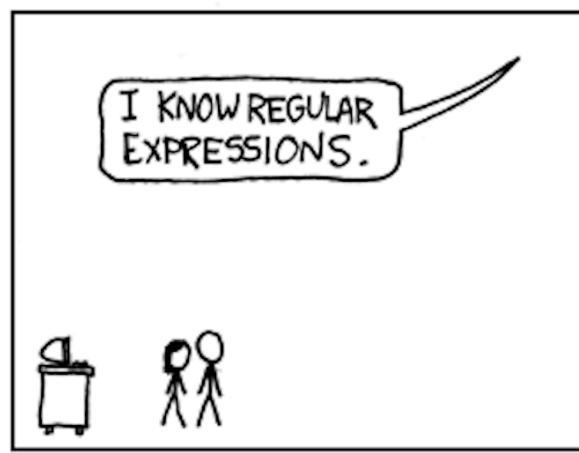


Lexical Analysis

CMPT 379: Compilers

Instructor: Anoop Sarkar

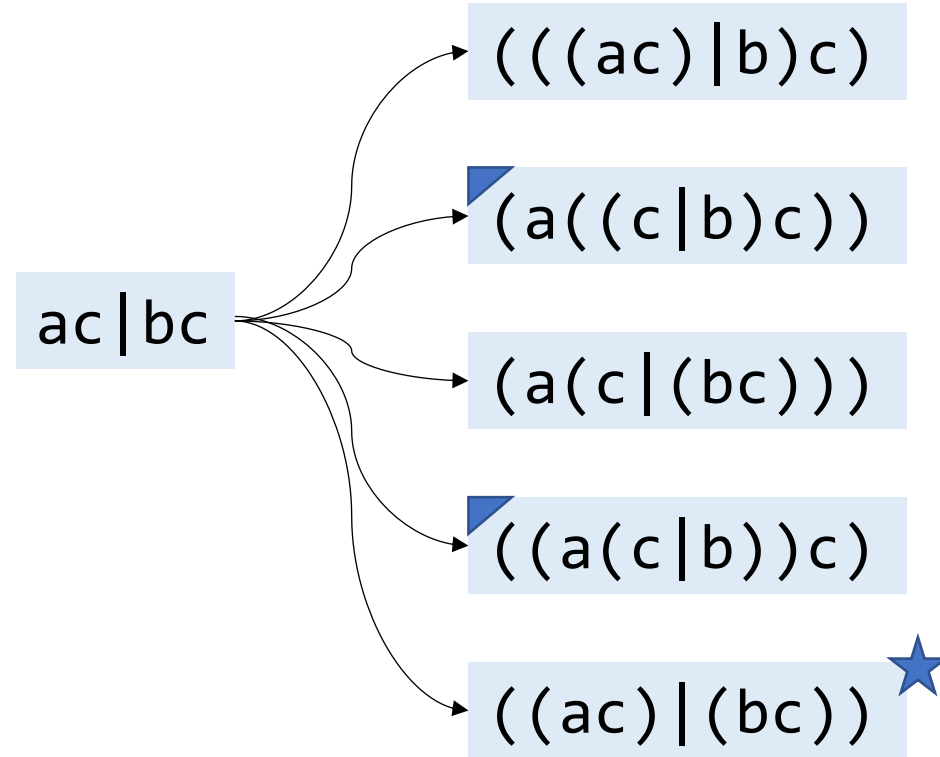
anoopsarkar.github.io/compilers-class



Regular Expressions are Trees

Q: How many possible trees for regexp $ab^* | c^*$

Regular Expressions are ambiguous



Regexp operator precedence rules

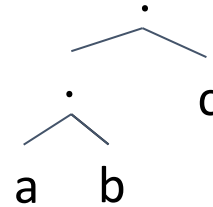
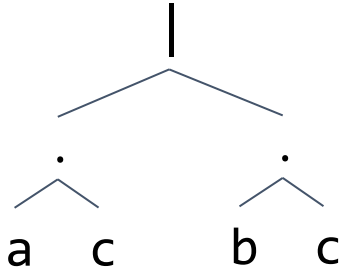
1. Grouping using parentheses ()
2. Unary operator *
3. Binary operator for concatenation
4. Binary operator for alternation |

Q: Find the smallest set of strings that can find the above operator precedence rules for the regexp $ac | bc$.

Hint: Compare the matching on input strings between the original regexp $ac | bc$ and the 5 unambiguous regexps.

Regular expressions are trees

Q: Provide the unambiguous bracketed tree for regexp $ab^* | c^*$ using the precedence and associativity rules



Both alternation and concatenation are commutative, so we use left associativity to get a unique tree.

$ac | bc$

$((ac) | (bc))$

a^{**}

$((a^*)^*)$

abc

$((ab)c)$

Equivalence of Regular Expressions

Equivalence of Regexp

$(0(10)^*1) \mid (01)^* == (01)^* ?$

- $(RS)T == R(ST)$ Commutative

- $(R \mid S) \mid T == R \mid (S \mid T)$

- $(R \mid S) == (S \mid R)$

- $(R \mid S)T == (RT \mid ST)$ Factor

- $R(S \mid T) == RS \mid RT$

- $R == R \mid R$ Redundant

- $R \mid R == R\epsilon$

- $R^* == RR^* \mid \epsilon$ Closure

- $R^*R^* == (R^*)^*$

- $(R^*)^* == R^*$

- $RR^* == R^*R$ Reorder

- $(RS)^*R == R(SR)^*$

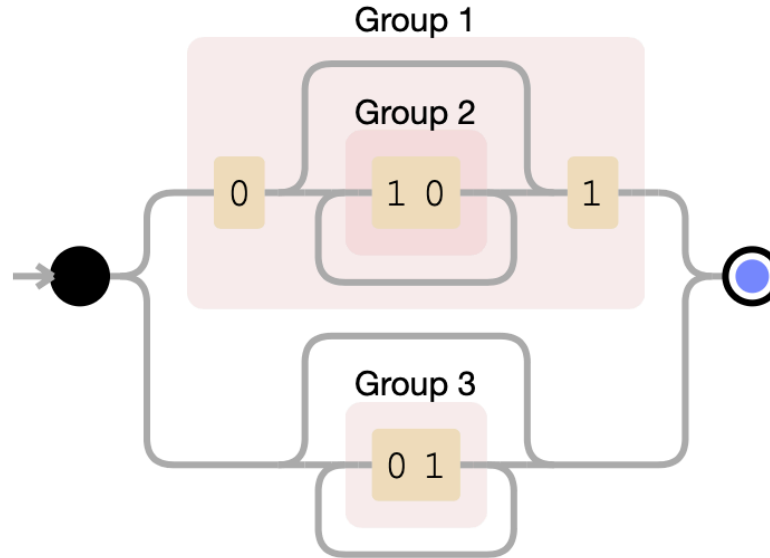
- $(R \mid S)^* == (R^*S^*)^*$

- $(R^*S^*)^* == (R^*S)^*R^*$

- $(R^*S)^*R^* == (R^* \mid S^*)^*$

Equivalence of Regexp

debuggex.com



$(0(10)^*1) \mid (01)^* == (01)^* ?$

Q: Show that $1(0 \mid (01)^*)$ is equivalent to $10 \mid (10)^*1$

Equivalence of Regexp

- $0(10)^*1 \mid (01)^*$

$$(RS)^*R == R(SR)^*$$

- $01(01)^* \mid (01)^*$

- $01(01)^* \mid (01)^*$

$$RS == (RS)$$

- $((01)(01)^*) \mid (01)^*$

- $((01)(01)^*) \mid (01)^*$

$$R+ == RR^*$$

- $(01)^+ \mid (01)^*$

- $(01)^+ \mid (01)^*$

$$R+ \mid R^* == (RR^*) \mid R^* == R^*$$

- $(01)^*$