# Fundamentals of Database Systems COMPSCI 351

Instructor: Sebastian Link

The University of Auckland

# **Administrative Details**

### Course Details

### Managed with CLOUDCAMPUS

#### Content

- The relational model of data
- Query languages: SQL, relational algebra, and relational calculus
- Database design: The Entity-relationship model and database normalization
- Query processing and optimization

## Learning Outcomes - Skills to put on your CV

- Create conceptual diagrams to concisely model application domains
- Transform conceptual diagrams into logical database schemata
- Normalize and de-normalize logical database schemata to process frequent database queries and database updates more efficiently
- Implement logical database schemata in the industry-standard SQL to define, manipulate and query data according to best practice
- Exploit SQL to execute semantically sound database queries and updates
- Apply relational algebra to optimize the evaluation of database queries
- Declare complex database queries in relational calculus
- Adjust database designs to evolving requirements by suitable evaluation strategies and physical data structures that help achieve good performance

### Recommended Textbooks

• Database Management Systems, Third Edition, Raghu Ramakrishnan and Johannes Gehrke, McGraw-Hill, 2003.

 Foundations of Database Systems, Fourth Edition, Elmasri and Navathe, Addison Wesley, 2004.

### Timetable for April 5 - April 22, 2021

#### Lectures and in-class tutorials

- Mon 14:00-14:45; 14:55-15:40; 15:50-16:35
- Tue 8:00-8:45; 8:55-9:40; 10:00-10:45
- Tue 4:00-14:45; 14:55-15:40; 15:50-16:35
- Thu 8:00-8:45; 8:55-9:40; 10:00-10:45

#### Rooms

- Mon afternoon 27-0206
- Tue morning 27-0304
- Tue afternoon 27-0206
- Thu morning 27-0304

### Learning Opportunities and Feedback

- Actively participate in lectures, tutorials, labs and guest lectures
- Study lecture notes and the textbook
- Ask lecturers and lab supervisors specific questions
- Form study groups with regular discussion meetings
- Do strategic exercises, do textbook exercises
- Think of your own examples and do research
- Study model solutions to exercises, assignments and tests
- Study previous exams
- Install DBMS (e.g. MySQL) on your own computer to experiment
- Program

### **Plagiarism**

### • Plagiarism defined:

Using the work of other scholars or students when preparing coursework or writing an examination and pretending it is your own by not acknowledging where it came from.

#### Seeking advice:

Course coordinators, lecturers or tutors are the appropriate people with whom you should discuss how to appropriately use and acknowledge the work of others.

#### Consequences:

Cheating is viewed as a serious offence by The University of Auckland. Penalties are administered by the Discipline Committee of the Senate, and may include suspension or expulsion from the University.

### Guidelines to Avoiding Plagiarism

- Always do individual assignments by yourself.
- Never loan your code to another person.
- Never put your code in a public place (e.g., your web site).
- Never leave your PC without locking the screen (e.g., to get food, to have a drink, or to go to the toilet). You are responsible for the security of your account.
- Never get code from a tutor (e.g., private tutors). Several tutors have been caught giving the same code to all their students.
- Always reference the source for text you copy as part of the answer to an assignment.

### Delivery

#### Core concepts

- Self-study of slide sets before lecture
- Lectures explain and illustrate core concepts
- Discuss the material in your study group

#### Strategic exercises

- Attempt each set of strategic exercises on your own
- Discuss your solutions in your study group
- Solutions to strategic exercises discussed in class

#### Optional Labs at Home

- Think about each set of lab exercises individually
- Discuss lab exercises as a team
- Work out complete solutions
- Compare your solutions with the model solutions



#### Instructor

- Professor Sebastian Link
  - School of Computer Science The University of Auckland
  - s.link@auckland.ac.nz
  - http://www.science.auckland.ac.nz/people/ profile/s-link
- Associate Dean International Science
  - auckland.ac.nz/en/science.html
- Director of Data Science in the Home of R
  - auckland.ac.nz/en/study/study-options/ find-a-study-option/data-science.html
  - r-project.org

### Background

#### Career

- PhD from Massey on Constraints in complex-value databases in 2005
- Worked at Victoria University, Wellington, between 2008-2011
- Joined the University of Auckland in 2012
- Chris Wallace Award for outstanding research contributions in 2013
- DSc from Auckland on Contributions to the theory of data dependencies in 2015

### Current research activity

- Application of logic to computer science
- Semantics in data, database design
- Data quality, data cleaning, data profiling
- Uncertainty in data, in particular possibilistic and probabilistic databases

### My Top-10 Research Publications

- Ziheng Wei, Sebastian Link: Discovery and Ranking of Functional Dependencies. ICDE 2019: 1526-1537
- Tania Roblot, Miika Hannula, Sebastian Link: Probabilistic Cardinality Constraints Validation, Reasoning, and Semantic Summaries, VLDB J. 27(6): 771-795 (2018)
- Sebastian Link, Henri Prade: Relational database schema design for uncertain data. Inf. Syst. 84: 88-110 (2019)
- Pieta Brown, Sebastian Link: Probabilistic Keys. IEEE Trans. Knowl. Data Eng. 29(3): 670-682 (2017)
- Henning Köhler, Sebastian Link: Inclusion dependencies and their interaction with functional dependencies in SQL. J. Comput. Syst. Sci. 85: 104-131 (2017)
- Henning Köhler, Uwe Leck, Sebastian Link, Xiaofang Zhou: Possible and certain keys for SQL. VLDB J. 25(4): 571-596 (2016)
- Henning K\u00f6hler, Sebastian Link: SQL Schema Design: Foundations, Normal Forms, and Normalization. SIGMOD Conference 2016: 267-279
- Sven Hartmann, Sebastian Link: The implication problem of data dependencies over SQL table definitions: Axiomatic, algorithmic and logical characterizations. ACM Trans. Database Syst. 37(2): 13:1-13:40 (2012)
- Ziheng Wei, Sebastian Link: Embedded Functional Dependencies and Data-completeness Tailored Database Design. Proc. VLDB Endow. 12(11): 1458-1470 (2019)
- Sven Hartmann, Sebastian Link: Efficient reasoning about a robust XML key fragment. ACM Trans. Database Syst. 34(2): 10:1-10:33 (2009)

### Motivation: Intellectual Challenges

### Bridging theory and practice

Brought forward deep theoretical results that have daily impact

### Connect with seemingly disparate disciplines

Such as artificial intelligence, logic, mathematics, statistics

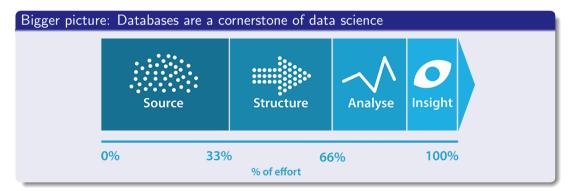
### Challenges smart people

Connects research community with users such as managers, to analysts, to developers

### Motivation: SQL is the No 1 skill of Data Scientists

#### Data science

- Using Stats, Maths, CompSci to turn data into value within a domain
- Harvard Business Review: 'Sexiest job of 21st century'
- The University of Auckland is a birthplace of data science (R)



### Motivation: Top 10 Software Companies Ranking 2016

Rank +	Organization +		Sales +	FY ÷	Market cap ♦	Headquarters +
1		Microsoft	\$86.6	2017	\$407	Redmond, WA, US
2		Oracle	\$37.2	2017	\$168.9	Redwood City, CA, US
3		SAP	\$23.2	2017	\$98.4	Walldorf, Germany
4		VMware	\$6.7	2017	\$24.7	Palo Alto, CA, US
5		Adobe Systems	\$5	2017	\$47.4	San Jose, CA, US
6	*	HCL Technologies	\$5.9	2017	\$17.9	Noida, UP, India
7		Fiserv	\$5.3	2017	\$21.9	Brookfield, WI, US
8		Salesforce.com	\$6.7	2017	\$51.9	San Francisco, CA, US
9		Symantec	\$5.4	2017	\$11.7	Mountain View, CA, US
10	6	Amadeus IT Holdings	\$4.3	2017	\$19.6	Madrid, Spain

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List\_of\_the\_largest\_software\_companies

### Motivation: Co-founders of Google - Database Students

Larry (Lawrence) Page Ph.D. Student Computer Science Department Stanford University

Member of Terry Winograd's Project on People, Computers, and Design.

Currently working on <u>Google</u>, a search engine for the Web. Papers and a demo are available off this page.

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#### Sergey Brin's Home Page

Ph.D. student in Computer Science at Stanford - sergey@cs.stanford.edu

#### Research

Currently I am at Google.

In fall '98 I taught CS 349.

#### Data Mining

A major research interest is data mining and I run a meeting group here at Stanford. For more information take a look at the MIDAS home page or see the datamine maling list achive. Here are some recent publications:

· Extracting Patterns and Relations from the World Wide Web



infolab.stanford.edu/~sergey/

### Motivation: The Business Value of Relational Databases

### Data has evolved into the No 1 asset of organizations

- 90% of the world's data was produced in the prior two years
- Big data: It's so hot, so now, so wow
- $\bullet$  88% of Australasian businesses see data science as a key competitive advantage

#### SQL vs NoSQL

- Oligopoly in SQL: Oracle, IBM, Microsoft, MySQL with high barriers to entry
- Lots of NoSQL players
- In NoSQL market: 3.5 billion US dollars annually
- In SQL market: 40 billion US dollars annually
- Oracle's license fee: \$47,500 plus extras

Database companies evaluate the new technology, determine its viability, and then integrate it into their product suite, giving the customer the best of all worlds.



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Enjoy and interact