

Tuning Machine Learning Algorithms with mlr3

mlr3tuning

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Intro

TUNING

- Behavior of most methods depends on hyperparameters
- We want to choose them so our algorithm performs well
- Good hyperparameters are data-dependent
- ⇒ We do black box optimization ("Try stuff and see what works")

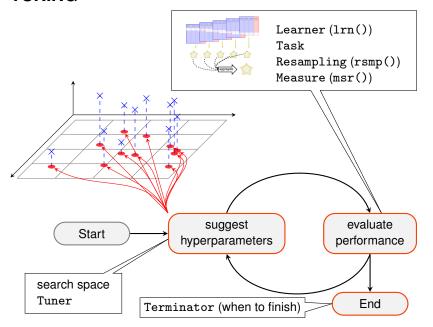
Tuning toolbox for mlr3:

```
library("bbotk")
library("mlr3tuning")
```

Tuning

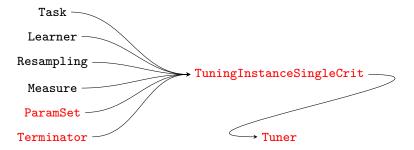
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TUNING

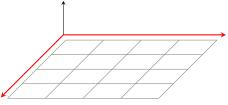


Tuning in mlr3

OBJECTS IN TUNING



SEARCH SPACE



```
ParamSet$new(list(param1, param2, ...))
```

```
Numerical parameter ParamDbl$new(id, lower, upper)
Integer parameter ParamInt$new(id, lower, upper)
Discrete parameter ParamFct$new(id, levels)
Logical parameter ParamLgl$new(id)
Untyped parameter ParamUty$new(id)
```

```
library("paradox")
searchspace_knn = ParamSet$new(list(
   ParamInt$new("k", 1, 20)
))
```

TERMINATION

- Tuning needs a *termination condition*: when to finish
- Terminator class
- mlr_terminators dictionary, trm() short form

```
• as.data.table(mlr_terminators)
  #> Key: <key>
  #>
                    key
  #>
                 <char>
  #> 1: clock_time
  #> 2:
                  combo
  #> 3:
                  evals
  #> 4:
                   none
  #> 5: perf_reached
  #> 6:
               run_time
  #> 7:
             stagnation
  #> 8: stagnation_batch
```

```
trm("evals", n_evals = 20)
#> <TerminatorEvals>
#> * Parameters: n_evals=20
```

TUNING METHOD

- need to choose a tuning method
- Tuner class
- mlr_tuners dictionary, tnr() short form

```
as.data.table(mlr_tuners)

#> Key: <key>
#> key

#> <char>
#> 1: design_points
#> 2: gensa
#> 3: grid_search
#> 4: nloptr
#> 5: random_search
```

TUNING METHOD

• load Tuner with tnr(), set parameters

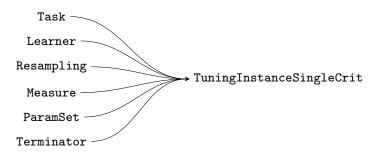
```
gsearch = tnr("grid_search", resolution = 3)

print(gsearch)

#> <TunerGridSearch>
#> * Parameters: resolution=3, batch_size=1
#> * Parameter classes: ParamLgl, ParamInt, ParamDbl, ParamFct
#> * Properties: dependencies, single-crit, multi-crit
#> * Packages: -
```

• common parameter batch_size for parallelization

CALLING THE TUNER



```
inst = TuningInstanceSingleCrit$new(
  tsk("iris"), lrn("classif.kknn", kernel="rectangular"),
  rsmp("holdout"), msr("classif.ce"),
  searchspace_knn, trm("none")
)
```

CALLING THE TUNER

[10:23:07.819]

#> TNFO

```
gsearch$optimize(inst)
#> INFO
        [10:23:07.146] Starting to optimize 1 parameter(s) with '<Optim
#> INFO
        [10:23:07.168] Evaluating 1 configuration(s)
        [10:23:07.687] Result of batch 1:
#> INFO
#> INFO
        [10:23:07.688] k classif.ce resample_result
#> INFO
        #> INFO
        [10:23:07.689] Evaluating 1 configuration(s)
#> INFO
        [10:23:07.783] Result of batch 2:
        [10:23:07.785] k classif.ce resample_result
#> INFO
        [10:23:07.785] 1
#> INFO
                             0.06 <ResampleResult[18]>
        [10:23:07.786] Evaluating 1 configuration(s)
#> INFO
#> TNFO
        [10:23:07.814] Result of batch 3:
#> INFO
        [10:23:07.815] k classif.ce resample_result
        [10:23:07.815] 20 0.08 <ResampleResult[18]>
#> TNFO
#> TNFO
        [10:23:07.818] Finished optimizing after 3 evaluation(s)
#> INFO
        [10:23:07.819] Result:
        [10:23:07.819]
#> TNFO
                          k learner_param_vals x_domain classif.ce
#> INFO
        [10:23:07.819] <num>
                                       st>
                                                st>
                                                           <num>
```

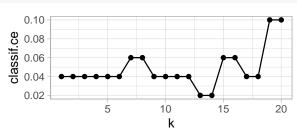
#> k learner_param_vals x_domain classif.ce
#> <num> <list> #> (list> <num>
#> 1: 10 <list[2]> <list[1]> Tu0ng0Mehine Learning Algorithms with mlr3 - 12/28

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<list[2]> <list[1]> 0.04

TUNING RESULTS

```
gsearch = tnr("grid_search", resolution = 20)
inst = TuningInstanceSingleCrit$new(
 tsk("iris"), lrn("classif.kknn", kernel="rectangular"), rsmp("holdout"),
 msr("classif.ce"),searchspace_knn, trm("none"))
gsearch$optimize(inst)
         k learner_param_vals x_domain classif.ce
#>
                       st>
                                st>
#>
     <n11m>
                                            <niim>
     14
                 <list[2]> <list[1]> 0.02
#> 1:
ggplot(inst$archive$data(unnest = "x_domain"),
 aes(x = k, y = classif.ce)) + geom_line() + geom_point()
```



RECAP

Parameter Transformation

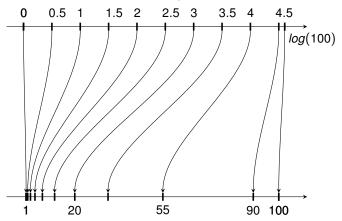
- Sometimes we do not want to sample evenly from a range
- k = 1 vs. k = 2 probably more interesting than k = 101 vs. k = 102
- ⇒ Transformations
 - Part of ParamSet

Example:

- sample from log(1)...log(100) (k_before_trafo)
- transform by exp() in trafo function
- on't forget to round (k must be integer)

```
searchspace_knn_trafo = ParamSet$new(list(
   ParamDbl$new("k_before_trafo", log(1), log(50))
))
searchspace_knn_trafo$trafo = function(x, param_set) {
   return(list(k = round(exp(x$k_before_trafo))))
}
```

What is our transformation doing?

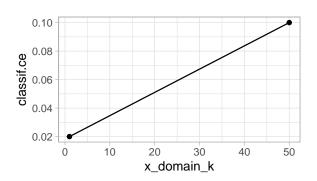


Tuning again...

```
inst$result

#> k_before_trafo learner_param_vals x_domain classif.ce
#> <num> to to <num> to <l>
```

```
ggplot(inst$archive$data(unnest = "x_domain"),
   aes(x = x_domain_k, y = classif.ce)) + geom_line() + geom_point()
```



Nested Resampling

- Need to perform nested resampling to estimate tuned learner performance
- ⇒ Treat tuning as if it were a Learner!
 - Training:
 - Tune model using (inner) resampling
 - Train final model with best parameters on all (i.e. outer resampling) data
 - Predicing: Just use final model
 - AutoTuner

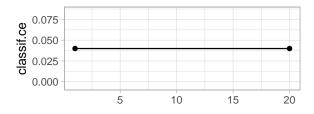
```
optlrn = AutoTuner$new(lrn("classif.kknn", kernel="rectangular"),
    rsmp("holdout"), msr("classif.ce"), searchspace_knn,
    trm("none"), tnr("grid_search", resolution = 2))
```

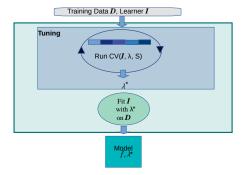
```
optlrn$train(tsk("iris"))
```

```
optlrn$model$learner

#> <LearnerClassifKKNN:classif.kknn>
#> * Model: list
#> * Parameters: kernel=rectangular, k=1
#> * Packages: kknn
#> * Predict Type: response
#> * Feature types: logical, integer, numeric, factor, ordered
#> * Properties: multiclass, twoclass
```

```
ggplot(optlrn$model$tuning_instance$archive$data(),
  aes(x = k, y = classif.ce)) + geom_line() + geom_point()
```





```
resample(tsk("iris"), optlrn, rsmp("holdout"))

#> <ResampleResult> of 1 iterations

#> * Task: iris

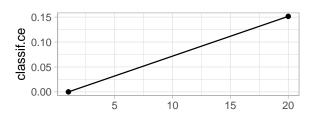
#> * Learner: classif.kknn.tuned

#> * Warnings: 0 in 0 iterations

#> * Errors: 0 in 0 iterations
```

```
result = resample(tsk("iris"), optlrn, rsmp("holdout"),
   store_models = TRUE)
```

```
ggplot(result$learners[[1]]$
    model$tuning_instance$archive$data(),
    aes(x = k, y = classif.ce)) + geom_line() + geom_point()
```



Aggregate performances of outer folds

```
result$aggregate()
#> classif.ce
#> 0.06
```

Retrieve inner tuning results

Outro

TUNING WITH MLR3TUNING

Tuning a Learner

- O Construct a TuningInstanceSingleCrit
 - Task—the Data to tune over
 - Learner—the algorithm to tune
 - Resampling—the resampling method to use
 - Measure—how to evaluate performance
 - ParamSet—the search space, possibly with trafo
 - Terminator—when to quit
- Oreate a Tuner
 - Usually using tnr()
 - May have some parameters, e.g. batch_size
- Gall tuner\$optimize()

Nested Resampling

- Construct an AutoTuner
 - Constructor takes all arguments of a TuningInstanceSingleCrit except Task
 - Also takes the Tuner as an argument
- Use like a normal Learner in resample() and benchmark()