

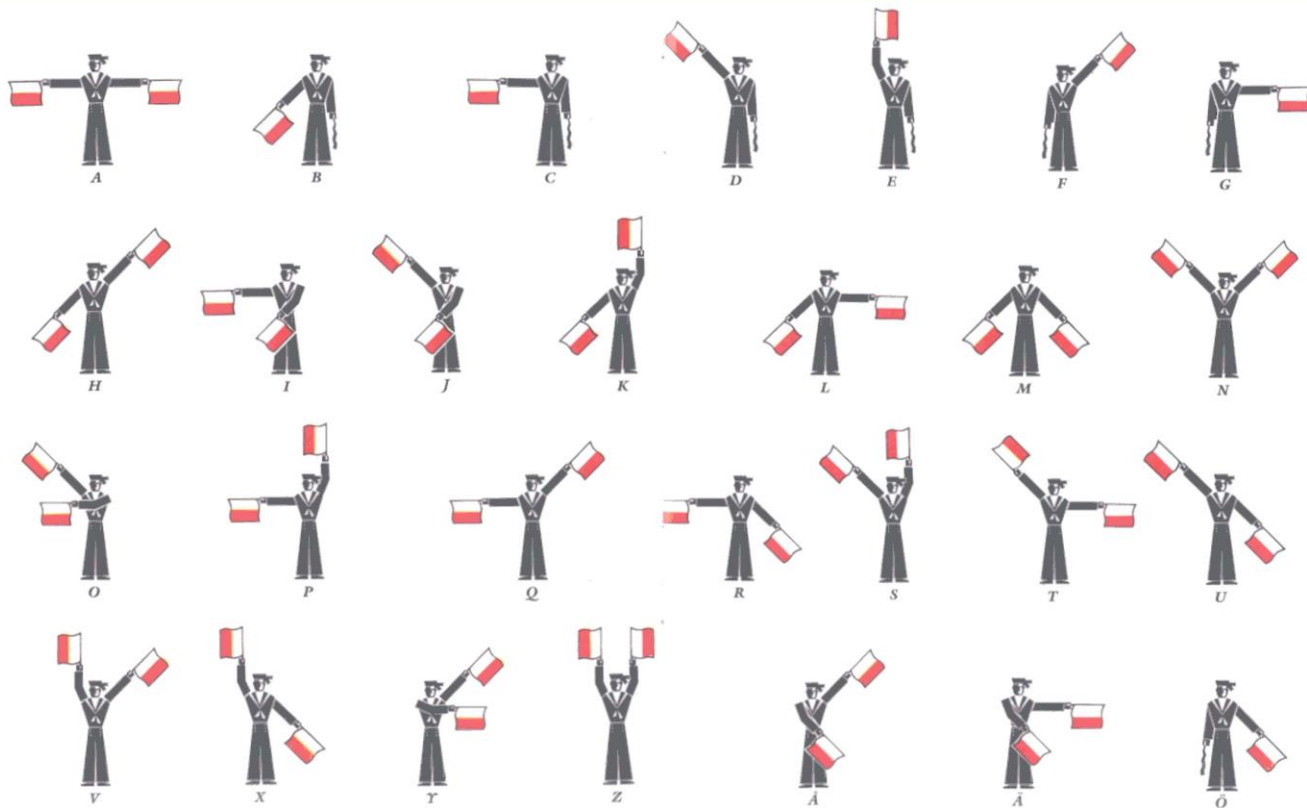
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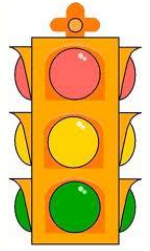
CS344 – Operating Systems I

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IPC Using Signals, An Example



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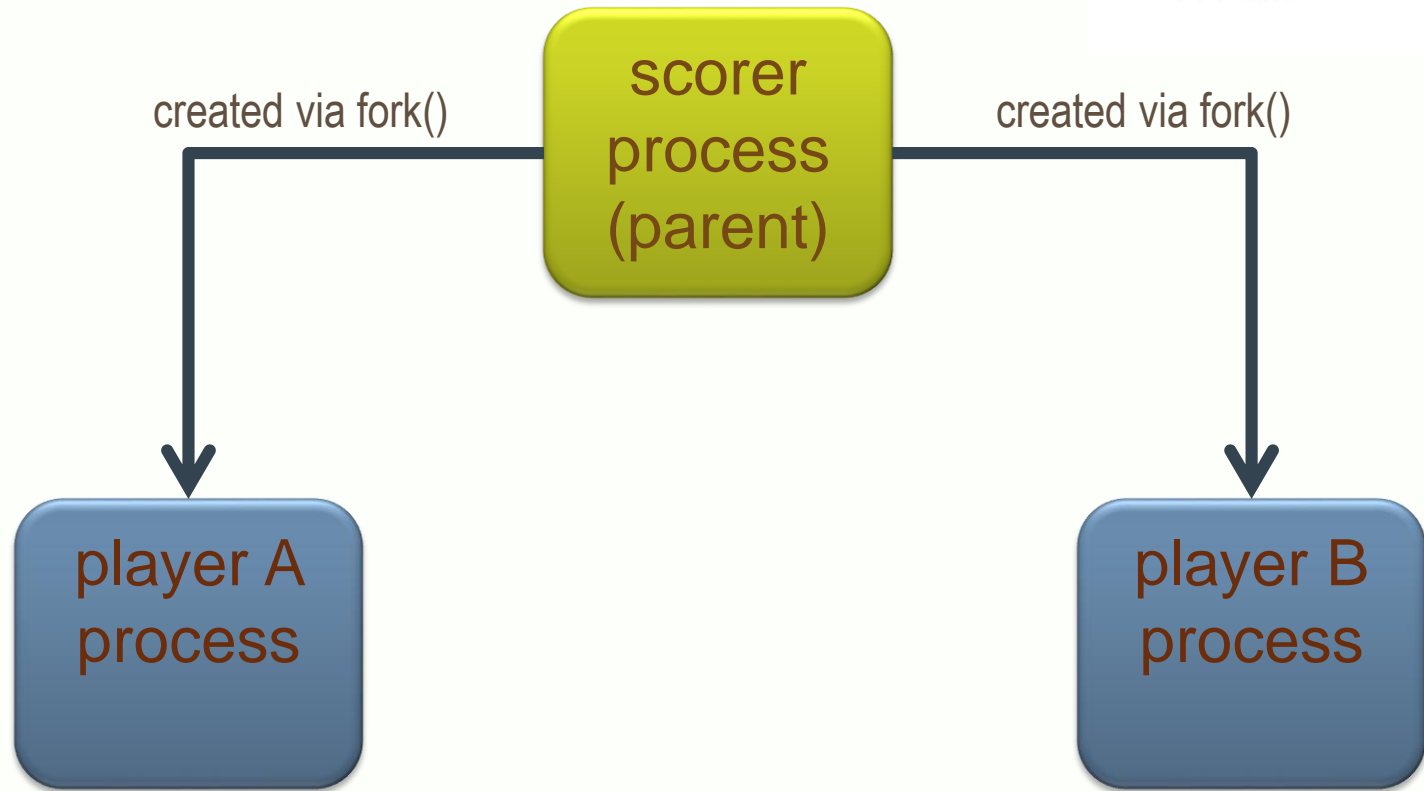
- Use of Unix signals for inter-process communication seems pretty limited and it is, but
- You can do a surprising amount of work using just an exchange of signals between some cooperating processes.
- In this (brief) lecture, we'll look at how you can implement a simple game of tennis, using 3 different processes, exchanging only signals between them.

Signal Tennis – The Simplified Rules

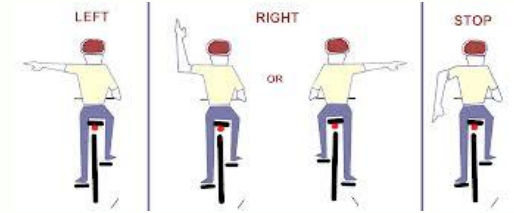


- There is a scorer (could be called a judge).
- There are 2 players, A and B.
- A game is the first player to 4 points (15, 30, 40, game).
- A set is the first player to win 3 games.
- A match is the first player to win 3 sets.
- A player gets a second serve if the first one is out.
- Initial serve is determined by a coin flip.
- Serve changes side after each set.
- A ball is in or out as determined by probabilities.

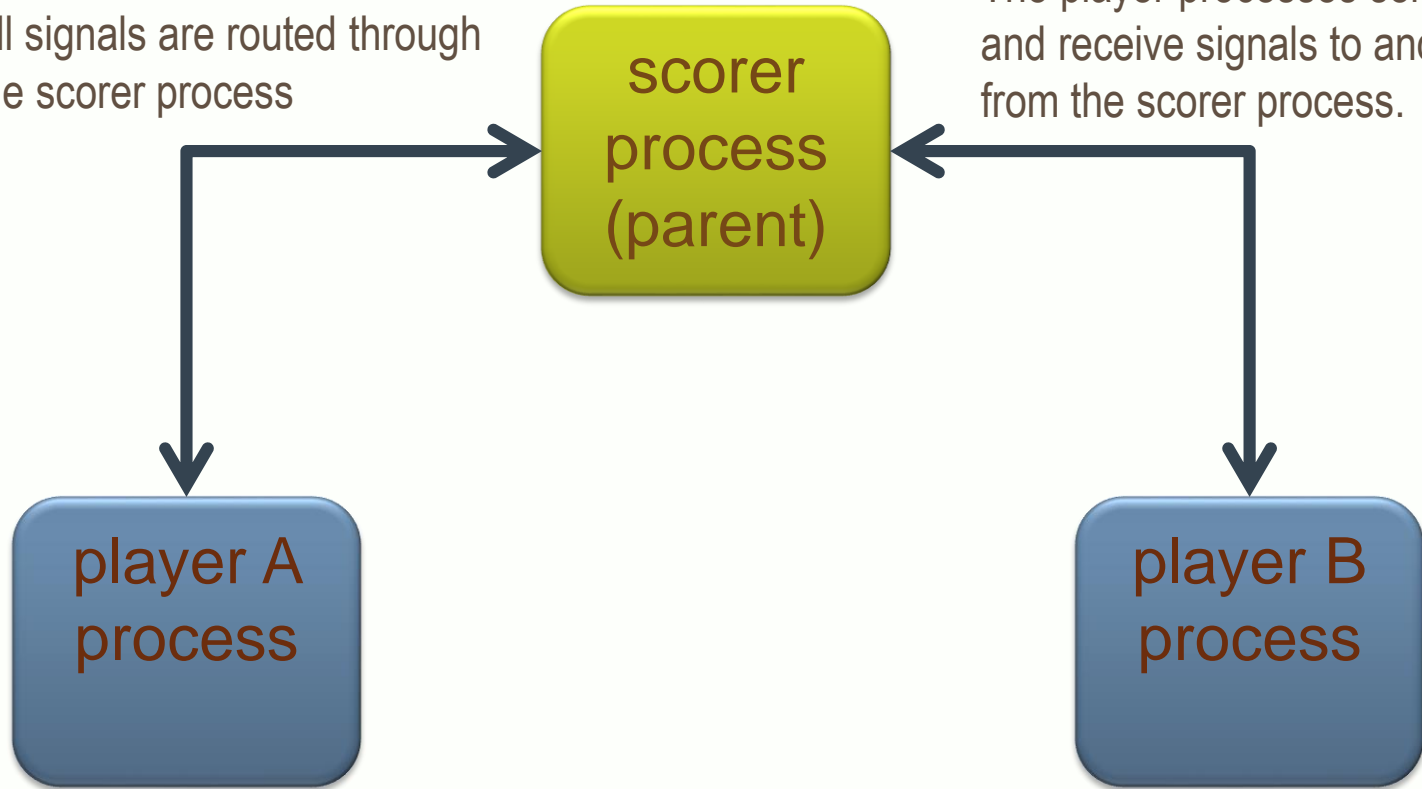
Signal Tennis – Process Layout



Signal Tennis – Signal Paths

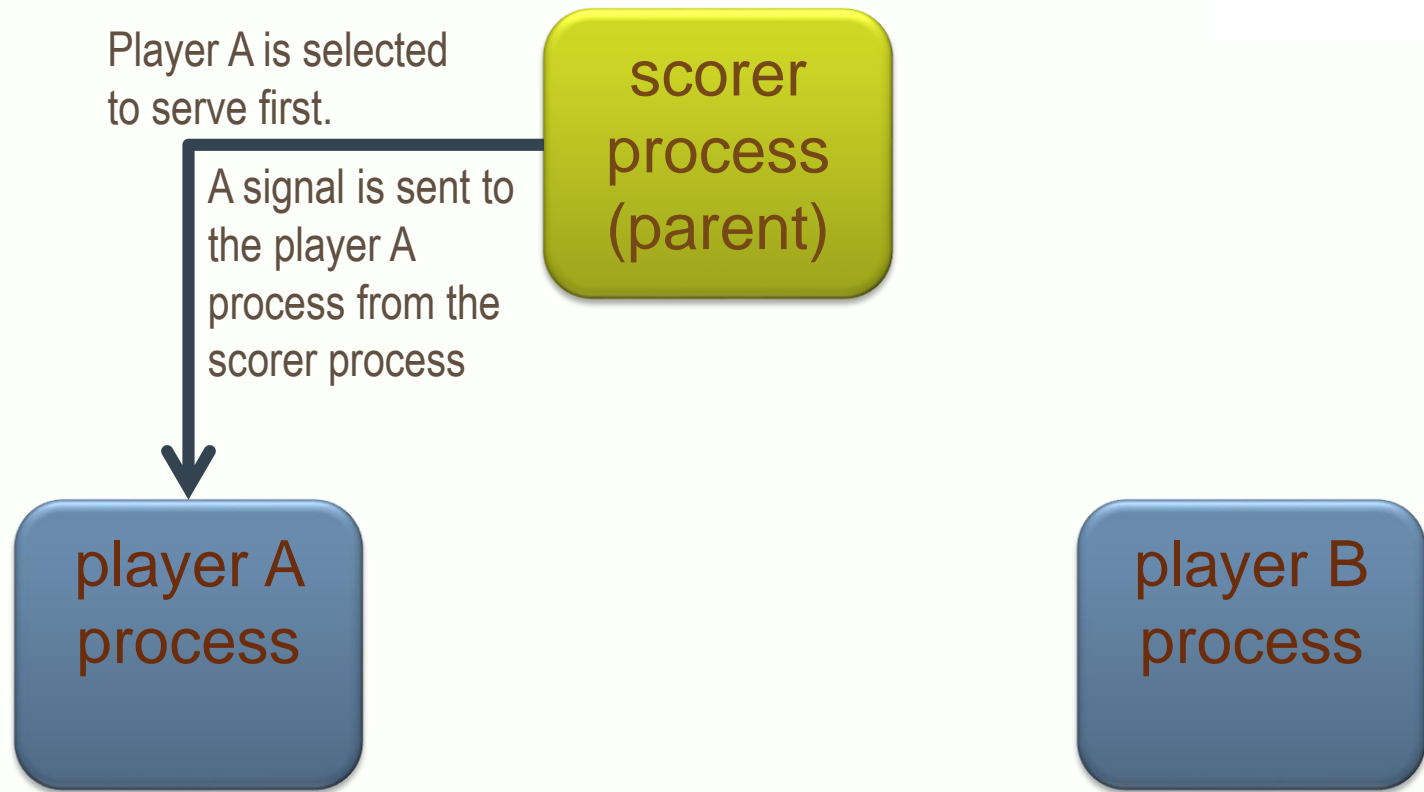


All signals are routed through the scorer process

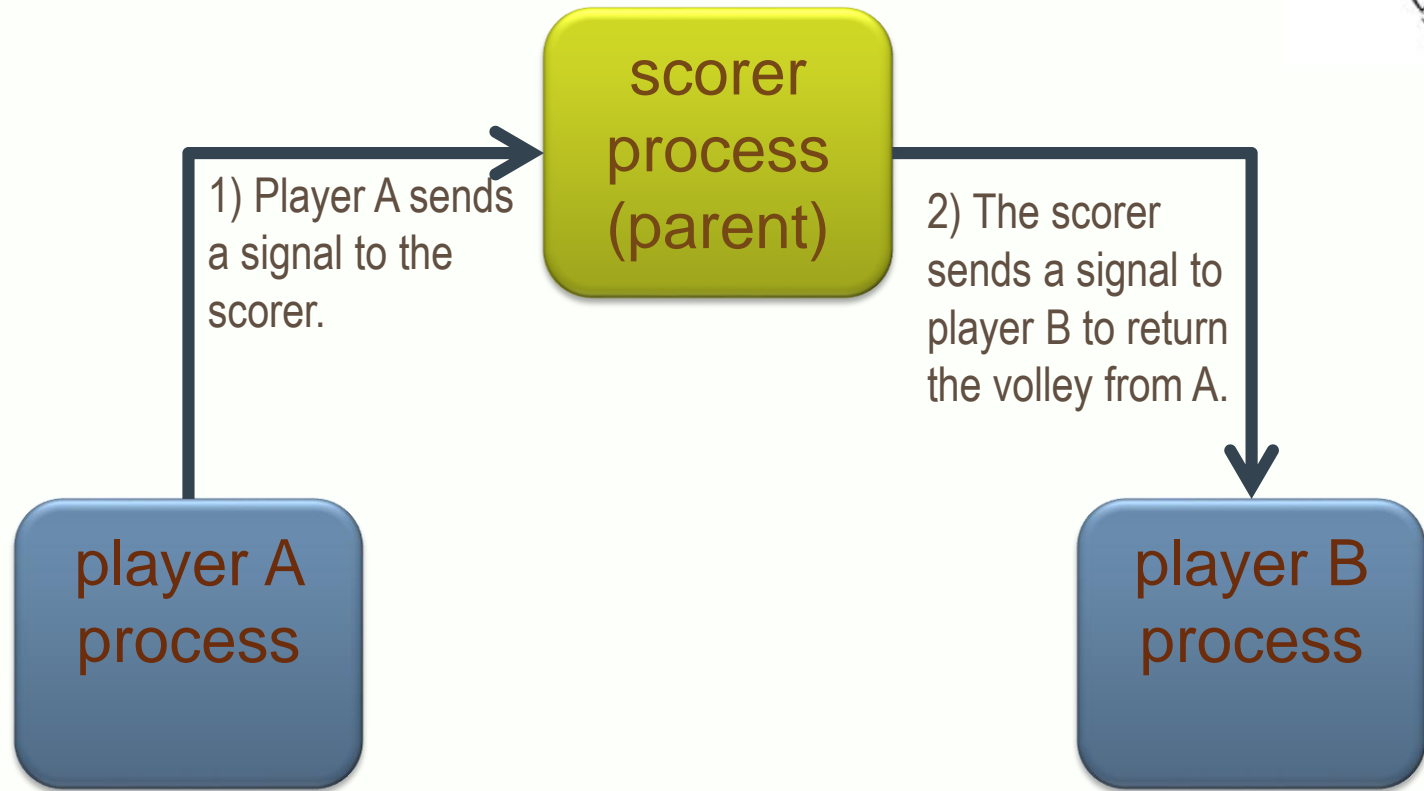


The player processes send and receive signals to and from the scorer process.

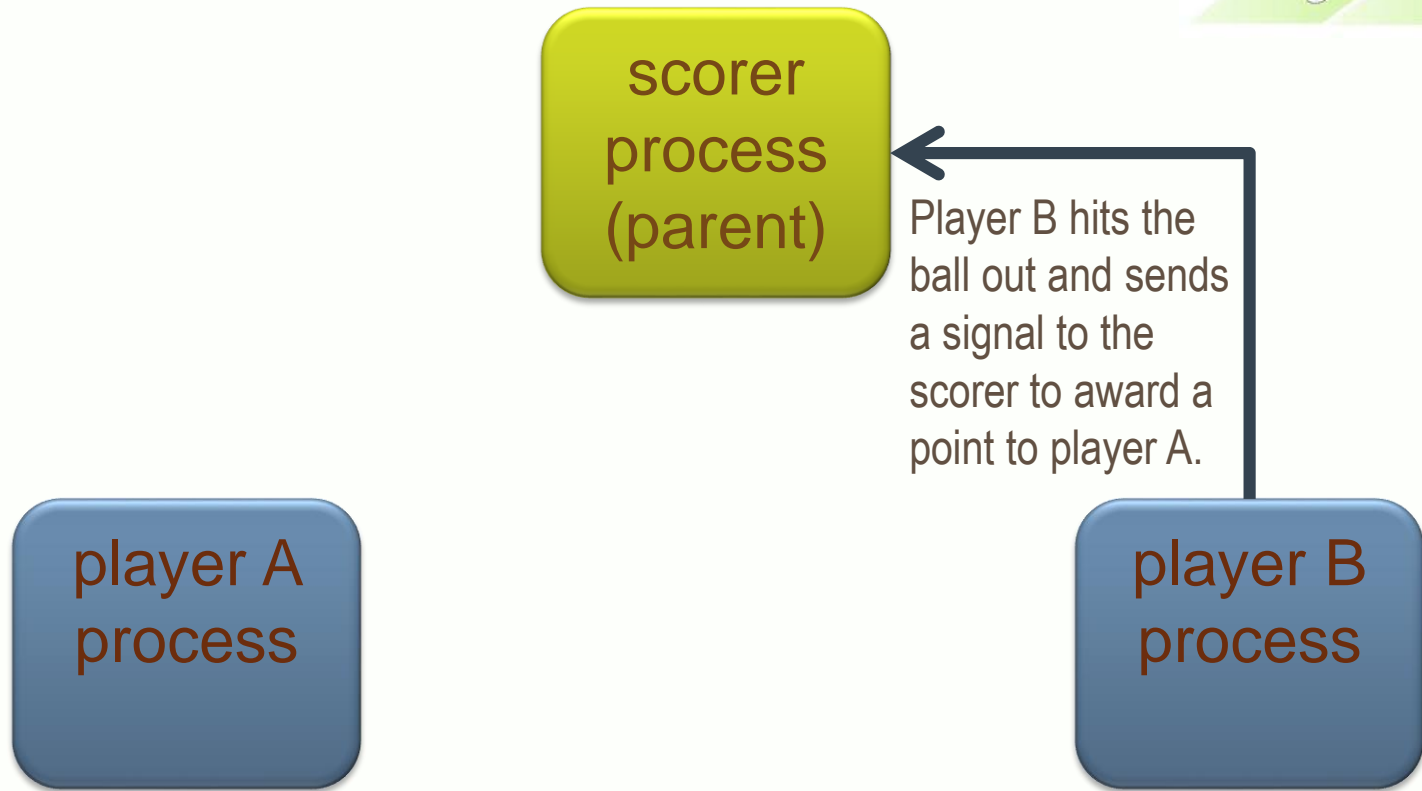
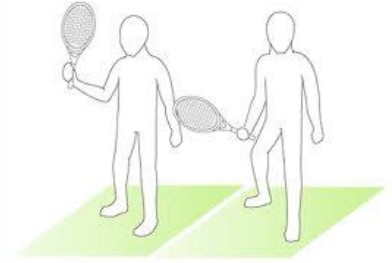
Signal Tennis – Example Volley, Server Selection



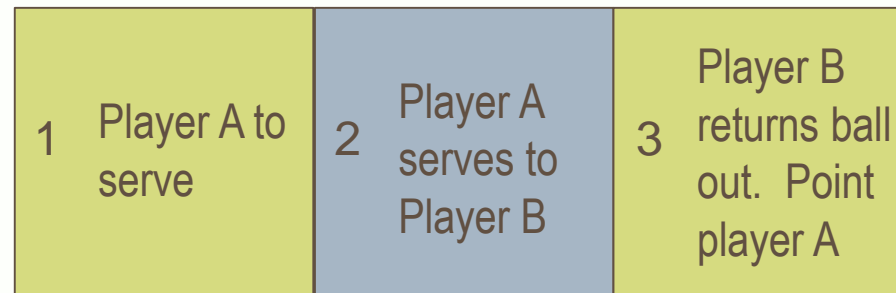
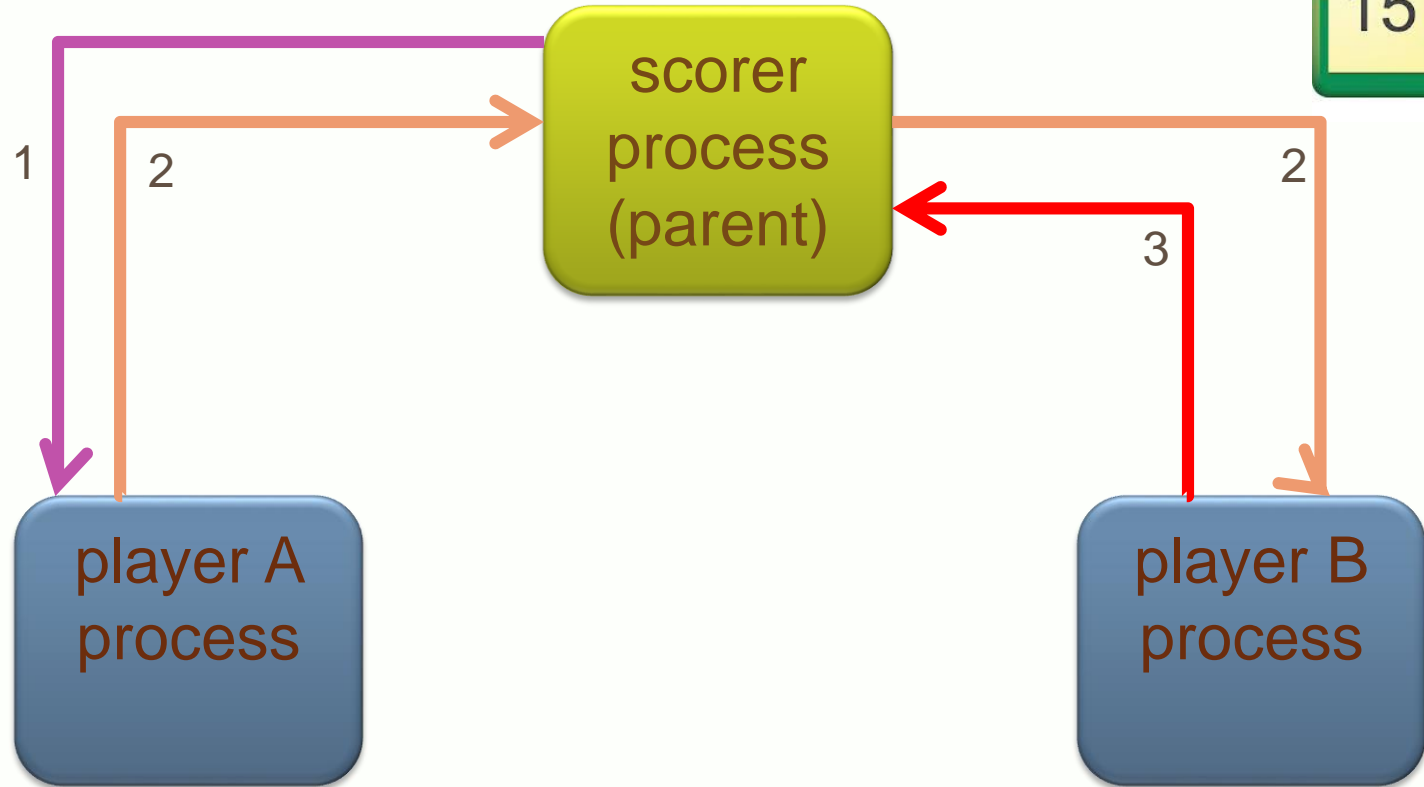
Signal Tennis – Example Volley, Serve



Signal Tennis – Example Volley, Service Return



Signal Tennis – Complete Game



Tennis as an Example for IPC



- Using tennis as an example of how we can demonstrate inter-process communication is something we'll do a couple more times in this class.
- Look through the source code.
- Compile it. Run it.
- There are 4 source files:
 - tennisMatch_common.c, tennisMatch_common.h
 - tennisMatch_Signals.c, tennisMatch_Signals.h
- Compile with this command
 - `gcc -o tennisMatch_Sig tennisMatch_common.c tennisMatch_Signals.c`