# ĐẠI HỌC QUỐC GIA TP.HỒ CHÍ MINH TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC BÁCH KHOA



# KHOA KHOA HỌC VÀ KỸ THUẬT MÁY TÍNH **BÁO CÁO**

LAB 3: SYNCHRONIZATION

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```
#include <stdio.h>
     #include <pthread.h>
     #include <stdlib.h>
     #include <unistd.h>
         volatile unsigned int sequence;
         pthread_mutex_t writer_lock;
         int data;
    } pthread_seqlock_t;
     int pthread_seq_lock_init(pthread_seqlock_t* s) {
         s->sequence = 0;
         s->data = 0;
         return pthread_mutex_init(&s->writer_lock, NULL);
     int pthread_seq_lock_destroy(pthread_seqlock_t* s) {
         return pthread_mutex_destroy(&s->writer_lock);
     void pthread_seq_lock_wrlock(pthread_seqlock_t* s) {
         pthread_mutex_lock(&s->writer_lock);
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         s->sequence++; // move to odd number
     void pthread_seq_lock_wrunlock(pthread_seqlock_t* s) {
         s->sequence++; // move to even number
         pthread_mutex_unlock(&s->writer_lock);
     unsigned int pthread_seq_lock_begin(pthread_seqlock_t* s) {
         unsigned int seq;
             seq = s->sequence;
         } while (seq & 1);
         return seq;
     // Reader helper: check after read
     int pthread_seq_lock_validate(pthread_seqlock_t* s, unsigned int seq) {
         return (seq == s->sequence);
```

```
pthread_seqlock_t seqlock;
void* writer_thread(void* arg) {
    for (int i = 1; i \le 10; i++) {
       pthread_seq_lock_wrlock(&seqlock);
        seqlock.data = i; // write new data
        printf("Writer: updated data to %d\n", i);
        pthread_seq_lock_wrunlock(&seqlock);
        sleep(1);
void* reader_thread(void* arg) {
    int local data;
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
       unsigned int seq;
        int valid;
            seq = pthread_seq_lock_begin(&seqlock);
            local_data = seqlock.data; // data reader
            valid = pthread_seq_lock_validate(&seqlock, seq);
            if (!valid) {
                printf("Reader: inconsistent read, retrying...\n");
        } while (!valid);
        printf("Reader: read data %d\n", local_data);
        usleep(1025000);
int main() {
   pthread_t writer, reader;
   pthread_seq_lock_init(&seqlock);
    pthread_create(&writer, NULL, writer_thread, NULL);
   pthread_create(&reader, NULL, reader_thread, NULL);
   pthread_join(writer, NULL);
   pthread_join(reader, NULL);
   pthread_seq_lock_destroy(&seqlock);
    return 0;
```

```
mrcopper@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/exi$ gcc -o seqlock seqlock.c -lpthread mrcopper@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/exi$ ./seqlock
Writer: updated data to 1
Reader: read data 2
Writer: updated data to 3
Reader: read data 3
Writer: updated data to 3
Reader: read data 3
Writer: updated data to 4
Reader: read data 4
Writer: updated data to 5
Reader: read data 5
Writer: updated data to 6
Reader: read data 6
Writer: updated data to 7
Reader: read data 7
Writer: updated data to 8
Reader: read data 7
Writer: updated data to 8
Reader: read data 8
Writer: updated data to 9
Reader: read data 10
```

```
gcc -o aggsum aggsum.c -lpthread
 #include <stdio.h>
 #include <stdlib.h>
 #include <pthread.h>
// Shared sum buffer
long sumbuf = 0;
pthread_mutex_t mutex;
 struct range {
     int start;
     int end;
 int* shrdarrbuf;
 // Function to generate random array data
 void generate_array_data(int* buf, int arraysize, int seednum) {
      srand(seednum);
     for (int i = 0; i < arraysize; i++) {</pre>
         buf[i] = rand() % 100;
 void* sum_worker(void* arg) {
     struct range* idx_range = (struct range*)arg;
     long local_sum = 0;
     // Compute sum in the assigned range
     for (int i = idx_range->start; i <= idx_range->end; i++) {
         local_sum += shrdarrbuf[i];
     // Lock mutex before updating global sum
     pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
     sumbuf += local_sum;
     pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
     pthread_exit(NULL);
 int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
 if (argc < 3 || argc > 4) {
```

```
printf("Usage: %s <arrsz> <tnum> [seednum]\n", argv[0]);
             return 1;
         int arrsz = atoi(argv[1]);
         int tnum = atoi(argv[2]);
         int seednum = (argc == 4) ? atoi(argv[3]) : time(NULL);
58
          if (arrsz < tnum || tnum <= 0 || arrsz <= 0) {
             printf("Invalid arguments: array size must be >= thread count, both > 0\n");
             return 1;
         shrdarrbuf = (int*)malloc(arrsz * sizeof(int));
         if (!shrdarrbuf) {
             perror("Memory allocation failed");
             return 1;
         generate_array_data(shrdarrbuf, arrsz, seednum);
          // Initialize mutex
         pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
         pthread_t threads[tnum];
         struct range thread_ranges[tnum];
         int chunk size = arrsz / tnum;
         int remainder = arrsz % tnum;
         int start = 0;
         for (int i = 0; i < tnum; i++) {
             thread_ranges[i].start = start;
             thread_ranges[i].end = start + chunk_size - 1;
             if (remainder > 0)
                 thread_ranges[i].end++;
                 remainder--;
             start = thread_ranges[i].end + 1;
             pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, sum_worker, &thread_ranges[i]);
         for (int i = 0; i < tnum; i++) {
             pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
```

```
mrcopper@MrCopper:/mnt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex2$ gcc -o aggsum aggsum.c -lpthread mrcopper@MrCopper:/mnt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex2$ ./aggsum 18800 4 12345

Parallel sum result: 491700
mrcopper@MrCopper:/mnt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex2$ ./aggsum 188000 4 22222

Parallel sum result: 4962814
mrcopper@MrCopper:/mnt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex2$ ./aggsum 1234567 8 9876

Parallel sum result: 61114500
mrcopper@MrCopper:/mnt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex2$
mrcopper@MrCopper:/mnt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex2$
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
     #include <pthread.h>
     #include <unistd.h>
     #include <string.h>
     #define MAX BUFFER SLOT 6
     #define MAX LOOPS 30
     char logbuf[MAX_BUFFER_SLOT][MAX_LOG_LENGTH];
     int log_count = 0;
     pthread_mutex_t log_mutex = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
     pthread_cond_t log_not_full = PTHREAD_COND_INITIALIZER;
     pthread_cond_t log_not_empty = PTHREAD_COND_INITIALIZER;
     struct _args {
         unsigned int interval;
     // Hàm ghi log (thread-safe)
     void *wrlog(void *data) {
         char str[MAX_LOG_LENGTH];
         int id = *(int*) data;
         usleep(20);
         sprintf(str, "%d", id);
         pthread_mutex_lock(&log_mutex);
         while (log_count >= MAX_BUFFER_SLOT) {
             pthread_cond_wait(&log_not_full, &log_mutex);
         strcpy(logbuf[log_count], str);
         log_count++;
         printf("wrlog(): %d \n", id);
42
         pthread_cond_signal(&log_not_empty);
         pthread_mutex_unlock(&log_mutex);
         return NULL;
     // Hàm flush log (xóa log)
```

```
void flushlog() {
   pthread_mutex_lock(&log_mutex);
    while (log_count == 0) {
        pthread_cond_wait(&log_not_empty, &log_mutex);
   printf("flushlog()\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < log_count; i++) {
       printf("Slot %i: %s\n", i, logbuf[i]);
    log_count = 0;
   // Báo hiệu rằng buffer có thể ghi thêm log
   pthread_cond_broadcast(&log_not_full);
   pthread_mutex_unlock(&log_mutex);
void *timer_start(void *args) {
        usleep(((struct _args *) args)->interval);
       flushlog();
int main() {
   pthread_t tid[MAX_LOOPS], lgrid;
    int id[MAX_LOOPS];
    struct _args args;
    args.interval = 500e3; // 500ms
   pthread_create(&lgrid, NULL, &timer_start, (void*)&args);
   // Tạo các thread ghi log
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_LOOPS; i++) {
        id[i] = i;
       pthread_create(&tid[i], NULL, wrlog, (void*)&id[i]);
    for (int i = 0; i < MAX_LOOPS; i++) {
       pthread_join(tid[i], NULL);
    sleep(5);
    return 0;
```

```
mrcopper@mcCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ARTIN/OneOrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Núm 27Hệ điều hàmh/LHB 3/LabSync-student/exi$ c- laptur logbuf.c - lapturead mrcopper@mt/c/Users/ARTIN/OneOrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Núm 27Hệ điều hàmh/LHB 3/LabSync-student/exi$ ./logbuf mrlog(): 2 mrlog(): 3 mrlog(): 3 mrlog(): 4 mrlog(): 5 mrlog(): 5 mrlog(): 5 mrlog(): 5 mrlog(): 6 mrlog(): 7 mrlog(): 8 mrlog(): 8 mrlog(): 8 mrlog(): 8 mrlog(): 8 mrlog(): 11 mrlog(): 12 mrlog(): 12 mrlog(): 13 mrlog(): 14 mrlog(): 15 mrlog(): 24 mrlog(): 25 m
```

```
wrlog(): 21
wrlog(): 22
wrlog(): 26
wrlog(): 27
wrlog(): 15
wrlog(): 15
wrlog(): 28
flushlog()
Slot 0: 21
Slot 1: 12
Slot 1: 12
Slot 1: 12
Slot 2: 26
Slot 3: 27
Slot 4: 15
Slot 5: 20
wrlog(): 7
wrlog(): 13
wrlog(): 13
wrlog(): 13
wrlog(): 13
wrlog(): 13
srlog(): 22
wrlog(): 16
flushlog()
Slot 0: 23
Slot 1: 7
Slot 2: 18
Slot 3: 13
Slot 4: 22
Slot 5: 16
mrcopper@wrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Nām 2/Hệ diều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex3$
mrcopper@wrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Nām 2/Hệ diều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex3$
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
 #include <pthread.h>
#define BUFFER SIZE 5
#define MAX_ITEMS 20
 int buffer[BUFFER SIZE];
 int count = 0; // Số phần tử hiện tại trong buffer
 pthread_mutex_t mutex = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
 pthread_cond_t cond_full = PTHREAD_COND_INITIALIZER;
 pthread_cond_t cond_empty = PTHREAD_COND_INITIALIZER;
 // Hàm Writer (Producer) - Ghi dữ liệu vào buffer
 void *writer(void *arg) {
     for (int i = 0; i < MAX_ITEMS; i++) {
         usleep(rand() % 500000);
         pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
         while (count == BUFFER_SIZE) {
             pthread_cond_wait(&cond_full, &mutex);
         // Ghi vào buffer
         buffer[count] = i;
         printf("Writer: Wrote %d to buffer[%d]\n", i, count);
         // Báo hiệu Reader rằng buffer không rỗng
         pthread_cond_signal(&cond_empty);
         pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
 void *reader(void *arg) {
     for (int i = 0; i < MAX_ITEMS; i++) {
         usleep(rand() % 700000);
         pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
         while (count == 0) {
             pthread_cond_wait(&cond_empty, &mutex);
```

```
// Lāy dữ liệu từ buffer
count--;
printf("Reader: Read %d from buffer[%d]\n", buffer[count], count);

// Báo hiệu Writer rằng buffer chưa đây
pthread_cond_signal(&cond_full);
pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);

// Báo hiệu Writer rằng buffer chưa đây
pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);

// pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);

// count main() {

srand(time(NULL));
pthread_t writer_thread, reader_thread;

// Tạo các thread Writer và Reader
pthread_create(&writer_thread, NULL);
pthread_create(&reader_thread, NULL);

// chờ các thread hoàn thành
pthread_join(writer_thread, NULL);

// chờ các thread hoàn thành
pthread_join(reader_thread, NULL);

return 0;

// return 0;
```

```
per@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex4$ gcc -o prod_cons prod_cons.c -lpthread
per@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex4$ ./prod_cons
  Writer: Wrote 0 to buffer[0]
Writer: Wrote 1 to buffer[0]
Writer: Wrote 1 to buffer[0]
Writer: Wrote 1 to buffer[0]
Writer: Wrote 2 to buffer[1]
Writer: Wrote 3 to buffer[2]
Reader: Read 3 from buffer[2]
Reader: Read 2 from buffer[1]
Writer: Wrote 4 to buffer[1]
Writer: Wrote 5 to buffer[2]
Writer: Wrote 6 to buffer[3]
Writer: Wrote 7 to buffer[4]
Reader: Read 7 from buffer[4]
Writer: Wrote 8 to buffer[4]
Reader: Read 8 from buffer[4]
Writer: Wrote 9 to buffer[4]
Reader: Read 9 from buffer[4]
Writer: Wrote 10 to buffer[4]
Reader: Read 10 from buffer[4]
Writer: Wrote 11 to buffer[4]
Reader: Read 11 from buffer[4]
Writer: Wrote 12 to buffer[4]
Reader: Read 12 from buffer[4]
Reader: Read 6 from buffer[3]
Writer: Wrote 13 to buffer[3]
Reader: Read 13 from buffer[3]
Writer: Wrote 14 to buffer[3]
Reader: Read 14 from buffer[3]
Reader: Read 5 from buffer[2]
Reader: Read 4 from buffer[1]
Writer: Wrote 15 to buffer[1]
Writer: Wrote 16 to buffer[2]
Writer: Wrote 17 to buffer[3]
Reader: Read 17 from buffer[3]
Writer: Wrote 18 to buffer[3]
Writer: Wrote 19 to buffer[4]
Reader: Read 19 from buffer[4]
Reader: Read 18 from buffer[3]
Reader: Read 16 from buffer[2]
Reader: Read 15 from buffer[1]
 Reader: Read 1 from buffer[0]
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
     #include <pthread.h>
pthread_mutex_t lock = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
    int finished = 0; // Biến đánh dấu chương trình đã kết thúc
     int is_safe() {
         int found = rand() % 5;
         if (!found) {
19
         return 0;
     void *periodic_detector(void *arg) {
             sleep(5); // Kiểm tra mỗi 5 giây
             pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
             if (is_safe() == -1) {
                 printf("[!] Loi phát hiện! Đang phục hồi...\n");
                // Hành động khôi phục
                 printf("[+] Thực hiện khôi phục hệ thống!\n");
                 if (finished) {
                     pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
                     break; // Thoát nếu chương trình kết thúc
             pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
     int main() {
         srand(time(NULL)); // Khởi tạo random
         pthread_t detector_thread;
         pthread_create(&detector_thread, NULL, periodic_detector, NULL);
```

```
// Giả lập chạy 30 giây, sau đó kết thúc
sleep(30);
finished = 1;

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

printf("Hệ thống đã tắt an toàn.\n");
return 0;

// Giả lập chạy 30 giây, sau đó kết thúc
sleep(30);
finished = 1;

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread dò lỗi kết thúc
pthread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ thread_join(detector_thread, NULL);

// Chờ
```

```
mrcopper@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneOrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex5$ gcc -o peri_detector peri_detector.c -lpthread mrcopper@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneOrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex5$ ./peri_detector

[!] Lỗi phát hiện! Đang phục hỗi ...

[+] Thực hiện khỏi phục hệ thống!

[!] Lỗi phát hiện! Đang phục hỗi...

[+] Thực hiện khỏi phục hệ thống!

[!] Lỗi phát hiện! Đang phục hỗi...

[+] Thực hiện khỏi phục hệ thống!

Hệ thống đã tất an toàn.

mrcopper@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneOrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex5$
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#define NUM_RESOURCES 5
#define NUM_PROCESSES 10
  int id;
    int requested_resources;
    void (*callback)(int);
} process_request_t;
int available_resources = NUM_RESOURCES;
pthread_mutex_t resource_lock = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
pthread_cond_t resource_cond = PTHREAD_COND_INITIALIZER;
// Hàm callback khi tài nguyên sẵn sàng
void resource callback(int process id) {
    printf("[+] Process %d: Được cấp phát tài nguyên!\n", process_id);
    sleep(1);
// Hàm quản lý cấp phát tài nguyên
void *resource_manager(void *arg) {
    process_request_t *request = (process_request_t *)arg;
    pthread mutex lock(&resource lock);
    // Nếu không đủ tài nguyên, tiến trình sẽ chờ
    while (request->requested_resources > available_resources) {
        printf("[!] Process %d: Đang chờ tài nguyên...\n", request->id);
        pthread_cond_wait(&resource_cond, &resource_lock);
    // Cấp phát tài nguyên
    available resources -= request->requested resources;
    request->callback(request->id);
    // Giải phóng tài nguyên sau khi sử dụng
    available_resources += request->requested_resources;
    printf("[√] Process %d: Giải phóng tài nguyên!\n", request->id);
    // Thông báo cho các tiến trình khác
    pthread cond broadcast(&resource cond);
```

```
pthread_mutex_unlock(&resource_lock);
free(request);
return NULL;
}

int main() {
    pthread_t threads[NUM_PROCESSES];

for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PROCESSES; i++) {
        process_request_t *req = malloc(sizeof(process_request_t));
        req->id = i;
        req->requested_resources = (rand() % 3) + 1;
        req->callback = resource_callback;

pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, resource_manager, (void *)req);
        usleep(50000);

for (int i = 0; i < NUM_PROCESSES; i++) {
        pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
    }

printf("Tät cå tiến trình dã hoàn thành.\n");
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
mrcopper@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ diều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex6$ gcc -o rsc_manager rsc_manager.c -lpthread mrcopper@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ diều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex6$ ./rsc_manager rsc_manager.c -lpthread mrcopper@MrCopper:/mmt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ diều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex6$ ./rsc_manager rsc_manager.c -lpthread rpthread process 8: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[4] Process 9: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[4] Process 3: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[4] Process 3: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[5] Process 4: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[6] Process 5: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[7] Process 6: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[8] Process 6: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[9] Process 6: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[9] Process 7: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[9] Process 8: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[9] Process 9: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[1] Process 9: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[2] Process 9: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
[3] Process 9: Giái phóng tài nguyên!
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
     #include <stdlib.h>
     #include <stdatomic.h>
    #include <stdint.h>
    #include <stdbool.h>
10 #include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
    // Node của stack
    typedef struct Node {
         int value;
         struct Node *next;
     } Node;
     typedef struct {
         atomic_intptr_t head;
     } LockFreeStack;
     bool push(LockFreeStack *stack, int value) {
         Node *new_node = (Node *)malloc(sizeof(Node));
         if (!new_node) return false;
         new_node->value = value;
         Node *old head:
         do {
             old_head = (Node *)atomic_load_explicit(&stack->head, memory_order_relaxed);
             new_node->next = old_head;
         } while (!atomic_compare_exchange_weak_explicit(
             &stack->head, (intptr_t *)&old_head, (intptr_t)new_node,
             memory_order_release, memory_order_relaxed));
     bool pop(LockFreeStack *stack, int *value) {
         Node *old_head;
             old_head = (Node *)atomic_load_explicit(&stack->head, memory_order_acquire);
             if (!old_head) return false;
46
         } while (!atomic_compare_exchange_weak_explicit(
             &stack->head, (intptr_t *)&old_head, (intptr_t)old_head->next,
             memory_order_release, memory_order_relaxed));
```

```
*value = old_head->value;
    free(old_head);
bool is_empty(LockFreeStack *stack) {
    return atomic_load_explicit(&stack->head, memory_order_acquire) == (intptr_t)NULL;
// Test đa luồng (Push và Pop đồng thời)
#define NUM THREADS 4
#define NUM_OPERATIONS 5
void *thread_func(void *arg) {
    LockFreeStack *stack = (LockFreeStack *)arg;
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM OPERATIONS; i++) {</pre>
        int value = rand() % 100;
        push(stack, value);
        printf("[+] Thread %lu: Push %d\n", pthread_self(), value);
        sleep(3);
        int popped_value;
        if (pop(stack, &popped_value)) {
            printf("[-] Thread %lu: Pop %d\n", pthread_self(), popped_value);
    return NULL;
int main() {
    LockFreeStack stack;
    atomic_store_explicit(&stack.head, (intptr_t)NULL, memory_order_relaxed);
    pthread_t threads[NUM_THREADS];
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_THREADS; i++) {</pre>
        pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, thread_func, &stack);
    for (int i = 0; i < NUM_THREADS; i++) {
        pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
    printf("☑ Tất cả các thread đã hoàn thành!\n");
```

```
Thread 139690591762112: Pup 90 27
Thread 139690591762112: Push 90
Thread 139690574976704: Pup 90
Thread 139690574976704: Push 59
Thread 139690609154816: Pup 50
Thread 139690609154816: Push 63
Thread 139690583369408: Push 26
Thread 139690583369408: Push 26
Thread 139690583169112: Pup 26
Thread 139690591762112: Pup 26
[-] Thread 139690591762112: Pop 26
[+] Thread 139690591762112: Push 40
[-] Thread 139690574976704: Pop 62
[+] Thread 139690574976704: Push 26
[-] Thread 139690583369408: Push 72
[-] Thread 1396906833369408: Push 72
[-] Thread 13969068154816: Pop 40
[-] Thread 13969069154816: Pop 36
[-] Thread 139690691762112: Pop 36
[-] Thread 139690691762112: Pop 36
[-] Thread 139690574976704: Pop 72
[-] Thread 139690534976704: Pop 73
[-] Thread 139690534976704: Pop 73
[-] Thread 139690534976704: Pop 80
[-] Thread 139690680154816: Pop 80
[-] Thread 13
   mrcopper@MrCopper:/mnt/c/Users/ADMIN/OneDrive - ntpdeveloper/BK Năm 2/Hệ điều hành/LAB 3/labSync-student/ex7$
```