

# ICCS240: Assignment 1

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## Problem 1:

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1.  $mn$
  2.  $m^n$
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## Problem 2:

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(1)  $\Pi_B(R \bowtie S) = \Pi_B(R) \cap \Pi_B(S)$

For the left side, from the definition of natural join,

$$\Pi_B(R \bowtie S) = \Pi_{R \cup B}(\sigma_{R.B=S.B}(R \times B)) = \{B | B \in R \cap B \in S\}$$

For the right side,  $\Pi_B(R) \cap \Pi_B(S) = \{B | B \in R \cap B \in S\}$

which is equal to the right side.

Hence, both sides are equivalent.

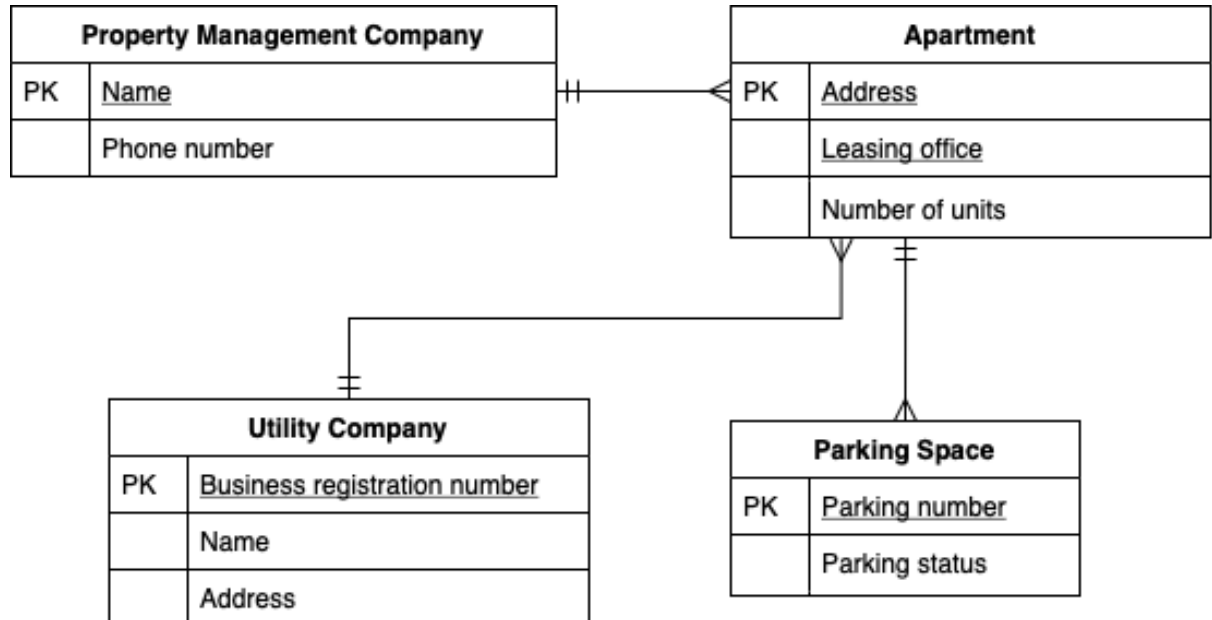
(2)  $\Pi_{A,C}(R \bowtie \sigma_{B=0}(S)) = \Pi_A(\sigma_{B=0}(R)) \times \Pi_C(\sigma_{B=0}(S))$

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## Problem 3:

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(1)



(2)

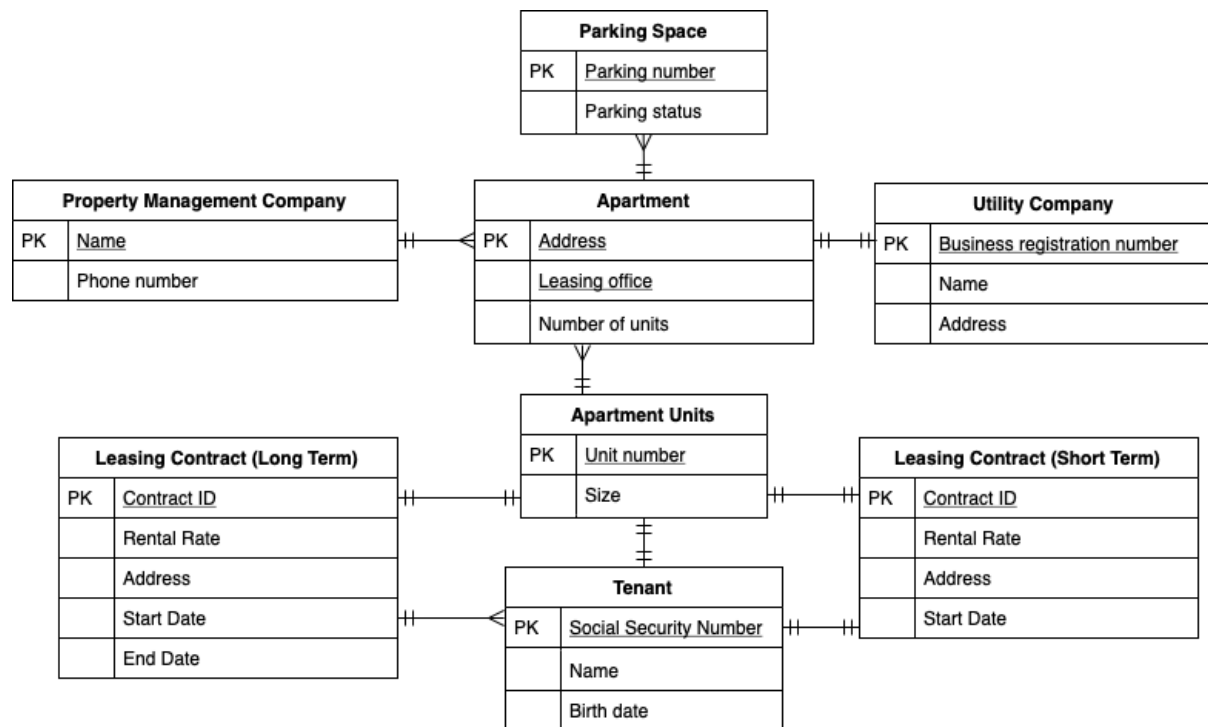
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propcompany(propname: string, propno: int )
apartment(aptaddress: string, office: string, units: int)
parking(parkno: int, status: string)
utilcompany(utilno: int, utilname: string, utiladdress: string)
    
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#### Problem 4:

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#### Problem 5:

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beer(brand, standard\_price, alcohol\_percentage, country\_brewed, country\_sold)  
company(brand, HQ\_location, year\_founded)  
bar(name, location, brand\_of\_beer\_sold, price\_sold)  
sale(bar, brand\_of\_beer, year\_record, number\_of\_sold)

(1)

beer:

PRIMARY KEY (brand)

company:

PRIMARY KEY (HQ\_location)

FOREIGN KEY (brand) REFERENCES beer (brand)

bar:

PRIMARY KEY (name)

FOREIGN KEY (brand\_of\_beer\_sold) REFERENCES beer (brand)

sale:

PRIMARY KEY (year\_record)

FOREIGN KEY (bar) REFERENCES bar (name)

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FOREIGN KEY (brand\_of\_beer) REFERENCES beer (brand)

(2a)

SELECT name FROM beer WHERE country\_brewed <> country\_sold

$\Pi_{name} \sigma_{country\_brewed \neq country\_sold}(beer)$

(2b)

SELECT SUM(number\_of\_sold) FROM sale GROUP BY year\_record

$\Pi_{SUM(number\_of\_sold)} \sigma_{year\_record}(sale)$

(2c)

SELECT name, brand FROM bar, beer WHERE price\_sold > standard\_price

$\Pi_{name, brand} \sigma_{price\_sold > standard\_price}(bar \times beer)$

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### Problem 6:

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computer (maker, model, type, price)  
pc (model, speed, ram, storage)  
laptop (model, speed, ram, storage, screen)

(1)

SELECT DISTINCT COUNT(maker) FROM computer GROUP BY type

(2)

SELECT maker FROM computer ORDER BY (  
SELECT COUNT(model) FROM computer GROUP BY maker)  
DESC WHERE rownum = 1

(3)

SELECT ABS(compc.price - comlaptop.price) difference  
FROM computer compc  
INNER JOIN computer comlaptop ON  
    compc.maker = comlaptop.maker  
INNER JOIN pc ON  
    pc.model = compc.model  
INNER JOIN laptop ON  
    laptop.model = comlaptop.model  
WHERE ABS(compc.price - comlaptop.price) < 100