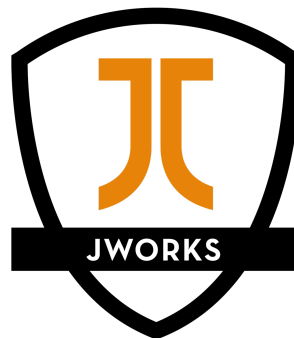


INTRODUCTION TO WEBPACK

MODULE BUNDLER



POWERED BY ORDINA

HI, MY NAME IS JAN.

Frontend Developer

Ordina Belgium

@Mr_Jean

<https://github.com/MrJean>

TOPICS

Introduction

Configuration

Integration with AngularJS & React

INTRODUCTION

WEBWHAT?

- Like Gulp or Grunt, but different
- Does more with less
- Fairly easy configuration
- Bundles files
- Uses JavaScript modules
- Reduces the amount of (XHR) requests

BASICS

```
$ npm install webpack -g  
$ webpack app.js bundle.js  
$ webpack app.js bundle.js --watch
```

REQUIRE A FILE

```
require('./filename') // CommonJS syntax
```

```
import {filename} from './filename' // ES6 syntax
```

Relative referral to filename.js

EXAMPLE 1

world.js

```
module.exports = 'world!';
```

hello.js

```
var world = require('./world');  
document.write('Hello' + world);
```

Run

```
$ webpack hello.js bundle.js
```


EXAMPLE 2

world.js

```
module.exports = {  
  sayWorld: function() {  
    return 'world!';  
  }  
}
```

hello.js

```
var world = require('./world');  
document.write('Hello ' + world.sayWorld());
```

Run

```
$ webpack hello.js bundle.js
```

WEBPACK-DEV-SERVER

- Use when you need HTTP
- Sets up webserver
- Serves files virtually (not from disk)
- Reloads browser when files change

WEBPACK-DEV-SERVER

Install

```
$ npm install webpack-dev-server -g
```

Run

```
$ webpack-dev-server
```

Needs `webpack.config.js` file

WEBPACK-DEV-SERVER

Default location gives status window with automatic reload

```
http://localhost:8080/webpack-dev-server/
```

Just the app and no reload

```
http://localhost:8080
```

Enable reload on `http://localhost:8080`

```
$ webpack-dev-server --inline
```

CONFIGURATION

WEBPACK.CONFIG.JS

- Plain JavaScript
- Use require to include modules or plugins
- Write own custom logic

WEBPACK.CONFIG.JS

```
module.exports = {  
  entry: ["/./hello"],  
  output: {  
    filename: "bundle.js"  
  }  
}
```

FLAT STRUCTURE

```
hello.js  
world.js  
index.html  
bundle.js  
webpack.config.js
```


MORE STRUCTURE

```
/js
  hello.js
  world.js
/public
  index.html
/build
  /js
    bundle.js
webpack.config.js
```

ENTRY

```
var path = require('path');  
  
module.exports = {  
  entry: ["./utils", "./hello"]  
}
```

The entry files webpack will use.

OUTPUT

```
var path = require('path');

module.exports = {
  output: {
    path: path.resolve('build/js/'),
    publicPath: '/public/assets/js/',
    filename: "bundle.js"
  }
}
```

path: location where webpack will build the files.

publicPath: location where webpack webserver serves files from, each request will be mapped to look up in **build/js/**.

CONTEXT

```
var path = require('path');  
  
module.exports = {  
  context: path.resolve('js')  
}
```

The base directory for resolving the entry option

DEVSERVER

```
var path = require('path');

module.exports = {
  devServer: {
    contentBase: 'public'
  }
}
```

contentBase: Defines the root of the server.

RESOLVE

```
var path = require('path');

module.exports = {
  resolve: {
    extensions: ['', '.js']
  }
}
```

Options affecting the resolving of modules.

WEBPACK.CONFIG.JS

```
var path = require('path');

module.exports = {
  context: path.resolve('js'),
  entry: ["/utils", "/hello"],
  output: {
    path: path.resolve('build/js/'),
    publicPath: '/public/assets/js/',
    filename: "bundle.js"
  },
  devServer: {
    contentBase: 'public'
  },
  resolve: {
    extensions: ['', '.js']
  }
}
```

LOADERS

- Loaders are pieces that transform files
- Used to teach webpack some new tricks
- Much like tasks in other build tools
- Preprocess files as you **require()** or "load" them

BABEL LOADER (ES6 - ES5)

```
$ npm install babel-core babel-loader babel-preset-es2015 --save-dev
```

- `babel-preset-es2015` is required
- `.babelrc` file required and must contain `{ "presets": ["es2015"] }`
- filetype is `.es6` when using ES6 (ES2015)
- run in strict mode `'use strict'`

INTEGRATING THE BABEL LOADER

```
module: {
  loaders: [
    {
      test: /\.es6$/,
      exclude: /node_modules/,
      loader: "babel-loader"
    }
  ]
},
resolve: {
  extensions: ['', '.js', '.es6']
}
```

PRELOADERS

- Just like loaders but ...
- Before executing your loaders
- Before building your bundles

JSHINT

```
$ npm install jshint jshint-loader --save-dev
```

- `.jshintrc` is required and contains `{}` by default

INTEGRATING JSHINT

```
module: {  
  preLoaders: [  
    {  
      test: /\.js$/,  
      exclude: /node_modules/,  
      loader: "jshint-loader"  
    }  
  ]  
}
```

PLUGINS

- Inject custom build steps (like a grunt task)
- Do things you can't do with loaders
- Work on the entire bundle

EXAMPLE: PROVIDE JQUERY

Install

```
$ npm install jquery --save
```

Make the jQuery object visible in every module, without requiring jQuery.

```
var webpack = require('webpack');
plugins: [
  new webpack.providePlugin({
    $: "jquery",
    jQuery: "jquery",
    "window.jQuery": "jquery"
  })
]
```

EXAMPLE: ADD BANNER (TIMESTAMP, ...)

Install

```
$ npm install timestamp-webpack-plugin --save-dev
```

```
var webpack = require('webpack');
var TimestampWebpackPlugin = require('timestamp-webpack-plugin');
plugins: [
  new TimestampWebpackPlugin({
    path: __dirname,
    filename: 'timestamp.json'
  }),

  new webpack.BannerPlugin("*****\nGenerated by web pack\n*****\n")
]
```


START SCRIPTS

No need to run `webpack jibber jabber` all the time

Use `package.json` to define a start script

```
"scripts": {  
  "start": "webpack-dev-server --inline"  
}
```

Run

```
$ npm start
```

PRODUCTION BUILDS?

Separate config files

Not easy to maintain

Guaranteed headache

RIGHT?

**YO DAWG I HEARD YOU LIKE
CONFIGS**

**SO I REQUIRED A CONFIG IN
YOUR CONFIG**

STRIP THINGS

Strip things from your files before going to production

```
$ npm install strip-loader --save-dev
```

MINIMISE + UGLIFY

Built into webpack

Use the **-p** flag

```
$ webpack -p
```

WEBPACK-PRODUCTION.CONFIG.JS

```
var WebpackStrip = require('strip-loader');
var devConfig = require('./webpack.config.js');
var stripLoader = {
  test: [/\.js$/, /\.es6$/],
  exclude: /node_modules/,
  loader: WebpackStrip.loader('console.log', 'perfLog')
}
devConfig.module.loaders.push(stripLoader);
module.exports = devConfig;
```

RUN IT

```
$ webpack --config webpack-production.config.js -p
```


SCRIPT IT

Add in `package.json`

```
"scripts": {  
  "prod": "webpack --config webpack-production.config.js -p"  
}
```

Run

```
$ npm run prod
```

DEBUGGING

Source maps

```
$ webpack -d
```

Debugger statement

```
debugger;
```

MULTIPLE BUNDLES

- Multiple HTML pages
- Lazy loading
- Resources per page

MULTIPLE BUNDLES

```
module.exports = {  
  context: path.resolve('js'),  
  entry: {  
    about: './about_page.js',  
    home: './home_page.js',  
    contact: './contact_page.js'  
  },  
  output: {  
    filename: "[name].js"  
  }  
}
```

SHARED CODE

Using the **CommonsChunkPlugin** which generates an extra chunk, which contains common modules shared between entry points.

```
var webpack = require('webpack');
var commonsPlugin = new webpack.optimize.CommonsChunkPlugin('shared.js');

module.exports = {
  context: path.resolve('js'),
  entry: {
    about: './about_page.js',
    home: './home_page.js',
    contact: './contact_page.js'
  },
  output: {
    filename: "[name].js"
  },
  plugins: [
    commonsPlugin
  ]
}
```

INTEGRATING STYLES

- `css-loader`
- `style-loader`
- Require/import css files
- CSS integrated in bundle
- Less network requests
- **`css-loader`** adds inline style tags in the head of the page

IMPLEMENT

Install node packages

```
npm install css-loader style-loader --save-dev
```

Add loader

```
{  
  test: /\.css$/,  
  exclude: /node_modules/,  
  loader: "style-loader!css-loader"  
}
```

Require

```
import {} from '../css/default.css'
```

USING SASS OR SCSS

Install node packages

```
npm install sass-loader --save-dev
```

Add loader

```
{  
  test: /\.css$/,  
  exclude: /node_modules/,  
  loader: "style-loader!css-loader!sass-loader"  
}
```

Use by requiring .scss file

USING LESS

Install

```
npm install less-loader --save-dev
```

Add loader

```
{  
  test: /\.css$/,  
  exclude: /node_modules/,  
  loader: "style-loader!css-loader!less-loader"  
}
```

Use by requiring .less file

SEPARATE CSS BUNDLES

Use separate files instead of inlined styles in the head.

```
npm install extract-text-webpack-plugin --save-dev
```

Include plugin and adapt **output** params

```
var ExtractTextPlugin = require('extract-text-webpack-plugin');

output: {
  path: path.resolve('build/'),
  publicPath: '/public/assets/'
}
```

Add plugin

```
plugins: [
  new ExtractTextPlugin('styles.css')
]
```

SEPARATE CSS BUNDLES

Adapt loaders

```
{
  test: /\.css$/,
  exclude: /node_modules/,
  loader: ExtractTextPlugin.extract("style-loader", "css-loader")
},
{
  test: /\.scss$/,
  exclude: /node_modules/,
  loader: ExtractTextPlugin.extract("style-loader", "css-loader!sass-loader")
}
```

AUTOPREFIXER

Install

```
npm install autoprefixer-loader --save-dev
```

Adapt loader

```
{  
  test: /\.css$/,  
  exclude: /node_modules/,  
  loader: ExtractTextPlugin.extract("style-loader", "css-loader!autoprefixer-loader"),  
},  
{  
  test: /\.scss$/,  
  exclude: /node_modules/,  
  loader: ExtractTextPlugin.extract("style-loader", "css-loader!autoprefixer-loader"),  
}
```

IMAGES

Webpack can add images to your build

Based on the limit, webpack will:

- Base64 encode inline the image
- Reference the image

IMAGES

Install

```
npm install url-loader --save-dev
```

Add the loader

```
{  
  test: /\. (png|jpg)$/,  
  exclude: /node_modules/,  
  loader: 'url-loader?limit=100000'  
}
```

ADDING FONTS

Also uses the `url-loader` loader.

Add extensions to the loader

```
{  
  test: /\. (png|jpg|ttf|eot)$/ ,  
  exclude: /node_modules/ ,  
  loader: 'url-loader?limit=100000'  
}
```

CUSTOM LOADERS

Install

```
$ npm install json-loader strip-json-comments --save-dev
```

Create file **strip.js** in **loaders** folder.

```
var stripComments = require('strip-json-comments');

module.exports = function(source) {
  this.cacheable();
  console.log('source', source);
  console.log('strippedSource', stripComments(source));
  return stripComments(source);
}
```


CUSTOM LOADERS

Implement loader

```
loaders: [  
  {  
    test: /\.json$/,  
    exclude: node_modules,  
    loader: 'json_loader!' + path.resolve('loaders/strip')  
  }  
]
```

INTEGRATION WITH ANGULARJS & REACT

ANGULARJS AND WEBPACK

AMD, CommonJS, ES6 are real module systems

The Angular 1 way is not really module based

GET STARTED

```
$ npm install angular webpack babel-loader --save-dev
```

WON'T WORK

Webpack cannot use global module var like so

```
var app = angular.module('app', []);  
app.controller();
```

WILL WORK

```
var angular = require('angular');  
var app = angular.module('app', []);  
angular.module('app').controller();
```

CREATE A DIRECTIVE, FACTORY, ...

```
module.exports = function(app) {  
  app.directive('helloWorld', function() {  
    return {  
      template: '<h1>Hello {{world}}</h1>',  
      restrict: 'E',  
      controller: function($scope) {  
        $scope.world = 'world!';  
      }  
    }  
  });  
}
```

INCLUDE DIRECTIVE

```
var angular = require('angular');  
var app = angular.module('app', []);  
require('./hello-world')(app);
```


ORGANISING AN ANGULARJS APP

`index.js` in subfolder

```
module.exports = function(app) {  
  require('./hello-world')(app);  
  require('./hello-jworks')(app);  
}
```

In `app.js`

```
require('./bands')(app)
```

ADDING TEMPLATES

Install

```
$ npm install raw-loader --save-dev
```

Add loader

```
{  
  test: /\.html$/,  
  exclude: /node_modules/,  
  loader: 'raw-loader'  
}
```

ADDING TEMPLATES

```
{  
  template: require('./hello-world.html')  
}
```

This way you can bundle the templates and prevent XHR requests.

REACT AND WEBPACK

Install

```
$ npm install react --save  
$ npm install babel-preset-react --save-dev
```

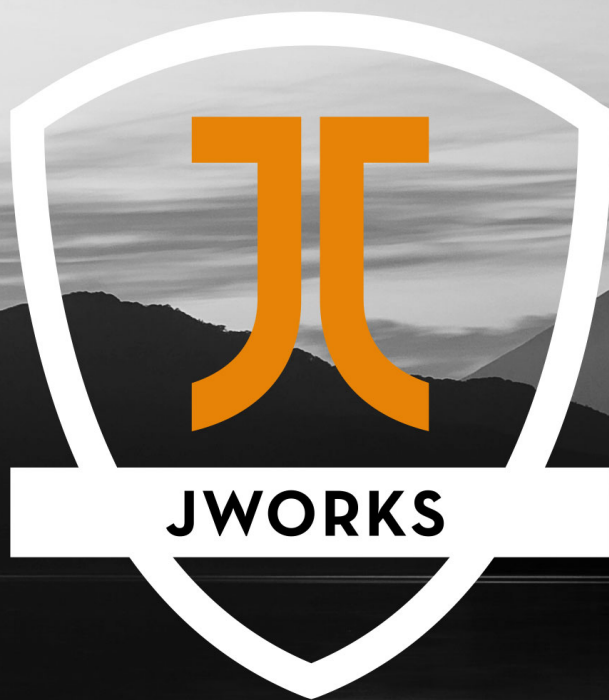
Add `.babelrc` file

```
{ "presets": ["es2015", "react"] }
```

Ready

THANKS FOR WATCHING!

Now kick some ass!



POWERED BY  ORDINA