Sphinx Github Webpage Tutorials

Release 1.00

Wenqiang Feng

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CONTENTS

Welcome to my **Sphinx gihub webpage** tutorials! In those tutorials, you will learn how to use `Sphinx` to create `.html` and `.pdf` and how to hookup your `Sphinx` webpage to github. The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE.

PREFACE

Chinese proverb

Good tools are prerequisite to the successful execution of a job. – old Chinese proverb

1.1 About

1.1.1 About this tutorial

This document is a summary of my valueable experiences in using Python decumentation `Sphinx` with `Github` webpage. The PDF version can be downloaded from HERE. **You may download and distribute it. Please be aware, however, that the note contains typos as well as inaccurate or incorrect description.**

In this repository, I try to use the detailed demo code and examples to show how to use `Sphinx` to generate the `.html` and `.pdf` documents and how to hookup them automatically on `Github`. If you find your work wasn't cited in this note, please feel free to let me know.

Although I am by no means a python programming and Sphinx expert, I decided that it would be useful for me to share what I learned about Sphinx in the form of easy tutorials with detailed example. I hope those tutorials will be a valuable tool for your studies.

The tutorials assume that the reader has a preliminary knowledge of `python` programing, `LaTex` and `Linux`. And this document is generated automatically by using sphinx.

1.1.2 About the authors

- **Wenqiang Feng**

    - Data Scientist and PhD in Mathematics

    - University of Tennessee at Knoxville

– Email: von198@gmail.com

- **Biography**

  Wenqiang Feng is Data Scientist within DST's Applied Analytics Group. Dr. Feng's responsibilities include providing DST clients with access to cutting-edge skills and technologies, including Big Data analytic solutions, advanced analytic and data enhancement techniques and modeling.

  Dr. Feng has deep analytic expertise in data mining, analytic systems, machine learning algorithms, business intelligence, and applying Big Data tools to strategically solve industry problems in a cross-functional business. Before joining DST, Dr. Feng was an IMA Data Science Fellow at The Institute for Mathematics and its Applications (IMA) at the University of Minnesota. While there, he helped startup companies make marketing decisions based on deep predictive analytics.

  Dr. Feng graduated from University of Tennessee, Knoxville, with Ph.D. in Computational Mathematics and Master's degree in Statistics. He also holds Master's degree in Computational Mathematics from Missouri University of Science and Technology (MST) and Master's degree in Applied Mathematics from the University of Science and Technology of China (USTC).

- **Declaration**

  The work of Wenqiang Feng was supported by the IMA, while working at IMA. However, any opinion, finding, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IMA, UTK and DST.

1.2 Motivation for this tutorial

`Sphinx` is an awesome Python documentation package, and it has excellent facilities for the documentation of software projects in a range of languages. I was impressed and attracted by Sphinx in the first using. And I foud that:

- It supports **several popular output formats**: `HTML` (including Windows HTML Help), `LaTeX` (for printable PDF versions), ePub, Texinfo, manual pages, plain text.

- It has **easy publishing routes**: Github.

- Is has **extensive cross-references**: semantic markup and automatic links for functions, classes, citations, glossary terms and similar pieces of information

- It has **hierarchical structure**: easy definition of a document tree, with automatic links to siblings, parents and children.

- It has **automatic indices**: general index as well as a language-specific module indices

- It has awesome **code handling**: automatic highlighting using the Pygments highlighter

- Is has abundant **extensions**: automatic testing of code snippets, inclusion of docstrings from Python modules (API docs), and more

- It has abundant **contributed extensions**: more than 50 extensions contributed by users in a second repository; most of them installable from PyPI

1.3 Feedback and suggestions

Your comments and suggestions are highly appreciated. I am more than happy to receive corrections, suggestions or feedbacks through email (Wenqiang Feng: von198@gmail.com) for improvements.

INTRODUCTION

Chinese proverb

If you only know yourself, but not your opponent, you may win or may lose. If you know neither yourself nor your enemy, you will always endanger yourself. – idiom, from Sunzi's Art of War

---

2.1 Sphnix: Python Documentation Generator

The following descriptions are from Sphinx:

Sphinx is a tool that makes it easy to create intelligent and beautiful documentation, written by Georg Brandl and licensed under the BSD license.

It was originally created for the Python documentation, and it has excellent facilities for the documentation of software projects in a range of languages. Of course, this site is also created from reStructuredText sources using Sphinx! The following features should be highlighted:

- **Output formats:** `HTML` (including Windows HTML Help), `LaTeX` (for printable PDF versions), ePub, Texinfo, manual pages, plain text

- **Extensive cross-references:** semantic markup and automatic links for functions, classes, citations, glossary terms and similar pieces of information

- **Hierarchical structure:** easy definition of a document tree, with automatic links to siblings, parents and children

- **Automatic indices:** general index as well as a language-specific module indices

- **Code handling:** automatic highlighting using the Pygments highlighter

- **Extensions:** automatic testing of code snippets, inclusion of docstrings from Python modules (API docs), and more

- **Contributed extensions:** more than 50 extensions contributed by users in a second repository; most of them installable from PyPI

Sphinx uses reStructuredText as its markup language, and many of its strengths come from the power and straightforwardness of reStructuredText and its parsing and translating suite, the Docutils.

2.2 reStructured Text

The following descriptions are from reStructuredText:

reStructuredText (RST, ReST, or reST) is a file format for textual data used primarily in the Python programming language community for technical documentation.

2.3 Latex Document Preparation System

The following descriptions are from LaTex:

LaTeX (a shortening of Lamport `TeX`) is a document preparation system. When writing, the writer uses plain text as opposed to the formatted text found in WYSIWYG ("what you see is what you get") word processors like Microsoft Word, LibreOffice Writer and Apple Pages.

LaTeX is widely used in academia for the communication and publication of scientific documents in many fields, including mathematics, statistics, computer science, engineering, chemistry, physics, economics, linguistics, quantitative psychology, philosophy, and political science.

More information can be get from LaTeX .

PACKAGES INSTALLATION

Chinese proverb

A journey of a thousand miles begins with a single step – old Chinese proverb

> **Warning:** It's been 10 years since I abandoned `Windows` operating systems. So I am a noob for `Windows` operating systems and I really do not know how to install `some packages` on `Windows` operating systems.

3.1 Python Installation

1. Install `pip`:

```
sudo easy_install pip
```

2. In stall `python`:

```
pip install python
```

3.2 Sphinx Installation

```
pip install -U Sphinx
```

3.3 Latex Installation

You can download the `MacTex` from: https://www.tug.org/mactex/ and install it for Mac system. Or you can use the following command to install `TexLive` on Linux system:

```
sudo apt update && sudo apt install texlive-full
```

SPHINX CONFIGURATION

> **Warning:** I heavily borrowed, modified and used the configuration in `conf.py` and `docgen.py` of Theano package project. I will keep all the comments from Theano team and the coryrights of those files belong to Theano team.

4.1 General HTML Configuration

4.1.1 General Evironment Infomation

1. Sphinx extension

```python
# Add any Sphinx extension module names here, as strings. They can be
# extensions coming with Sphinx (named 'sphinx.ext.*') or your custom
# →ones.
extensions = ['sphinx.ext.autodoc',
              'sphinx.ext.todo',
              'sphinx.ext.doctest',
              'sphinx.ext.napoleon',
              'sphinx.ext.linkcode']


todo_include_todos = True
napoleon_google_docstring = False
napoleon_include_special_with_doc = False
```

2. Math formula support

```python
# We do it like this to support multiple sphinx version without having
# →warning.
# Our buildbot consider warning as error.
try:
    from sphinx.ext import imgmath
```

(continues on next page)

```python
    extensions.append('sphinx.ext.imgmath')
except ImportError:
    try:
        from sphinx.ext import pngmath
        extensions.append('sphinx.ext.pngmath')
    except ImportError:
        pass
```

3. Included and excluded folders options

```python
# Add any paths that contain templates here, relative to this
↪directory.
templates_path = ['.templates']


# List of directories, relative to source directories, that shouldn't
↪be
# searched for source files.
exclude_dirs = ['images', 'scripts', 'sandbox']
```

4. Image math formula preamble

```python
# If false, no module index is generated.
#latex_use_modindex = True

default_role = 'math'
pngmath_divpng_args = ['-gamma 1.5','-D 110']
#pngmath_divpng_args = ['-gamma', '1.5', '-D', '110', '-bg',
↪'Transparent']
imgmath_latex_preamble =  '\\usepackage{amsmath}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{mathtools}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{amsfonts}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{amssymb}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{dsfont}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\Z{\\mathbb{Z}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\R{\\mathbb{R}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\bX{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\X{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\By{\\mathbf{y}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\Bbeta{\\boldsymbol{\\beta}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\U{\\mathbf{U}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\V{\\mathbf{V}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\V1{\\mathds{1}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\hU{\\mathbf{\hat{U}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\hS{\\mathbf{\hat{\Sigma}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\hV{\\mathbf{\hat{V}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\E{\\mathbf{E}}\n'+\
```

```
                          '\\def\\F{\\mathbf{F}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\x{\\mathbf{x}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\h{\\mathbf{h}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\v{\\mathbf{v}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\nv{\\mathbf{v^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\nh{\\mathbf{h^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\s{\\mathbf{s}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\b{\\mathbf{b}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\c{\\mathbf{c}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\W{\\mathbf{W}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\C{\\mathbf{C}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\P{\\mathbf{P}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\T{{\\bf \\mathcal T}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\B{{\\bf \\mathcal B}}\n'
```

4.1.2 General Project Infomation

1. The suffix of source filenames

```
# The suffix of source filenames.
source_suffix = '.rst'
```

2. The master toctree document

```
# The master toctree document.
master_doc = 'index'
```

3. General substitutions

```
# General substitutions.
project = 'Sphinx with Github Webpages'
copyright = '2019, Wenqiang Feng'
```

4. Version and date format

```
# We need this hokey-pokey because versioneer needs the current
# directory to be the root of the project to work.
# The short X.Y version.
version = '1.00'
# The full version, including alpha/beta/rc tags.
release = '1.00'

# There are two options for replacing |today|: either, you set today
↪to some
```

```
# non-false value, then it is used:
#today = ''
# Else, today_fmt is used as the format for a strftime call.
today_fmt = '%B %d, %Y'

# Add any paths that contain custom static files (such as style
↪sheets) here,
# relative to this directory. They are copied after the builtin static
↪files,
# so a file named "default.css" will overwrite the builtin "default.css
↪".
html_static_path = ['images']

# If not '', a 'Last updated on:' timestamp is inserted at every page
↪bottom,
# using the given strftime format.
html_last_updated_fmt = '%b %d, %Y'

# If true, SmartyPants will be used to convert quotes and dashes to
# typographically correct entities.
html_use_smartypants = True
```

4.2 General LaTex Configuration

4.2.1 General LaTeX Output Options

```
# Options for LaTeX output
# ------------------------

latex_elements = {
    # The paper size ('letter' or 'a4').
    #latex_paper_size = 'a4',

    # The font size ('10pt', '11pt' or '12pt').
    'pointsize': '12pt',

    # Additional stuff for the LaTeX preamble.
    #latex_preamble = '',
}

# Grouping the document tree into LaTeX files. List of tuples
# (source start file, target name, title, author, document class
```

```
# [howto/manual]).
latex_documents = [
    ('index', 'sphinxgithub.tex', 'Sphinx Github Webpage Tutorials',
      'Wenqiang Feng', 'manual'),
]
# The name of an image file (relative to this directory) to place at
↪the top of
# the title page.
latex_logo = 'images/logo.png'
```

4.2.2 LaTeX preamble definitions

```
#latex_elements['preamble'] = '\usepackage{xcolor}'
# Additional stuff for the LaTeX preamble.
#latex_preamble
latex_elements['preamble'] =  '\\usepackage{amsmath}\n'+\
                     '\\usepackage{mathtools}\n'+\
                     '\\usepackage{amsfonts}\n'+\
                     '\\usepackage{amssymb}\n'+\
                     '\\usepackage{dsfont}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\Z{\\mathbb{Z}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\R{\\mathbb{R}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\bX{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\X{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\By{\\mathbf{y}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\Bbeta{\\boldsymbol{\\beta}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\bU{\\mathbf{U}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\bV{\\mathbf{V}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\V1{\\mathds{1}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\hU{\\mathbf{\hat{U}}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\hS{\\mathbf{\hat{\Sigma}}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\hV{\\mathbf{\hat{V}}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\E{\\mathbf{E}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\F{\\mathbf{F}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\x{\\mathbf{x}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\h{\\mathbf{h}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\v{\\mathbf{v}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\nv{\\mathbf{v^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\nh{\\mathbf{h^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\s{\\mathbf{s}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\b{\\mathbf{b}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\c{\\mathbf{c}}\n'+\
                     '\\def\\W{\\mathbf{W}}\n'+\
```

```
'\\def\\C{\\mathbf{C}}\n'+\
'\\def\\P{\\mathbf{P}}\n'+\
'\\def\\T{{\\bf \\mathcal T}}\n'+\
'\\def\\B{{\\bf \\mathcal B}}\n'
```

4.3 Full `conf.py` Script

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
##############################################################################
↪######
# I heavily borrowed, modified and used the configuration in conf.py
↪of Theano
# package project. I will keep all the comments from Theano team and
↪the
# coryright of this file belongs to Theano team.
# reference:
#
# Theano repository: https://github.com/Theano/Theano
# conf.py: https://github.com/Theano/Theano/blob/master/doc/conf.py
##############################################################################
↪#######
# theano documentation build configuration file, created by
# sphinx-quickstart on Tue Oct  7 16:34:06 2008.
#
# This file is execfile()d with the current directory set to its
↪containing
# directory.
#
# The contents of this file are pickled, so don't put values in the
↪namespace
# that aren't pickleable (module imports are okay, they're removed
# automatically).
#
# All configuration values have a default value; values that are
↪commented out
# serve to show the default value.

# If your extensions are in another directory, add it here. If the
↪directory
# is relative to the documentation root, use os.path.abspath to make it
# absolute, like shown here.
#sys.path.append(os.path.abspath('some/directory'))
```

```python
from __future__ import absolute_import, print_function, division


import os
import sys


theano_path = os.path.join(os.path.dirname(__file__), os.pardir)
sys.path.append(os.path.abspath(theano_path))
import versioneer


# General configuration
# ---------------------


# Add any Sphinx extension module names here, as strings. They can be
# extensions coming with Sphinx (named 'sphinx.ext.*') or your custom
# ones.
extensions = ['sphinx.ext.autodoc',
              'sphinx.ext.todo',
              'sphinx.ext.doctest',
              'sphinx.ext.napoleon',
              'sphinx.ext.linkcode']


todo_include_todos = True
napoleon_google_docstring = False
napoleon_include_special_with_doc = False


# We do it like this to support multiple sphinx version without having
# warning.
# Our buildbot consider warning as error.
try:
    from sphinx.ext import imgmath
    extensions.append('sphinx.ext.imgmath')
except ImportError:
    try:
        from sphinx.ext import pngmath
        extensions.append('sphinx.ext.pngmath')
    except ImportError:
        pass



# Add any paths that contain templates here, relative to this
# directory.
templates_path = ['.templates']


# The suffix of source filenames.
source_suffix = '.rst'
```

```python
# The master toctree document.
master_doc = 'index'

# General substitutions.
project = 'Sphinx with Github Webpages'
copyright = '2019, Wenqiang Feng'

# The default replacements for |version| and |release|, also used in
↪various
# other places throughout the built documents.
#

# We need this hokey-pokey because versioneer needs the current
# directory to be the root of the project to work.
# The short X.Y version.
version = '1.00'
# The full version, including alpha/beta/rc tags.
release = '1.00'

# There are two options for replacing |today|: either, you set today
↪to some
# non-false value, then it is used:
#today = ''
# Else, today_fmt is used as the format for a strftime call.
today_fmt = '%B %d, %Y'

# List of documents that shouldn't be included in the build.
#unused_docs = []

# List of directories, relative to source directories, that shouldn't
↪be
# searched for source files.
exclude_dirs = ['images', 'scripts', 'sandbox']

# The reST default role (used for this markup: `text`) to use for all
# documents.
#default_role = None

# If true, '()' will be appended to :func: etc. cross-reference text.
#add_function_parentheses = True

# If true, the current module name will be prepended to all description
# unit titles (such as .. function::).
#add_module_names = True
```

```python
# If true, sectionauthor and moduleauthor directives will be shown in
↪the
# output. They are ignored by default.
#show_authors = False

# The name of the Pygments (syntax highlighting) style to use.
pygments_style = 'sphinx'



# Options for HTML output
# -----------------------

# The style sheet to use for HTML and HTML Help pages. A file of that
↪name
# must exist either in Sphinx' static/ path, or in one of the custom
↪paths
# given in html_static_path.
#html_style = 'default.css'
# html_theme = 'sphinxdoc'

# Read the docs style:
if os.environ.get('READTHEDOCS') != 'True':
    try:
        import sphinx_rtd_theme
    except ImportError:
        pass  # assume we have sphinx >= 1.3
    else:
        html_theme_path = [sphinx_rtd_theme.get_html_theme_path()]
    html_theme = 'sphinx_rtd_theme'

def setup(app):
    app.add_stylesheet("fix_rtd.css")

# The name for this set of Sphinx documents.  If None, it defaults to
# "<project> v<release> documentation".
#html_title = None

# A shorter title for the navigation bar.  Default is the same as html_
↪title.
#html_short_title = None

# The name of an image file (within the static path) to place at the
↪top of
# the sidebar.
# the sidebar.
```

```
#html_logo = 'images/theano_logo_allwhite_210x70.png'

# The name of an image file (within the static path) to use as favicon
↪of the
# docs.  This file should be a Windows icon file (.ico) being 16x16 or
↪32x32
# pixels large.
#html_favicon = None

# Add any paths that contain custom static files (such as style
↪sheets) here,
# relative to this directory. They are copied after the builtin static
↪files,
# so a file named "default.css" will overwrite the builtin "default.css
↪".
html_static_path = ['images']

# If not '', a 'Last updated on:' timestamp is inserted at every page
↪bottom,
# using the given strftime format.
html_last_updated_fmt = '%b %d, %Y'

# If true, SmartyPants will be used to convert quotes and dashes to
# typographically correct entities.
html_use_smartypants = True

# Custom sidebar templates, maps document names to template names.
#html_sidebars = {}

# Additional templates that should be rendered to pages, maps page
↪names to
# template names.
#html_additional_pages = {}

# If false, no module index is generated.
#html_use_modindex = True

# If false, no index is generated.
#html_use_index = True

# If true, the index is split into individual pages for each letter.
#html_split_index = False

# If true, the reST sources are included in the HTML build as _sources/
↪<name>.
```

```python
#html_copy_source = True

# If true, an OpenSearch description file will be output, and all
↪pages will
# contain a <link> tag referring to it.  The value of this option must
↪be the
# base URL from which the finished HTML is served.
#html_use_opensearch = ''

# If nonempty, this is the file name suffix for HTML files (e.g. ".
↪xhtml").
#html_file_suffix = ''

# Output file base name for HTML help builder.
htmlhelp_basename = 'spnixgitdoc'

# Options for the linkcode extension
# ---------------------------------
# Resolve function
# This function is used to populate the (source) links in the API
def linkcode_resolve(domain, info):
    def find_source():
        # try to find the file and line number, based on code from
↪numpy:
        # https://github.com/numpy/numpy/blob/master/doc/source/conf.py
↪#L286
        obj = sys.modules[info['module']]
        for part in info['fullname'].split('.'):
            obj = getattr(obj, part)
        import inspect
        import os
        fn = inspect.getsourcefile(obj)
        fn = os.path.relpath(fn, start=os.path.dirname(theano.__file__
↪))
        source, lineno = inspect.getsourcelines(obj)
        return fn, lineno, lineno + len(source) - 1

    if domain != 'py' or not info['module']:
        return None
    try:
        filename = 'theano/%s#L%d-L%d' % find_source()
    except Exception:
        filename = info['module'].replace('.', '/') + '.py'
    import subprocess
    tag = subprocess.Popen(['git', 'rev-parse', 'HEAD'],
```

```python
                          stdout=subprocess.PIPE,
                          universal_newlines=True).communicate()[0][:-
→1]
    return "https://github.com/runawayhorse001/%s/%s" % (tag, filename)


# Options for LaTeX output
# ------------------------

latex_elements = {
    # The paper size ('letter' or 'a4').
    #latex_paper_size = 'a4',

    # The font size ('10pt', '11pt' or '12pt').
    'pointsize': '12pt',

    # Additional stuff for the LaTeX preamble.
    #latex_preamble = '',
}

# Grouping the document tree into LaTeX files. List of tuples
# (source start file, target name, title, author, document class
# [howto/manual]).
latex_documents = [
  ('index', 'sphinxgithub.tex', 'Sphinx Github Webpage Tutorials',
   'Wenqiang Feng', 'manual'),
]
# The name of an image file (relative to this directory) to place at
→the top of
# the title page.
latex_logo = 'images/logo.png'
# The name of an image file (relative to this directory) to place at
→the top of
# the title page.
#latex_logo = 'images/snake_theta2-trans.png'
#latex_logo = 'images/theano_logo_allblue_200x46.png'

# For "manual" documents, if this is true, then toplevel headings are
→parts,
# not chapters.
#latex_use_parts = False

# Documents to append as an appendix to all manuals.
#latex_appendices = []

# If false, no module index is generated.
```

```python
#latex_use_modindex = True


#latex_elements['preamble'] = '\usepackage{xcolor}'
# Additional stuff for the LaTeX preamble.
#latex_preamble
latex_elements['preamble'] =  '\\usepackage{amsmath}\n'+\
                              '\\usepackage{mathtools}\n'+\
                              '\\usepackage{amsfonts}\n'+\
                              '\\usepackage{amssymb}\n'+\
                              '\\usepackage{dsfont}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\Z{\\mathbb{Z}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\R{\\mathbb{R}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\bX{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\X{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\By{\\mathbf{y}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\Bbeta{\\boldsymbol{\\beta}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\bU{\\mathbf{U}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\bV{\\mathbf{V}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\V1{\\mathds{1}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\hU{\\mathbf{\hat{U}}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\hS{\\mathbf{\hat{\Sigma}}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\hV{\\mathbf{\hat{V}}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\E{\\mathbf{E}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\F{\\mathbf{F}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\x{\\mathbf{x}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\h{\\mathbf{h}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\v{\\mathbf{v}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\nv{\\mathbf{v^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\nh{\\mathbf{h^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\s{\\mathbf{s}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\b{\\mathbf{b}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\c{\\mathbf{c}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\W{\\mathbf{W}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\C{\\mathbf{C}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\P{\\mathbf{P}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\T{{\\bf \\mathcal T}}\n'+\
                              '\\def\\B{{\\bf \\mathcal B}}\n'

# Documents to append as an appendix to all manuals.
#latex_appendices = []


# If false, no module index is generated.
#latex_use_modindex = True
```

```
default_role = 'math'
ingmath_divpng_args = ['-gamma 1.5','-D 110']
#pngmath_divpng_args = ['-gamma', '1.5', '-D', '110', '-bg',
↪'Transparent']
imgmath_latex_preamble =  '\\usepackage{amsmath}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{mathtools}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{amsfonts}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{amssymb}\n'+\
                          '\\usepackage{dsfont}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\Z{\\mathbb{Z}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\R{\\mathbb{R}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\bX{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\X{\\mathbf{X}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\By{\\mathbf{y}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\Bbeta{\\boldsymbol{\\beta}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\U{\\mathbf{U}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\V{\\mathbf{V}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\V1{\\mathds{1}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\hU{\\mathbf{\hat{U}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\hS{\\mathbf{\hat{\Sigma}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\hV{\\mathbf{\hat{V}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\E{\\mathbf{E}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\F{\\mathbf{F}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\x{\\mathbf{x}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\h{\\mathbf{h}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\v{\\mathbf{v}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\nv{\\mathbf{v^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\nh{\\mathbf{h^{{\bf -}}}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\s{\\mathbf{s}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\b{\\mathbf{b}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\c{\\mathbf{c}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\W{\\mathbf{W}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\C{\\mathbf{C}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\P{\\mathbf{P}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\T{{\\bf \\mathcal T}}\n'+\
                          '\\def\\B{{\\bf \\mathcal B}}\n'
```

4.4 General Documentation Generator Configuration

4.4.1 Output Options

```
throot = os.path.abspath(
```

```python
    os.path.join(sys.path[0], os.pardir, os.pardir))

options = defaultdict(bool)
opts, args = getopt.getopt(
    sys.argv[1:],
    'o:f:',
    ['rst', 'help', 'nopdf', 'cache', 'check', 'test'])
options.update(dict([x, y or True] for x, y in opts))
if options['--help']:
    print('Usage: %s [OPTIONS] [files...]' % sys.argv[0])
    print('  -o <dir>: output the html files in the specified dir')
    print('  --cache: use the doctree cache')
    print('  --rst: only compile the doc (requires sphinx)')
    print('  --nopdf: do not produce a PDF file from the doc, only␣
→HTML')
    print('  --test: run all the code samples in the documentaton')
    print('  --check: treat warnings as errors')
    print('  --help: this help')
    print('If one or more files are specified after the options then␣
→only '
          'those files will be built. Otherwise the whole tree is '
          'processed. Specifying files will implies --cache.')
    sys.exit(0)

if not(options['--rst'] or options['--test']):
    # Default is now rst
    options['--rst'] = True
```

4.4.2 Output Directory

```python
def mkdir(path):
    try:
        os.mkdir(path)
    except OSError:
        pass

# create the putput folder docs, since github page will use /docs␣
→folder for Github page.
outdir = options['-o'] or (throot + '/docs')
# create the output folder latex
latexdir = options['-o'] or (throot + '/latex')

files = None
```

```python
if len(args) != 0:
    files = [os.path.abspath(f) for f in args]
currentdir = os.getcwd()
mkdir(outdir)
mkdir(latexdir)
os.chdir(outdir)
```

4.4.3 Documentation Compiler

```python
def call_sphinx(builder, workdir):
    import sphinx
    if options['--check']:
        extraopts = ['-W']
    else:
        extraopts = []
    if not options['--cache'] and files is None:
        extraopts.append('-E')
    docpath = os.path.join(throot, 'doc')
    inopt = [docpath, workdir]
    if files is not None:
        inopt.extend(files)
    ret = sphinx.build_main(['', '-b', builder] + extraopts + inopt)
    if ret != 0:
        sys.exit(ret)

 if options['--all'] or options['--rst']:
    mkdir("doc")
    sys.path[0:0] = [os.path.join(throot, 'doc')]
    call_sphinx('html', '.')

    if not options['--nopdf']:
        # Generate latex file in a temp directory
        import tempfile
        #workdir = tempfile.mkdtemp()
        workdir = latexdir
        call_sphinx('latex', workdir)
        # Compile to PDF
        os.chdir(workdir)
        os.system('make')
        try:
            shutil.copy(os.path.join(workdir, 'sphinxgithub.pdf'),
↪outdir)
```

```python
                    os.chdir(outdir)
                    # remove the workdir folder
                    #shutil.rmtree(workdir)
            except OSError as e:
                print('OSError:', e)
            except IOError as e:
                print('IOError:', e)


    if options['--test']:
        mkdir("doc")
        sys.path[0:0] = [os.path.join(throot, 'doc')]
        call_sphinx('doctest', '.')

    # To go back to the original current directory.
    os.chdir(currentdir)

    # Reset THEANO_FLAGS
    os.environ['THEANO_FLAGS'] = env_th_flags
```

4.4.4 `Makefile` Wrapper

```makefile
all:
        python scripts/docgen.py
```

4.5 Full `docgen.py` Script

```python
##################################################################################
↪######
# I heavily borrowed, modified and used the configuration in docgen.py␣
↪of Theano
# package project. I will keep all the comments from Theano team and␣
↪the
# coryright of this file belongs to Theano team.
# reference:
#
# Theano repository: https://github.com/Theano/Theano
# docgen.py: https://github.com/Theano/Theano/blob/master/doc/scripts/
↪docgen.py
##################################################################################
↪#######
from __future__ import print_function
```

```python
import sys
import os
import shutil
import inspect
import getopt
from collections import defaultdict


if __name__ == '__main__':

    throot = os.path.abspath(
        os.path.join(sys.path[0], os.pardir, os.pardir))

    options = defaultdict(bool)
    opts, args = getopt.getopt(
        sys.argv[1:],
        'o:f:',
        ['rst', 'help', 'nopdf', 'cache', 'check', 'test'])
    options.update(dict([x, y or True] for x, y in opts))
    if options['--help']:
        print('Usage: %s [OPTIONS] [files...]' % sys.argv[0])
        print('  -o <dir>: output the html files in the specified dir')
        print('  --cache: use the doctree cache')
        print('  --rst: only compile the doc (requires sphinx)')
        print('  --nopdf: do not produce a PDF file from the doc, only␣
↪HTML')
        print('  --test: run all the code samples in the documentaton')
        print('  --check: treat warnings as errors')
        print('  --help: this help')
        print('If one or more files are specified after the options␣
↪then only '
              'those files will be built. Otherwise the whole tree is '
              'processed. Specifying files will implies --cache.')
        sys.exit(0)

    if not(options['--rst'] or options['--test']):
        # Default is now rst
        options['--rst'] = True

    def mkdir(path):
        try:
            os.mkdir(path)
        except OSError:
            pass

    # create the putput folder docs, since github page will use /docs␣
↪folder for Github page.
```

```python
    outdir = options['-o'] or (throot + '/docs')
    # create the output folder latex
    latexdir = options['-o'] or (throot + '/latex')

    files = None
    if len(args) != 0:
        files = [os.path.abspath(f) for f in args]
    currentdir = os.getcwd()
    mkdir(outdir)
    mkdir(latexdir)
    os.chdir(outdir)

    # add .nojekyll file to fix the github pages issues
    nojekyll_path = os.path.join(outdir, '.nojekyll')
    if not os.path.exists(nojekyll_path):
        os.makedirs(nojekyll_path)

    # Make sure the appropriate 'theano' directory is in the PYTHONPATH
    pythonpath = os.environ.get('PYTHONPATH', '')
    pythonpath = os.pathsep.join([throot, pythonpath])
    sys.path[0:0] = [throot]  # We must not use os.environ.

    # Make sure we don't use gpu to compile documentation
    env_th_flags = os.environ.get('THEANO_FLAGS', '')
    os.environ['THEANO_FLAGS'] = 'device=cpu,force_device=True'



    def call_sphinx(builder, workdir):
        import sphinx
        if options['--check']:
            extraopts = ['-W']
        else:
            extraopts = []
        if not options['--cache'] and files is None:
            extraopts.append('-E')
        docpath = os.path.join(throot, 'doc')
        inopt = [docpath, workdir]
        if files is not None:
            inopt.extend(files)
        ret = sphinx.build_main(['', '-b', builder] + extraopts +␣
↪inopt)
        if ret != 0:
            sys.exit(ret)
```

```python
    if options['--all'] or options['--rst']:
        mkdir("doc")
        sys.path[0:0] = [os.path.join(throot, 'doc')]
        call_sphinx('html', '.')

        if not options['--nopdf']:
            # Generate latex file in a temp directory
            import tempfile
            #workdir = tempfile.mkdtemp()
            workdir = latexdir
            call_sphinx('latex', workdir)
            # Compile to PDF
            os.chdir(workdir)
            os.system('make')
            try:
                shutil.copy(os.path.join(workdir, 'sphinxgithub.pdf'),␣
↪outdir)
                os.chdir(outdir)
                # remove the workdir folder
                #shutil.rmtree(workdir)
            except OSError as e:
                print('OSError:', e)
            except IOError as e:
                print('IOError:', e)

    if options['--test']:
        mkdir("doc")
        sys.path[0:0] = [os.path.join(throot, 'doc')]
        call_sphinx('doctest', '.')

    # To go back to the original current directory.
    os.chdir(currentdir)

    # Reset THEANO_FLAGS
    os.environ['THEANO_FLAGS'] = env_th_flags
```

RESTRUCTUREDTEXT MARKUP

Chinese proverb

Making full preparation will not delay your job but quicken the process. – old Chinese proverb

5.1 reStructuredText Primer

I would refer the reader to [Sphinx2019] and [Georg2018] for more details.

5.1.1 Sections

Sections are identified through their titles, which are marked up with adornment: "underlines" below the title text, or underlines and matching "overlines" above the title. More details can be found at: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#sections

reStructuredText:

```
==============
 Section Title
==============


Subsection Title
++++++++++++++


Subsubection Title
-----------------
```

5.1.2 Paragraphs

The paragraph is the most basic block in a reST document. Paragraphs are simply chunks of text separated by one or more blank lines. As in Python, indentation is significant in reST, so all lines of the same paragraph must be left-aligned to the **same level of indentation**. More details can be found at: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#paragraphs

1. **General Paragraphs**

reStructuredText:

```
This is the first demo paragraph. The blank line above
the first line is required; The blank line below the last
line is required.

This is the second demo paragraph. The blank line above
the first line is required; The blank line below the last
line is required.
```

Syntax diagram:

```
+-----------------------------+
| paragraph                   |
|                             |
+-----------------------------+


+-----------------------------+
| paragraph                   |
|                             |
+-----------------------------+
```

Result:

This is the first demo paragraph. The blank line above the first line is required; The blank line below the last line is required.

This is the second demo paragraph. The blank line above the first line is required; The blank line below the last line is required.

2. **Bullet Lists Paragraphs**

reStructuredText:

```
- This is the first bullet list item.  The blank line above the
  first list item is required; blank lines between list items
  (such as below this paragraph) are optional.

- This is the first paragraph in the second item in the list.
```

```
  This is the second paragraph in the second item in the list.
  The blank line above this paragraph is required.   The left edge
  of this paragraph lines up with the paragraph above, both
  indented relative to the bullet.

  - This is a sublist.   The bullet lines up with the left edge of
    the text blocks above.   A sublist is a new list so requires a
    blank line above and below.

  - This is a sublist.   The bullet lines up with the left edge of
the text blocks above.   A sublist is a new list so requires a
blank line above and below.

- This is the third item of the main list.

This paragraph is not part of the list.
```

Syntax diagram:

```
+------+----------------------+
| "- " | list item            |
+------| (body elements)+     |
       +----------------------+
```

Result:

- This is the first bullet list item. The blank line above the first list item is required; blank lines between list items (such as below this paragraph) are optional.

- This is the first paragraph in the second item in the list.

  This is the second paragraph in the second item in the list. The blank line above this paragraph is required. The left edge of this paragraph lines up with the paragraph above, both indented relative to the bullet.

  - This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.

  - This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.

- This is the third item of the main list.

This paragraph is not part of the list.

3. **Bullet Lists Paragraphs**

reStructuredText:

```
1. This is the first bullet list item.  The blank line above the
   first list item is required; blank lines between list items
   (such as below this paragraph) are optional.

2. This is the first paragraph in the second item in the list.

   This is the second paragraph in the second item in the list.
   The blank line above this paragraph is required.  The left edge
   of this paragraph lines up with the paragraph above, both
   indented relative to the bullet.

   a. This is a sublist.  The bullet lines up with the left edge of
      the text blocks above.  A sublist is a new list so requires a
      blank line above and below.

   b. This is a sublist.  The bullet lines up with the left edge of
      the text blocks above.  A sublist is a new list so requires a
      blank line above and below.


3. This is the third item of the main list.
```

Result:

1. This is the first bullet list item. The blank line above the first list item is required; blank lines between list items (such as below this paragraph) are optional.

2. This is the first paragraph in the second item in the list.

   This is the second paragraph in the second item in the list. The blank line above this paragraph is required. The left edge of this paragraph lines up with the paragraph above, both indented relative to the bullet.

   a. **This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of** the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.

   b. **This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of** the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.

3. This is the third item of the main list.

Syntax diagram:

```
+-------+---------------------+
| "1. " | list item           |
+-------|  (body elements)+   |
        +---------------------+
```

Result:

1. This is the first bullet list item. The blank line above the first list item is required; blank lines between list items (such as below this paragraph) are optional.

2. This is the first paragraph in the second item in the list.

   This is the second paragraph in the second item in the list. The blank line above this paragraph is required. The left edge of this paragraph lines up with the paragraph above, both indented relative to the bullet.

   a. This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.

   b. This is a sublist. The bullet lines up with the left edge of the text blocks above. A sublist is a new list so requires a blank line above and below.

3. This is the third item of the main list.

4. **Blocked Paragraphs**

a. **Line Blocks**

reStructuredText:

```
Take it away, Eric the Orchestra Leader!

    | A one, two, a one two three four
    |
    | Half a bee, philosophically,
    |     must, *ipso facto*, half not be.
    | But half the bee has got to be,
    |     *vis a vis* its entity.  D'you see?
    |
    | But can a bee be said to be
    |     or not to be an entire bee,
    |         when half the bee is not a bee,
    |             due to some ancient injury?
    |
    | Singing...
```

Syntax diagram:

```
+------+----------------------+
| "| " | line                 |
+------| continuation line    |
       +----------------------+
```

Result:

Take it away, Eric the Orchestra Leader!

A one, two, a one two three four

> Half a bee, philosophically,
>> must, *ipso facto*, half not be.
> But half the bee has got to be,
>> *vis a vis* its entity. D'you see?
>
> But can a bee be said to be
>> or not to be an entire bee,
>>> when half the bee is not a bee,
>>>> due to some ancient injury?
>
> Singing…

5. **Doctest Blocks**

reStructuredText:

```
This is an ordinary paragraph.

>>> print 'this is a Doctest block'
this is a Doctest block

The following is a literal block::

    >>> This is not recognized as a doctest block by
    reStructuredText.  It *will* be recognized by the doctest
    module, though!
```

Result:

This is an ordinary paragraph.

```
>>> print 'this is a Doctest block'
this is a Doctest block
```

The following is a literal block:

```
>>> This is not recognized as a doctest block by
reStructuredText.  It *will* be recognized by the doctest
module, though!
```

3. **Field Lists**

reStructuredText:

```
:Date: 2001-08-16
:Version: 1
:Authors: - Me
          - Myself
          - I
:Indentation: Since the field marker may be quite long, the second
    and subsequent lines of the field body do not have to line up
    with the first line, but they must be indented relative to the
    field name marker, and they must line up with each other.
:Parameter i: integer
```

Result:

> **Date** 2001-08-16
>
> **Version** 1
>
> **Authors**
>
> > - Me
> >
> > - Myself
> >
> > - I
>
> **Indentation** Since the field marker may be quite long, the second and subsequent
> > lines of the field body do not have to line up with the first line, but they must be
> > indented relative to the field name marker, and they must line up with each other.
>
> **Parameter i** integer

5.1.3 Table

More details can be found at: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/restructuredtext.html#grid-tables

1. **Grid Tables**

reStructuredText:

```
+------------------------+------------+----------+----------+
| Header row, column 1   | Header 2   | Header 3 | Header 4 |
| (header rows optional) |            |          |          |
+========================+============+==========+==========+
| body row 1, column 1   | column 2   | column 3 | column 4 |
+------------------------+------------+----------+----------+
| body row 2             | Cells may span columns.          |
+------------------------+------------+---------------------+
| body row 3             | Cells may  | - Table cells        |
```
(continues on next page)

```
+-----------------------+ span rows. | - contain           |
| body row 4            |            | - body elements.    |
+-----------------------+-----------+--------------------+
```

Result:

Header row, column 1 (header rows optional)	Header 2	Header 3	Header 4
body row 1, column 1	column 2	column 3	column 4
body row 2	Cells may span columns.		
body row 3	Cells may span rows.	• Table cells • contain
body row 4		• body elements.

2. **Simple Tables**

reStructuredText:

```
=====  =====  =======
  A      B     A and B
=====  =====  =======
False  False  False
True   False  False
False  True   False
True   True   True
=====  =====  =======
```

Result:

A	B	A and B
False	False	False
True	False	False
False	True	False
True	True	True

reStructuredText:

```
=====  =====
col 1  col 2
=====  =====
1      Second column of row 1.
2      Second column of row 2.
       Second line of paragraph.
```

```
3       - Second column of row 3.

        - Second item in bullet
          list (row 3, column 2).
\       Row 4; column 1 will be empty.
=====  =====
```

Result:

col 1	col 2
1	Second column of row 1.
2	Second column of row 2. Second line of paragraph.
3	• Second column of row 3. • Second item in bullet list (row 3, column 2).
	Row 4; column 1 will be empty.

3. **CSV Tables**

reStructuredText:

```
.. csv-table:: Frozen Delights!
   :header: "Treat", "Quantity", "Description"
   :widths: 15, 10, 30

   "Albatross", 2.99, "On a stick!"
   "Crunchy Frog", 1.49, "If we took the bones out, it wouldn't be
   crunchy, now would it?"
   "Gannet Ripple", 1.99, "On a stick!"
```

Table 1: Frozen Delights!

Treat	Quantity	Description
Albatross	2.99	On a stick!
Crunchy Frog	1.49	If we took the bones out, it wouldn't be crunchy, now would it?
Gannet Ripple	1.99	On a stick!

4. **List Tables**

reStructuredText:

```
.. list-table:: Frozen Delights!
   :widths: 15 10 30
   :header-rows: 1

   * - Treat
     - Quantity
     - Description
   * - Albatross
     - 2.99
     - On a stick!
   * - Crunchy Frog
     - 1.49
     - If we took the bones out, it wouldn't be
       crunchy, now would it?
   * - Gannet Ripple
     - 1.99
     - On a stick!
```

Table 2: Frozen Delights!

Treat	Quantity	Description
Albatross	2.99	On a stick!
Crunchy Frog	1.49	If we took the bones out, it wouldn't be crunchy, now would it?
Gannet Ripple	1.99	On a stick!

5.1.4 Images and Figures

There are two image directives: `imag` and `figure`. More details can be found at: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/directives.html#image.

1. **Simple import**

reStructuredText:

```
.. image:: images/boxp.png
```
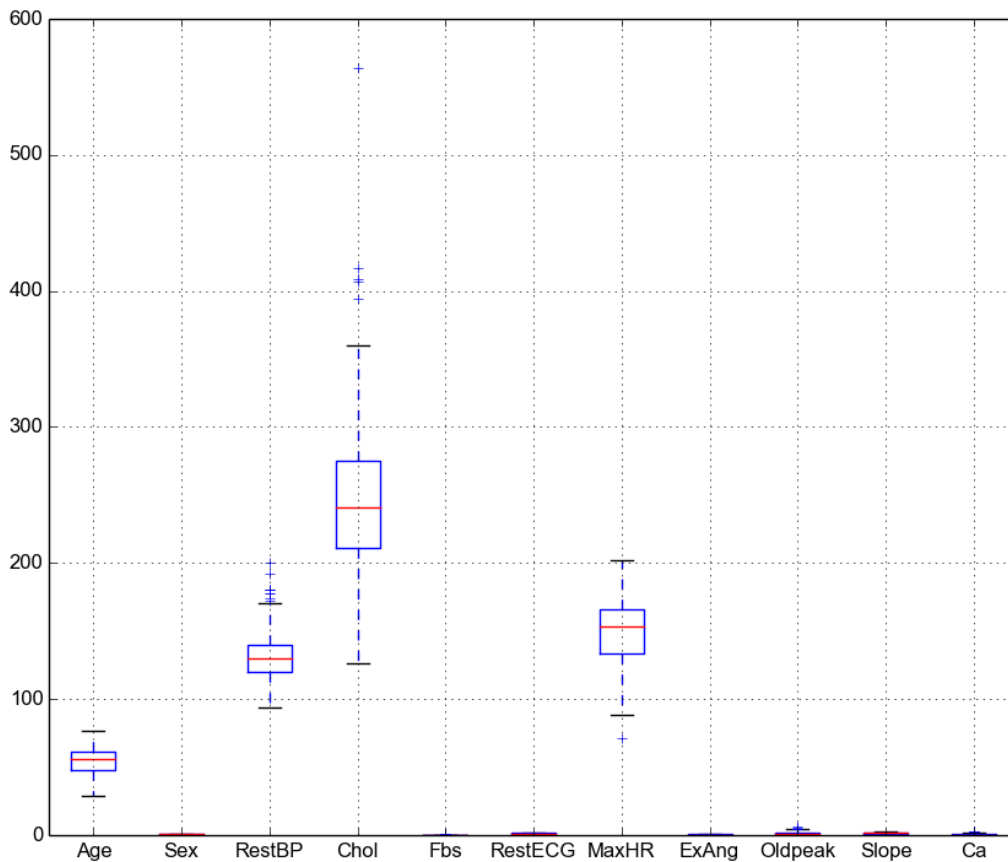
reStructuredText:

```
.. figure:: images/avg_rating_mon.png
   :scale: 50 %
   :alt: map to buried treasure

   This is the caption of the figure (a simple paragraph).
```

2. **Complex import**

reStructuredText:

```
.. figure:: images/boxp.png
   :height: 400 px
   :width: 800 px
   :scale: 50 %
   :alt: alternate text
   :align: right
```

(continues on next page)
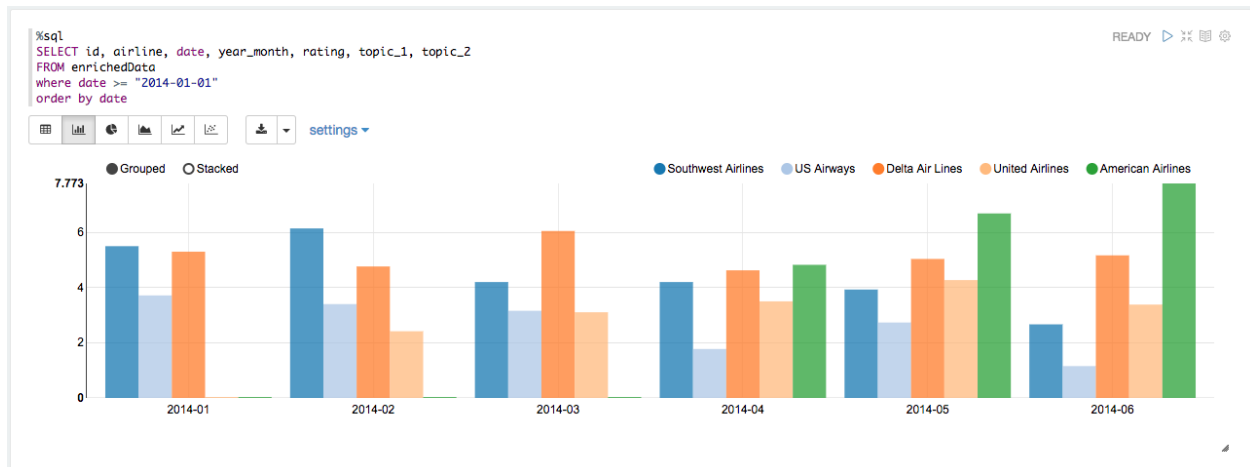
Fig. 1: This is the caption of the figure (a simple paragraph).

```
   This is the caption of the figure (a simple paragraph).

Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures

.. figure:: images/boxp.png
   :height: 400 px
   :width: 800 px
   :scale: 50 %
   :alt: alternate text
   :align: center

   This is the caption of the figure (a simple paragraph).

Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
```

```
.. figure:: images/boxp.png
   :height: 400 px
   :width: 800 px
   :scale: 50 %
   :alt: alternate text
   :align: left

   This is the caption of the figure (a simple paragraph).

Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and␣
↪Figures Images and Figures
```

Result:
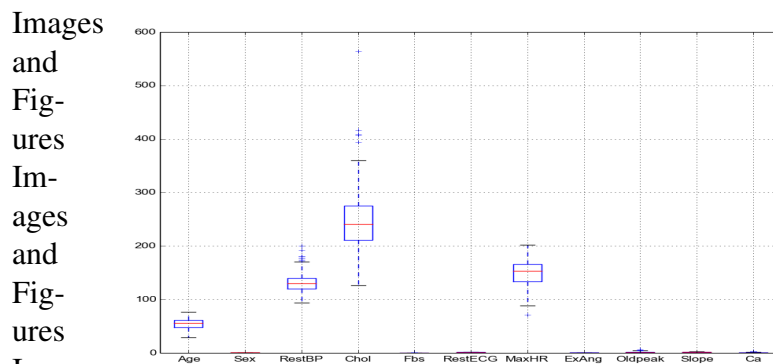
Images and Fig- ures Im- ages and Fig- ures Im- ages and

Fig. 2: This is the caption of the figure (a simple paragraph).

Fig- ures

Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures

Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures
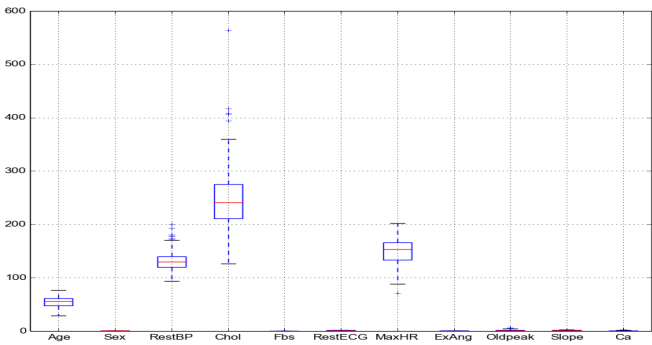
Fig. 3: This is the caption of the figure (a simple paragraph).

Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures
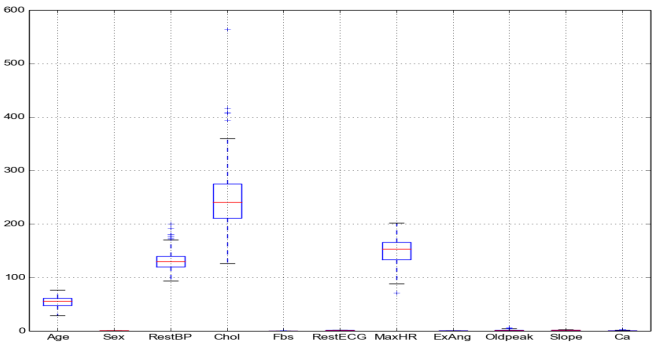
Fig. 4: This is the caption of the figure (a simple paragraph).

Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and
Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images
and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures
Images and Figures Images and Figures Images and Figures

3. **Figures in table**

reStructuredText:

```
+-----------------------------+------------------------+
| Figures                     | Description            |
+=============================+========================+
| .. figure:: images/corr.png | Figure 1: test         |
|    :scale: 20 %             |                        |
```

(continues on next page)

```
+----------------------------+----------------------+
| .. image:: images/corr.png | Figure 2: test       |
|     :scale: 20 %           |                      |
+----------------------------+----------------------+
| .. image:: images/corr.png | Figure 3: test       |
|     :scale: 20 %           |                      |
+----------------------------+----------------------+
```

Result:

Figures	Description
	Figure 1: test
	Figure 2: test
	Figure 3: test

5.1.5 Math

The math role marks its content as mathematical notation (inline formula). More details can be found at: http://www.sphinx-doc.org/es/stable/ext/math.html.

The input language for mathematics is LaTeX markup. I will not do a LaTex tutorial as here.

1. **Inline formula**

reStructuredText:

```
The area of a circle is :math:`A_\text{c} = (\pi/4) d^2`.
```

RFesult:

The area of a circle is $A_\text{c} = (\pi/4)d^2$.

2. **Equations**

reStructuredText:

```
.. math::
   :label: eq_lin_cost_func

   \min _{\beta\in \mathbb {R} ^{p}}{\frac {1}{n}}\|{\hat {X}}
→\beta-{\hat {Y}}\|^{2}

The equation :eq:`eq_lin_cost_func` is the cost function for linear␣
→regression.
```

Result:

$$\min_{\beta \in \mathbb{R}^p} \frac{1}{n} \|\hat{X}\beta - \hat{Y}\|^2 \tag{5.1}$$

The equation (5.1) is the cost function for linear regression.

3. **User defined symbol and equation**

Add your definitions to the `latex_elements['preamble']` and `imgmath_latex_preamble`, then you can apply your own notations for symbol and equtions.

my definitions for $\mathcal{B}$ symbol and $e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$ equation:

```
'\\def\\B{{\\bf \\mathcal B}}\n'+ \
'\\def\\euler{\ e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0}\n'
```

reStructuredText:

```
The is a test for the user defined math symbol: :math:`\B`.

The is a test for the user defined math equation:

.. math::

      \euler
```

The is a test for the user defined math symbol: $\mathcal{B}$.

The is a test for the user defined math equation:

$$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0$$

4. **More examples**

reStructuredText:

```
.. math::

        f(x)
        =
        \Biggl \lbrace
        {
        0,\text{ if }
            { x >0}
        \atop
        1 \text{ otherwise }
        }

.. math::

   (a + b)^2  &=  (a + b)(a + b) \\
              &=  a^2 + 2ab + b^2

.. math::
   :nowrap:

   \begin{eqnarray}
       y    & = & ax^2 + bx + c \nonumber\\
       f(x) & = & x^2 + 2xy + y^2\nonumber
   \end{eqnarray}

.. math:: e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0
   :label: euler
```

Result:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, \text{ if } x > 0 \\ 1 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (a+b)^2 &= (a+b)(a+b) \\ &= a^2 + 2ab + b^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= ax^2 + bx + c \\ f(x) &= x^2 + 2xy + y^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0 \tag{5.2}$$

5.1.6 Source Codes

1. **Source code block**

reStructuredText:

```
.. code-block:: python

    '''
    This is a source Python code demo for Sphinx.
    @date:  Apr 25, 2016
    @author: Wenqiang Feng
    '''
    import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from pandas.tools.plotting import scatter_matrix
    from docutils.parsers.rst.directives import path


    if __name__ == '__main__':

        print("This is a source Python code demo for Sphinx.")
```

Result:

```
'''
This is a source Python code demo for Sphinx.
@date:  Apr 25, 2016
@author: Wenqiang Feng
'''
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from pandas.tools.plotting import scatter_matrix
from docutils.parsers.rst.directives import path


if __name__ == '__main__':

    print("This is a source Python code demo for Sphinx.")
```

reStructuredText:

```
.. code-block:: r

    '''
```

(continues on next page)

```
        This is a source R code demo for Sphinx.
        @date:  Apr 25, 2016
        @author: Wenqiang Feng
        '''

        library(reshape2)
        library(ggplot2)

        # import data
        d <- melt(diamonds[,-c(2:4)])
        # plot histogram
        ggplot(d,aes(x = value)) +
          facet_wrap(~variable,scales = "free_x") +
          geom_histogram()

        print("This is a source R code demo for Sphinx.")
```

```
'''
This is a source R code demo for Sphinx.
@date:  Apr 25, 2016
@author: Wenqiang Feng
'''

library(reshape2)
library(ggplot2)

# import data
d <- melt(diamonds[,-c(2:4)])
# plot histogram
ggplot(d,aes(x = value)) +
  facet_wrap(~variable,scales = "free_x") +
  geom_histogram()

print("This is a source R code demo for Sphinx.")
```

2. **Source code import**

   - **Python Source code**

reStructuredText:

```
.. literalinclude:: code/sourceCodePy.py
    :language: python
```

Result:

```
'''
This is a source Python code demo for Sphinx.
@date:  Apr 25, 2016
@author: Wenqiang Feng
'''
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from pandas.tools.plotting import scatter_matrix
from docutils.parsers.rst.directives import path


if __name__ == '__main__':

    print("This is a source Python code demo for Sphinx.")
```

- **R Source code**

reStructuredText:

```
.. literalinclude:: code/sourceCodeR.R
      :language: r
```

Result:

```
'''
This is a source R code demo for Sphinx.
@date:  Apr 25, 2016
@author: Wenqiang Feng
'''

library(reshape2)
library(ggplot2)

# import data
d <- melt(diamonds[,-c(2:4)])
# plot histogram
ggplot(d,aes(x = value)) +
  facet_wrap(~variable,scales = "free_x") +
  geom_histogram()

print("This is a source R code demo for Sphinx.")
```

5.1.7 Reference

1. **Paper reference**

reStructuredText:

```
.. [Ref] Book or article reference, URL or whatever.

Lorem ipsum [Ref]_ dolor sit amet.
```

Result:

Lorem ipsum [Ref] dolor sit amet.

I would refer the reader to [Sphinx2019] for more details.

2. **Equation reference**

reStructuredText:

```
.. math::
   :label: eq_condition

       f(x)
       =
       \Biggl \lbrace
       {
       0,\text{ if }
          { x >0}
       \atop
       1 \text{ otherwise }
       }

The Equation :eq:`eq_condition` is the definition of :math:`f(x)`.
```

Result:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0, \text{ if } x > 0 \\ 1 \text{ otherwise} \end{cases} \tag{5.3}$$

The Equation (5.3) is the definition of $f(x)$.

4. **Figure reference**

reStructuredText:

```
.. _fig_hist_demo:
.. figure:: images/avg_rating_mon.png
   :scale: 50 %
   :alt: map to buried treasure

   The histogram of the gouped dataset

The Figure. :ref:`fig_hist_demo` is the histogram of the gouped
↪dataset.
```
(continues on next page)

Result:
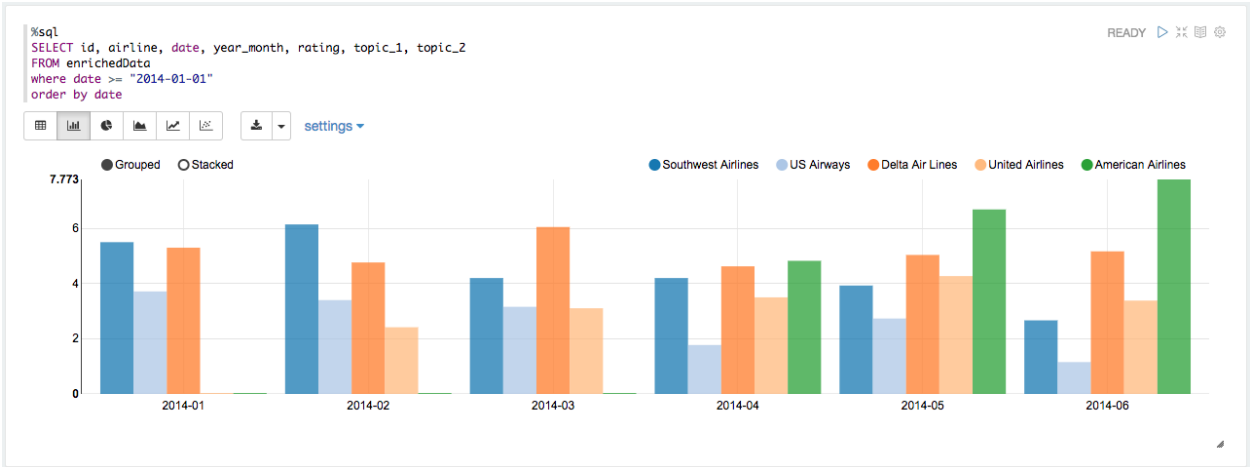
Fig. 5: The histogram of the gouped dataset

The Figure. *The histogram of the gouped dataset* is the histogram of the gouped dataset.

5. **Table reference**

reStructuredText:

```
.. _table_demo:
.. table:: The general table demo

        +-----------------------+------------+----------+----------+
        | Header row, column 1  | Header 2   | Header 3 | Header 4 |
        | (header rows optional)|            |          |          |
        +=======================+============+==========+==========+
        | body row 1, column 1  | column 2   | column 3 | column 4 |
        +-----------------------+------------+----------+----------+
        | body row 2            | Cells may span columns.          |
        +-----------------------+------------+---------------------+
        | body row 3            | Cells may  | - Table cells       |
        +-----------------------+ span rows. | - contain           |
        | body row 4            |            | - body elements.    |
        +-----------------------+------------+---------------------+

Please see the above Table. :ref:`table_demo`.
```

Result:

Table 3: The general table demo

Header row, column 1 (header rows optional)	Header 2	Header 3	Header 4
body row 1, column 1	column 2	column 3	column 4
body row 2	Cells may span columns.		
body row 3	Cells may span rows.	• Table cells	
body row 4		• contain	
		• body elements.	

Please see the above Table. *The general table demo*.

6. **Footnotes**

reStructuredText:

```
Lorem ipsum [#f1]_ dolor sit amet ... [#f2]_

.. rubric:: Footnotes

.. [#f1] Text of the first footnote.
.. [#f2] Text of the second footnote.
```

Result:

Lorem ipsum[1] dolor sit amet ...[2]

7. **Hyperlinks**

   • General hyperlink

reStructuredText:

```
You are more than welcome to visit my personal webpage: `Feng Website`_
↪.

.. _Feng Website: http://web.utk.edu/~wfeng1/
```

Result:

You are more than welcome to visit my personal webpage: Feng Website.

   • Embeded Youtube link:

reStructuredText:

---

[1] Text of the first footnote.
[2] Text of the second footnote.

```
.. raw:: html

    <iframe width="700" height="315"
    src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/mrEee4bhc7Y"
    frameborder="0" allowfullscreen></iframe>
```

Result:

> **Warning:** You have to use the hyperlink: `https://www.youtube.com/embed/` + `name`.

5.2 Roles

A role or "custom interpreted text role" is an inline piece of explicit markup. It signifies that that the enclosed text should be interpreted in a specific way. Sphinx uses this to provide semantic markup and cross-referencing of identifiers, as described in the appropriate section. More details can be found at: http://docutils.sourceforge.net/docs/ref/rst/roles.html#customization

5.2.1 Standard Roles

- **Line markup**

reStructuredText:

```
* emphasis - equivalent of *emphasis*

* strong - equivalent of **strong**

* literal - equivalent of ``literal``

* subscript - H\ :sub:`2`\ O

* superscript - E = mc\ :sup:`2`

* title-reference - for titles of books, periodicals, and other
↪materials
```

Result:

- emphasis – equivalent of *emphasis*

- strong – equivalent of **strong**

- literal – equivalent of `literal`

- subscript – H_2O

- superscript – $E = mc^2$

- title-reference – for titles of books, periodicals, and other materials

5.2.2 Specialized Roles

- **raw**

reStructuredText:

```
.. raw:: html

   <iframe width="700" height="315"
   src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/2Mg8QD0F1dQ"
   frameborder="0" allowfullscreen></iframe>
```

Result:

reStructuredText:

```
.. role:: raw-html(raw)
   :format: html

If there just *has* to be a line break here,
:raw-html:`<br />`
it can be accomplished with a "raw"-derived role.
But the line block syntax should be considered first.
```

Result:

If there just *has* to be a line break here,

it can be accomplished with a "raw"-derived role. But the line block syntax should be considered first.

- **replace**

reStructuredText:

```
.. |sphx| replace:: Sphinx
.. |reST| replace:: reStructuredText

|reST| is awesome!
```

Sphinx and reStructuredText are awesome!

5.3 Directives

A directive is a generic block of explicit markup. Along with roles, it is one of the extension mechanisms of reST, and Sphinx makes heavy use of it.

5.3.1 Admonitions

Admonitions: `attention, caution, danger, error, hint, important, note, tip, warning`

- **attention**

reStructuredText:

```
.. attention::

   You neen to pay attention at here!
```

Result:

> **Attention:** You neen to pay attention at here!

- **caution**

reStructuredText:

```
.. caution::

   This is a caution alert!
```

Restlut:

> **Caution:** This is a caution alert!

- **important**

reStructuredText:

```
.. important::

      This is important!
```

Result:

Important: This is important!

- **User defined admonition**

reStructuredText:

```
.. admonition:: User defined name

   You can make up your own admonition too.
```

Result:

User defined name

You can make up your own admonition too.

- **seealso**

reStructuredText:

```
.. seealso::

   The authoritative `reStructuredText User Documentation
   <http://docutils.sourceforge.net/rst.html>`_.  The "ref" links in␣
↪this
   document link to the description of the individual constructs in␣
↪the reST
   reference.
```

Result:

See also:

The authoritative reStructuredText User Documentation. The "ref" links in this document link to the description of the individual constructs in the reST reference.

See more details at Admonitions.

PUBLISHING ON GITHUB

Chinese proverb

sharing your happiness is much better than enjoying your happiness by your own.

6.1 Create reStructuredTexts

6.1.1 Create reStructuredTexts

Use the tips in *reStructuredText Markup* to create your reStructuredTexts. And out them in one folder, for example `doc`.

6.1.2 Add them in `index.rst`

```
========
Contents
========

.. toctree::
   :maxdepth: 2

   preface
   intro
   pkgs
   sphinx
   rtxt
   github
   reference
```
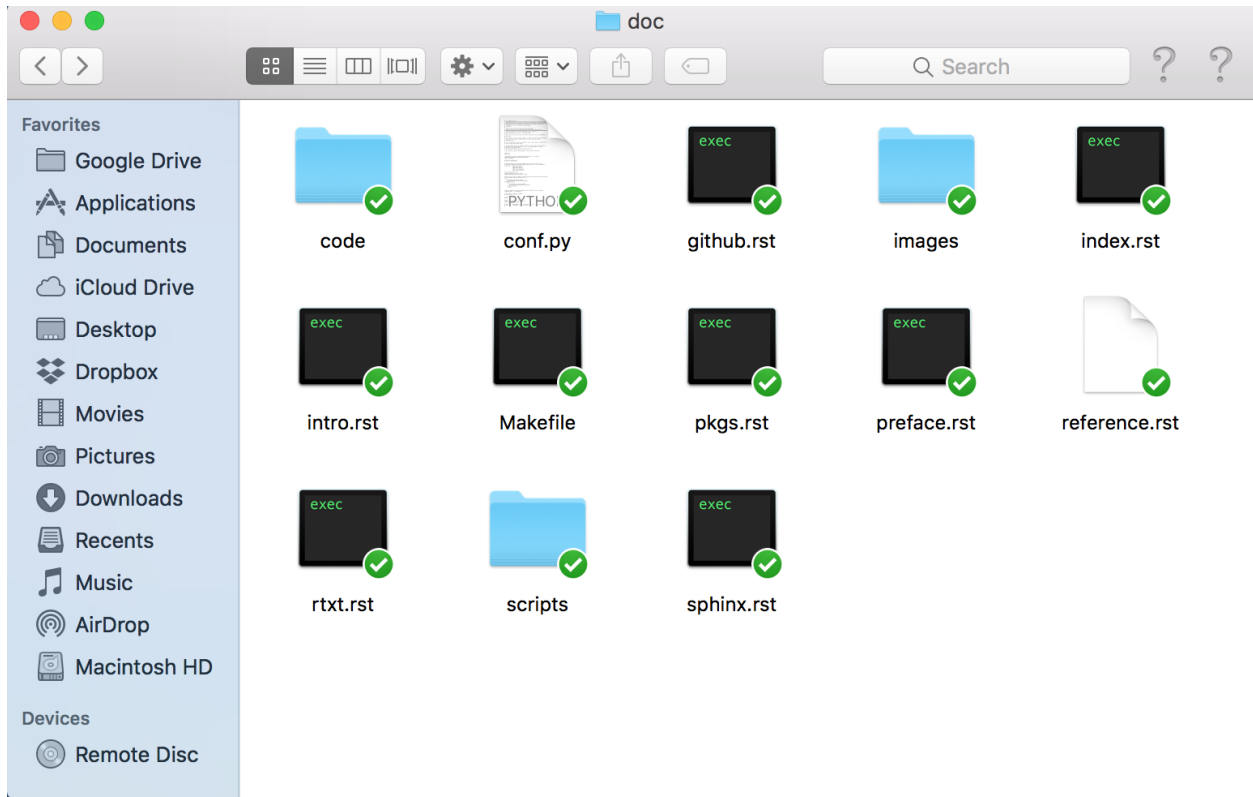
6.1.3 Compile the reStructuredTexts files

1. Change the directory to the folder

```
cd MyTutorial/SphinxGithub/doc
```

2. Compile

```
make
```

Then you should get two more folders: `docs` and `latex`.

6.2 Create Repository on Github

6.3 Commit reStructuredTexts folder to Repository

Open Terminal and do the following steps:

```
git init
```
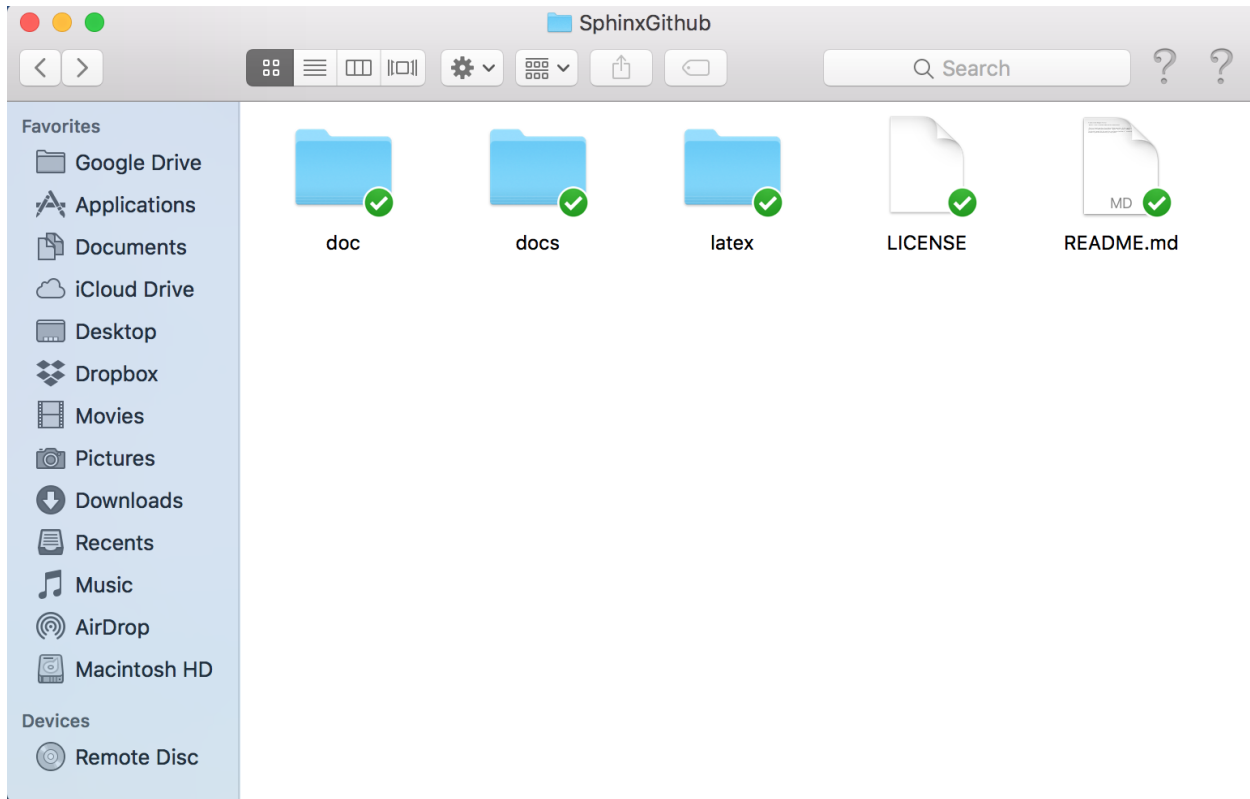
```
git add .
# Adds the files in the local repository and stages them for commit.␣
↪To unstage a file, use 'git reset HEAD YOUR-FILE'.

git commit -m "First commit"
# Commits the tracked changes and prepares them to be pushed to a␣
↪remote repository. To remove this commit and modify the file, use␣
↪'git reset --soft HEAD~1' and commit and add the file again.

git remote add origin remote repository URL
# Sets the new remote
git remote -v
# Verifies the new remote URL

git push -u origin master
# Pushes the changes in your local repository up to the remote␣
↪repository you specified as the origin
```

runawayhorse001

Repositories **15**   📋 Projects **0**

Create a new project

Coordinate, track, and update your work in one place, so projects stay transparent and on schedule.

Project board name

[Project board name]

Description (optional)

[   ]

Project template

Save yourself time with a pre-configured project board template.

[Template: **None** ▾]

Linked repositories

Search **runawayhorse001** to link repositories to this project for more accurate suggestions and better search results.

[📋 Search by repository name]

🔗 Linked repositories: None yet!

6.4 Setup Github Pages on Github

6.4.1 Repository

Once you commited your repository to the Github, you will get:

6.4.2 Setup Github Pages

1. **Go to Settings button in your repository**

2. **Set up the Github pages source**

3. **Enjoy your Github Pages**

runawayhorse001 / **SphinxGithub**

Unwatch ▾ 1   ★ Unstar 1   Fork 0

‹› Code   ⓘ Issues 0   ⏸ Pull requests 0   ▦ Projects 0   ▤ Wiki   ▦ Insights   ⚙ Settings

Options	Settings
Collaborators	
Branches	**Repository name**
Webhooks	SphinxGithub Rename
Notifications	
Integrations & services	**Features**
Deploy keys	
Moderation	☑ **Wikis**
Interaction limits	GitHub Wikis is a simple way to let others contribute content. Any GitHub user can create and edit pages to use for documentation, examples, support, or anything you wish.
	☑ **Restrict editing to collaborators only**
	Public wikis will still be readable by everyone.

GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository.

✓ Your site is published at https://runawayhorse001.github.io/SphinxGithub/

Source
Your GitHub Pages site is currently being built from the `/docs` folder in the `master` branch. Learn more.

master branch /docs folder ▾   Save

Select source   ✕

master branch
Use the `master` branch for GitHub Pages.

✓ **master branch /docs folder**
Use only the `/docs` folder for GitHub Pages.

None
Disable GitHub Pages.

✓ **Enforce HTTPS**
— Required for your site because you are using the default domain (`runawayhorse001.github.io`)

HTTPS provides a layer of encryption that prevents others from snooping on or tampering with traffic to your site. When HTTPS is enforced, your site will only be served over HTTPS. Learn more.

MAIN REFERENCE

BIBLIOGRAPHY

[Ref]   Book or article reference, URL or whatever.

[Sphinx2019] Sphinx Team. SPHINX: Python Documentation Generator.

[Georg2018] Georg Brandl. Sphinx Documentation, Release 1.7.10+, 2018