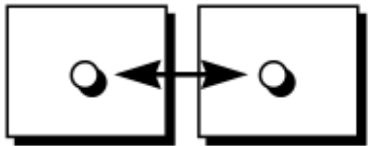


# Database

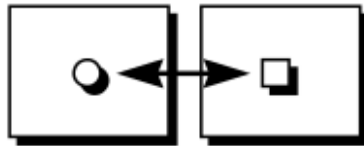


# Join

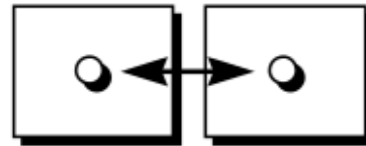
**Equijoin**



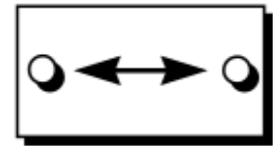
**Non-equijoin**



**Outer join**



**Self join**



# Join

Employee

Emp_Name	Emp_ID	Dep_No
Ahmad	1111	1
Ali	2222	1
Dana	3333	2
Belal	4444	3

Department

Dep_No	Dep_Name
1	Analyst
2	HR
3	Manager

# Cartesian Product

Employee

Emp_Name	Emp_ID	Dep_No
Ahmad	1111	1
Ali	2222	1
Dana	3333	2
Belal	4444	3

Department

Dep_No	Dep_Name
1	Analyst
2	HR
3	Manager

**Select Emp\_Name, Dep\_Name from  
Employee, Department**

Result

Emp_Name	Dep_Name
Ahmad	Analyst
Ahmad	HR
Ahmad	Manager
Ali	Analyst
Ali	HR
Ali	Manager
Dana	Analyst
Dana	HR
Dana	Manager
Belal	Analyst
Belal	HR
Belal	Manager

# Join

Employee

Emp_Name	Emp_ID	Dep_No
Ahmad	1111	1
Ali	2222	1
Dana	3333	2
Belal	4444	3

Department

Dep_No	Dep_Name
1	Analyst
2	HR
3	Manager

Result

Emp_Name	Dep_Name
Ahmad	Analyst
Ali	Analyst
Dana	HR
Belal	Manager

# Join

Employee

Emp_Name	Emp_ID	Dep_No
Ahmad	1111	1
Ali	2222	1
Dana	3333	2
Belal	4444	3

Department

Dep_No	Dep_Name
1	Analyst
2	HR
3	Manager

Result

Emp_Name	Dep_Name
Ahmad	Analyst
Ali	Analyst
Dana	HR
Belal	Manager

**Select Emp\_Name, Dep\_Name from  
Employee, Department where  
Employee.Dep\_No =  
Department.Dep\_No**

# Equijoin

## Employee

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	DEPTNO
111	Ramesh	Analyst	444	10
222	Khilan	Clerk	333	20
333	Kaushik	Manager	111	10
444	Chaitali	engineer	222	40

## Department

DEPTNO	DNAME	LOC
10	INVENTORY	HYDERABAD
20	FINANCE	BANGALORE
30	HR	MUMBAI

# Example 1

```
SQL> SELECT empno, ename, emp.deptno, loc
2  FROM    emp, dept
3  WHERE   emp.deptno = dept.deptno
4  AND     INITCAP(ename) = 'King';
```

EMPNO	ENAME	DEPTNO	LOC
7839	KING	10	NEW YORK



## Example2:

List Customer name, OrderID, OrderDate

Order

OrderID	CustomerID	OrderDate
10308	2	1996-09-18
10309	37	1996-09-19
10310	77	1996-09-20

Customer

CustomerID	CustomerName	ContactName	Country
1	Alfreds Futterkiste	Maria Anders	Germany
2	Ana Trujillo Emparedados y helados	Ana Trujillo	Mexico
3	Antonio Moreno Taquería	Antonio Moreno	Mexico

Select CustomerName, OderID, OrderDate from customer, order where  
customer.customerID = order.customerID

# Example 2:

## List Customer name, OrderID, OrderDate

OrderID	CustomerName	OrderDate
10248	Wilman Kala	1996-07-04
10249	Tradição Hipermercados	1996-07-05
10250	Hanari Carnes	1996-07-08
10251	Victuailles en stock	1996-07-08
10252	Suprêmes délices	1996-07-09
10253	Hanari Carnes	1996-07-10
10254	Chop-suey Chinese	1996-07-11
10255	Richter Supermarkt	1996-07-12

# Example 3

- Customer name start with a

OrderID	OrderDate
10308	1996-09-18
10355	1996-11-15
10365	1996-11-27
10383	1996-12-16

Select OderID, OrderDate from customer, order where customer.customerID = order.customerID and lower(customerName) like 'a%'

# Joining more than two tables

**CUSTOMER**

NAME	CUSTID
-----	
JOCKSPORTS	100
TKB SPORT SHOP	101
VOLLYRITE	102
JUST TENNIS	103
K+T SPORTS	105
SHAPE UP	106
WOMENS SPORTS	107
...	...
9 rows selected.	

**ORD**

CUSTID	ORDID
----	----
101	610
102	611
104	612
106	601
102	602
106	
106	
...	...
21 rows selected.	

**ITEM**

ORDID	ITEMID
----	----
610	3
611	1
612	1
601	1
602	1
...	
64 rows selected.	

Select name, itemid from customer c, ord o, item i where c.custid = o.custid and o.ordid = i.ordid

# Non-equijoin

**EMP**

EMPNO	ENAME	SAL
7839	KING	5000
7698	BLAKE	2850
7782	CLARK	2450
7566	JONES	2975
7654	MARTIN	1250
7499	ALLEN	1600
7844	TURNER	1500
7900	JAMES	950
...		
14 rows selected.		

**SALGRADE**

GRADE	LOSAL	HISAL
1	700	1200
2	1201	1400
3	1401	2000
4	2001	3000
5	3001	9999

“salary in the EMP table is between low salary and high salary in the SALGRADE table”

# Example

```
SQL>  SELECT    e.ename, e.sal, s.grade
      2  FROM      emp e,   salgrade s
      3  WHERE     e.sal
      4  BETWEEN  s.losal AND s.hisal;
```

ENAME	SAL	GRADE
JAMES	950	1
SMITH	800	1
ADAMS	1100	1

...

14 rows selected.

# Outer Join

EMP		DEPT	
ENAME	DEPTNO	DEPTNO	DNAME
-----	-----	-----	-----
KING	10	10	ACCOUNTING
BLAKE	30	30	SALES
CLARK	10	10	ACCOUNTING
JONES	20	20	RESEARCH
...		...	
		40	OPERATIONS



No employee in the  
OPERATIONS department

# Example

```
SQL> SELECT    e.ename, d.deptno, d.dname
  2  FROM      emp e,   dept d
  3  WHERE     e.deptno(+) = d.deptno
  4  ORDER BY e.deptno;
```

ENAME	DEPTNO	DNAME
-----	-----	-----
KING	10	ACCOUNTING
CLARK	10	ACCOUNTING
...		
	40	OPERATIONS

15 rows selected.



# Self Join

**EMP (WORKER)**

EMPNO	ENAME	MGR
-----	-----	-----
7839	KING	
7698	BLAKE	7839
7782	CLARK	7839
7566	JONES	7839
7654	MARTIN	7698
7499	ALLEN	7698

**EMP (MANAGER)**

EMPNO	ENAME
-----	-----
7839	KING
7839	KING
7839	KING
7698	BLAKE
7698	BLAKE



“MGR in the WORKER table is equal to EMPNO in the  
MANAGER table”

# Example

```
SQL> SELECT worker.ename || ' works for ' || manager.ename  
2 FROM emp worker, emp manager  
3 WHERE worker.mgr = manager.empno;
```

```
WORKER.ENAME || 'WORKSFOR' || MANAG  
-----  
BLAKE works for KING  
CLARK works for KING  
JONES works for KING  
MARTIN works for BLAKE  
...  
13 rows selected.
```

# Summary

```
SELECT  table1.column, table2.column  
FROM    table1, table2  
WHERE   table1.column1 = table2.column2;
```

**Equijoin    Non-equijoin    Outer join    Self join**

