



## Circles

- Identifying different parts of a circle
- Finding the circumference of a circle
- Finding the area of a circle

Keywords

You should know

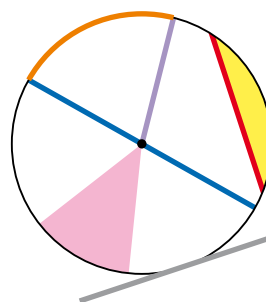
explanation 1a

explanation 1b

explanation 1c

explanation 1d

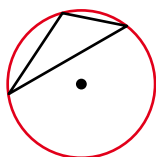
- 1** Each of the seven colours shows a different part of the circle.



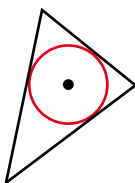
- a** Describe what each colour shows. The yellow part has been done for you.  
Yellow: A segment is the shape formed by cutting off part of a circle with a straight line.
- b** What would the orange part become if it stretched all round the edge of the circle?
- c** What is half the blue line?
- d** Write down one fact about the grey line.

- 2** The diagrams show different circles. Describe each circle as ‘circumscribed’ or ‘inscribed’.

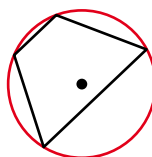
**a**



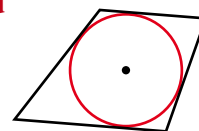
**b**



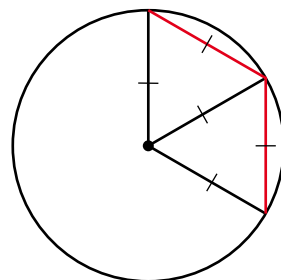
**c**



**d**



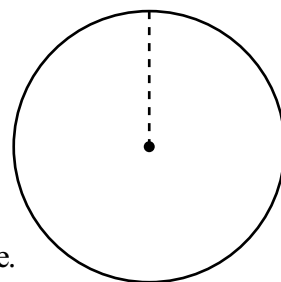
- 3** The diagram shows a circle with two chords, the same length as the radius, joined to the centre by radii.



- What type of triangles are created?
- What are the angles in each of the triangles?
- How many of these triangles will fit inside the circle?
- What polygon is formed?

- 4** Explain how to draw a hexagon where all the sides are 4 cm. Draw this polygon.

- 5** Jade wants to draw some regular polygons. She starts by drawing a circle of radius 5 cm and marking a radius with a dashed line.



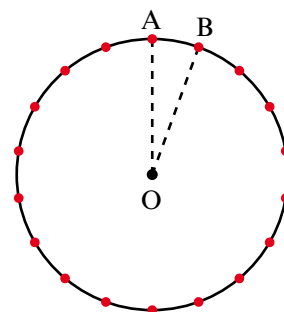
- Describe how Jade can draw these shapes.
  - regular pentagon
  - regular heptagon
- Draw the pentagon and measure the length of each side.
- Draw the heptagon and measure the length of each side.
- Ask your teacher for the actual lengths. How accurate are your drawings?

explanation 2a

explanation 2b

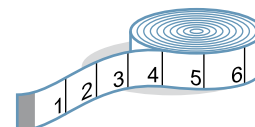
explanation 2c

- 6** Jack wants to check that the formula  $C = \pi d$  works out the circumference of a circle. He draws a circle with radius 6 cm and divides it into 18 equal parts. Jack measures the straight-line distance AB with a ruler. It is 2.1 cm.



- Using Jack's measurement of AB, explain how to approximate the circumference of the circle.
- Work out an approximate value for the circumference.
- How could you improve the estimation of the circumference?
- Work out the circumference using  $C = \pi d$ , when  $d = 12$  cm. Compare this with your approximate value.

- 7** A tin of tuna has a diameter of 8.5 cm. Riaz measures the circumference using a tape measure. The measured length is 27 cm.



- Use a formula to calculate the circumference to 1 decimal place.
- Which gives the most accurate answer, measuring or calculating?

- 8** The table shows the measurements of five circles. Complete the table. Use the formula  $C = \pi d$  to calculate each circumference  $C$  to 1 decimal place.

<b>Diameter (cm)</b>	6	9			
<b>Radius (cm)</b>			5	20	26
<b>C (cm)</b>	<input type="text"/> 8 • <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> • 3	3 <input type="text"/> • <input type="text"/>	1 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> • <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> 6 <input type="text"/> • <input type="text"/>

- 9** Find the circumference of each coin correct to 1 decimal place.



diameter  
20.3 mm



radius  
9 mm



radius  
12.5 mm



diameter  
22.5 mm



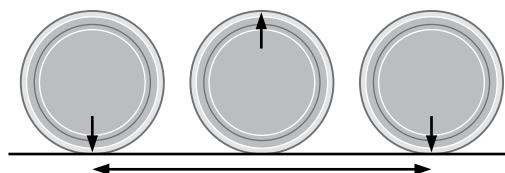
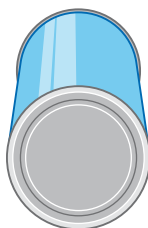
radius  
14.2 mm



diameter  
2.33 cm

- 10** Bella says that she uses  $C = \pi d$  to find the circumference of a circle. Bhavin says he uses  $C = 2\pi r$ . Explain why these two formulae give the same answer for the circumference.

- 11 a** Sahib rolls a baked bean tin on its side for one complete revolution.



The radius of the tin is 3.7 cm. How far has it moved along the table?

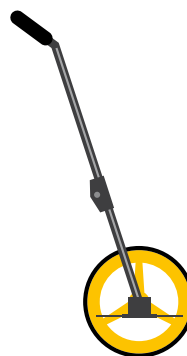
- b** Gina has a tin of golden syrup, with a diameter of 8.1 cm. How much further does Gina's tin roll along the table after one revolution than Sahib's?

- 12** Sherman has a counter device on his bike. It counts the number of revolutions his wheel has made. His wheels are 40 cm in diameter.



- a** Sherman rides to his grandmother's house. The counter reads 1989. How far away does his grandmother live?
- b** How many revolutions does his wheel have to make to travel 1 km?

- 13** Keefe's dad has a measuring wheel with a 5-digit counter. The radius of the wheel is 12 cm.

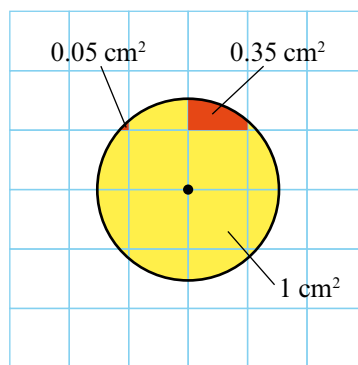


- a** Find the circumference of the measuring wheel in metres.
- b** Keefe and his dad use this to measure the length of the school football pitch. The counter shows a reading of 106 revolutions. How long is the pitch?
- c** One of the shortest pitches in the Football Premier League has a length of 100.6 m. To make the school pitch the same length, what number would the counter have to read?

**explanation 3a**

**explanation 3b**

- 14** Chika is counting squares to estimate the area of the circle. Each square is  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ .



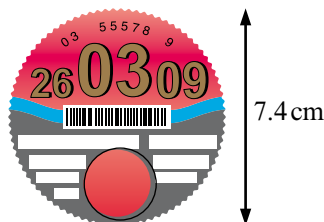
- a** Estimate the area of the circle by counting full and part squares.
- b** What is the radius of this circle?
- c** Use the formula  $A = \pi r^2$  to find the area of the circle.
- d** Which is the more accurate way of finding how many square centimetres fit inside a circle?
- e** Give two reasons why  $\pi$  is an important number.

- 15** Here are two letters and three expressions that people often get mixed up.

$$r, \quad d, \quad \pi d, \quad 2\pi r, \quad \pi r^2$$

Describe the meaning of each expression.

- 16** What is the area of a car tax disc?



- 17** Find the area of circles with each of the following measurements.  
Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

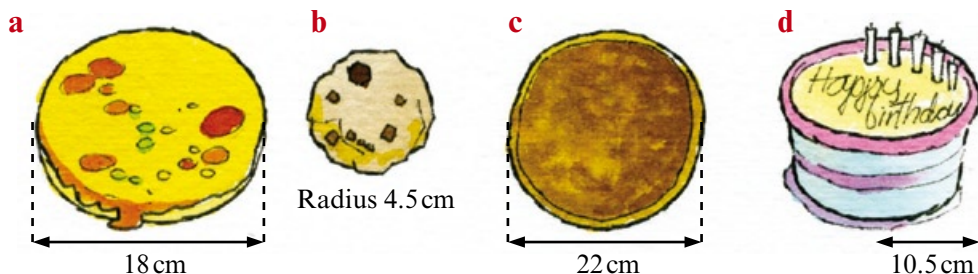
**a** radius = 8 cm

**b** diameter = 11 cm

**c** radius = 6.8 cm

**d** diameter = 3.6 cm

- 18** Find the area of the top of the cheesecake, cookie, pizza and birthday cake.  
Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places.

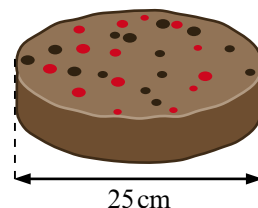


- 19** How much ribbon would be needed to fit round the edge of the birthday cake in question 18?

- 20** The diagram shows a fruit cake.

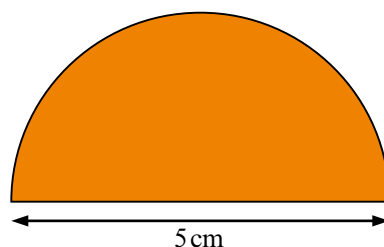
- a** How many square centimetres of marzipan are needed for the top of the fruit cake?

- b** A ribbon is fastened round the edge of the cake. How many centimetres of ribbon are needed if there is to be a 1 cm overlap of ribbon?



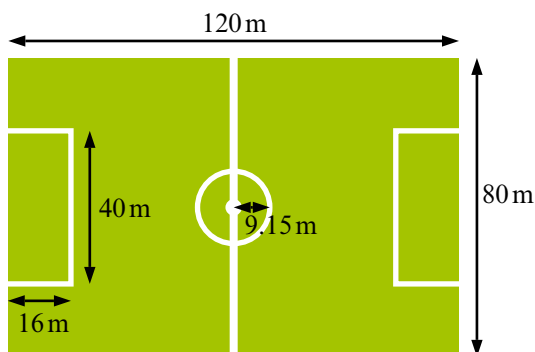
**21** The diagram shows a semicircle.

- a** Explain to your partner how to find the area of the semicircle correct to 2 decimal places.
- b** Ask your partner to explain how to find the perimeter of the semicircle correct to 2 decimal places.



**22** The centre circle of a football pitch has a radius of 9.15 m.

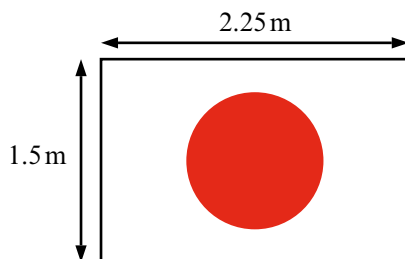
- a** Find the area of the centre circle to nearest square metre.
- b** Find the circumference of the centre circle to 1 decimal place.



**23** The Japanese flag has a white background with a red circle to represent the sun.

The radius of the red circle is  $\frac{3}{10}$  of the height of the flag.

- a** Find the radius of the red circle.
- b** Find the area of the red circle.
- c** What is the area of the white part of the flag?



**24** The diagram shows a pattern on a circle.

- a** Find the area of the whole circle.
- b** Find the area of the red region of the circle.

