# **Capstone Project Fish Species Analysis**

### **Introduction to Data Science**

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### **Library Calls**

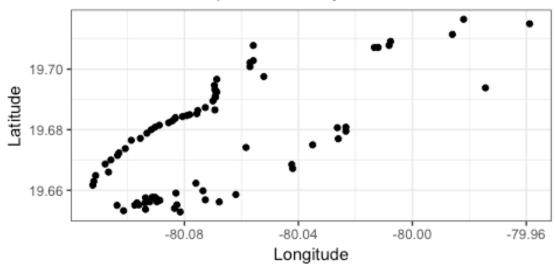
Load the necessary packages.

```
library(readr)
library(dplyr)
library(stringr)
library(ggplot2)
```

### **Simple Visualization**

Use the Zone\_Codes file to generate a plot showing the latitude and longitude of all of the dive sites surrounding Little Cayman.

### Coordinate Map of Little Cayman Island Dive Sites



#### **Data Preparation**

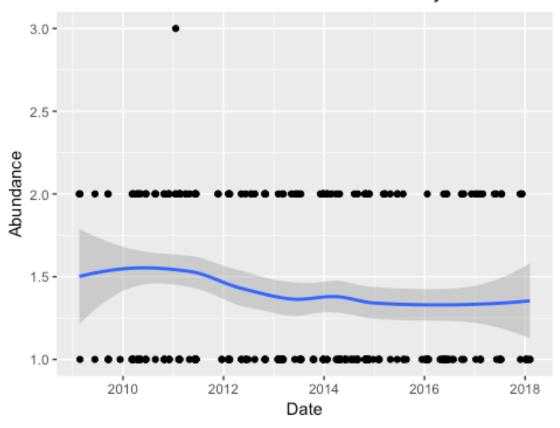
Load the data into a data frame. Remove all non-fish species by Family\_ID.

```
Little_Cayman <- read_csv("Little_Cayman.csv")
non_fish_family <- c(15, 20, 21, 23, 24, 43, 46, 47, 49, 58, 67, 71,
75, 111, 122)
LC <- Little_Cayman %>% filter(!(Family_ID %in% non_fish_family))
```

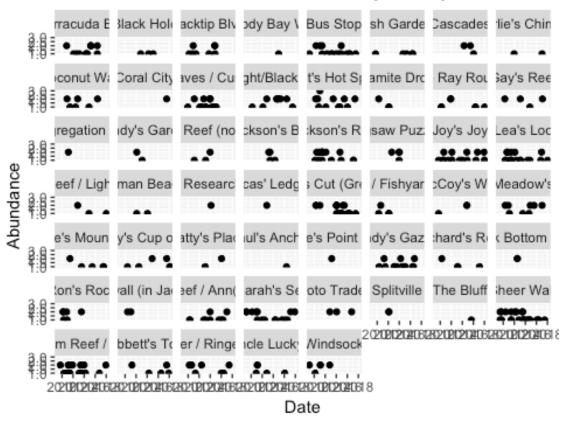
### **Lionfish Exploration**

Generate plots showing Lionfish abundance as a function of time. The first plot shows the Lionfish presence at all dive sites at Little Cayman. A smooth curve with corresponding confidence interval is added. The second plot shows the abundance vs. time for the Lionfish at the 53 dive sites where Lionfish have been observed.

# Abundance of Lionfish at Little Cayman

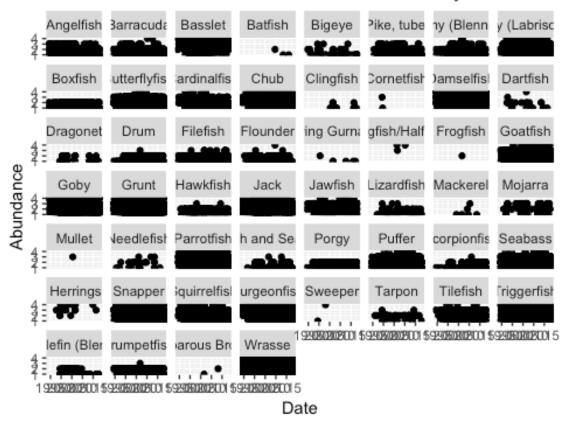




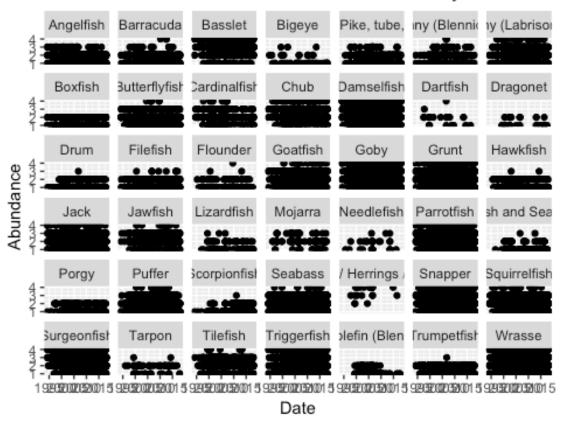


### **Fish Family Exploration for all Sites**

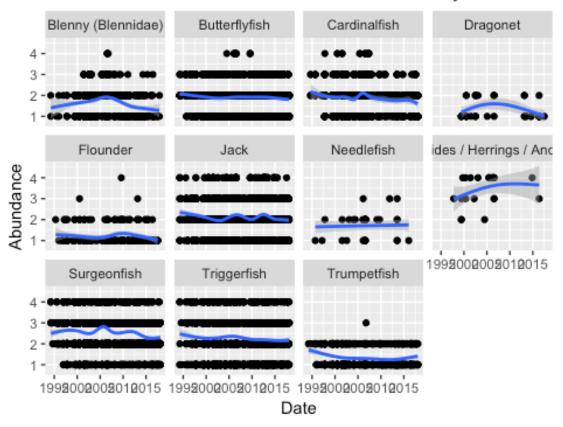
Generate plots of all fish families at all dive sites around Little Cayman using the Family\_Name.

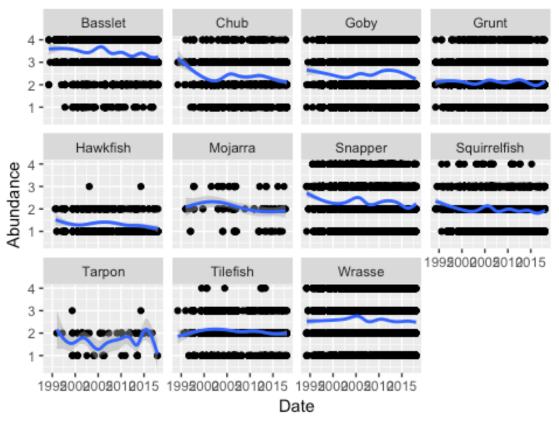


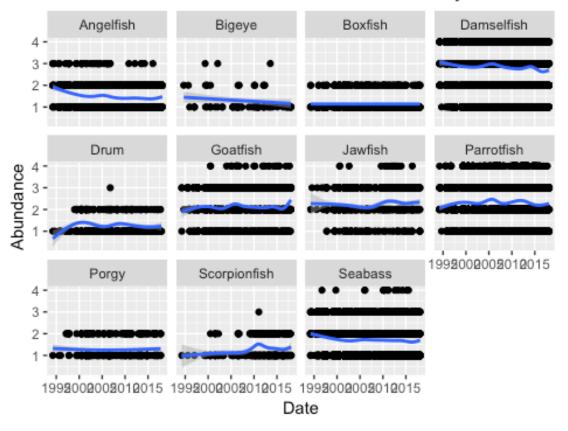
The plot with all 52 families is rather crowded. Several fish families are removed since there are fewer than 10 surveys for the entire family.

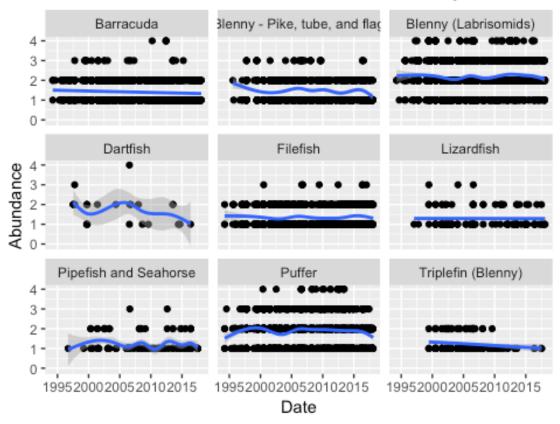


The plot with 42 families with more than 10 surveys per family is still too crowded. The following 4 plots show all species of several fish families plotted together with a smooth curve and confidence interval added.







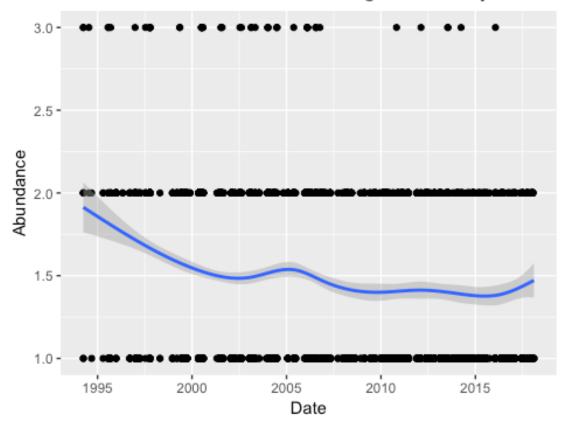


### **Fish Species Exploration for Specific Families**

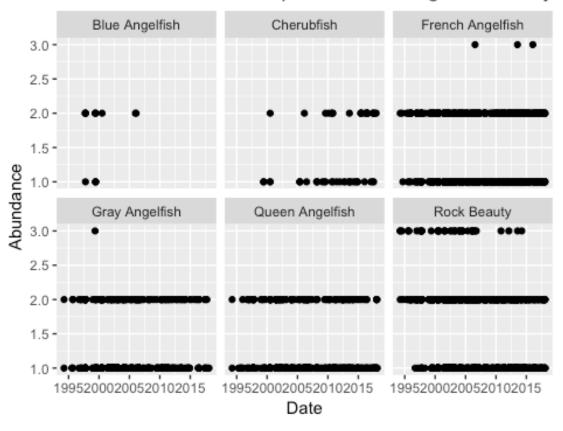
The following pairs of plots show the abundance vs. time for specific fish families. The first plot shows the entire family at all sites at Little Cayman. A smooth curve and confidence interval are added to this plot. The second plot shows all of the species within each family.

Grouper and Snapper are prime predators in the Caribbean waters. Grouper are part of the Seabass family. The juveniles of these species, the fish in the Goby family and the fish in the Wrasse family have small, cigar-shaped bodies, ideal prey for the Lionfish.

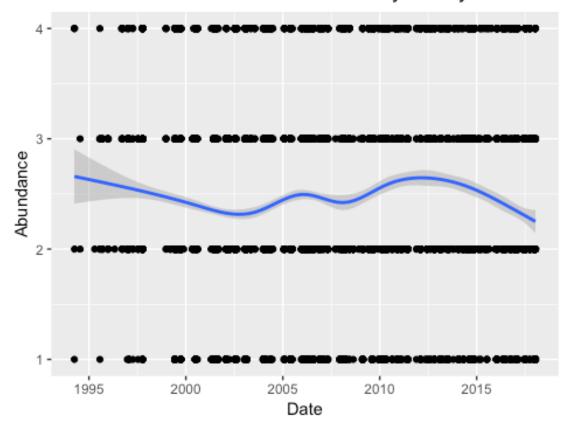
# Relative Abundance of Angelfish Family



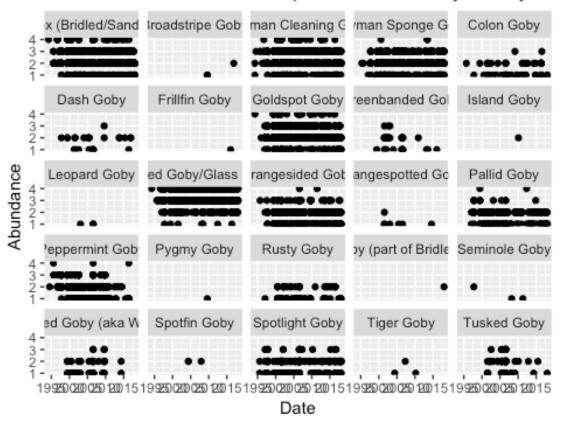
# Relative Abundance of Species in the Angelfish Family



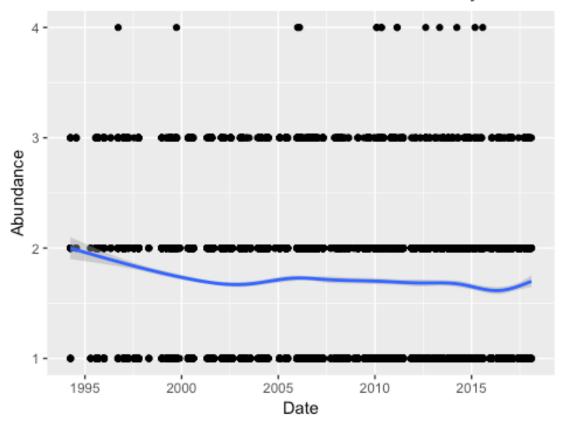
# Relative Abundance of Goby Family



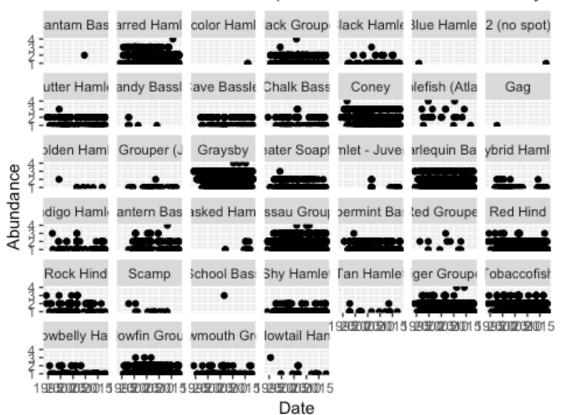
# Relative Abundance of Species in the Goby Family



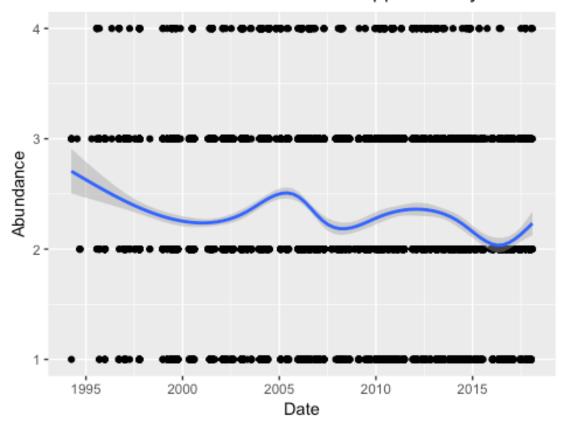
# Relative Abundance of Seabass Family



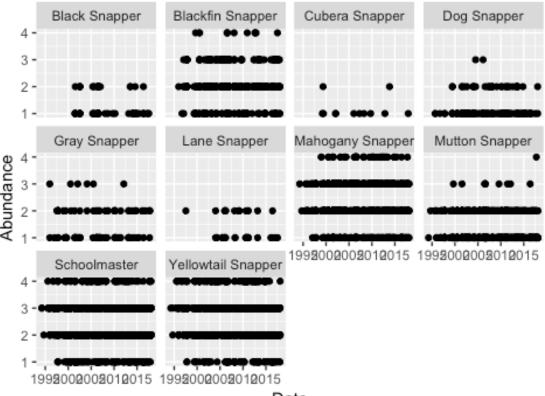
# Relative Abundance of Species in the Seabass Family



# Relative Abundance of Snapper Family

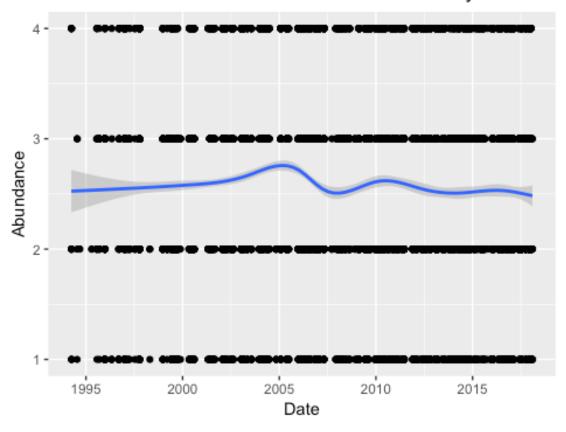


# Relative Abundance of Species in the Snapper Family



Date

# Relative Abundance of Wrasse Family



# Relative Abundance of Species in the Wrasse Family

