



Bearings

- Measuring three-figure bearings
- Drawing diagrams involving three-figure bearings

Keywords

You should know

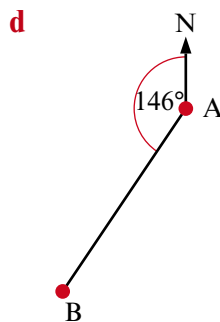
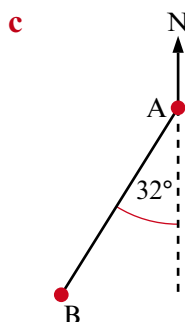
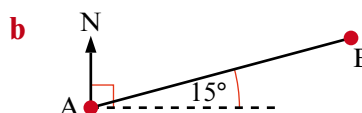
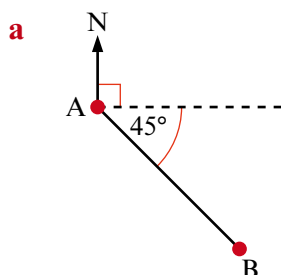
explanation 1a

explanation 1b

explanation 1c

explanation 1d

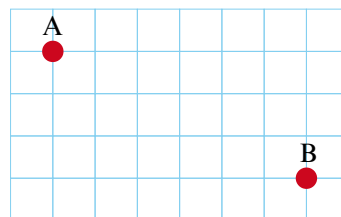
1 Calculate the three-figure bearing of B from A in each of these diagrams.



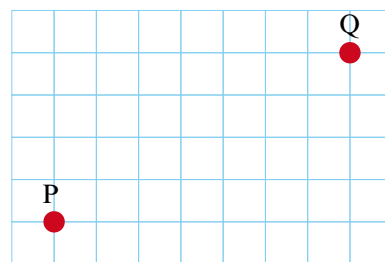
2 Without measuring, calculate the three-figure bearings of A from B in each of the diagrams in question 1 above.

From now on, you will need a protractor. Take North to be vertically up the page.

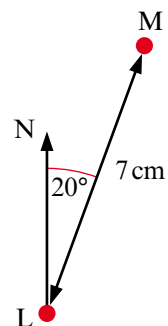
- 3 a** Copy the diagram on squared paper.
- b** Showing your construction clearly, measure the bearing of B from A.
- c** Calculate the bearing of A from B. Show your working.



- 4 a** Copy the diagram on squared paper.
- b** Showing your construction clearly, measure the bearing of Q from P.
- c** Calculate the bearing of P from Q. Show your working.
- d** Check your answer to part **c** by measuring.



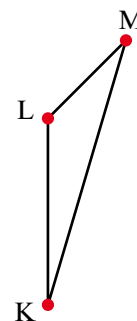
- 5 a** Plot points L and M such that they are 7 cm apart and the bearing of M from L is 020° .
- b** Calculate the bearing of L from M. Show your working.
- c** Check your answer to part **b** by measuring.



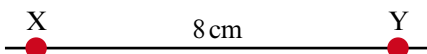
- 6 a** Plot two points J and K, such that they are 3 cm apart and the bearing of K from J is 322° .
- b** Calculate the bearing of J from K. Show your working.
- c** Check your answer to part **b** by measuring.

- 7** Two points K and L are 6 cm apart. L is due north of K. A third point M is on a bearing of 045° from L and on a bearing of 022° from K.

- a** Plot the points K, L and M.
- b** To the nearest millimetre, measure the lengths KM and LM.
- c** Without measuring, calculate the angle LMK. Show your working.
- d** Calculate the bearing of L from M.

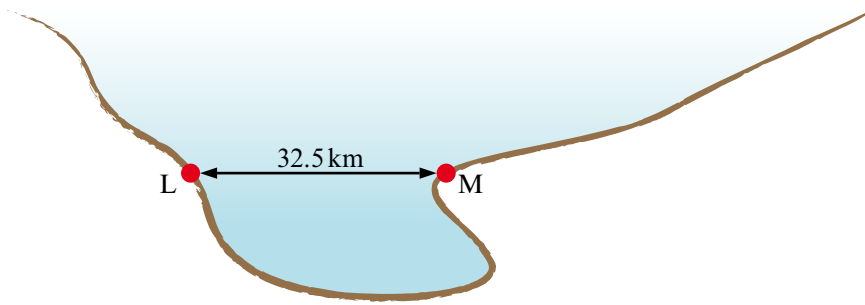


- 8** Two points X and Y are 8 cm apart on the same horizontal line.
A third point Z is on a bearing of 155° from X and on a bearing of 225° from Y.



- a** Copy the diagram and locate the position of Z.
 - b** To the nearest millimetre, measure the distance of Z from both X and Y.
 - c** Without measuring, calculate the angle YXZ.
 - d** Without measuring, calculate the angle XZY.
- 9** Points V and W are 6 cm apart.
The bearing of W from V is 120° .
-
- A diagram showing two red dots representing points V and W. A line segment connects them, labeled 6 cm. An arrow points from V to W, indicating the bearing of W from V is 120° .
- a** Draw a diagram showing the position of V and W.
 - b** Construct the locus of points that are equidistant from V and W.
 - c** A point U is 4.5 cm from both V and W.
Mark on your diagram the possible positions for point U.
 - d** Measure the bearing of V from each of the possible positions for U.
 - e** Measure the bearing of W from each of the possible positions for U.
- 10** Town B is 6.50 km due east of town A.
Town C is 4.55 km from A and on a bearing of 125° .
- a** Using a scale of 1 : 130 000, draw a scale diagram showing the positions of the three towns relative to each other.
 - b** Measure the bearing of town B from town C.
 - c** Measure the distance in centimetres between B and C on your diagram.
 - d** Calculate the actual distance in kilometres between towns B and C.
- 11** Ahmed, Brian and Carlos are standing in a large field. Carlos is 210 m due north of Brian. Ahmed is 135 m and on a bearing of 300° from Brian.
- a** Using a scale of 1 : 3000, draw a scale diagram showing the position of the three boys relative to each other.
 - b** What is the bearing of Carlos from Ahmed?
 - c** What is the actual distance between Ahmed and Carlos?

- 12** Lighthouse L is 32.5 km due west of lighthouse M as shown in the diagram.



A distress signal is received from a boat B, out at sea. From L the distress signal is on a bearing of 010° . From M the distress signal is on a bearing of 315° .

- Using a scale of 1 : 500 000, draw a scale diagram showing the position of L and M relative to each other.
 - Using a protractor, find the position of the boat B.
 - On your diagram measure the distance of the boat from each of the lighthouses, in centimetres.
 - Calculate the actual distance, in kilometres, of the boat from each of the lighthouses.
- 13** Two observers, P and Q, are standing on a shoreline 9 km apart. The bearing of P from Q is 320° .

Boat X is 8.25 km due east of P.

Boat Y is 4.80 km on a bearing of 025° from Q.

- Using a scale of 1 : 150 000, draw a scale diagram of the positions of P, Q, X and Y relative to each other.
- Measure the distance XY on your diagram.
- Calculate the actual distance between boats X and Y.
- What is the bearing of X from Y?
- What is the bearing and actual distance of X from Q?
- What is the bearing and actual distance of Y from P?

