

Performance metrics

1. Metrics
2. Precision and recall
3. Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) curves

Outline

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2. Precision and recall

3. Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) curves

Metrics

It is extremely important to use **quantitative metrics** for evaluating a machine learning model

- Until now, we relied on the **cost function value** for regression and classification
- Other metrics can be used to **better evaluate** and understand the model
- **For classification**
 - ✓ Accuracy/Precision/Recall/F1-score, ,...
- **For regression**
 - ✓ Normalized RMSE, Normalized Mean Absolute Error (NMAE),...

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Precision and recall

Suppose that $y = 1$ in presence of a **rare class** that we want to detect

Precision *(How much we are precise in the detection)*

Of all patients where we predicted $y = 1$, what fraction actually has the disease?

$$\frac{\text{True Positive}}{\# \text{ Predicted Positive}} = \frac{\text{True Positive}}{\text{True Positive} + \text{False Positive}}$$

Recall *(How much we are good at detecting)*

Of all patients that actually have the disease, what fraction did we correctly detect as having the disease?

$$\frac{\text{True Positive}}{\# \text{ Actual Positive}} = \frac{\text{True Positive}}{\text{True Positive} + \text{False Negative}}$$

Confusion matrix

		Actual class	
		1 (p)	0 (n)
Predicted class	1 (Y)	True positive (TP)	False positive (FP)
	0 (N)	False negative (FN)	True negative (TN)

F1-score

It is usually better to compare models by means of one number only. The F1 – score can be used to combine precision and recall

	Precision(P)	Recall (R)	Average	F ₁ Score
Algorithm 1	0.5	0.4	0.45	0.444
Algorithm 2	0.7	0.1	0.4	0.175
Algorithm 3	0.02	1.0	0.51	0.0392

Algorithm 3 predict always 1

Average says not correctly that Algorithm 3 is the best

The best is Algorithm 1

$$\text{Average} = \frac{P + R}{2}$$

$$\text{F}_1\text{score} = 2 \frac{PR}{P + R}$$

- $P = 0$ or $R = 0 \Rightarrow \text{F}_1\text{score} = 0$
- $P = 1$ and $R = 1 \Rightarrow \text{F}_1\text{score} = 1$