

# LANČANE LISTE



# Zamena mesta susedima u listi

```
template <class T>
void SLList<T>::SwapNeighbors(SLLNode<T>* ptr,
                              SLLNode<T>* prev) {
    if (prev == NULL) {
        head = ptr->next;
        ptr->next = ptr->next->next;
        head->next = ptr;
    } else {
        prev->next = ptr->next;
        ptr->next = ptr->next->next;
        prev->next->next = ptr;
    }
}
```

# Zamena mesta za dva elementa u listi

```
template <class T>
void SLList<T>::Swap(SLLNode<T>* ptr1, SLLNode<T>* prev1, SLLNode<T>*
    ptr2, SLLNode<T>* prev2) {
    if (ptr1 == ptr2) {
        return;
    } else if (ptr1->next == ptr2) {
        SwapNeighbors(ptr1, prev1);
    } else if (ptr2->next == ptr1) {
        SwapNeighbors(ptr2, prev2);
    } else {
        if (prev1 == NULL)
            head = ptr2;
        else
            prev1->next = ptr2;
        if (prev2 == NULL)
            head = ptr1;
        else
            prev2->next = ptr1;
        SLLNode<T>* tmp = ptr1->next;
        ptr1->next = ptr2->next;
        ptr2->next = tmp;
    }
}
```

# Bubble Sort za lančanoj listi

```
template <class T>
void SLList<T>::BubbleSort() {
    SLLNode<T> *ptr1;
    SLLNode<T> *ptr2, *prev2;
    for (ptr1=tail; ptr1!=head; ptr1=prev2) {
        prev2 = NULL;
        for (ptr2=head; ptr2->next!=ptr1; ) {
            if (ptr2->info > ptr2->next->info) {
                SwapNeighbors(ptr2, prev2);
                if (prev2 != NULL) {
                    prev2 = prev2->next;
                } else {
                    prev2 = head;
                }
            } else {
                prev2 = ptr2;
                ptr2=ptr2->next;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
    if (ptr2->info > ptr2->next->info) {
        SwapNeighbors(ptr2, prev2);
        if (prev2 != NULL) {
            prev2 = prev2->next;
        } else {
            prev2 = head;
        }
    } else {
        prev2 = ptr2;
    }
}
```

# Selection Sort za lančanu listu

```
template <class T>
void SLList<T>::SelectionSort() {
    SLLNode<T> *ptr, *prev;
    SLLNode<T> *ptr1, *prev1, *ptr2, *prev2;
    prev1 = NULL;
    for (ptr1=head; ptr1!=NULL; ptr1=ptr1->next) {
        ptr = ptr1;
        prev = prev1;
        prev2 = ptr1;
        for (ptr2=ptr1->next; ptr2!=NULL; ptr2=ptr2->next) {
            if (ptr->info > ptr2->info) {
                ptr = ptr2;
                prev = prev2;
            }
            prev2 = ptr2;
        }
        if (ptr1 != ptr) {
            Swap(ptr1, prev1, ptr, prev);
            ptr1 = ptr;
        }
        prev1 = ptr1;
    }
}
```

# Insertion Sort za lančanu listu

```
template <class T>
void SLList<T>::InsertionSort() {
    SLLNode<T> *ptr1, *prev1, *ptr2, *prev2;
    prev1 = head;
    for (ptr1=head->next; ptr1!=NULL; ) {
        prev2 = NULL;
        ptr2 = head;
        while (ptr2!=ptr1 && ptr1->info<ptr2->info) {
            prev2 = ptr2;
            ptr2 = ptr2->next;
        }
        if (ptr1 != ptr2) {
            if (prev2 != NULL) {
                prev1->next = ptr1->next;
                prev2->next = ptr1;
                ptr1->next = ptr2;
            } else {
                prev1->next = ptr1->next;
                head = ptr1;
                ptr1->next = ptr2;
            }
            ptr1 = prev1->next;
        } else {
            prev1 = ptr1;
            ptr1 = ptr1->next;
        }
    }
}
```

# Umetanje u sortiranu listu

```
template <class T>
void SLList<T>::InsertInSorted(SLLNode<T> *ptr) {
    SLLNode<T> *ptr1, *prev1;
    prev1 = NULL;
    ptr1 = head;
    while (ptr1!=NULL && ptr->info<ptr1->info) {
        prev1 = ptr1;
        ptr1 = ptr1->next;
    }
    if (prev1 != NULL) {
        prev1->next = ptr;
        ptr->next = ptr1;
    } else {
        head = ptr;
        ptr->next = ptr1;
    }
}
```

# Bucket Sort

- Pretpostavke:
  - ▣ Vrednost elementa niza je u opsegu  $[0, 1)$
  - ▣ Elementa su uniformno raspoređeni
- Složenost algoritma je linearna  $O(n)$
- Zahteva dodatni memorijski prostor veličine  $n$
- Ideja:
  - ▣ Podeliti niz na  $N$  opsega
  - ▣ Sekvencijalno dodavati elemente niza u odgovarajuće bucket-e, tako da svaki bucket bude uređen
  - ▣ Spojiti buckete u uređeni niz



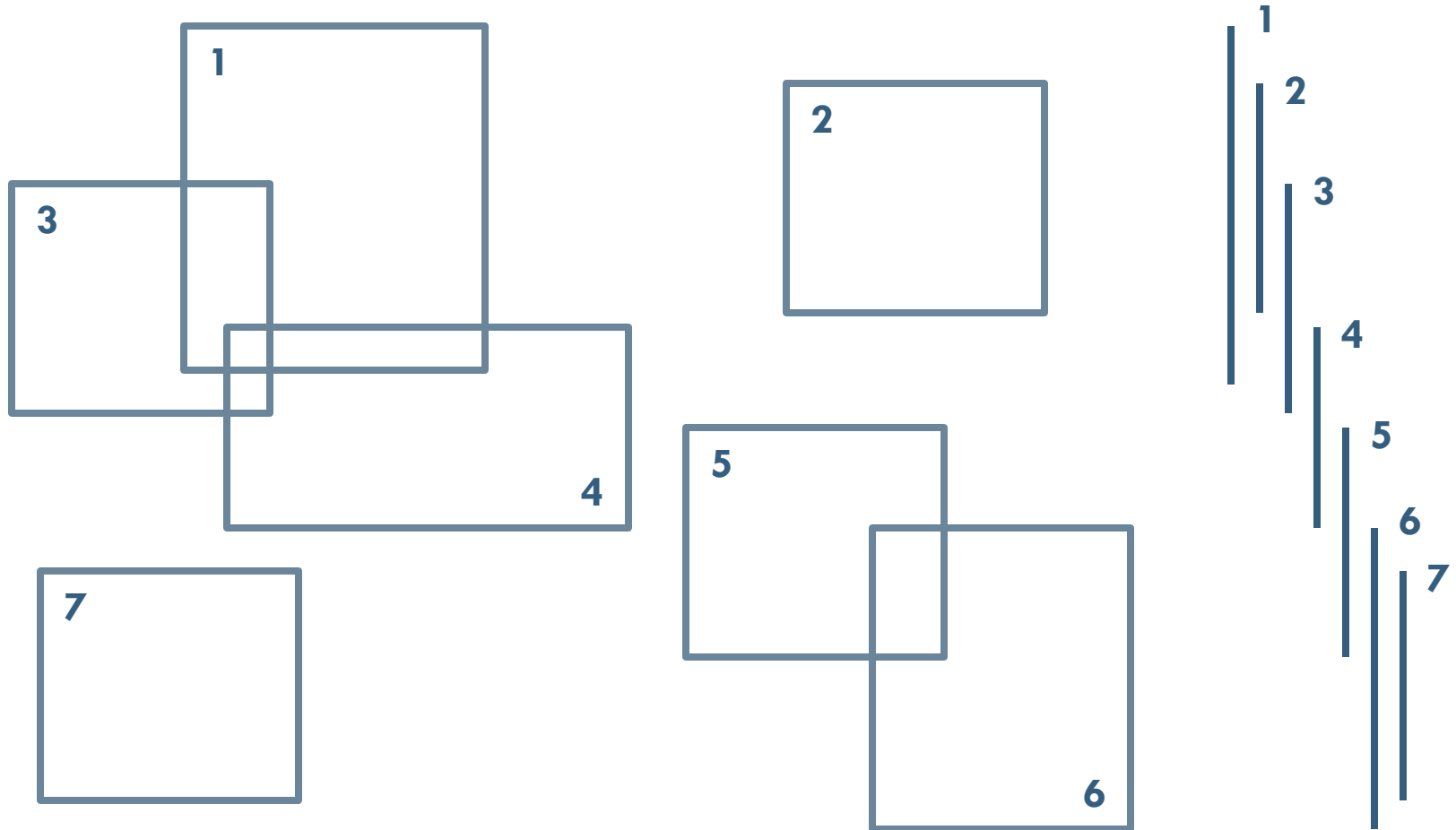
# Bucket Sort

```
void BucketSort(double a[], double b[], int n) {
    SLLNode<double> *pCvor;
    SLList<double> *lista = new SLList<double>[n];
    int i;
    for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
        pCvor = new SLLNode<double>(a[i]);
        lista[(int)(n*a[i])].InsertInSorted(pCvor);
    }
    int ind = 0;
    for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
        while (!lista[i].isEmpty()) {
            b[ind++] = lista[i].deleteFromHead();
        }
    }
    delete[] lista;
}
```

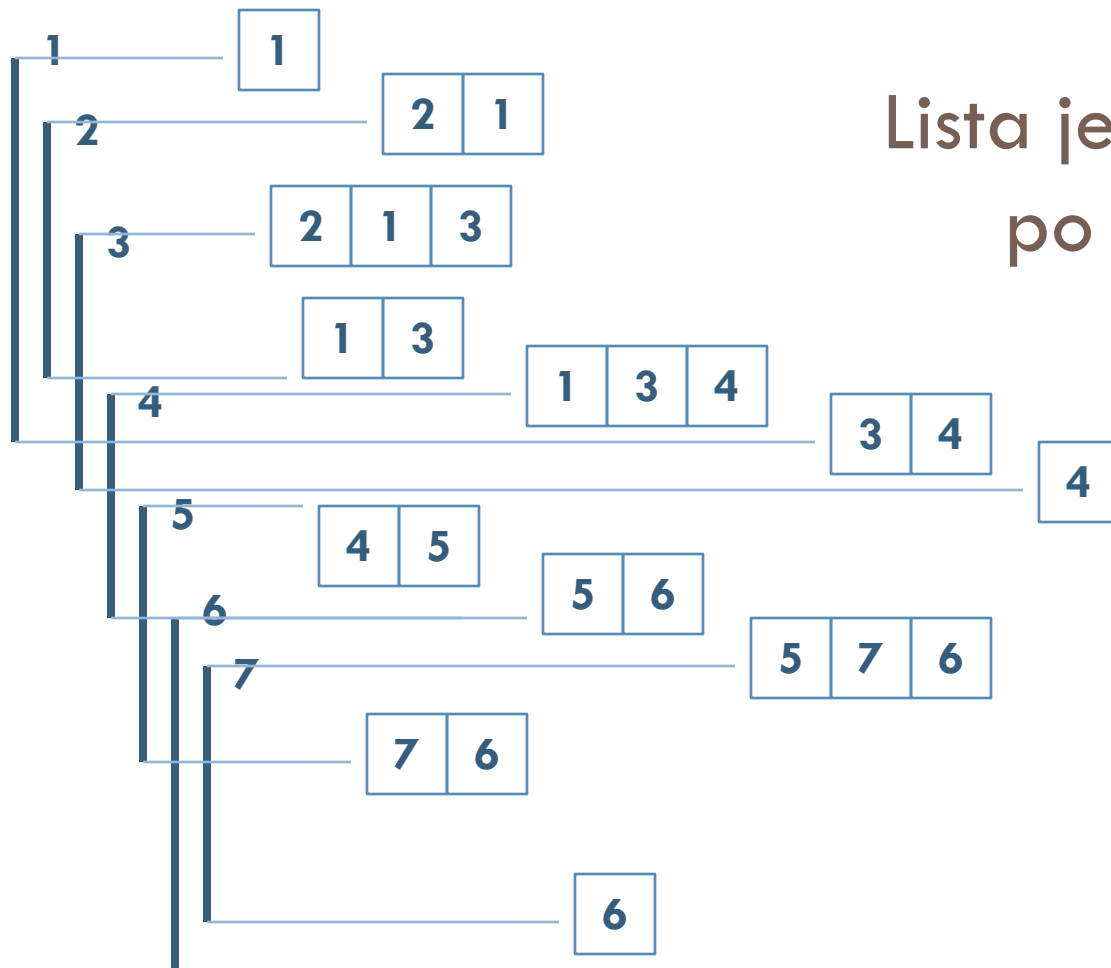
# Presek uređenih pravougaonika

- Pravougaonici imaju ivice paralelne x i y osi i pamte se kao niz (xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax)
- Ulaz: Niz pravougaonika uređenih po minimalnoj y koordinati
- Izlaz: Niz parova pravougaonika koji se seku
- Trivijalno rešenje: uporediti svaki sa svakim
- Optimizicaja: iskoristiti uređenost ulaznog niza da bi se suzio skup za poređenje

# Presek uređenih pravougaonika



# Presek uređenih pravougaonika



Lista je uređena  
po y<sub>max</sub>

# Presek uređenih pravougaonika

```
class RectXY {
public:
    int xmin;
    int ymin;
    int xmax;
    int ymax;

    RectXY();
    RectXY(int x1, int x2, int y1, int y2);
    RectXY(const RectXY& rc);

    bool operator < (const RectXY& rc);
    bool operator > (const RectXY& rc);
    const RectXY& operator = (const RectXY& rc);

    void Print();
};
```

# Presek uređenih pravougaonika

```
bool RectXY::operator < (const RectXY& rc) {  
    return ymax < rc.ymax;  
}
```

```
bool RectXY::operator > (const RectXY& rc) {  
    return ymax > rc.ymax;  
}
```

```
void RectXY::Print() {  
    cout << "(" << xmin << " " << ymin << " " <<  
    xmax << " " << ymax << " )" << " ";  
}
```

# Presek uređenih pravougaonika

```
void FindIntercted(SLList<RectXY>& llist, RectXY& rc) {
    RectXY rcList;
    SLLNode<RectXY> *ptr;
    ptr = llist.head;
    while (ptr != NULL) {
        rcList = ptr->info;
        if (rc.xmin <= rcList.xmax
            && rc.xmax >= rcList.xmin) {
            rc.Print();
            rcList.Print();
            cout << endl;
        }
        ptr = ptr->next;
    }
}
```

# Presek uređenih pravougaonika

```
void IntersectRect(RectXY arRect[], int n) {
    RectXY rc, rcList;
    SLList<RectXY> llist;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
        bool bStop = false;
        while (!bStop && !llist.isEmpty()) {
            rcList = llist.getHeadEl();
            if (arRect[i].ymin > rcList.ymax)
                llist.deleteFromHead();
            else
                bStop = true;
        }
        FindIntercted(llist, arRect[i]);
        SLLNode<RectXY> *pNode = new SLLNode<RectXY>(arRect[i]);
        llist.InsertInSorted(pNode);
    }
}
```