一、实验任务

1.编写一个 Realease 版本的 hello world 程序, 通过修改程序可执行文件的方式 (不是修改源代码), 使得程序运行后显示的内容不是 hello world, 变成 hello cuc!

【提示】 一定要在编译选项中将调试信息相关的编译连接选项去掉, 否则程序体积会比较大, 而且存在很多"干扰"信息。

2.上一题的程序中,修改的显示内容变为一个很长的字符串(至少 2kb 长)。并且保证程序正常运行不崩溃。

【提示】提示,可执行文件中原有的空间有限,必须要新加入数据,加入数据后必须要修改.text 字段中的指针。

二、实验过程

1.1 编写 tiny.c



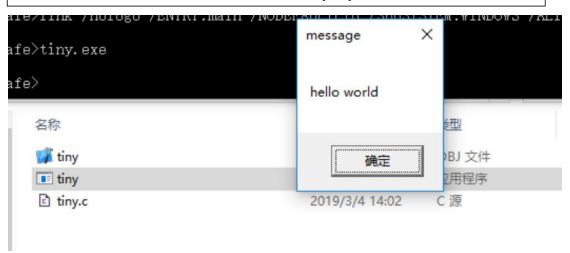
1.2 tiny.c 编译为 tiny.obj

cl /c /O1 tiny.c



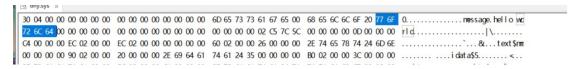
1.3 tiny.obj 链接为 tiny.exe

link /nologo /ENTRY:main /NODEFAULTLIB /SUBSYSTEM:WINDOWS /ALIGN:16 /DRIVER user32.lib kernel32.lib tiny.obj

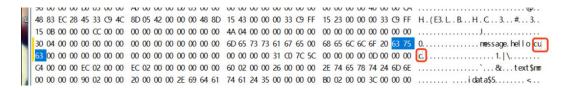




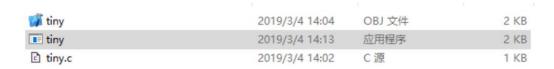
- 1.4 二进制编辑器打开 tiny.exe, 搜索函数 MessageBoxA 显示"hello world"对应
- 16 进制字段。



1.5 修改"world"对应的十六进制值"77 6f 72 6c 64"为,"cuc"对应的十六进制值 "63 75 63",保存并关闭 16 进制编辑器。



1.6 运行被修改的 tiny.exe, 成功实现通过修改可执行文件使得显示内容从"hello world"变为"hello cuc"。

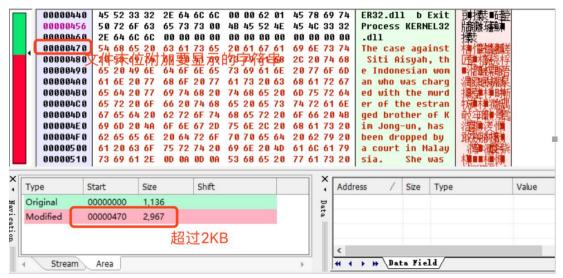




2.1 运行 tiny.exe



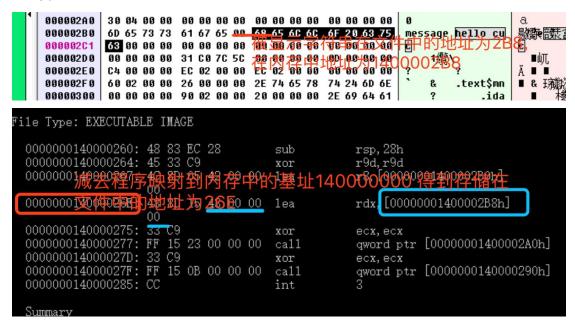
2.2 用 FlexHEX 以 16 进制打开 tiny.exe, 并在文件末位附加要修改显示的超过 2kb 的数据字符串

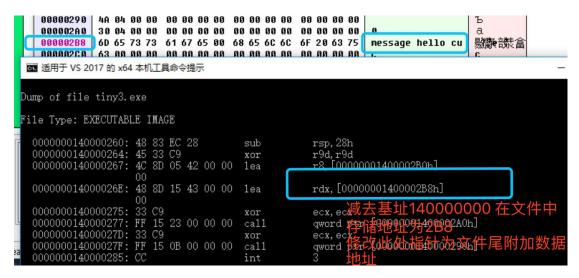


2.3 获得 tiny.exe 的反汇编代码,并查看寻找作为参数传入 MessageBoxA 函数的数据字符串在内存中指向其存储地址的指针。

Dumpbin /disasm tiny.exe

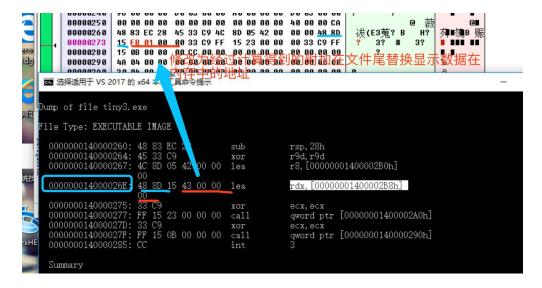
2.4.1 在 16 进制文件查看器 FlexHex 找到存储原被显示字符串"hello cuc"在文件中的存储地址为 2B8h。

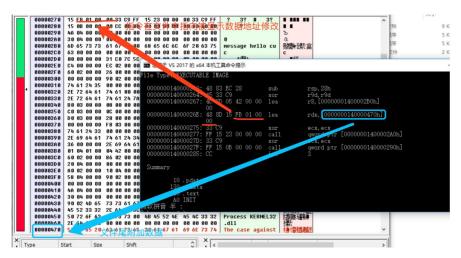




2.4.2 在 tiny.exe 的反汇编代码里找到对字符串地址进行操作的语句(即将字符串"hello cuc" 作为参数传递给函数 MessageBox 的汇编指令在文件中的存储地址) , 计算得到该程序命令语句在文件中的存储地址为 26Eh;在 16 进制文件查看器 FlexHex 中定位文件地址 26Eh 处,修改相应 16 进制命令中地址为经过计算后得到的文件末位附加的将被显示的数据字符串的地址 EB 01。

01EBh=43h[原汇编命令语句中指向原字符串"hello cuc"在文件中存储位置的指针]+(470h[目标数据字符串在文件中的存储地址]-2B8h[源字符串"hello cuc"在文件中的存储地址])





2.5 关闭保存修改后的文件, 再次运行 tiny.exe, 成功显示添加在文件尾的大于 2kb 长的字符 串

message X

The case against Siti Aisyah, the Indonesian woman who was charged with the murder of the estranged brother of Kim Jong-un, has been dropped by a court in Malaysia.

She was released from custody after the decision in Kuala Lumpur on Monday morning.

Siti was one of two women charged with the murder of Kim Jong-nam in Kuala Lumpur airport in February 2017. The women were accused of smearing the toxic nerve agent VX on his face as he waited to board a flight to Macau. He died within 20 minutes.

Both Siti and Doan Thi Huong, from Vietnam, claimed they had unknowingly been tricked into carrying out the murder by North Korean operatives, who told them they were playing a prank for a Japanese comedy show. They both allege they thought they were smearing lotion on Kim Jong-nam's face.

'Mum, I was tricked': my daughter, the Kim Jong-nam murder suspect Read more

At Shah Alam high court in Kuala Lumpur on Monday morning, the prosecution applied for a discharge not amounting to an acquittal for Siti, under section 254 of the criminal procedure, which was approved by the judge. The prosecution did not provide a reason why they wanted to drop the charges.

"I finished my job," said Siti's lawyer, Gooi Soon Seng. "She is a free person now, she will be going back to Indonesia." She was later seen leaving the court in an Indonesian embassy car.

The discharge order only applies to Siti. Duon will still take to the stand later on Monday to testify.

The prosecution had moved to throw the case out in August last year, but the judge ruled that the women should testify. He said he accepted that it could have been a "political assassination" but said he could not rule out that there had been a "well-planned conspiracy" between the two women and the North Korean operatives.

确定

1.在进行第二个任务中,已经发现指向原字符串"hello cuc"在文件中存储地址的指针为0000001400002B8h,不知道如何通过修改16进制字符内容,修改命令中指针的指向。

解决:

1.1 计算文件中地址为 26Eh 处指令指向地址

2B8h=1400002B8h-14000000h(程序映射到内存中的基址)

01EBh=43h[原汇编命令语句中指向原字符串"hello cuc"在文件中存储位置的指针]+(470h[目标数据字符串在文件中的存储地址]-2B8h[源字符串"hello cuc"在文件中的存储地址])

1.2 修改 43 00 00 00 为 EB 01 00 00