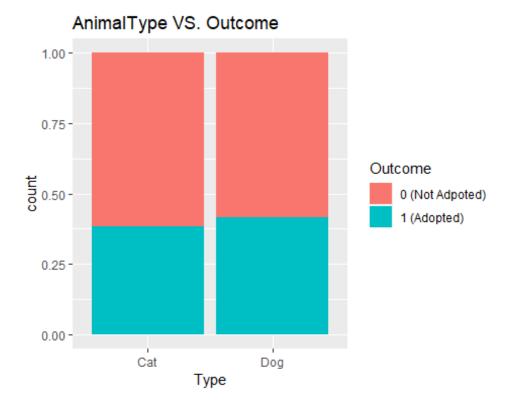
2.4 AnimalType

```
shelter$Type <- factor(shelter$AnimalType)

shelter %$%
    summary(Type)

## Cat Dog
## 15934 22251

ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Type, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
    ggtitle("AnimalType VS. Outcome") +
    scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)"))</pre>
```

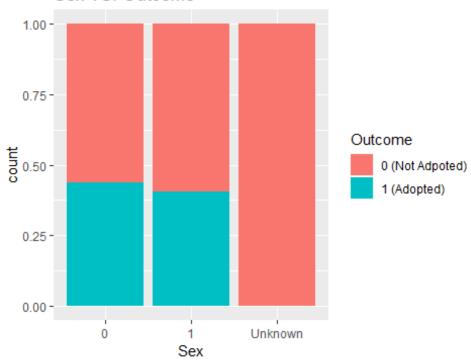


2.5 SexuponOutcome

```
shelter$SexuponOutcome <- factor(shelter$SexuponOutcome)</pre>
shelter %$%
  summary(SexuponOutcome)
## Intact Female
                   Intact Male Neutered Male Spayed Female
                                                                   Unknown
##
            5004
                          4985
                                        14014
                                                      12633
                                                                      1548
            NA's
##
##
               1
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(
    Sex = ifelse(str_detect(shelter$SexuponOutcome, "Male"), 1, 0),
    Intact = ifelse(str_detect(shelter$SexuponOutcome, "Intact"), 1, 0)
  )
To_NA <- (shelter$SexuponOutcome == "Unknown" |
is.na(shelter$SexuponOutcome))
shelter$Sex <- ifelse(To_NA, NA, shelter$Sex) %>%
  factor() %>%
  fct_explicit_na(na_level = "Unknown")
shelter$Intact <- shelter$Intact <- ifelse(To_NA, NA, shelter$Intact) %>%
```

```
factor() %>%
  fct_explicit_na(na_level = "Unknown")
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group_by(Sex) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
##
     Sex
            count prob
     <fct>
             <int> <dbl>
##
## 1 0
            12331 0.437
## 2 1
            13304 0.404
## 3 Unknown 1094 0
# If Sex is Unknown, then Outcome is 0
ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Sex, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
  ggtitle("Sex VS. Outcome") +
 scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)"))
```

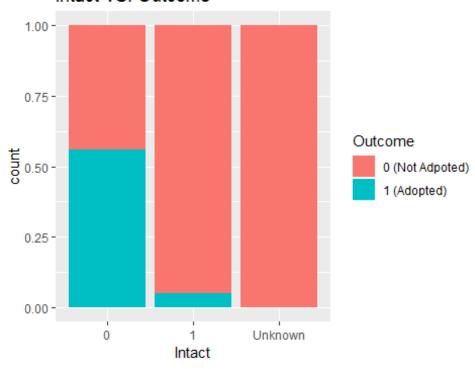
Sex VS. Outcome



```
## 2 1    7036 0.0513
## 3 Unknown 1094 0

# If Intact is Unknown, then Outcome is 0
ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Intact, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
    ggtitle("Intact VS. Outcome") +
    scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)"))
```

Intact VS. Outcome



2.6 AgeuponOutcome

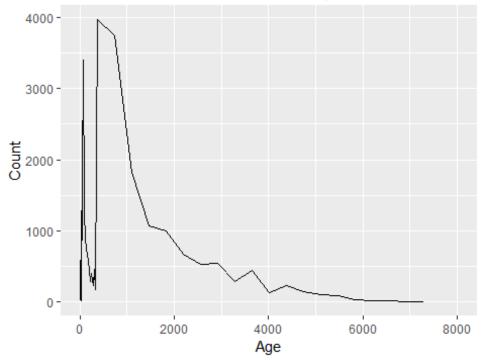
```
num_part <- shelter %$%
    sapply(AgeuponOutcome, function(x) str_split(x, ' ')[[1]][1]) %>%
    as.vector() %>%
    as.numeric()

unit_part <- shelter %$%
    sapply(AgeuponOutcome, function(x) str_split(x, ' ')[[1]][2]) %>%
    as.vector() %>%
    str_replace("s$", "")

age <- function(x, y){
    if(is.na(x) | is.na(y)){
        return(0)
    } else {
        return(round(as.numeric(duration(x, y)) / (60 * 60 * 24), 2))
    }
}</pre>
```

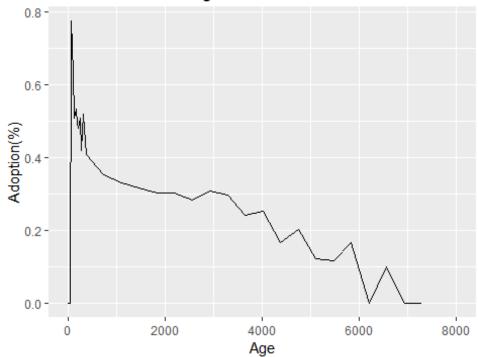
```
temp <- NULL
for (i in 1:nrow(shelter)){
  temp[i] <- age(num_part[i], unit_part[i])</pre>
}
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(Age = round(temp, 1))
shelter %$%
  summary(Age)
##
      Min. 1st Qu.
                    Median
                                               Max.
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
##
       0.0
              60.8
                     365.0
                             788.6 1095.0 8030.0
# Anomaly Detection
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group_by(Age) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), mean = mean(Outcome == 1)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(Age, count)) +
  geom_line() +
  xlim(0, 8030) +
  ggtitle("Distribution of Age") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  xlab("Age") +
  ylab("Count")
```

Distribution of Age



```
# Age VS. Outcome
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group_by(Age) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), mean = mean(Outcome == 1)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(Age, mean)) +
  geom_line() +
  xlim(0, 8030) +
  ggtitle("Age VS. Outcome") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
  xlab("Age") +
  ylab("Adoption(%)")
```

Age VS. Outcome



2.7 Breed

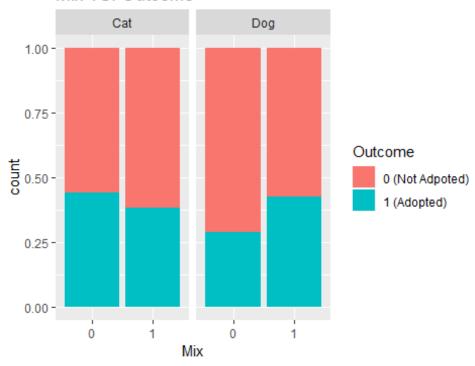
```
length(unique(shelter$Breed)) # That's too many!
## [1] 1678
```

2.7.1 Mix

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
## Mix count prob
## <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 0     1391 0.318
## 2 1     25338 0.408

ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Mix, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
    ggtitle("Mix VS. Outcome") +
    scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
    facet_wrap(~Type)
```

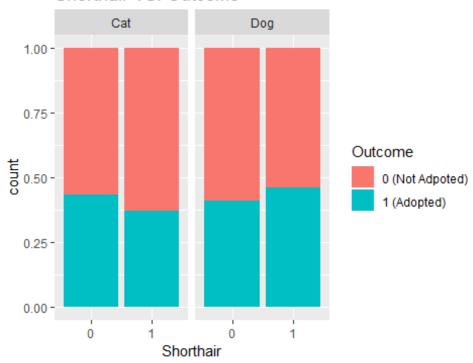
Mix VS. Outcome



2.7.2 Shorthair

```
ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Shorthair, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
   geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
   ggtitle("Shorthair VS. Outcome") +
   scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
   facet_wrap(~Type)
```

Shorthair VS. Outcome



2.7.3 Take Type into consideration

```
shelter[tv row,] %>%
 group_by(Type, Mix) %>%
 summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups:
              Type [2]
               count prob
##
    Type Mix
    <fct> <fct> <int> <dbl>
##
## 1 Cat
                  253 0.443
## 2 Cat
                10881 0.382
          1
## 3 Dog
                 1138 0.291
          0
## 4 Dog
                14457 0.427
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
 group_by(Type, Shorthair) %>%
 summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups:
              Type [2]
## Type Shorthair count prob
```

```
## <fct> <fct>
                     <int> <dbl>
## 1 Cat
                      2145 0.435
           0
## 2 Cat
                      8989 0.371
           1
## 3 Dog
                     13172 0.409
           0
## 4 Dog
           1
                      2423 0.459
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group by(Type, Mix, Shorthair) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 8 x 5
## # Groups:
               Type, Mix [4]
                 Shorthair count prob
##
     Type Mix
     <fct> <fct> <fct>
                           <int> <dbl>
## 1 Cat
                             109 0.523
## 2 Cat
                             144 0.382
                 1
                            2036 0.430
## 3 Cat
           1
                 0
## 4 Cat
                 1
         1
                            8845 0.371
## 5 Dog
                 0
                            1049 0.286
         0
## 6 Dog
         0
                 1
                              89 0.348
## 7 Dog
          1
                 0
                           12123 0.419
## 8 Dog
                 1
                            2334 0.463
2.8 Color
length(unique(shelter$Color)) # That's a Lot!
## [1] 411
2.8.1 Hybrid
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(Hybrid = factor(ifelse(str_detect(shelter$Color, "/"), 1, 0)))
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group by(Hybrid) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1)) # Little help
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##
     Hybrid count prob
##
     <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 0
            12805 0.387
## 2 1
            13924 0.418
```

ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Hybrid, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +

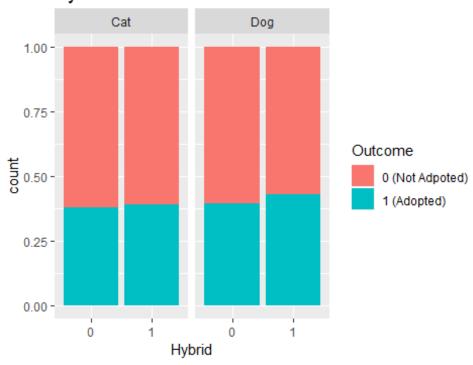
scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +

geom bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +

ggtitle("Hybrid VS. Outcome") +

facet_wrap(~Type)

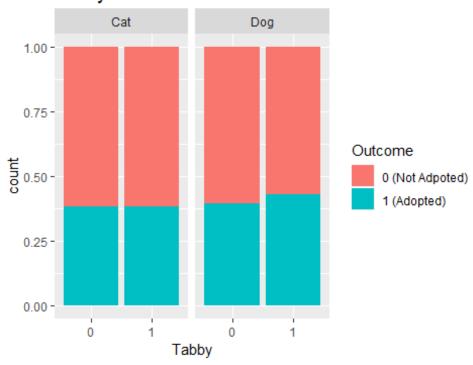
Hybrid VS. Outcome



2.8.2 Tabby

```
shelter <- shelter %>%
  mutate(Tabby = factor(ifelse(str_detect(shelter$Color, "(Tabby|/)"), 1,
0)))
shelter[tv row,] %>%
  group_by(Tabby) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1)) # little help
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
     Tabby count prob
##
     <fct> <int> <dbl>
## 1 0
            9593 0.390
## 2 1
           17136 0.410
ggplot(shelter[tv_row,], aes(x = Tabby, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
  ggtitle("Tabby VS. Outcome") +
  scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
facet_wrap(~Type)
```

Tabby VS. Outcome

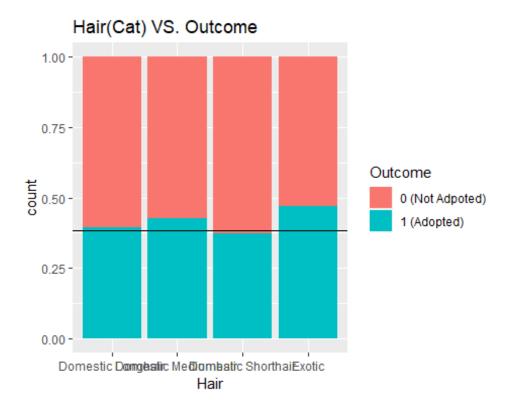


2.8.3 Take Type into consideration

```
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group_by(Type, Hybrid) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups:
               Type [2]
##
     Type Hybrid count prob
     <fct> <fct> <int> <dbl>
##
## 1 Cat
                   7207 0.380
           0
## 2 Cat
           1
                   3927 0.390
## 3 Dog
                   5598 0.395
## 4 Dog
                   9997 0.429
shelter[tv_row,] %>%
  group_by(Type, Tabby) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 4 x 4
## # Groups:
               Type [2]
##
     Type Tabby count prob
     <fct> <fct> <int> <dbl>
##
## 1 Cat
           0
                  3995 0.383
## 2 Cat
           1
                  7139 0.384
## 3 Dog
                  5598 0.395
           0
## 4 Dog
                  9997 0.429
           1
```

2.9 DO some magic

```
2.9.0 Preperation
Cat <- shelter %>%
  filter(Type == "Cat")
Not_NA_cat <- which(!is.na(Cat$Outcome))</pre>
Dog <- shelter %>%
  filter(Type == "Dog")
Not NA dog <- which(!is.na(Dog$Outcome))
2.9.1 Breed-Cat
Cat <- Cat %>%
  mutate(Breed = str_remove(Cat$Breed, "Mix")) %>%
  mutate(
    Hair = ifelse(str_detect(Cat$Breed, "/") | !str_detect(Cat$Breed,
"Domestic"), "Exotic",
                     ifelse(str detect(Cat$Breed, "Shorthair"), "Domestic
Shorthair",
                            ifelse(str_detect(Cat$Breed, "Longhair"),
"Domestic Longhair",
                                               "Domestic Mediumhair")))
    )
Cat$Hair <- as.factor(Cat$Hair)</pre>
Cat[Not_NA_cat,] %>%
  group by(Hair) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
##
     Hair
                         count prob
##
     <fct>
                         <int> <dbl>
## 1 Domestic Longhair
                           543 0.396
## 2 Domestic Mediumhair 881 0.426
## 3 Domestic Shorthair 8953 0.372
## 4 Exotic
                          757 0.469
Cat[Not_NA_cat,] %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Hair, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
    ggtitle("Hair(Cat) VS. Outcome") +
    scale fill discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
    geom_hline(aes(yintercept = mean(Cat[Not_NA_cat,]$Outcome == 1)))
```

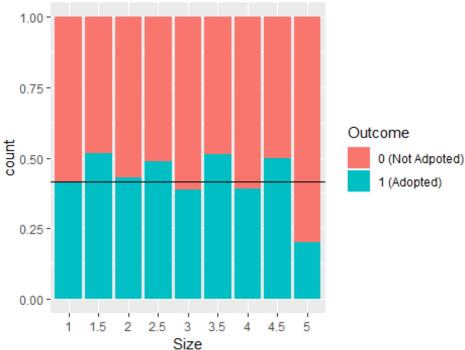


2.9.2 Breed-Dog

```
dog_breed <- dog_breed %>%
  mutate(Mark1 = ifelse(dog_breed$Point1 == 0, median(dog_breed$Point),
dog_breed$Point1),
         Mark2 = ifelse(dog_breed$Point2 == 0, median(dog_breed$Point),
dog_breed$Point2),
         Mark = (Mark1 + Mark2)/2)
Dog <- Dog %>%
  mutate(Size = as.factor(dog_breed$Mark))
Dog[Not_NA_dog,] %>%
  group_by(Size) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 9 x 3
##
     Size count prob
##
     <fct> <int> <dbl>
            2811 0.417
## 1 1
## 2 1.5
             616 0.516
## 3 2
            4268 0.431
## 4 2.5
             862 0.487
## 5 3
            6494 0.388
## 6 3.5
             168 0.512
## 7 4
             337 0.392
```

```
## 8 4.5
             4 0.5
## 9 5
              35 0.2
Dog[Not_NA_dog,] %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Size, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
  ggtitle("Size VS. Outcome") +
  scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
  geom_hline(aes(yintercept = mean(Dog[Not_NA_dog,]$Outcome == 1)))# see the
big pic
```

Size VS. Outcome

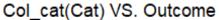


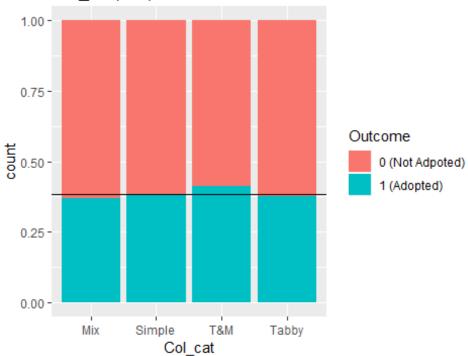
coord_cartesian(ylim=c(5,15))

```
2.9.3 Color-Cat
```

```
Cat <- Cat %>%
  mutate(Col_cat = ifelse(str_detect(Cat$Color, "(Tabby)(/)"), "T&M",
                      ifelse(str_detect(Cat$Color, "/"), "Mix",
                              ifelse(str_detect(Cat$Color, "Tabby"), "Tabby",
                                     "Simple")))
         )
Cat$Col_cat <- as.factor(Cat$Col_cat)</pre>
Cat[Not_NA_cat,] %>%
  group by(Col cat) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
     Col cat count prob
##
##
     <fct>
             <int> <dbl>
## 1 Mix
              2140 0.371
## 2 Simple
              3995 0.383
## 3 T&M
              1787 0.413
## 4 Tabby
              3212 0.377
Cat[Not_NA_cat,] %>%
  ggplot(aes(x =Col_cat, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
    geom_bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
    ggtitle("Col_cat(Cat) VS. Outcome") +
    scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
    geom_hline(aes(yintercept = mean(Cat[Not_NA_cat,]$Outcome == 1)))
```

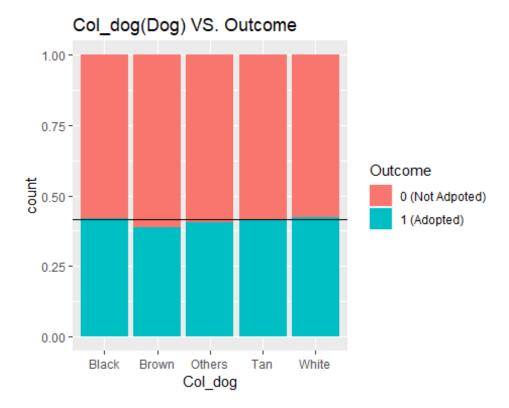




2.9.4 Color-Dog

```
temp_col <- c(as.vector(unlist(str_split(Dog[Dog$Hybrid==1,]$Color, "/"))),</pre>
                     as.vector(Dog[Dog$Hybrid==0,]$Color))
table(temp_col)
## temp_col
                                    Black Brindle
                                                      Black Smoke
                                                                      Black Tiger
##
          Apricot
                             Black
##
                45
                              7265
                                               164
                                                                 9
                                                                                 1
                                       Blue Merle
##
              Blue
                       Blue Cream
                                                        Blue Smoke
                                                                         Blue Tick
##
               845
                                10
                                               273
                                                                                72
##
       Blue Tiger
                             Brown
                                    Brown Brindle
                                                       Brown Merle
                                                                       Brown Tabby
##
                              4276
                                                               109
```

```
##
      Brown Tiger
                             Buff
                                       Chocolate
                                                                            Fawn
                                                           Cream
##
                                                                             294
                              431
                                              687
                                                              387
                 3
##
             Gold
                                      Gray Tiger
                                                           Liver
                                                                      Liver Tick
                             Gray
##
              113
                              418
                                                              40
##
                             Pink
                                                       Red Merle
                                                                        Red Tick
           Orange
                                              Red
##
               29
                                3
                                             1240
                                                              76
                                                                              80
##
            Ruddy
                            Sable
                                          Silver
                                                             Tan
                                                                        Tricolor
##
                              459
                                                            4370
                                              113
                                                                            1279
##
                           Yellow Yellow Brindle
            White
##
            11730
                              357
                                               57
Dog <- Dog %>%
  mutate(
    Col_dog = ifelse(str_detect(Dog$Color, "White"), "White",
                        ifelse(str_detect(Dog$Color, "Black"), "Black",
                               ifelse(str_detect(Dog$Color, "Tan"), "Tan",
                                      ifelse(str detect(Dog$Color, "Brown"),
"Brown",
                                              "Others"))))
    )
Dog$Col dog <- as.factor(Dog$Col dog)</pre>
Dog[Not_NA_dog,] %>%
  group by(Col dog) %>%
  summarize(count = n(), prob = mean(Outcome == 1))
## # A tibble: 5 x 3
     Col dog count prob
             <int> <dbl>
     <fct>
##
## 1 Black
              2868 0.420
## 2 Brown
              1018 0.389
## 3 Others
              2473 0.405
## 4 Tan
              1006 0.413
## 5 White
              8230 0.423
Dog[Not_NA_dog,] %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = Col_dog, y = ..count.., fill = Outcome)) +
    geom bar(stat = "count", position = "fill") +
    ggtitle("Col dog(Dog) VS. Outcome") +
    scale_fill_discrete(labels=c("0 (Not Adpoted)", "1 (Adopted)")) +
    geom hline(aes(yintercept = mean(Dog[Not NA dog,]$Outcome == 1)))
```



2.10 Put them together

```
adoption <- shelter %>%
  dplyr::select(11:27, 10)
glimpse(adoption)
## Observations: 38,185
## Variables: 18
## $ Has Name
               <fct> 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0...
## $ Len Name
               <dbl> 7, 5, 6, 0, 0, 4, 5, 0, 4, 0, 0, 0, 6, 7, 7, 6, 0, 0...
               <fct> 2014, 2013, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2015, 2014...
## $ Year
## $ Month
               <fct> 2, 10, 1, 7, 11, 4, 3, 4, 2, 5, 12, 11, 2, 6, 11, 7,...
## $ Season
               <fct> Winter, Autumn, Winter, Summer, Autumn, Spring, Wint...
## $ Day
               <fct> 4, 1, 7, 6, 6, 6, 7, 5, 3, 7, 5, 2, 4, 2, 4, 7, 7, 7...
               <fct> 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0...
## $ Wday
## $ Hour
               <fct> 18, 12, 12, 19, 12, 13, 13, 17, 17, 7, 15, 14, 11, 1...
## $ Daytime
               <fct> 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0...
## $ Type
               <fct> Dog, Cat, Dog, Cat, Dog, Dog, Cat, Cat, Dog, Dog, Ca...
## $ Sex
               <fct> 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, Unknown, 0, 0, Unknown, 0, 1, 1...
## $ Intact
               <fct> 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, Unknown, 0, 0, Unknown, 0, 0, 0...
## $ Age
               <dbl> 365.0, 365.0, 730.0, 21.0, 730.0, 30.4, 21.0, 21.0, ...
               <fct> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ Mix
## $ Shorthair <fct> 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0...
## $ Hybrid
               <fct> 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1...
## $ Tabby
               <fct> 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ Outcome
               <fct> 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0...
```

```
cat adoption <- Cat %>%
 dplyr::select(11:29, 10)
glimpse(cat_adoption)
## Observations: 15,934
## Variables: 20
## $ Has Name
              <fct> 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1...
## $ Len Name
              <dbl> 5, 0, 5, 0, 0, 6, 0, 7, 8, 5, 7, 3, 0, 0, 0, 4, 0, 5...
              <fct> 2013, 2014, 2015, 2015, 2013, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2015...
## $ Year
## $ Month
              <fct> 10, 7, 3, 4, 12, 7, 5, 5, 9, 10, 11, 7, 1, 7, 7, 8, ...
## $ Season
              <fct> Autumn, Summer, Winter, Spring, Autumn, Summer, Spri...
## $ Day
              <fct> 1, 6, 7, 5, 5, 7, 7, 7, 6, 7, 7, 5, 6, 5, 4, 3, 3, 7...
## $ Wday
              <fct> 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0...
## $ Hour
              <fct> 12, 19, 13, 17, 15, 12, 16, 11, 15, 15, 13, 14, 13, ...
## $ Daytime
              <fct> 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1...
## $ Type
              ## $ Sex
              <fct> 0, 1, 1, Unknown, Unknown, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0...
## $ Intact
              <fct> 0, 1, 1, Unknown, Unknown, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0...
## $ Age
              <dbl> 365.0, 21.0, 21.0, 21.0, 730.0, 91.2, 21.0, 730.0, 3...
## $ Mix
              ## $ Shorthair
             <fct> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1...
              <fct> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0...
## $ Hybrid
              <fct> 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ Tabby
## $ Hair
              <fct> Domestic Shorthair, Domestic Shorthair, Domestic Sho...
## $ Col cat
              <fct> Tabby, Simple, Tabby, Tabby, Simple, T&M, Tabby, Sim...
## $ Outcome
              <fct> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1...
dog adoption <- Dog %>%
 dplyr::select(11:29, 10)
glimpse(dog adoption)
## Observations: 22,251
## Variables: 20
## $ Has Name
             <fct> 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ Len Name
              <dbl> 7, 6, 0, 4, 4, 0, 0, 6, 7, 7, 0, 4, 6, 7, 7, 7, 3, 5...
## $ Year
              <fct> 2014, 2015, 2013, 2014, 2014, 2014, 2013, 2016, 2015...
## $ Month
              <fct> 2, 1, 11, 4, 2, 5, 11, 2, 6, 11, 6, 7, 1, 8, 10, 4, ...
## $ Season
              <fct> Winter, Winter, Autumn, Spring, Winter, Spring, Autu...
## $ Day
              <fct> 4, 7, 6, 6, 3, 7, 2, 4, 2, 4, 7, 4, 1, 7, 2, 4, 6, 4...
## $ Wday
              <fct> 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ Hour
              <fct> 18, 12, 12, 13, 17, 7, 14, 11, 16, 15, 12, 17, 15, 1...
## $ Daytime
              <fct> 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ Type
              ## $ Sex
              <fct> 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0...
## $ Intact
              <fct> 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0...
              <dbl> 365.0, 730.0, 730.0, 30.4, 152.1, 365.0, 730.0, 1460...
## $ Age
## $ Mix
              <fct> 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ Hybrid
              <fct> 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1...
## $ Tabby
              <fct> 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1...
```

3. Missing Data

```
adoption %>%
  mutate(Age = ifelse(adoption$Age == 0, NA, adoption$Age),
         Sex = ifelse(adoption$Sex == "Unknown", NA, adoption$Sex),
         Intact = ifelse(adoption$Intact == "Unknown", NA, adoption$Intact))
%>%
  miss var summary()
## # A tibble: 18 x 3
##
      variable n_miss pct_miss
      <chr>
##
                <int>
                         <dbl>
## 1 Outcome
                11456
                         30.0
                1549
                         4.06
## 2 Sex
## 3 Intact
                1549
                         4.06
## 4 Age
                   59
                         0.155
## 5 Has Name
                    0
## 6 Len Name
                     0
                         0
                    0
                         0
## 7 Year
## 8 Month
                    0
                         0
## 9 Season
                    0
                         0
## 10 Day
                         0
## 11 Wday
                         0
                    0
## 12 Hour
                         0
## 13 Daytime
                    0
                         0
                     0
                         0
## 14 Type
## 15 Mix
                     0
                         0
## 16 Shorthair
                     0
                         0
## 17 Hybrid
                     0
                         0
## 18 Tabby
                         0
```

4. Feature Selection

```
lapply(adoption[tv_row,], function(x) IV(as.factor(x),
adoption$Outcome[tv_row]))

## $Has_Name
## [1] 0.262105
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Len_Name
## [1] 0.2679963
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Year
## [1] 0.007429457
```

```
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Month
## [1] 0.043693
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Somewhat Predictive"
## $Season
## [1] 0.02821162
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Day
## [1] 0.1190329
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Wday
## [1] 0.1169087
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Hour
## [1] 0.4324247
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Daytime
## [1] 0.293723
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Type
## [1] 0.004562768
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Sex
## [1] 0.01175315
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Intact
## [1] 1.218538
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Age
## [1] 0.412179
```

```
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Mix
## [1] 0.007060048
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
## $Shorthair
## [1] 0.002134874
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Hybrid
## [1] 0.004119418
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Tabby
## [1] 0.001567777
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Outcome
## [1] 0
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
lapply(cat_adoption[Not_NA_cat,], function(x) IV(as.factor(x),
cat_adoption$Outcome[Not_NA_cat]))
## $Has_Name
## [1] 1.112424
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Len_Name
## [1] 1.126505
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Year
## [1] 0.03523207
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Somewhat Predictive"
##
## $Month
## [1] 0.1703459
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
```

```
##
## $Season
## [1] 0.09328181
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Somewhat Predictive"
##
## $Day
## [1] 0.1580237
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Wday
## [1] 0.1539276
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
## $Hour
## [1] 0.7520755
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Daytime
## [1] 0.4276546
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Type
## [1] 0
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Sex
## [1] 0.0138755
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Intact
## [1] 1.727592
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Age
## [1] 0.7568352
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Mix
## [1] 0.001414264
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
```

```
##
## $Shorthair
## [1] 0.01104346
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Hybrid
## [1] 0.0004023263
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Tabby
## [1] 5.057958e-06
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
## $Hair
## [1] 0.01326034
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Col_cat
## [1] 0.003240824
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Outcome
## [1] 0
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
lapply(dog_adoption[Not_NA_dog,], function(x) IV(as.factor(x),
dog_adoption$Outcome[Not_NA_dog]))
## $Has_Name
## [1] 0.003261239
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
## $Len_Name
## [1] 0.01147657
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Year
## [1] 0.002203604
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Month
```

```
## [1] 0.0195553
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Season
## [1] 0.01111056
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Day
## [1] 0.09674868
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Somewhat Predictive"
## $Wday
## [1] 0.09408025
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Somewhat Predictive"
##
## $Hour
## [1] 0.3143306
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Daytime
## [1] 0.2104621
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Type
## [1] 0
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Sex
## [1] 0.01204246
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Intact
## [1] 0.9462186
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Age
## [1] 0.3282416
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Highly Predictive"
##
## $Mix
```

```
## [1] 0.02246697
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Shorthair
## [1] 0.005525534
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Hybrid
## [1] 0.004312068
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Tabby
## [1] 0.004312068
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Size
## [1] 0.02167032
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Col dog
## [1] 0.001594248
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
##
## $Outcome
## [1] 0
## attr(,"howgood")
## [1] "Not Predictive"
```

Result-based

```
adopt <- adoption %>%
  dplyr::select(c(1,5,7,9,10,12,13,18))
```

5. Modeling (Building & CV & Hyper-tuning)

5.1 Fit Control for Hyper-Tuning

5.2 rpart Missing Imputation

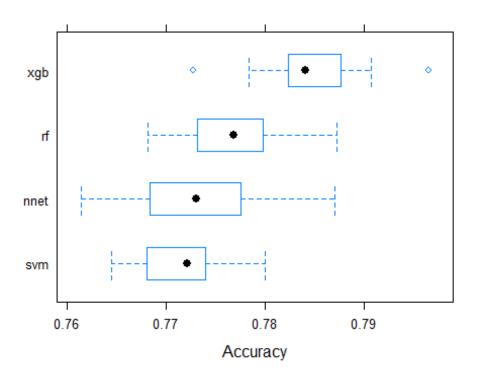
```
Age_NA <- which(adopt$Age == 0)
```

```
training <- adopt[-Age NA, -8]
testing <- adopt[Age_NA, -8]</pre>
tic()
mod_imp <- train(Age ~., training,</pre>
                  method = "rpart",
                  trControl = fitControl,
                  tuneLength = 5)
toc()
## 7.9 sec elapsed
adopt$Age[Age_NA] <- predict(mod_imp, testing)</pre>
5.3 Dummy Variables
temp <- adopt[tv_row, ]</pre>
dmy <- dummyVars(~ ., data = temp[,-ncol(temp)])</pre>
dmy_data <- data.frame(predict(dmy, newdata = temp[,-ncol(temp)]))</pre>
dmy_data <- bind_cols(dmy_data, temp[,ncol(temp)])</pre>
levels(dmy_data$Outcome) <- c("Not_Adopted", "Adopted")</pre>
5.4 Stratified Sampling
index <- createDataPartition(dmy_data$Outcome, p = .70, list = FALSE)</pre>
5.5 Advanced Modeling: Ensemble/Stacking
stackControl <- trainControl(</pre>
  method = "boot",
  number = 25,
  savePredictions = "final",
  classProbs = TRUE,
  index = createResample(dmy_data[index,]$Outcome, 25)
)
# Need about 7000s to run
tic()
model_list <- caretList(</pre>
  Outcome ~ ., data = dmy data[index,],
  trControl = stackControl,
  methodList = c("xgbTree", "rf", "svmRadial", "nnet")
)
toc()
## 8044.86 sec elapsed
tic()
glm_ensemble <- caretStack(</pre>
  model_list,
method = "glm",
```

```
trControl = trainControl(
    method = "boot",
    number = 10,
    savePredictions = "final",
    classProbs = TRUE
  )
)
toc()
## 15.19 sec elapsed
pred <- predict(glm_ensemble, dmy_data[-index,], type = "raw")</pre>
caret::confusionMatrix(pred, dmy_data[-index,]$Outcome, mode = "prec_recall")
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
                Reference
##
                 Not_Adopted Adopted
## Prediction
##
     Not_Adopted
                         4106
                                  987
##
     Adopted
                          682
                                 2243
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.7918
                     95% CI: (0.7828, 0.8007)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5972
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                      Kappa : 0.5606
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 9.974e-14
##
                 Precision: 0.8062
##
                     Recall: 0.8576
##
##
                         F1: 0.8311
##
                 Prevalence: 0.5972
##
            Detection Rate: 0.5121
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.6352
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7760
##
##
##
          'Positive' Class : Not_Adopted
##
model_preds <-
  lapply(model_list, predict, newdata = dmy_data[-index,], type = "raw")
conf_matrix <-</pre>
  lapply(model_preds, caret::confusionMatrix, dmy_data[-index,]$Outcome, mode
= "prec_recall")
5.6 Model Comparison
mothod_list <- list(</pre>
  xgb = model list$xgbTree,
```

rf = model_list\$rf,

```
svm = model list$svmRadial,
  nnet = model list$nnet
)
# Together
resamps <- resamples(mothod_list)</pre>
summary(resamps, metric = "Accuracy")
##
## Call:
## summary.resamples(object = resamps, metric = "Accuracy")
##
## Models: xgb, rf, svm, nnet
## Number of resamples: 25
##
## Accuracy
##
             Min.
                    1st Qu.
                                Median
                                            Mean
                                                   3rd Qu.
                                                                Max. NA's
## xgb 0.7727601 0.7823947 0.7840860 0.7845170 0.7876055 0.7965532
        0.7681937 0.7731387 0.7768166 0.7765909 0.7798416 0.7872061
                                                                         0
## svm 0.7644816 0.7680397 0.7721850 0.7717739 0.7739419 0.7799650
                                                                         0
## nnet 0.7614198 0.7684134 0.7730681 0.7724099 0.7775850 0.7870600
                                                                         0
bwplot(resamps, metric = "Accuracy")
```



From the plot, it's reasonable to say that XGBoost performs best.

Sense-based

```
adopt_Cat <- cat_adoption %>%
    dplyr::select(c(1,5,7,9,12,13,18,19,20))

adopt_Dog <- dog_adoption %>%
    dplyr::select(c(2,5,7,9,12,13,18,19,20))
```

6. Modeling (Building & CV & Hyper-tuning)

6.1 rpart Missing Imputation

For cat

For dog

6.2 Dummy Variables

```
# For cat
temp_c <- cat_adoption[Not_NA_cat,]</pre>
```

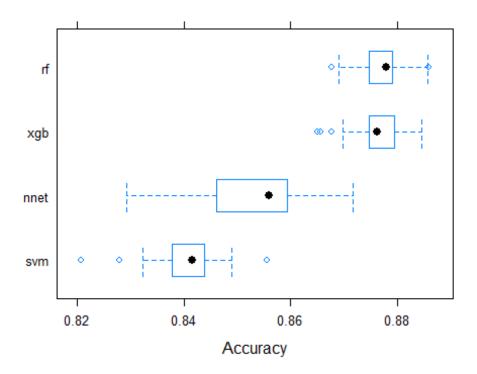
```
dmy c <- dummyVars(~ ., data = temp_c[,-ncol(temp_c)])</pre>
dmy_data_c <- data.frame(predict(dmy_c, newdata = temp_c[,-ncol(temp_c)]))</pre>
dmy_data_c <- bind_cols(dmy_data_c, temp_c[,ncol(temp_c)])</pre>
levels(dmy data c$Outcome) <- c("Not Adopted", "Adopted")</pre>
# For dog
temp_d <- dog_adoption[Not_NA_dog,]</pre>
dmy d <- dummyVars(~ ., data = temp d[,-ncol(temp)])</pre>
dmy_data_d <- data.frame(predict(dmy, newdata = temp_d[,-ncol(temp_d)]))</pre>
dmy_data_d <- bind_cols(dmy_data_d, temp_d[,ncol(temp_d)])</pre>
levels(dmy data d$Outcome) <- c("Not Adopted", "Adopted")</pre>
6.3 Stratified Sampling
index_c <- createDataPartition(dmy_data_c$Outcome, p = .70, list = FALSE)</pre>
index d <- createDataPartition(dmy data d$Outcome, p = .70, list = FALSE)</pre>
6.4 Advanced Modeling: Ensemble/Stacking
stackControl c <- trainControl(</pre>
  method = "boot",
  number = 25.
  savePredictions = "final",
  classProbs = TRUE,
  index = createResample(dmy data c[index c,]$Outcome, 25)
)
stackControl d <- trainControl(</pre>
  method = "boot",
  number = 25,
  savePredictions = "final",
  classProbs = TRUE,
  index = createResample(dmy_data_d[index_d,]$Outcome, 25)
```

For cat

```
# Need about 7000s to run
tic()
model_list_c <- caretList(
  Outcome ~ ., data = dmy_data_c[index_c,],
  trControl = stackControl_c,
  methodList = c("xgbTree", "rf", "svmRadial", "nnet")
)
toc()</pre>
```

```
## 3938.5 sec elapsed
tic()
glm_ensemble_c <- caretStack(</pre>
  model_list_c,
  method = "glm",
  trControl = trainControl(
    method = "boot",
    number = 10,
    savePredictions = "final",
    classProbs = TRUE
  )
)
toc()
## 6.71 sec elapsed
pred c <- predict(glm ensemble c, dmy data c[-index c,], type = "raw")</pre>
caret::confusionMatrix(pred_c, dmy_data_c[-index_c,]$Outcome, mode =
"prec recall")
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
                Reference
                 Not_Adopted Adopted
## Prediction
##
     Not_Adopted
                       1886
                                191
     Adopted
                                1090
##
                        172
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8913
##
                    95% CI: (0.8802, 0.9016)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.6164
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : <2e-16
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.7695
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.3448
##
##
##
                 Precision: 0.9080
##
                     Recall: 0.9164
##
                         F1: 0.9122
                Prevalence: 0.6164
##
##
            Detection Rate: 0.5648
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.6220
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8837
##
##
          'Positive' Class : Not_Adopted
##
model preds c <-
  lapply(model_list_c, predict, newdata = dmy_data_c[-index_c,], type =
"raw")
```

```
conf matrix c <-
  lapply(model preds c, caret::confusionMatrix, dmy data c[-
index_c,]$Outcome, mode = "prec_recall")
mothod_list_c <- list(</pre>
  xgb = model_list_c$xgbTree,
  rf = model_list_c$rf,
  svm = model list c$svmRadial,
  nnet = model_list_c$nnet
)
# Together
resamps c <- resamples(mothod list c)</pre>
summary(resamps c, metric = "Accuracy")
##
## Call:
## summary.resamples(object = resamps_c, metric = "Accuracy")
## Models: xgb, rf, svm, nnet
## Number of resamples: 25
##
## Accuracy
                    1st Qu.
                               Median
                                                   3rd Qu.
##
             Min.
                                            Mean
                                                                 Max. NA's
## xgb 0.8649405 0.8746920 0.8762530 0.8759676 0.8793651 0.8844677
        0.8676522 0.8746489 0.8778866 0.8774731 0.8791402 0.8859369
## svm 0.8206186 0.8377707 0.8414763 0.8403476 0.8437390 0.8554974
                                                                         0
## nnet 0.8292174 0.8460457 0.8558496 0.8540332 0.8593422 0.8716049
                                                                         0
bwplot(resamps_c, metric = "Accuracy")
```

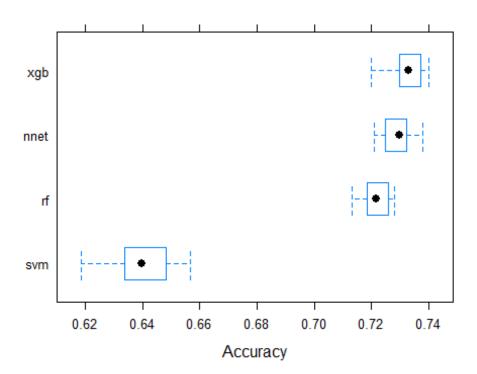


For dog

```
# Need about 4000s to run
tic()
model_list_d <- caretList(</pre>
 Outcome ~ ., data = dmy_data_d[index_d,],
  trControl = stackControl_d,
  methodList = c("xgbTree", "rf", "svmRadial", "nnet")
)
toc()
## 3336.42 sec elapsed
tic()
glm_ensemble_d <- caretStack(</pre>
  model list d,
  method = "glm",
  trControl = trainControl(
    method = "boot",
    number = 10,
    savePredictions = "final",
    classProbs = TRUE
  )
)
toc()
```

```
## 9 sec elapsed
pred d <- predict(glm ensemble d, dmy data d[-index d,], type = "raw")</pre>
caret::confusionMatrix(pred_d, dmy_data_d[-index_d,]$Outcome, mode =
"prec recall")
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
                Reference
##
                 Not Adopted Adopted
## Prediction
##
     Not Adopted
                          708
                                 1338
     Adopted
                         2021
##
                                  611
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.282
                     95% CI: (0.2691, 0.2951)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.5834
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##
##
                      Kappa: -0.4067
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
##
                 Precision: 0.3460
                     Recall: 0.2594
##
##
                         F1: 0.2965
##
                Prevalence: 0.5834
##
            Detection Rate: 0.1513
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.4374
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.2865
##
##
          'Positive' Class : Not_Adopted
##
##
model_preds_d <-
  lapply(model_list_d, predict, newdata = dmy_data_d[-index_d,], type =
"raw")
conf_matrix_d <-</pre>
  lapply(model_preds_d, caret::confusionMatrix, dmy_data_d[-
index_d,]$Outcome, mode = "prec_recall")
mothod_list_d <- list(</pre>
  xgb = model_list_d$xgbTree,
  rf = model_list_d$rf,
  svm = model_list_d$svmRadial,
  nnet = model list d$nnet
)
# Together
resamps_d <- resamples(mothod_list_d)</pre>
summary(resamps d, metric = "Accuracy")
```

```
##
## Call:
## summary.resamples(object = resamps_d, metric = "Accuracy")
## Models: xgb, rf, svm, nnet
## Number of resamples: 25
##
## Accuracy
##
                               Median
                                                                Max. NA's
             Min.
                    1st Qu.
                                            Mean
                                                   3rd Qu.
        0.7198599 0.7297297 0.7331174 0.7329162 0.7372354 0.7401615
## xgb
        0.7133550 0.7185583 0.7217933 0.7221589 0.7257742 0.7281481
                                                                        0
## svm 0.6184840 0.6337253 0.6397407 0.6401194 0.6481203 0.6565934
                                                                        0
## nnet 0.7208665 0.7249489 0.7297634 0.7288340 0.7322540 0.7378446
                                                                         0
bwplot(resamps_d, metric = "Accuracy")
```



6. Conclusion

According to the results, it's better to use "Cat Model" (Stacking Model, which performs best) to predict cats' adoption, and use "Full Model" (XGBoost, which is fast but also generates good results) to predict dogs' adoption.