# 计算机科学与技术学院 数据库系统 课程实验报告

实验题目: 创建视图、删除视图 学号: 201605130116

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#### 实验目的:

练习创建视图、删除视图

## 实验软件和硬件环境:

软件环境: Windows 7 专业版 64 位系统

数据库客户端软件 ob10.exe

硬件环境: Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-6700 CPU @ 3.40Hz

**RAM 8.00 GB** 

#### 实验原理和方法:

利用数据库客户端软件,练习使用 SQL 语句

## 实验步骤: (不要求罗列完整源代码)

1. 找出年龄小于20岁且是"物理学院"的学生的学号、姓名、院系名称,按学号排序

Create View test6\_01 As

Select

sid, name, dname

From

pub. student

Where

age < 20 And dname = '物理学院'

Order By

sid;

2. 查询统计 2009 级、软件学院每个学生的 学号、姓名、总成绩 (列名 sum score)

Create View test6\_02 As

Select

sid, name, sum(score) As sum score

From

pub.student Natural Join pub.student\_course

Where

class = 2009 And dname = '软件学院'

Group By

sid, name;

3. 查询 2010 级、计算机科学与技术学院、操作系统的学生成绩表,内容有学号、姓名、成绩

Create View test6 03 As

Select

```
sid, pub. student. name, score
          From
              pub. student
              Natural Join pub. student course
              Join pub. course USING (cid)
          Where
              class = 2010
              And dname
                  = '计算机科学与技术学院'
             And pub. course. name = '操作系统';
4. 找出选修"数据库系统"课程,且成绩大于90的学生的学号、姓名
      Create View test6 04 As
          Select
              Distinct sid, pub. student. name
          From
              pub. student
              Natural Join pub.student_course
              Join pub. course USING (cid)
          Where
              score > 90
             And pub. course. name = '数据库系统';
5. 找出姓名叫"李龙"的学生的学号及其选修全部课程的课程号、课程名和成绩
      Create View test6 05 As
          Select
              sid, cid, pub. course. name, score
          From
              pub. student
              Natural Join pub. student course
              Join pub. course USING (cid)
          Where
              pub. student. name = '李龙';
6. 找出选修了所有课程的学生的学号、姓名
      Create View test6_06 As
          Select
              sid, name
          From
              pub. student s
          Where
              Not
                  Exists(
                     Select cid From pub. course
                     Minus
                         Select
                             Distinct cid
```

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From
                             pub.student_course sc
                         Where
                             sc. sid = s. sid
              );
7. 找出选修了所有课程并且所有课程全部通过的学生的学号、姓名
      Create View test6_07 As
          Select
              sid, name
          From
              pub. student s
          Where
              Not
                  Exists(
                      Select cid From pub.course
                      Minus
                         Select
                             Distinct cid
                         From
                             pub.student_course sc
                         Where
                             sc. sid = s. sid
                  )
              And (
                      Select
                         min(score)
                      From
                          (
                             Select
                                 sid, max(score) score
                             From
                                 pub. student_course
                             Group By
                                 sid, cid
                         ) t
                      Where
                         t.sid = s.sid
              >= 60;
8. 检索先行课的学分为2的课程号、课程名
      Create View test6_08 As
          Select
              cid, name
          From
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pub.course c1
           Where
              Exists(
                  Select
                  From
                      pub. course c2
                  Where
                      c2. cid = c1. fcid And c2. credit = 2
           );
9. 查询统计 2010 级、化学与化工学院的学生总学分表,内容有学号、姓名、总学分
   sum_credit
       Create View test6_09 As
           Select
               sid,
               name,
               (
                   (
                      Select
                          sum(credit)
                      From
                          (
                              Select
                                  Distinct sid, cid, credit
                              From
                                  pub.student_course Natural Join pub.course
                              Where
                                  pub. student_course. score >= 60
                          )
                      Where
                          sid = s. sid
              ) sum_credit
           From
              pub. student s
           Where
              class = '2010'
              And dname
                  = '化学与化工学院'
              And Exists(
                      Select
                          sid
                      From
                          pub. student_course sc
```

```
Where
                         sc. sid = s. sid
               );
10. 找出有间接先行课的所有课程的课程号、课程名称
      Create View test6 10 As
          Select
              cid, name
          From
              pub. course c1
          Where
              Exists(
                  Select
                  From
                      pub. course c2
                  Where
                      c2. cid = c1. fcid And c2. fcid Is Not NULL
          );
```

## 结论分析与体会:

练习了创建视图、删除视图;

实验指导书再次出现歧义,第二题要求统计软件学院 09 级每个学生的学号,姓名和总成绩,但并没有说明对于没有成绩的学生如何处理;实验结果表明答案只处理了有成绩的学生。

## 就实验过程中遇到和出现的问题, 你是如何解决和处理的, 自拟 1-3 道问答题:

1. 第二题结果比答案多7行 因为答案漏掉了没有成绩的学生信息