



Sphinx Github Webpage Tutorials

Release 1.00

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Welcome to my **Sphinx gihub webpage** tutorials! In those tutorials, you will learn how to use Sphinx to create .html and .pdf and how to hookup your Sphinx webpage to github. The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE.

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2 CONTENTS

CHAPTER

ONE

PREFACE

Note: Good tools are prerequisite to the successful execution of a job. – old Chinese proverb

1.1 About this tutorial

This document is a summary of my valueable experiences in using Python decumentation Sphinx with Github webpage. The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE. You may download and distribute it. Please be aware, however, that the note contains typos as well as inaccurate or incorrect description.

In this repository, I try to use the detailed demo code and examples to show how to use Sphinx to generate the .html and .pdf documents and how to hookup them automatically on Github. If you find your work wasn't cited in this note, please feel free to let me know.

Although I am by no means a python programming and Sphinx expert, I decided that it would be useful for me to share what I learned about Sphinx in the form of easy tutorials with detailed example. I hope those tutorials will be a valuable tool for your studies.

The tutorials assume that the reader has a preliminary knowledge of python programing, LaTex and Linux. And this document is generated automatically by using sphinx.

1.1.1 About the authors

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Biography

Wenqiang Feng is Data Scientist within DST's Applied Analytics Group. Dr. Feng's responsibilities include providing DST clients with access to cutting-edge skills and technologies, including Big Data analytic solutions, advanced analytic and data enhancement techniques and modeling.

Dr. Feng has deep analytic expertise in data mining, analytic systems, machine learning algorithms, business intelligence, and applying Big Data tools to strategically solve industry problems in a cross-functional business. Before joining DST, Dr. Feng was an IMA Data Science Fellow at The Institute for Mathematics and its Applications (IMA) at the University of Minnesota. While there, he helped startup companies make marketing decisions based on deep predictive analytics.

Dr. Feng graduated from University of Tennessee, Knoxville, with Ph.D. in Computational Mathematics and Master's degree in Statistics. He also holds Master's degree in Computational Mathematics from Missouri University of Science and Technology (MST) and Master's degree in Applied Mathematics from the University of Science and Technology of China (USTC).

Declaration

The work of Wenqiang Feng was supported by the IMA, while working at IMA. However, any opinion, finding, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IMA, UTK and DST.

1.2 Motivation for this tutorial

Sphinx is an awesome Python documentation package, and it has excellent facilities for the documentation of software projects in a range of languages. I was impressed and attracted by Sphinx in the first using. And I foud that:

- It supports **several popular output formats**: HTML (including Windows HTML Help), LaTeX (for printable PDF versions), ePub, Texinfo, manual pages, plain text.
- It has **easy publishing routes**: Github.
- Is has **extensive cross-references**: semantic markup and automatic links for functions, classes, citations, glossary terms and similar pieces of information
- It has **hierarchical structure**: easy definition of a document tree, with automatic links to siblings, parents and children.
- It has automatic indices: general index as well as a language-specific module indices
- It has awesome **code handling**: automatic highlighting using the Pygments highlighter
- Is has abundant **extensions**: automatic testing of code snippets, inclusion of docstrings from Python modules (API docs), and more

• It has abundant **contributed extensions**: more than 50 extensions contributed by users in a second repository; most of them installable from PyPI

1.3 Feedback and suggestions

Your comments and suggestions are highly appreciated. I am more than happy to receive corrections, suggestions or feedbacks through email (Wenqiang Feng: von198@gmail.com) for improvements.

CHAPTER

TWO

INTRODUCTION

Note: If you only know yourself, but not your opponent, you may win or may lose. If you know neither yourself nor your enemy, you will always endanger yourself. – idiom, from Sunzi's Art of War

2.1 Sphnix: Python Documentation Generator

The following descriptions are from Sphinx:

Sphinx is a tool that makes it easy to create intelligent and beautiful documentation, written by Georg Brandl and licensed under the BSD license.

It was originally created for the Python documentation, and it has excellent facilities for the documentation of software projects in a range of languages. Of course, this site is also created from reStructuredText sources using Sphinx! The following features should be highlighted:

- Output formats: HTML (including Windows HTML Help), LaTeX (for printable PDF versions), ePub, Texinfo, manual pages, plain text
- Extensive cross-references: semantic markup and automatic links for functions, classes, citations, glossary terms and similar pieces of information
- **Hierarchical structure:** easy definition of a document tree, with automatic links to siblings, parents and children
- Automatic indices: general index as well as a language-specific module indices
- Code handling: automatic highlighting using the Pygments highlighter
- Extensions: automatic testing of code snippets, inclusion of docstrings from Python modules (API docs), and more
- **Contributed extensions:** more than 50 extensions contributed by users in a second repository; most of them installable from PyPI

Sphinx uses reStructuredText as its markup language, and many of its strengths come from the power and straightforwardness of reStructuredText and its parsing and translating suite, the Docutils.

2.2 reStructured Text

The following descriptions are from reStructuredText:

reStructuredText (RST, ReST, or reST) is a file format for textual data used primarily in the Python programming language community for technical documentation.

2.3 Latex Document Preparation System

The following descriptions are from LaTex:

LaTeX (a shortening of Lamport TeX) is a document preparation system. When writing, the writer uses plain text as opposed to the formatted text found in WYSIWYG ("what you see is what you get") word processors like Microsoft Word, LibreOffice Writer and Apple Pages.

LaTeX is widely used in academia for the communication and publication of scientific documents in many fields, including mathematics, statistics, computer science, engineering, chemistry, physics, economics, linguistics, quantitative psychology, philosophy, and political science.

More information can be get from LaTeX .

CHAPTER

THREE

PACKAGES INSTALLATION

Note: A journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step – old Chinese proverb

Warning: It's been 10 years since I abandoned Windows operating systems. So I am a noob for Windows operating systems and I really do not know how to install some packages on Windows operating systems.

3.1 Python Installation

1. Install pip:

sudo easy_install pip

2. In stall python:

pip install python

3.2 Sphinx Installation

pip install -U Sphinx

3.3 Latex Installation

You can download the MacTex from: https://www.tug.org/mactex/ and install it for Mac system. Or you can use the following command to install TexLive on Linux system:

Sphinx Github Webpage Tutorials, Release 1.00

sudo apt update && sudo apt install texlive-full

CHAPTER

FOUR

SPHINX CONFIGURATION

Note: I heavily borrowed, modified and used the configuration in conf.py and docgen.py of Theano package project. I will keep all the comments from Theano team and the coryrights of those files belong to Theano team.

4.1 General HTML Configuration

4.1.1 General Evironment Infomation

1. Sphinx extension

2. Math formula support

```
# We do it like this to support multiple sphinx version without having warning.

# Our buildbot consider warning as error.

try:
```

```
from sphinx.ext import imgmath
  extensions.append('sphinx.ext.imgmath')
except ImportError:
    try:
        from sphinx.ext import pngmath
        extensions.append('sphinx.ext.pngmath')
    except ImportError:
        pass
```

3. Included and excluded folders options

```
# Add any paths that contain templates here, relative to this_
directory.
templates_path = ['.templates']

# List of directories, relative to source directories, that shouldn't_
be
# searched for source files.
exclude_dirs = ['images', 'scripts', 'sandbox']
```

4. Image math formula preamble

```
# If false, no module index is generated.
#latex_use_modindex = True
default_role = 'math'
pngmath_divpng_args = ['-gamma 1.5','-D 110']
#pngmath_divpng_args = ['-gamma', '1.5', '-D', '110', '-bq',
→ 'Transparent']
imgmath_latex_preamble = '\\usepackage{amsmath}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{mathtools}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{amsfonts}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{amssymb}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{dsfont}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\Z{\\mathbb{Z}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\R{\\mathbb{R}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\bX{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\X{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\By{\\mathbf{y}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\Bbeta{\\boldsymbol{\\beta}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\U{\\mathbf{U}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\V{\\mathbf{V}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\V1{\\mathds{1}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\hU{\\mathbf{\hat{U}}}\n'+\
                          '\def\hs{\mathbf{\hat{\sigma}}}\n'+\
                          '\def\hv{\mathbf{\hat{V}}}\hr'+\
```

4.1.2 General Project Infomation

1. The suffix of source filenames

```
# The suffix of source filenames.
source_suffix = '.rst'
```

2. The master toctree document

```
# The master toctree document.
master_doc = 'index'
```

3. General substitutions

```
# General substitutions.
project = 'Sphinx with Github Webpages'
copyright = '2019, Wenqiang Feng'
```

4. Version and date format

```
# We need this hokey-pokey because versioneer needs the current
# directory to be the root of the project to work.
# The short X.Y version.
version = '1.00'
# The full version, including alpha/beta/rc tags.
release = '1.00'
# There are two options for replacing |today|: either, you set today...
to some
```

4.2 General LaTex Configuration

4.2.1 General LaTeX Output Options

```
# Options for LaTeX output
# -------
latex_elements = {
    # The paper size ('letter' or 'a4').
    #latex_paper_size = 'a4',

# The font size ('10pt', '11pt' or '12pt').
    'pointsize': '12pt',

# Additional stuff for the LaTeX preamble.
    #latex_preamble = '',
}

# Grouping the document tree into LaTeX files. List of tuples
# (source start file, target name, title, author, document class)
```

4.2.2 LaTeX preamble definitions

```
#latex_elements['preamble'] = '\usepackage{xcolor}'
# Additional stuff for the LaTeX preamble.
#latex_preamble
latex_elements['preamble'] = '\\usepackage{amsmath}\n'+\
                           '\\usepackage{mathtools}\n'+\
                           '\\usepackage{amsfonts}\n'+\
                           '\\usepackage{amssymb}\n'+\
                           '\\usepackage{dsfont}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\Z{\\mathbb{Z}}\n'+\
                           '\def\R{\mathbb}{R} \n'+\
                           '\\def\\bX{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\X{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\By{\\mathbf{y}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\Bbeta{\\boldsymbol{\\beta}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\bU{\\mathbf{U}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\bV{\\mathbf{V}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\V1{\\mathds{1}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\hU{\\mathbf{\hat{U}}}\n'+\
                           '\def\hs{\mathbf{\hat{\sigma}}}\n'+\
                           '\def\hv{\mathbf{\hat{V}}}\h"+\
                           '\\def\\E{\\mathbf{E}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\F{\\mathbf{F}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\x{\\mathbf{x}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\h{\\mathbf{h}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\v{\\mathbf{v}}\n'+\
                           '\def\nv{\mathbf{<math>v^{\{ bf -\} \} \} }n'+\}
                           '\def\nh{\mathbf} h^{{ \h^{{ \bf } -} }} \n'+\
                           '\\def\\s{\\mathbf{s}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\b{\\mathbf{b}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\c{\\mathbf{c}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\W{\\mathbf{W}}\n'+\
```

```
'\\def\\C{\\mathbf{C}}\n'+\
'\\def\\P{\\mathbf{P}}\n'+\
'\\def\\T{{\\bf \\mathcal T}}\n'+\
'\\def\\T{{\\bf \\mathcal B}}\n'
```

4.3 Full conf.py Script

```
\# -\star - coding: utf-8 -\star -
→######
# I heavily borrowed, modified and used the configuration in conf.py...
→of Theano
# package project. I will keep all the comments from Theano team and_
# coryright of this file belongs to Theano team.
# reference:
# Theano repository: https://github.com/Theano/Theano
# conf.py: https://github.com/Theano/Theano/blob/master/doc/conf.py
→ # # # # # # # #
# theano documentation build configuration file, created by
# sphinx-quickstart on Tue Oct 7 16:34:06 2008.
# This file is execfile()d with the current directory set to its...
→containing
# directory.
# The contents of this file are pickled, so don't put values in the ...
→namespace
# that aren't pickleable (module imports are okay, they're removed
# automatically).
# All configuration values have a default value; values that are,
→commented out
# serve to show the default value.
# If your extensions are in another directory, add it here. If the,
→directory
# is relative to the documentation root, use os.path.abspath to make it
# absolute, like shown here.
#sys.path.append(os.path.abspath('some/directory'))
```

```
from __future__ import absolute_import, print_function, division
import os
import sys
theano_path = os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__), os.pardir)
sys.path.append(os.path.abspath(theano_path))
import versioneer
# General configuration
# Add any Sphinx extension module names here, as strings. They can be
# extensions coming with Sphinx (named 'sphinx.ext.*') or your custom,
extensions = ['sphinx.ext.autodoc',
              'sphinx.ext.todo',
              'sphinx.ext.doctest',
              'sphinx.ext.napoleon',
              'sphinx.ext.linkcode']
todo_include_todos = True
napoleon_google_docstring = False
napoleon_include_special_with_doc = False
# We do it like this to support multiple sphinx version without having.
→warning.
# Our buildbot consider warning as error.
    from sphinx.ext import imgmath
   extensions.append('sphinx.ext.imgmath')
except ImportError:
   try:
        from sphinx.ext import pngmath
        extensions.append('sphinx.ext.pngmath')
   except ImportError:
       pass
# Add any paths that contain templates here, relative to this...
→directory.
templates_path = ['.templates']
# The suffix of source filenames.
source_suffix = '.rst'
```

```
# The master toctree document.
master_doc = 'index'
# General substitutions.
project = 'Sphinx with Github Webpages'
copyright = '2019, Wenqiang Feng'
# The default replacements for |version| and |release|, also used in.,
→various
# other places throughout the built documents.
# We need this hokey-pokey because versioneer needs the current
# directory to be the root of the project to work.
# The short X.Y version.
version = '1.00'
# The full version, including alpha/beta/rc tags.
release = '1.00'
# There are two options for replacing |today|: either, you set today_
→to some
# non-false value, then it is used:
#today = ''
# Else, today_fmt is used as the format for a strftime call.
today fmt = '%B %d, %Y'
# List of documents that shouldn't be included in the build.
#unused\ docs = []
# List of directories, relative to source directories, that shouldn't_
# searched for source files.
exclude_dirs = ['images', 'scripts', 'sandbox']
# The reST default role (used for this markup: `text`) to use for all
# documents.
#default role = None
# If true, '()' will be appended to :func: etc. cross-reference text.
#add function parentheses = True
# If true, the current module name will be prepended to all description
# unit titles (such as .. function::).
#add_module_names = True
```

```
# If true, sectionauthor and moduleauthor directives will be shown in...
# output. They are ignored by default.
#show_authors = False
# The name of the Pygments (syntax highlighting) style to use.
pygments_style = 'sphinx'
# Options for HTML output
# The style sheet to use for HTML and HTML Help pages. A file of that,,
# must exist either in Sphinx' static/ path, or in one of the custom_
→paths
# given in html_static_path.
#html_style = 'default.css'
# html_theme = 'sphinxdoc'
# Read the docs style:
if os.environ.get('READTHEDOCS') != 'True':
   try:
        import sphinx_rtd_theme
    except ImportError:
       pass # assume we have sphinx >= 1.3
    else:
       html_theme_path = [sphinx_rtd_theme.get_html_theme_path()]
   html_theme = 'sphinx_rtd_theme'
def setup(app):
    app.add_stylesheet("fix_rtd.css")
# The name for this set of Sphinx documents. If None, it defaults to
# ""project> v<release> documentation".
#html title = None
# A shorter title for the navigation bar. Default is the same as html_
→title.
#html short title = None
# The name of an image file (within the static path) to place at the..
→top of
# the sidebar.
```

```
#html_logo = 'images/theano_logo_allwhite_210x70.png'
# The name of an image file (within the static path) to use as favicon_
→of the
# docs. This file should be a Windows icon file (.ico) being 16x16 or..
→32x32
# pixels large.
#html favicon = None
# Add any paths that contain custom static files (such as style,
⇒sheets) here,
# relative to this directory. They are copied after the builtin static...
\hookrightarrow files,
# so a file named "default.css" will overwrite the builtin "default.css
html_static_path = ['images']
# If not '', a 'Last updated on:' timestamp is inserted at every page_
⇒bottom,
# using the given strftime format.
html_last_updated_fmt = '%b %d, %Y'
# If true, SmartyPants will be used to convert quotes and dashes to
# typographically correct entities.
html_use_smartypants = True
# Custom sidebar templates, maps document names to template names.
#html sidebars = {}
# Additional templates that should be rendered to pages, maps page.
→names to
# template names.
#html_additional_pages = {}
# If false, no module index is generated.
#html_use_modindex = True
# If false, no index is generated.
#html use index = True
# If true, the index is split into individual pages for each letter.
#html_split_index = False
# If true, the reST sources are included in the HTML build as _sources/
→<name>.
```

```
#html_copy_source = True
# If true, an OpenSearch description file will be output, and all_
→pages will
# contain a <link> tag referring to it. The value of this option must.
→be the
# base URL from which the finished HTML is served.
#html_use_opensearch = ''
# If nonempty, this is the file name suffix for HTML files (e.g. ".
\rightarrowxhtml").
#html_file_suffix = ''
# Output file base name for HTML help builder.
htmlhelp_basename = 'spnixgitdoc'
# Options for the linkcode extension
# Resolve function
# This function is used to populate the (source) links in the API
def linkcode_resolve(domain, info):
    def find source():
        # try to find the file and line number, based on code from ...
→numpy:
        # https://github.com/numpy/numpy/blob/master/doc/source/conf.py
→#L286
        obj = sys.modules[info['module']]
        for part in info['fullname'].split('.'):
            obj = getattr(obj, part)
        import inspect
        import os
        fn = inspect.getsourcefile(obj)
        fn = os.path.relpath(fn, start=os.path.dirname(theano.__file__
→ ) )
        source, lineno = inspect.getsourcelines(obj)
        return fn, lineno, lineno + len(source) - 1
    if domain != 'py' or not info['module']:
        return None
    try:
        filename = 'theano/%s#L%d-L%d' % find_source()
    except Exception:
        filename = info['module'].replace('.', '/') + '.py'
    import subprocess
    tag = subprocess.Popen(['git', 'rev-parse', 'HEAD'],
```

```
stdout=subprocess.PIPE,
                           universal_newlines=True).communicate()[0][:-
→1]
   return "https://github.com/runawayhorse001/%s/%s" % (tag, filename)
# Options for LaTeX output
latex elements = {
   # The paper size ('letter' or 'a4').
   #latex paper size = 'a4',
   # The font size ('10pt', '11pt' or '12pt').
   'pointsize': '12pt',
   # Additional stuff for the LaTeX preamble.
   #latex_preamble = '',
}
# Grouping the document tree into LaTeX files. List of tuples
# (source start file, target name, title, author, document class
# [howto/manual]).
latex documents = [
 ('index', 'sphinxgithub.tex', 'Sphinx Github Webpage Tutorials',
  'Wenqiang Feng', 'manual'),
# The name of an image file (relative to this directory) to place at.,
→the top of
# the title page.
latex logo = 'images/logo.png'
# The name of an image file (relative to this directory) to place at.,
→the top of
# the title page.
#latex_logo = 'images/snake_theta2-trans.png'
#latex_logo = 'images/theano_logo_allblue_200x46.png'
# For "manual" documents, if this is true, then toplevel headings are..
⇔parts,
# not chapters.
#latex_use_parts = False
# Documents to append as an appendix to all manuals.
#latex appendices = []
# If false, no module index is generated.
```

```
#latex_use_modindex = True
#latex_elements['preamble'] = '\usepackage{xcolor}'
# Additional stuff for the LaTeX preamble.
#latex_preamble
latex_elements['preamble'] = '\\usepackage{amsmath}\n'+\
                           '\\usepackage{mathtools}\n'+\
                           '\\usepackage{amsfonts}\n'+\
                           '\\usepackage{amssymb}\n'+\
                           '\\usepackage{dsfont}\n'+\
                           '\def \Z {\mathbb{Z}} \n'+\
                           '\\def\\R{\\mathbb{R}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\bX{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\X{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\By{\\mathbf{y}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\Bbeta{\\boldsymbol{\\beta}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\bU{\\mathbf{U}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\bV{\\mathbf{V}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\V1{\\mathds{1}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\hU{\\mathbf{\hat{U}}}\n'+\
                           '\def\hs{\mathbf{\hat{\sigma}}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\hV{\\mathbf{\hat{V}}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\E{\\mathbf{E}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\F{\\mathbf{F}}\n'+\
                           '\def(x{\mathbb{X}})\n'+\
                           '\\def\\h{\\mathbf{h}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\v{\\mathbf{v}}\n'+\
                           '\def\nv{\mathbf{<math>v^{\{ bf -\} \} \} }n'+\}
                           '\\def\\nh{\\mathbf{h^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\s{\\mathbf{s}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\b{\\mathbf{b}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\c{\\mathbf{c}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\\\{\\mathbf{\W}}\\n'+\
                           '\\def\\C{\\mathbf{C}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\P{\\mathbf{P}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\T{{\\bf \\mathcal T}}\n'+\
                           '\\def\\B{{\\bf \\mathcal B}}\n'
# Documents to append as an appendix to all manuals.
#latex appendices = []
# If false, no module index is generated.
#latex use modindex = True
```

```
default_role = 'math'
ingmath_divpng_args = ['-gamma 1.5','-D 110']
#pngmath_divpng_args = ['-gamma', '1.5', '-D', '110', '-bg',
→ 'Transparent']
imgmath_latex_preamble =
                          '\\usepackage{amsmath}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{mathtools}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{amsfonts}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{amssymb}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{dsfont}\n'+\
                          '\def \Z {\mathbb{Z}} \n'+\
                          '\def\R{\mathbb{R}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\bX{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\X{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\By{\\mathbf{y}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\Bbeta{\\boldsymbol{\\beta}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\U{\\mathbf{U}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\V{\\mathbf{V}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\V1{\\mathds{1}}\n'+\
                          '\def\hu(\\mathbf{U}))\n'+\
                          '\def\hs{\mathbf{\hat{\sigma}}}\n'+\
                          '\def\hv{\mathbf{\hat}{V}}\h"+\
                          '\\def\\E{\\mathbf{E}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\F{\\mathbf{F}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\x{\\mathbf{x}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\h{\\mathbf{h}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\v{\\mathbf{v}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\nv{\\mathbf{v^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                          '\def\nh{\mathbf} h^{{ \h^{{ \bf } -} }} \n'+\
                          '\\def\\s{\\mathbf{s}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\b{\\mathbf{b}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\c{\\mathbf{c}}\n'+\
                          '\def\W{\mathbf{W}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\C{\\mathbf{C}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\P{\\mathbf{P}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\T{{\\bf \\mathcal T}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\B{{\\bf \\mathcal B}}\n'
```

4.4 General Documentation Generator Configuration

4.4.1 Output Options

```
throot = os.path.abspath(
(continues on next page)
```

```
os.path.join(sys.path[0], os.pardir, os.pardir))
options = defaultdict(bool)
opts, args = getopt.getopt(
    sys.argv[1:],
    'o:f:',
    ['rst', 'help', 'nopdf', 'cache', 'check', 'test'])
options.update(dict([x, y or True] for x, y in opts))
if options['--help']:
    print('Usage: %s [OPTIONS] [files...]' % sys.argv[0])
    print(' -o <dir>: output the html files in the specified dir')
    print(' --cache: use the doctree cache')
    print(' --rst: only compile the doc (requires sphinx)')
    print(' --nopdf: do not produce a PDF file from the doc, only_
→HTML')
    print(' --test: run all the code samples in the documentaton')
    print(' --check: treat warnings as errors')
    print(' --help: this help')
    print('If one or more files are specified after the options then_
→only '
          'those files will be built. Otherwise the whole tree is '
          'processed. Specifying files will implies --cache.')
    sys.exit(0)
if not(options['--rst'] or options['--test']):
    # Default is now rst
    options['--rst'] = True
```

4.4.2 Output Directory

```
if len(args) != 0:
    files = [os.path.abspath(f) for f in args]
currentdir = os.getcwd()
mkdir(outdir)
mkdir(latexdir)
os.chdir(outdir)
```

4.4.3 Documentation Compiler

```
def call_sphinx(builder, workdir):
     import sphinx
     if options['--check']:
         extraopts = ['-W']
     else:
         extraopts = []
     if not options['--cache'] and files is None:
         extraopts.append('-E')
     docpath = os.path.join(throot, 'doc')
     inopt = [docpath, workdir]
     if files is not None:
         inopt.extend(files)
     ret = sphinx.build_main(['', '-b', builder] + extraopts + inopt)
     if ret != 0:
         sys.exit(ret)
if options['--all'] or options['--rst']:
     mkdir("doc")
     sys.path[0:0] = [os.path.join(throot, 'doc')]
     call_sphinx('html', '.')
     if not options['--nopdf']:
         # Generate latex file in a temp directory
         import tempfile
         #workdir = tempfile.mkdtemp()
         workdir = latexdir
         call_sphinx('latex', workdir)
         # Compile to PDF
         os.chdir(workdir)
         os.system('make')
         try:
             shutil.copy(os.path.join(workdir, 'sphinxgithub.pdf'),_
<del>-outdir)</del>
                                                           (continues on next page)
```

Chapter 4. Sphinx Configuration

```
os.chdir(outdir)
    # remove the workdir folder
    #shutil.rmtree(workdir)

except OSError as e:
    print('OSError:', e)
    except IOError as e:
    print('IOError:', e)

if options['--test']:
    mkdir("doc")
    sys.path[0:0] = [os.path.join(throot, 'doc')]
    call_sphinx('doctest', '.')

# To go back to the original current directory.
os.chdir(currentdir)

# Reset THEANO_FLAGS
os.environ['THEANO_FLAGS'] = env_th_flags
```

4.4.4 Makefile Wrapper

```
all: python scripts/docgen.py
```

4.5 Full docgen.py Script

```
import sys
import os
import shutil
import inspect
import getopt
from collections import defaultdict
if __name__ == '__main__':
   throot = os.path.abspath(
        os.path.join(sys.path[0], os.pardir, os.pardir))
    options = defaultdict(bool)
    opts, args = getopt.getopt(
        sys.argv[1:],
        'o:f:',
        ['rst', 'help', 'nopdf', 'cache', 'check', 'test'])
    options.update(dict([x, y or True] for x, y in opts))
    if options['--help']:
        print('Usage: %s [OPTIONS] [files...]' % sys.argv[0])
       print(' -o <dir>: output the html files in the specified dir')
        print(' --cache: use the doctree cache')
        print(' --rst: only compile the doc (requires sphinx)')
       print(' --nopdf: do not produce a PDF file from the doc, only...
→HTML')
       print(' --test: run all the code samples in the documentaton')
       print(' --check: treat warnings as errors')
       print(' --help: this help')
       print('If one or more files are specified after the options...
→then only '
              'those files will be built. Otherwise the whole tree is '
              'processed. Specifying files will implies --cache.')
        sys.exit(0)
    if not(options['--rst'] or options['--test']):
        # Default is now rst
        options['--rst'] = True
   def mkdir(path):
        try:
            os.mkdir(path)
        except OSError:
            pass
    # create the putput folder docs, since github page will use /docs..
→folder for Github page.
```

```
outdir = options['-o'] or (throot + '/docs')
   # create the output folder latex
   latexdir = options['-o'] or (throot + '/latex')
   files = None
   if len(args) != 0:
       files = [os.path.abspath(f) for f in args]
   currentdir = os.getcwd()
   mkdir (outdir)
   mkdir(latexdir)
   os.chdir(outdir)
   # add .nojekyll file to fix the github pages issues
   nojekyll_path = os.path.join(outdir, '.nojekyll')
   if not os.path.exists(nojekyll_path):
       os.makedirs(nojekyll_path)
   # Make sure the appropriate 'theano' directory is in the PYTHONPATH
   pythonpath = os.environ.get('PYTHONPATH', '')
   pythonpath = os.pathsep.join([throot, pythonpath])
   sys.path[0:0] = [throot] # We must not use os.environ.
   # Make sure we don't use gpu to compile documentation
   env th flags = os.environ.get('THEANO FLAGS', '')
   os.environ['THEANO_FLAGS'] = 'device=cpu, force_device=True'
   def call_sphinx(builder, workdir):
       import sphinx
       if options['--check']:
           extraopts = ['-W']
       else:
           extraopts = []
       if not options['--cache'] and files is None:
           extraopts.append('-E')
       docpath = os.path.join(throot, 'doc')
       inopt = [docpath, workdir]
       if files is not None:
           inopt.extend(files)
       ret = sphinx.build_main(['', '-b', builder] + extraopts +...
⇒inopt)
       if ret != 0:
           sys.exit(ret)
```

```
if options['--all'] or options['--rst']:
       mkdir("doc")
       sys.path[0:0] = [os.path.join(throot, 'doc')]
       call_sphinx('html', '.')
       if not options['--nopdf']:
           # Generate latex file in a temp directory
           import tempfile
           #workdir = tempfile.mkdtemp()
           workdir = latexdir
           call_sphinx('latex', workdir)
           # Compile to PDF
           os.chdir(workdir)
           os.system('make')
           try:
               shutil.copy(os.path.join(workdir, 'sphinxgithub.pdf'),_
→outdir)
               os.chdir(outdir)
               # remove the workdir folder
               #shutil.rmtree(workdir)
           except OSError as e:
               print('OSError:', e)
           except IOError as e:
               print('IOError:', e)
   if options['--test']:
       mkdir("doc")
       sys.path[0:0] = [os.path.join(throot, 'doc')]
       call_sphinx('doctest', '.')
   # To go back to the original current directory.
   os.chdir(currentdir)
   # Reset THEANO_FLAGS
   os.environ['THEANO_FLAGS'] = env_th_flags
```

CHAPTER

FIVE

RESTRUCTUREDTEXT MARKUP

Chinese proverb

Making full preparation will not delay your job but quicken the process. – old Chinese proverb

5.1 Sections

Sections are identified through their titles, which are marked up with adornment: "underlines" below the title text, or underlines and matching "overlines" above the title. More details can be found at: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#sections

reStructuredText:

5.2 Paragraphs

The paragraph is the most basic block in a reST document. Paragraphs are simply chunks of text separated by one or more blank lines. As in Python, indentation is significant in reST, so all lines of the same paragraph must be left-aligned to the **same level of indentation**. More details can be found at: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#paragraphs

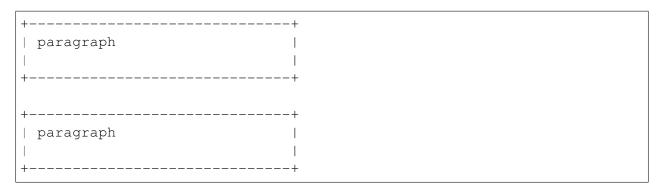
5.2.1 General Paragraphs

reStructuredText:

This is the first demo paragraph. The blank line above the first line is required; The blank line below the last line is required.

This is the second demo paragraph. The blank line above the first line is required; The blank line below the last line is required.

Syntax diagram:



Result:

This is the first demo paragraph. The blank line above the first line is required; The blank line below the last line is required.

This is the second demo paragraph. The blank line above the first line is required; The blank line below the last line is required.

5.2.2 Bullet Lists Paragraphs

reStructuredText:

- This is the first bullet list item. The blank line above the first list item is required; blank lines between list items (such as below this paragraph) are optional.
- This is the first paragraph in the second item in the list.

This is the second paragraph in the second item in the list. The blank line above this paragraph is required. The left edge of this paragraph lines up with the paragraph above, both indented relative to the bullet.

- This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.
- This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.
- This is the third item of the main list.

This paragraph is not part of the list.

Syntax diagram:

Result:

- This is the first bullet list item. The blank line above the first list item is required; blank lines between list items (such as below this paragraph) are optional.
- This is the first paragraph in the second item in the list.

This is the second paragraph in the second item in the list. The blank line above this paragraph is required. The left edge of this paragraph lines up with the paragraph above, both indented relative to the bullet.

- This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.
- This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.
- This is the third item of the main list.

This paragraph is not part of the list.

5.2.3 Bullet Lists Paragraphs

reStructuredText:

1. This is the first bullet list item. The blank line above the first list item is required; blank lines between list items

5.2. Paragraphs 33

(such as below this paragraph) are optional.

2. This is the first paragraph in the second item in the list.

This is the second paragraph in the second item in the list. The blank line above this paragraph is required. The left edge of this paragraph lines up with the paragraph above, both indented relative to the bullet.

- a. This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.
- b. This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.
- 3. This is the third item of the main list.

Syntax diagram:

Result:

- 1. This is the first bullet list item. The blank line above the first list item is required; blank lines between list items (such as below this paragraph) are optional.
- 2. This is the first paragraph in the second item in the list.

This is the second paragraph in the second item in the list. The blank line above this paragraph is required. The left edge of this paragraph lines up with the paragraph above, both indented relative to the bullet.

- a. This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.
- b. This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.
- 3. This is the third item of the main list.

5.2.4 Blocked Paragraphs

1. Line Blocks

reStructuredText:

```
Take it away, Eric the Orchestra Leader!

| A one, two, a one two three four
| Half a bee, philosophically,
| must, *ipso facto*, half not be.
| But half the bee has got to be,
| *vis a vis* its entity. D'you see?
| But can a bee be said to be
| or not to be an entire bee,
| when half the bee is not a bee,
| due to some ancient injury?
| Singing...
```

Syntax diagram:

Result:

Take it away, Eric the Orchestra Leader!

A one, two, a one two three four

```
Half a bee, philosophically,
must, ipso facto, half not be.
But half the bee has got to be,
vis a vis its entity. D'you see?
```

But can a bee be said to be
or not to be an entire bee,
when half the bee is not a bee,
due to some ancient injury?

Singing...

5.2. Paragraphs 35

2. Doctest Blocks

reStructuredText:

```
This is an ordinary paragraph.

>>> print 'this is a Doctest block'
this is a Doctest block

The following is a literal block::

>>> This is not recognized as a doctest block by reStructuredText. It *will* be recognized by the doctest module, though!
```

Result:

This is an ordinary paragraph.

```
>>> print 'this is a Doctest block'
this is a Doctest block
```

The following is a literal block:

```
>>> This is not recognized as a doctest block by reStructuredText. It *will* be recognized by the doctest module, though!
```

3. Field Lists

reStructuredText:

Result:

Date 2001-08-16

Version 1

Authors

- Me
- Myself
- I

Indentation Since the field marker may be quite long, the second and subsequent lines of the field body do not have to line up with the first line, but they must be indented relative to the field name marker, and they must line up with each other.

Parameter i integer

5.3 Table

More details can be found at: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html# grid-tables

5.3.1 Grid Tables

reStructuredText:

+	Header 2	Header 3 	Header 4	
body row 1, column 1	column 2	column 3	column 4	I
body row 2	Cells may sr	oan columns.	•	
body row 3	Cells may span rows.	- Table ce		T
body row 4	-	- body ele		 +

Result:

Header row, col- umn 1 (header rows optional)	Header 2	Header 3	Header 4
body row 1, column 1	column 2	column 3	column 4
body row 2	Cells may span columns.		
body row 3	Cells may span rows.	Table cells	
		contain	
body row 4		 body elements. 	

5.3. Table 37

5.3.2 Simple Tables

reStructuredText:

Result:

Α	В	A and B
False	False	False
True	False	False
False	True	False
True	True	True

reStructuredText:

```
===== col 1 col 2
===== 1
1    Second column of row 1.
2    Second line of paragraph.
3    - Second column of row 3.

- Second item in bullet
    list (row 3, column 2).

Row 4; column 1 will be empty.
===== =====
```

Result:

col 1	col 2
1	Second column of row 1.
2	Second column of row 2. Second line of para-
	graph.
3	 Second column of row 3. Second item in bullet list (row 3, column 2).
	Row 4; column 1 will be empty.

5.3.3 CSV Tables

reStructuredText:

```
.. csv-table:: Frozen Delights!
    :header: "Treat", "Quantity", "Description"
    :widths: 15, 10, 30

"Albatross", 2.99, "On a stick!"
    "Crunchy Frog", 1.49, "If we took the bones out, it wouldn't be crunchy, now would it?"
    "Gannet Ripple", 1.99, "On a stick!"
```

Table 1: Frozen Delights!

Treat	Quantity	Description
Albatross	2.99	On a stick!
Crunchy Frog	1.49	If we took the bones out, it wouldn't be crunchy,
		now would it?
Gannet Ripple	1.99	On a stick!

5.3.4 List Tables

reStructuredText:

```
.. list-table:: Frozen Delights!
:widths: 15 10 30
:header-rows: 1

* - Treat
- Quantity
```

(continues on next page)

5.3. Table 39

- Description
- * Albatross
 - 2.99
 - On a stick!
- * Crunchy Frog
 - 1.49
 - If we took the bones out, it wouldn't be crunchy, now would it?
- * Gannet Ripple
 - 1.99
 - On a stick!

Table 2: Frozen Delights!

Treat	Quantity	Description
Albatross	2.99	On a stick!
Crunchy Frog	1.49	If we took the bones out, it wouldn't be crunchy,
		now would it?
Gannet Ripple	1.99	On a stick!

5.4 Directives

5.4.1 Admonitions

- 1. attention
- 2. caution
- 3. danger
- 4. error
- 5. hint
- 6. important
- 7. note
- 8. tip
- 9. warning
- attention

reStructuredText:

```
Sphinx Github Webpage Tutorials, Release 1.00
.. attention::
   You neen to pay attention at here!
Result:
 Attention: You neen to pay attention at here!
   • caution
reStructuredText:
.. caution::
   This is a caution alert!
Restlut:
 Caution: This is a caution alert!
   • important
reStructuredText:
.. important::
         This is important!
Result:
```

Important: This is important!

• User defined admonition

reStructuredText:

```
.. admonition:: User defined name

You can make up your own admonition too.
```

Result:

User defined name

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Sphinx Github Webpage Tutorials, Release 1.00

You can make up your own admonition too.

seealso

reStructuredText:

Result:

See also:

The authoritative reStructuredText User Documentation. The "ref" links in this document link to the description of the individual constructs in the reST reference.

See more details at Admonitions.

Lorem ipsum¹ dolor sit amet ...²

Lorem ipsum [Ref] dolor sit amet.

¹ Text of the first footnote.

² Text of the second footnote.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

[Ref] Book or article reference, URL or whatever.