# 第一次作业

#### 2熟悉Linux

- 1. 在Ubuntu 中安装软件使用sudo apt-get install命令,通常软件安装在都安装在/usr或/usr/share或/usr/local文件目录下
- 2. 环境变量是Linux系统预定义的参数,添加当前shell的环境变量使用export命令。 定义当前用户的环境变量在.bash\_profile进行定义,定义所有用户的环境变量在etc/profile进行定义。

ROS系统中setup脚本实现环境变量的设置,在,bashrc中添加执行脚本命令

PATH 定义 shell将到哪些目录中寻找命令或程序 HOME 定义 当前用户主目录

3. 根目录的结构为,

文件夹	作用
include	存放源文件
src	生成动态库的源文件
Examples	生成可执行程序

- 4. 执行chmod +x a.sh 命令
- 5. 输入命令 sudo chown xiang a.sh && sudo chgrp xiang a.sh

# 3LAM综述文献阅读

- 1. 应用领域:增强现实,三维重建,定位与地图构建
- 2. SLAM 中定位与建图是相互依存的,为了在环境中精确地定位,需要正确的地图,但是为了构建好的地图,当元素被添加到地图时,必须正确定位。
- 3. 经典时期(1986-2004):研究重点在滤波器 算法研究时期(2004 2015年)算法分析期间研究了SLAM的基本性质
- 4. 列举三篇在 SLAM 领域的经典文献。
  - 提出ORBSLAM:Mur-Artal R, Montiel J M M, Tardos J D. ORB-SLAM: a ver-satile and accurate monocular SLAM system[J]. IEEE Transac-tions on Robotics, 2015, 31(5): 1147-1163
  - 提出LSD\_SLAM,基于直接法: Engel J, Schöps T, Cremers D. LSD-SLAM: large-scale direct monocular SLAM[C] //Proceedings of Computer Vision – ECCV 2014. Heidelberg: Springer, 2014: 834-849

 TSDF算法: Curless B, Levoy M. A volumetric method for building com-plex models from range images[C] //Proceedings of the 23rd Annual Conference on Computer Graphics and Inter-ActiveTechniques. New York: ACM Press, 1996: 303-312

## 4Cmake练习

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 2.8)

project( HelloSLAM )

set( CMAKE_BUILD_TYPE "Release" )

include_directories( "include" )

#.a 静态库 STATIC .so 动态库 SHARED

add_library( libhello SHARED src/hello.cpp )

add_executable( sayhello useHello.cpp )

target_link_libraries( sayhello libhello )

INSTALL

(
    #LIBRARY 动态库 #ARCHIVE 静态库
    TARGETS libhello
    LIBRARY DESTINATION /usr/local/lib
)
INSTALL

(
    DIRECTORY include/ DESTINATION /usr/local/include
)
```

#### 5理解ORB-SLAM2

1. 下载ORB-SLAM2 截图为

```
liyubo@Inspiron:~/Code$ git clone https://github.com/raulmur/ORB_SLAM2 Cloning into 'ORB_SLAM2'...
remote: Counting objects: 566, done.
remote: Total 566 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 566
Receiving objects: 100% (566/566), 41.44 MiB | 126.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (176/176), done.
Checking connectivity..._done.
```

2. 分析ORB-SLAM2

- 生成一个动态函数库,路径为lib/libORB\_SLAM2.so
   生成7个可执行文件,fenbieweirgbd\_tum, stereo\_kitti, stereo\_kitti, stereo\_euroc, mono\_tum, mono\_kitti, mono\_euroc;链接的库为:
   OpenCV,EIGEN3,Pangoli,DBoW2,g2o
- 。 文件夹内容为

o

文件夹	内容
include	存放源文件
src	生成动态库的源文件
Examples	生成可执行程序

### 6使用摄像头或视频运行 ORB-SLAM2

1. 编译完成图为

```
58%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/myslam.dir/myslam.cpp.o
 61%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/stereo_kitti.dir/Examples/Stereo/stereo_kitti.cc.o
63%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/rgbd_tum.dir/Examples/RGB-D/rgbd_tum.cc.o
66%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/stereo_euroc.dir/Examples/Stereo/stereo_euroc.cc.o
 69%] Linking CXX executable ../Examples/Monocular/myslam
 72%] Linking CXX executable ../Examples/RGB-D/rgbd_tum
75%] Linking CXX executable ../Examples/Stereo/stereo_kitti
 75%] Built target myslam
canning dependencies of target mono_tum
 77%] Linking CXX executable ../Examples/Stereo/stereo_euroc
80%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/mono_tum.dir/Examples/Monocular/mono_tum.cc.o
80%] Built target stereo_kitti
 80%] Built target rgbd_tum
canning dependencies of target mono_euroc
canning dependencies of target mono_kitti
 83%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/mono_euroc.dir/Examples/Monocular/mono_euroc.cc.o
 86%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/mono_kitti.dir/Examples/Monocular/mono_kitti.cc.o
86%] Built target stereo_euroc
canning dependencies of target myvideo
88%] Building CXX object CMakeFiles/myvideo.dir/myvideo.cpp.o
 91%] Linking CXX executable ../Examples/Monocular/mono_tum 94%] Linking CXX executable ../Examples/Monocular/myvideo 97%] Linking CXX executable ../Examples/Monocular/mono_kitti
100%] Linking CXX executable ../Examples/Monocular/mono_euroc
100%] Built target mono_tum
100%] Built target myvideo
100%] Built target mono_euroc
100%] Built target mono_kitti
```

2. 修改CmakeList.txt 添加如下代码

#### 3. 运行ORB-SLAM2,截图如下

