Lista 2 - FTC

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Questão 1.

$$\sum = a,b \ e \ Pb = b,b$$

- 1. Base: $\lambda \in PB$
- 2. Passo Recursivo: W \in PB e α \sum então *WA, AW, BBW, BWB, WBB \in PB
- 3. Fechamento: R é um conjunto de Strings sobre o alfabeto \sum se, e somente se, puder ser atingido a partir de um número finito de execuções dos passos 1 e 2.

Questão 2.

a)

$$(ba)^* \times (ba) \times (a^* \times b^* \cup a^* \times \lambda)$$
$$(ba)^* \times (ba) \times a^* \times (b^* \cup \lambda)$$
$$(ba)^* \times b \times a \times a^* \times (b^* \cup \lambda)$$
$$(ba)^* \times b \times (a^+) \times (b^* \cup \lambda)$$
$$(ba)^* \times b \times a^+ \times (b^* \cup \lambda)$$

b)

$$b^{+} \times (a^{*} \times b^{*}) \times b$$
$$b^{*} \times b \times (a^{*} \times b) \times b^{*} \times b$$
$$b(b^{*} \times a^{*} \cup \lambda) \times b^{+}$$

Questão 3.

a)
$$a \times a^+ \cup b^+ \times a^+ \times b^+$$

b)
$$(a \cup b)^* \times a \times a \times (a \cup b)^*$$

c)
$$(b^* \cup a \times b)^* \times a \times a \times (b^* \cup b \times a)^*$$

d)
$$a \times (a \cup c)^* \times b \times (a \cup c)^* \times b \times (a \cup c)^* \times c \times c$$

e)
$$((a \cup b)^* \times a \times b \times (a \cup b)^* \times b \times a \times (a \cup b)^* \cup (a \cup b)^* \times b \times a \times (a \cup b)^* \times a \times b \times (a \cup b)^*)) \cup \\ ((a \cup b)^* \times a \times b \times a \times (a \cup b)^* \cup (a \cup b)^* \times b \times a \times b \times (a \cup b)^*)$$

f)
$$((a \cup b \cup c)^* \times a \times a \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times b \times b \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times c \times c) \cup \\ ((a \cup b \cup c)^* \times a \times a \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times c \times c \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times b \times b) \cup \\ ((a \cup b \cup c)^* \times b \times b \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times a \times a \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times c \times c) \cup \\ ((a \cup b \cup c)^* \times b \times b \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times c \times c \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times a \times a) \cup \\ ((a \cup b \cup c)^* \times c \times c \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times b \times b \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times a \times a) \cup \\ ((a \cup b \cup c)^* \times c \times c \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times a \times a \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times b \times b) \cup$$

g)
$$(a^* \cup b \times c \cup c^*)^*$$

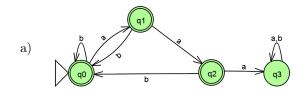
h)
$$(a \cup b \cup c) \times (a \cup b \cup c) \times (a \cup b \cup c)$$

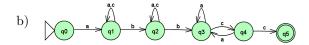
i)
$$(\lambda \cup a \cup b \cup c) \times (\lambda \cup a \cup b \cup c)$$

j)
$$(a \cup b \cup c)^* \times (a \cup b \cup c) \times (a \cup b \cup c) \times (a \cup b \cup c)^* \times$$

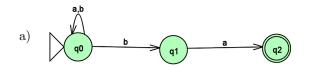
k) Não existe

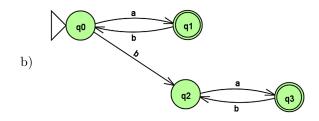
Questão 4.

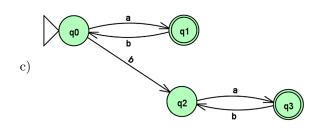


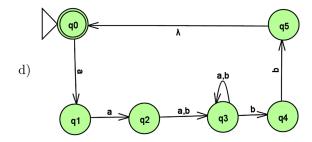


Questão 5.

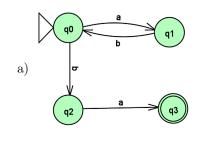


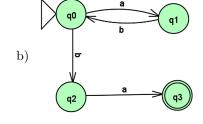


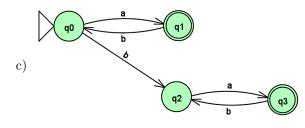


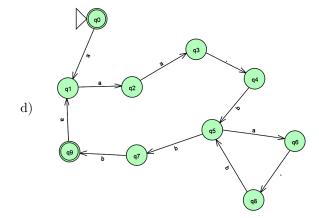


Questão 6.









Questão 7.

a) Hipótese: $L = \{0^n \ 1^m | m, n \geq 0\}$ é regular $0^* \ 1^*$

Existe um AFD-M com K estados tal que L(M) = L.

Ex: $\mathbf{w} = 0^K \ 1^K \in L$

w tem que ser reconhecido pela máquina M, ou seja, $w \in L(M)$

 $|w|>=K,\,pois\;|w|=2k$

- 1)w = pvq
- $2)|pv| \leq k$
- $3)|v| > 0, v \neq \lambda$
- $4)w_i = p(v)^i q \in L \forall i \ge 0$

Resultado: Sim, é regular

b) Hipótese: $L = \{0^n \ 1^m \ 0^n | m, n \geq 0\}$ é regular $0^* \ 1^* \ 0^*$

Existe um AFD-M com K estados tal que L(M) = L.

Ex: $w = 0^K \ 10^K \in L$

w tem que ser reconhecido pela máquina M, ou seja, $w \in L(M)$

|w| >= K, pois |w| = 2k + 1

- 1)w = pvq
- $2)|pv| \leq k$
- $3)|v| > 0, v \neq \lambda$
- $(4)w_i = p(v)^i q \in L \forall i \geq 0$

Resultado: Não, não é regular