

Last Name = _____, First Name = _____

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1. (1 pt) Convert the following grammar G into CNF. Hint: you only need to binarize.

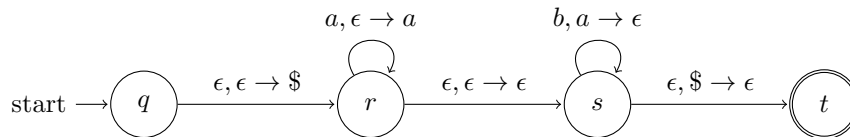
$$S \rightarrow TBCA \quad T \rightarrow CBCA \quad A \rightarrow a \quad B \rightarrow b \quad C \rightarrow c$$

2. (1 pt) Assume n is the length of the input string:

(a) What is the time complexity of applying a CKY-style parsing algorithm to the above non-CNF grammar G ?

(b) What is the time complexity of applying CKY to the converted grammar in CNF?

3. (1 pt) As shown in class (and slides and textbook), here is a PDA for the language $\{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$.



Run $aabb$ on this PDA that leads to acceptance. I have drawn the first three steps for you. You can add more steps.

step	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
state	q	r	r				
input	$aabb$	$aabb$	$aabb$				
stack	ϵ	$\$$	$\$a$				

4. (1 pt) Now based on the above PDA, draw a PDA for the language $\{w\#w^R \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*\}$, i.e., $\Sigma = \{a,b,\#\}$.

5. (1 pt) Observe that the PDA in Problem 4 is deterministic (like DFA, only one path for each input string) while the one in Problem 3 is non-deterministic (like NFA, due to the $\textcircled{r} \xrightarrow{\epsilon, \epsilon \rightarrow \epsilon} \textcircled{s}$ transition).

(a) Can we make a deterministic PDA for $\{a^n b^n \mid n \geq 0\}$ (Problem 3)? Briefly justify.

(b) Can we make a deterministic PDA for $\{ww^R \mid w \in \{a,b\}^*\}$? Briefly justify.