IO ports and Control Flow

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1 IO Devices

- \bullet Every IO device has a unique number when connected
- ullet This number is called a Port
- To send a byte to an IO device:
 - 1. Put byte you want into AL
 - 2. Use the OUT Port instruction
- To read a byte from an IO device:
 - 1. Use the IN Port instruction
- Not every IO device has read/write operations
- Some are for reading bytes
 - Keyboard
- Some are for writing bytes
 - LED
- Some are for both reading and writing
 - Network Card

2 Simple Keyboard

- Port for the simple keyboard is $\theta\theta$
- When activated, it allows you to get a keypress from the user
- You can read from the divice by using IN 00
- This will block your program until the user presses a key
- ullet The ASCII value of the key pressed will appear in AL

3 Control Flow

- While Loop
 - While Loops can be simulated using:
 - 1. Labels
 - 2. CMP instructions
 - 3. Jumps
- Do While Loop
 - Similar to While Loops
 - this time we want to guarantee that the main body of the loop executes
 - This is a case of moving th test that exits the loop at the end
- If Statement
 - Used to test for a condition
 - If the test passed, we execute the conditional code
 - We then carry on as before
- If-Else Statement
 - Similar to the If Statement
 - This time, if the test passes, we do one branch
 - otherwise we do another branch
- If-Else-If Statement
 - Same as If-Else Statement, except with more branches