Calculations

- Finding the square and square root of a number
- Working out calculations involving squares and square roots
- Using your calculator for complex calculations
- Checking calculator answers by estimation

Keywords

You should know

explanation 1a

explanation 1b

explanation 1c

- 1 Without using a calculator, find each value.
 - 3^2 a
- $\mathbf{b} \sqrt{9}$

 $c 6^2$

 $d 7^2$

- $e \sqrt{25}$
- $f \sqrt{36}$
- 8^2

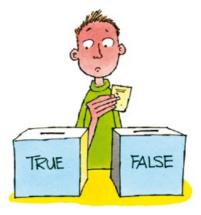
 $h \sqrt{16}$

- 12^{2}
- i $10^2 9^2$ k $\sqrt{100} \sqrt{49}$
- $1 \quad 2 \times \sqrt{64}$

2 Say whether each statement below is true or false.

Give a reason for each answer.

- **a** 49 is a square number.
- **b** 10 is the square root of 20.
- There is a square number between 30 and 40.
- d $3^2 + 4^2$ makes a square number.
- e $\sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{25}$ is the same as $\sqrt{100}$.
- f Half of 8^2 is the same as 4^2 .



*3 $\sqrt{10}$ is not a whole number.

 $\sqrt{10}$ lies between 3 and 4 because $3 \times 3 = 9$ and $4 \times 4 = 16$.

Copy and complete each statement below without using a calculator.

Each represents a different whole number.

- **a** $\sqrt{3}$ lies between \square and \square because ...
- **b** $\sqrt{30}$ lies between \square and \square because ...
- \mathbf{c} $\sqrt{90}$ lies between \square and \square because ...

10 is between 9 and 16.

So $\sqrt{10}$ is between $\sqrt{9}$ and $\sqrt{16}$.

explanation 2

4 Work out these calculations without using a calculator. Then check that you get the same answers when you use a calculator.

a
$$7 + 5 \times 2$$

b
$$25 - 3 \times 8$$

b
$$25 - 3 \times 8$$
 c $3 \times 8 - 4 \times 5$

d
$$18 \div 3 + 22 \div 11$$
 e $20 - 16 \div 4 + 2$ **f** $4 \times 6 - 12 \div 3$

$$e 20 - 16 \div 4 + 2$$

$$\mathbf{f} = 4 \times 6 - 12 \div 3$$

5 Use the x^2 key on your calculator to find the value of each expression.

$$a 13^2$$

b
$$15^2$$

$$c 80 - 7^2$$

d
$$49 - 3^2$$

e
$$4 \times 3^2$$

d
$$49 - 3^2$$
 e 4×3^2 **f** $49 - 4 \times 3^2$

6 When you key $10 + 5^2$ into your calculator you get 35. Explain how you would get this answer without using a calculator.

7 When you key $10 + 2 \times 3^2$ into your calculator you get 28. Explain how you would get this answer without using a calculator.

8 Use the $\sqrt{}$ key on your calculator to find the value of each expression.

a
$$\sqrt{256}$$

b
$$\sqrt{529}$$
 c $\sqrt{3}$

$$\mathbf{c} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\sqrt{30}$$

e
$$2 + \sqrt{5}$$

e
$$2 + \sqrt{5}$$
 f $\sqrt{5} - 2$

9 When you key $10 + \sqrt{144}$ into your calculator you get 22. How would you get this answer without using a calculator?

10 When you key $50 - 2 \times \sqrt{49}$ into your calculator you get 36.

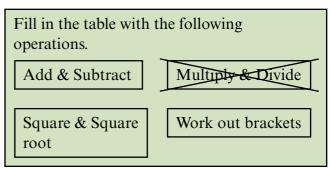
How would you get this answer without using a calculator?



11 Look at your answers to questions 7 and 10.

Now copy and complete the following table. It should show the correct order of operations when you do a calculation. One of the steps has already been filled in for you.

Order	Operations
1st	
2nd	
3rd	Multiply & Divide
4th	



explanation 3a

explanation 3b

12 Find the value of each expression. Use bracket keys on your calculator.

a
$$6.4 \times (12.8 - 7.95)$$

b
$$(3.7 + 5.4)^2$$

c
$$32 - 4.8 \times (7.6 - 1.9)$$
 d $(18.6 + 19.7) \div 5$

d
$$(18.6 + 19.7) \div 5$$

e
$$29 \div (6.72 + 3.28)$$

$$\mathbf{f}$$
 (2.3 + 6.9) × (3.8 + 4.7)

13 Use your calculator to do these calculations. Use brackets if you need to.

$$a \sqrt{78} + 3$$

b
$$\sqrt{78+3}$$

c
$$12.5 + 6.2^2$$

d
$$(12.5 + 6.2)^2$$

d
$$(12.5 + 6.2)^2$$
 e $\frac{83.2}{4.7 + 2.4}$

$$\frac{23.2 + 3.65}{5.67}$$

14 Use your calculator to do these calculations.

Round your answers to the nearest whole number.

a
$$5.87 + 7.9 \times 6.3$$
 b 4.87^2 **c** $\sqrt{11.92}$

d
$$450 - 9 \times (2.7 + 11.8)$$
 e $\sqrt{11 + 12}$ **f** 4×2.35^2

e
$$\sqrt{11 + 12}$$

$$4 \times 2.35^2$$

15 Nadia wants to work out the cost of 12 magazines.

Each magazine costs £1.65.

She used her calculator to work out 12×1.65 and got the answer 19.8.

How much money is this?

- 16 Sean buys four items at the supermarket. They cost £3, £2.27, 58p and £5.20.
 - a Use your calculator to find the total cost of the four items.
 - **b** Sean pays with a £20 note. How much change will he get?
- 17 Use your calculator to work out the following amounts to the nearest pound.
 - **a** £27.45 \times 12

- **b** £428.56 × 23 **c** £521 ÷ 18
- **d** $8 \times \text{\textsterling}43.24 + 17 \times \text{\textsterling}16.35$ **e** $36 \times \text{\textsterling}1.97 + 85$ **p f** $36 \times (\text{\textsterling}1.97 + 85$ **p**)

- 18 Use your calculator to find the following amounts to the nearest penny.
 - **a** £68.51 × 1.8
- **b** £3211 ÷ 7
- c $(£5.23 + £3.26) \div 5$
- **d** £5.23 + £3.26 \div 5 **e** £428.56 \times 0.175
- **f** £500 24.1×76 p

explanation 4a

explanation 4b

- **19** a Leroy estimated 23.7453×12.345 as $20 \times 10 = 200$ by rounding to the nearest 10. Explain why Leroy's estimate is less than the actual value.
 - *b Gina estimated 23.7453×12.345 as $24 \times 12 = 288$ by rounding to the nearest whole number.

Explain why Gina can't be sure if her estimate is more than or less than the actual value.



- **20** a Copy and complete these estimates. Round each number to the nearest whole number.

 - i $20.6 + 3.869 \approx 21 + \square = \square$ ii $9.8734 \times 14.91079 \approx 10 \times \square = \square$

 - iii $2.319 \times 4.346 \approx \square \times \square = \square$ iv $29.827 + 4.98746 \approx \square + \square = \square$
 - \mathbf{v} 8.19243² ≈ \square^2 = \square
- **vi** $5.732^2 \approx 2 = 2$
- **b** Look at each estimate calculation in part **a**. For each one, say whether the actual answer is more or less than your estimate. (Do not use a calculator to work out the actual answer.)