

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1a	discrete and quantitative	B2	B1 for 1 correct word if only one word circled or B1 for both correct words and one other circled or B1 for one correct word and at most one incorrect word circled
1b	Lowest 50 and highest 99	B1	
	Lower quartile 65	B1	
	Median 75	B1	
	Upper quartile 82	B1	
1c	Both fully completed box plots drawn accurately with at least one labelled	B3 ft	$\pm 1\frac{1}{2}sq$ ft their values for Paper 2 B2 One fully completed box plot drawn accurately and labelled or both box plots correct but no labels B1 one box plot fully correct with no label or both boxes (median and quartiles box) correctly drawn (no label needed)
	Additional Guidance		
	Ignore whiskers extended into box Whiskers do not need end lines Any height of box is allowed If boxes overlap mark to scheme if clear which is which		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
1d	<p>Comparing equivalent values median, IQR/width of box, range, both quartiles, lowest value, highest value, particular parts of distribution</p> <p>Eg On Paper 2 there were more students who got 90+</p> <p>On Paper 2 nobody got under 50 marks but on Paper 1 one person did</p> <p>On Paper 1 there were fewer students who got under 70 marks</p> <p>The average was higher on Paper 2</p>	M1	<p>ft correct conclusion for their Paper 2 median</p> <p>If they do not draw both boxes then they must show values for IQR and/or range</p>
	<p>compares median in context eg the median was higher on Paper 2 so on average they did better on Paper 2</p> <p>eg the average mark was higher on Paper 2 so they did better on this paper</p>	A1ft	ft correct conclusion for their medians
	<p>Compares spread in context Eg the IQR was smaller so the marks were more consistent on Paper1</p>	A1ft	<p>ft correct conclusion for their quartiles/width of box</p> <p>They can use the IQR or the range</p>
1d	<p>Additional Guidance</p> <p>Only award A marks for comparison of median and IQR in context.</p> <p>For the comparison of spread they must mention the word consistent or variation in results/more varied etc</p> <p>Eg 1 Paper 2 had a higher median M1 A0A0</p> <p>Eg 2 The box was wider on paper 2 so the marks on Paper 1 were more consistent M1A1</p> <p>Eg 3 The median was higher on Paper 2 so on average they did better on Paper 2. They were more consistent on Paper 1. M1A1A0 (no evidence to back up consistent)</p> <p>Eg 4 The median was higher on Paper 2 so on average they did better on Paper 2. The smaller IQR on Paper 1 shows they were more consistent on Paper 1. M1A1A1</p> <p>Eg 5 They had a better success rate on paper 2 as the median was higher M1A1</p> <p>Eg 6 There was a wider range of marks on Paper 2 M1A0A0</p>		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
2	Alternative method 1		
	$22.5(0) \times 1.2$ or $\frac{20}{100} \times 22.5(0) + 22.5$ or 10% of $22.5(0) = 2.25$ and $2.25 \times 2 + 22.5$ or 27 seen	M1	oe
	their $27 \div 0.9$	M1	oe
	30	A1	Not 30% SC1 29.70
	Alternative method 2		
	$0.9 \div 1.2$ or 0.75	M1	or $1.2 \div 0.9$ or 1.33....
	$22.5(0) \div$ their 0.75	M1	$22.5(0) \times$ their 1.33...
	30	A1	Not 30%
	Additional Guidance		
	If 1.3 is seen do not assume it is from $1.2 \div 0.9$. It is more likely to be from adding 10% and 20%. In this case $22.5(0) \times 1.3 = 29.25$ is M0		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments	
4a	Full explanation eg Yes as it takes the sample in proportion to the number of girls and boys or Yes as there are more girls than boys in year 12 so the sample will have more girls than boys or Yes as it is (more) representative of the number of girls and boys or Yes as it is representative of the population or Yes as the ratio of girls to boys in the sample is the same as in the year group	B2	B1 partial explanation eg Yes as there are more girls than boys Yes as it is more representative	
	Additional Guidance			
	Yes may be implied , eg It is, because..... Answer of No is B0 Reference to not using other year groups is B0			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
4b	Number the girls	B1	Not 'Number the girls from 1 to 34'
	Use a random number generator/button/ tables	B1	
	Use the first 34 different numbers (within the range) or Use the first 34 numbers ignoring repeats	B1	SC2 Number each girl, put all the numbers in a hat/box etc and pick out 34 oe
	Additional Guidance		
	Put all the girls names in a hat and pick out 34 is B0		
4c	Cluster	B1	Accept convenience

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6	Alternative method 1		
	31 785 + 10 600 or 42 385	M1	Calculating threshold for 40% tax Condone 31 876 + 10 600 or 42 386
	their 42 385 – 39 500 or 2885	M1	Calculating extra salary for 20% tax and 12% N.I
	43 500 – 42 385 or 1115	M1	Calculating amount charged at 40% tax and 2% N.I
	their 2885 × 0.2 + their 1115 × 0.4 or 577 + 446 or 1023	M1	Tax Allow 577.20 from 31876 used
	their 2885 × 0.12 + their 1115 × 0.02 or 346.2(0) + 22.3(0) or 368.5(0)	M1	N.I Allow 346.32 from 31876 used
	(£)1023 and (£)368.5(0) or (£) 1023.20 and (£)368.62 or (£)1391.5(0) or (£)1391.82	A1	extra tax and extra N.I.
	(43500 – 39500) – their 1023 – their 368.5(0) or (£)2608.50 or (£)2608.18	M1	or their 1023 + their 368.5(0) + 12 × 150 or 3191.5(0) or 3191.82
	their (£)2608.5(0) ÷ 12 or their (£)2608.18 ÷ 12	M1	43500 – 39500 or 4000
	217.(...) per month and Yes or 67 extra or 150 × 12 = 1800 and 2608.5(0) and Yes or 4000 and 3191.(50) and Yes or 4000 and 3191.(82) and Yes	A1ft	ft their increase in net pay per month/year compared with travel costs per month/year

	Additional Guidance
	Allow use of 31785 or 31786 for upper tax limit
	Ignoring higher tax limit and taxing all at 20% can gain max 7 marks (loses 4th M1 and 1st A1)
	Ignoring higher NI or only needing to use 12% can gain max 7 marks (loses 5th M1 and 1st A1)
	Ignoring both higher limits can gain max 6 marks
	For premature rounding allow all method marks
	1023 or $577 + 446$ implies the first 4 method marks
	$368.5(0)$ or $346.2(0) + 22.3(0)$ implies first 3 and 5th method marks

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6	Alternative method 2		
	43 500 – 10 600 or 32 900	M1	taxable income
	$(32\,900 - 31\,786) \times 0.4 + 31\,786 \times 0.2$ or 445.6(0) + 6357.2(0) or 6802.8	M1	calculating annual tax Allow 31785 used giving 446 + 6357 or 6803
	their 6802.8 ÷ 12 or 566.9(.)	M1	monthly tax
	43500 ÷ 12 or 3625	M1	monthly gross pay
	(their 3625 – 3532) × 0.02 or 1.86 or (3532 – 672) × 0.12 or 343.2(0) or 345.(..)	M1	N.I at 2% or 12%
	3625 – (their 566.9(0) + their 1.86 + their 343.2(0))	M1	Total tax and NI
	2713.(...)	A1	calculating new net monthly salary
	their 2713.(..) – 2495.64 or their 2713.(...) – 150	M1	Increase in net pay or subtracting 150 from their new net pay
	217.(..) per month and Yes or 67 extra or 2563.(..) and Yes	A1ft	ft their increase in net pay per month/year compared with travel costs per month/year Comparison with recalculated wrong old net pay loses this mark
	Additional Guidance		
	Allow use of 31785 or 31786 for upper tax limit		
	Ignoring higher tax limit and taxing all at 20% can gain max 7 marks (loses 2nd M1 and 1st A1)		
	Ignoring higher NI or only needing to use 12% can gain max 7 marks (loses 5th M1 as neither bracket will be correct, and 1st A1)		
	Ignoring both higher limits can gain max 6 marks		
	6802.8 or 6803 implies M2 566.9() implies M3 2713.(..) is the first 7 marks		

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
6	Alternative method 3		
	43 500 – 10 600 or 32 900	M1	taxable income
	$(32\,900 - 31\,786) \times 0.4 + 31\,786 \times 0.2$ or $445.6(0) + 6357.2(0)$ or 6802.8 or $(32\,900 - 31\,786) \times 0.6 + 31\,786 \times 0.8$ or $668.4 + 25428.8$ or 26097.(..)	M1	Allow 31785 used giving 446 + 6357 or 6803
	$(43500 - 42385) \times 0.02$ or 22.3 or $(42385 - 8064) \times 0.12$ or 4118.52 or 4140.(..)	M1	2% or 12% NI
	their 6802.8 + their 22.3 + their 4118.52 or 10943.82 or their 26097.(..) – their 22.3 – their 4118.52 or 21956.38	M1	or their 6802.8 + their 4140.82 their total tax + NI Must be consistent time periods
	43500 – their 10943.82 or their 21956.38 + 10600	M1	Gross salary – (tax +NI) Must be consistent time periods or $43500 - 10943.82 - 1800$
	32556.(18)	A1	or 30756.(18) (only if 12×150) deducted
	their $32556.(18) \div 12$ or 2713.(..) or 2495.64×12 or 29947.(68) and 12×150 (if not included at some other point)	M1	their $30756.18 \div 12$ or 2563.(..) or 2495.64×12 or 29947.(68)
	their $2713.(..) - 2495.64$ or their $32556.(..) - 29947.68$	M1	For 1800 subtracted earlier, answer of 30756.(..) and 29947.(..) and Yes or 2563.(..) and Yes implies final M1and A1as no subtraction is required

	<p>217.(..) per month and Yes or 67 extra or 2563.(...) and Yes or 30756.(..) and 29947.(..) and Yes</p>	<p>A1ft</p>	<p>2563.(..) and Yes ft their increase in net pay per month/year compared with travel costs per month/year Comparison with recalculated wrong old net pay loses this mark</p>
Additional Guidance			
Allow use of 31785 or 31786 for upper tax limit			
Ignoring higher tax limit and taxing all at 20% can gain max 7 marks (loses 2nd M1 and 1st A1)			
Ignoring higher NI or only needing to use 12% can gain max 7 marks (loses 3rd M1 as neither bracket will be correct, and 1st A1)			
Ignoring both higher limits can gain max 6 marks			
For premature rounding allow all method marks			
<p>6802.8 or 6803 implies M2 566.9() implies M3 2173.(..) is first 7 marks</p>			

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
7	Scale $1 \text{ cm}^2 = 25$ people or $24 \text{ cm}^2 = 600$ or 1 small square = 1 person or frequency density scale labelled in 5's every cm or one other bar shown with correct frequency	M1	
	$[(5 \times 12) + (1 \times 15)] \times 9$ or 75×9 or 675 and $5 \times 3 \times 9$ or 15×9 or 135 or $(75 + 15) \times 9$ or 810	M1	Correct method for either end implies correct scale so 1st M1
	$[600 - \text{their } (75 + 15)] \times 12$ or $[(9 \times 15) + (5 \times 22) + (5 \times 24) + (10 \times 10) + (15 \times 3)] \times 12$ or 510×12 or 6120	M1	their $75 + 15$ must be from use of correct scale Condone 1 error when adding all the other bars/ages (must include all of bar up to 65)
	(£)6930	A1	
	Additional Guidance		
	6975 or 6921 may imply M2 from combining 20-21 within the £12 or 64 -65 within the £9		

Q	Method	Mark	Comments
8	$9300 - 6200$ or 3100	M1	calculates loan amount
	their 3100×1.055 or 3270.5	M1	oe
	$(56\,700 - 21\,000) \div 12$ or 2975	M1	or $(56700 - 21000) \times 0.09$ or 3213
	their 2975×0.09 or 267.75	M1	their $3213 \div 12$ or 267.75
	$10 \times$ their 267.75 or 2677.50	M1	
	their 3270.5 – their 2677.5	M1dep	dep on previous M1 their 3270.5 can be 3100
	593	A1	SC5 318.(..) for use of repayment plan 1 if no working seen
Additional guidance			
<p>The 3rd and 4th method marks can be in either order or combined So $(56700 - 21000) \times 0.09 \div 12$ gains 3rd and 4th method marks If students use repayment plan 1 and show working then they can achieve B1,M1,M0,M1,M1,M1,A0 eg gets 3270.5 M2 $(56700 - 17335) \times 0.09 = 3542.85$ M0 $3542.85 \div 12 = 295.(..)$ M1 $10 \times 295.(..) = 2952.(..)$ M1 $3270.5 - 2952.(..)$ M1 318.(..) A0 If no working is seen award SC5 for the correct answer of £318.(..) Failing to subtract 21000 loses 3rd M1 and A1 so can gain 5 marks</p>			