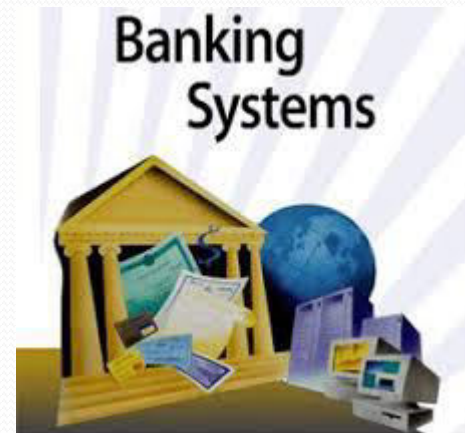
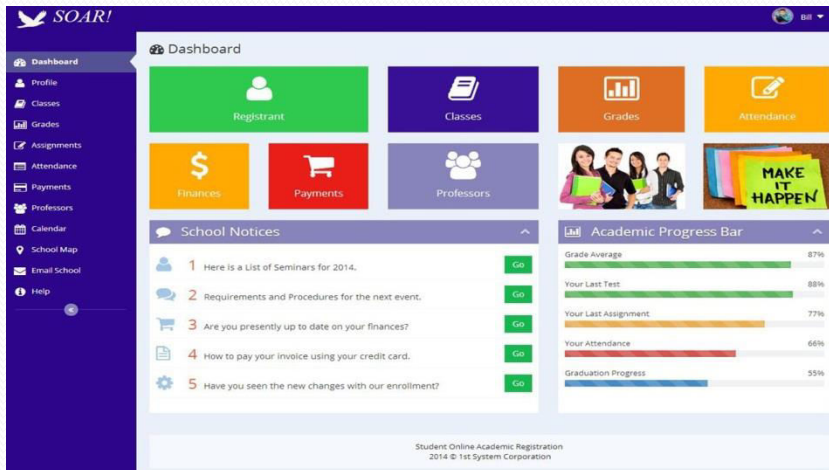


# Database



# Data everywhere !!!



# What is database ??

## Person

Login	LastName	FirstName
skol	Kovalevskaya	Sofia
mlom	Lomonosov	Mikhail
dmitri	Mendeleev	Dmitri
ivan	Pavlov	Ivan

## Project

ProjectId	ProjectName
1214	Antigravity
1709	Teleportation
1737	Time Travel

## Experiment

ProjectId	ExperimentId	NumInvolved	ExperimentDate	Hours
1214	1	1	NULL	1.5
1214	2	1	1889-11-01	14.3
1709	1	3	1891-01-22	7.0
1709	2	1	1891-02-23	7.2
1737	1	1	1900-07-05	-1.0
1737	2	2	1900-07-05	-1.5

## Involved

ProjectId	ExperimentId	InvolvedId	Login
1214	1	1	mlom
1214	2	1	mlom
1709	1	1	dmitri
1709	1	2	skol
1709	1	3	ivan
1709	2	1	mlom
1737	1	1	skol
1737	2	1	skol
1737	2	2	ivan

# What about files ???



# Files

Asma, 20179000, [asm2017@std.psut.edu.jo](mailto:asm2017@std.psut.edu.jo), 0777888888

Amal, 20155000, [ama2015@std.psut.edu.jo](mailto:ama2015@std.psut.edu.jo), 0777999998

Anas, 20199000, [ana2019@std.psut.edu.jo](mailto:ana2019@std.psut.edu.jo), 0799888888

Alaa, 20119000, [ala2011@std.psut.edu.jo](mailto:ala2011@std.psut.edu.jo), 0788888888

Ali, 20149000, [ali2014@std.psut.edu.jo](mailto:ali2014@std.psut.edu.jo), 0787777778

...

...

...

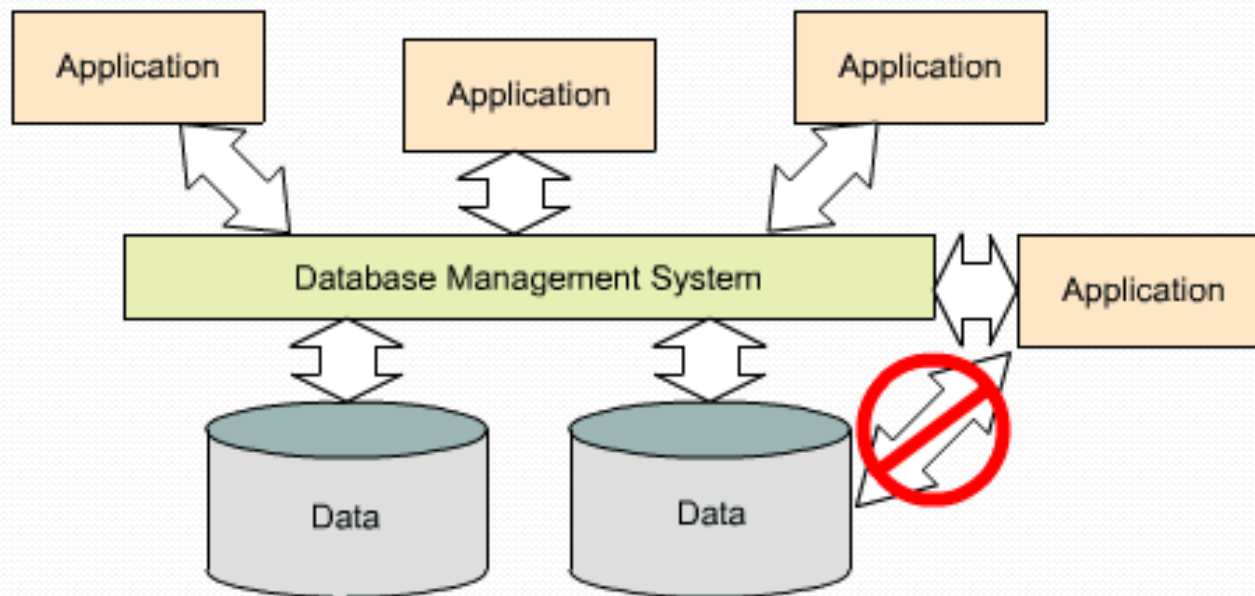
# Database features

- Self-describing nature of a database system
- Insulation between programs and data, and data abstraction
- Support of multiple views of the data
- Sharing of data and multiuser transaction processing

# The complete process

- Requirements specification and analysis
- Conceptual design
- Logical design
- Physical design

# How to access the database





# DBMS



# In this course

- ☐ Oracle DBMS
- ☐ SQL\*Plus



Why should we study DB?????

# Why should we study DB?????



# Structured query language (SQL)

<b>SELECT</b>	<b>Data retrieval</b>
<b>INSERT UPDATE DELETE</b>	<b>Data manipulation language (DML)</b>
<b>CREATE ALTER DROP RENAME TRUNCATE</b>	<b>Data definition language (DDL)</b>
<b>COMMIT ROLLBACK SAVEPOINT</b>	<b>Transaction control</b>
<b>GRANT REVOKE</b>	<b>Data control language (DCL)</b>

# Data Retrieval

Doctors

ID	Name	Sal	address	...	...

Query: retrieve the id and salary for  
the doctors who lives in Amman

Doctors

Departments

Appointments

Patient

# Data Retrieval

Doctors

ID	Name	Sal	address	..	...
				.	
			Amman		
			Amman		

Doctors
---------

Departments
-------------

Appointments
--------------

Patient
---------

Determine the following:

- 1) Which table?
- 2) Which columns?
- 3) Which rows?(condition)
- 4) How to order the result?

# Select Statement

```
Select  cols
From    Table-Name
Where   Condition
Order by cols
```



# Data Retrieval

Doctors

id	fname	Lname	bdate	address	sal	Dno
1255	Ahmad	sami	9-May-1979	Amman	2000	20
1314	Sara	ali	1-jan-1996	Irbid	1550	20
1772	Sana	khalil	5-mar-1960	Ajloun	3000	1
5988	mohammad	qais	10-aug-1988	Karak	5700	5
3421	leen	wesam	10-feb-1987	Amman	2500	3

# Basic Data Retrieval

□ Select **fname**, **bdate**, **sal** from **doctors**

fname	bdate	sal
Ahmad	9-May-1979	2000
Sara	1-jan-1996	1550
Sana	5-mar-1960	3000
mohammad	10-aug-1988	5700
leen	10-feb-1987	2500

# Basic Data Retrieval

□ **Select** \* **from** doctors

id	fname	Lname	bdate	address	sal	Dno
1255	Ahmad	sami	9-May-1979	Amman	2000	20
1314	Sara	ali	1-jan-1996	Irbid	1550	20
1772	Sana	khalil	5-mar-1960	Ajloun	3000	1
5988	mohammad	qais	10-aug-1988	Karak	5700	5
3421	leen	wesam	10-feb-1987	Amman	2500	3

# Data Retrieval (operations)

□ **Select** fname, sal \* 12 **from** doctors

fname	sal * 12
Ahmad	24000
Sara	1860
Sana	36000
mohammad	68400
leen	30000

# Data Retrieval (operations)

Operator	Description
+	Add
-	Subtract
*	Multiply
/	Divide

**Operator Precedence**

**\* / + -**

# Data Retrieval (Alias)

□ **Select** fname **as** “First Name”, sal \* 12 **as** “Annual Salary” **from** doctors

First Name	Annual Salary
Ahmad	24000
Sara	1860
Sana	36000
mohammad	68400
leen	30000

# Data Retrieval (Alias)

- **Select** fname “First Name”, sal \* 12 “Annual Salary”  
**from** doctors
- **As** is optional

First Name	Annual Salary
Ahmad	24000
Sara	1860
Sana	36000
mohammad	68400
leen	30000

# Data Retrieval (Alias)

- **Select** fname FirstName, sal \* 12 “Annual Salary”  
**from** doctors
- “” is optional

FIRSTNAME	Annual Salary
Ahmad	24000
Sara	1860
Sana	36000
mohammad	68400
leen	30000



# Data Retrieval

□ **Select** address **from** doctors

address
Amman
Irbid
Ajloun
Karak
Amman

# Data Retrieval (distinct)

- Select distinct address from doctors

address
Amman
Irbid
Ajloun
Karak

- Two columns

ID	Name
1	Ali
2	Sama
3	Ali
2	Sama

# Concatenation

□ **Select** id, fname || lname **as** “Name” **from** doctors

id	Name
1255	Ahmad sami
1314	Sara ali
1772	Sanakhalil
5988	mohammadqais
3421	leenwesam

# Concatenation

□ **Select** id, fname || ' ' || lname **as** "Name" **from** doctors

id	Name
1255	Ahmad sami
1314	Sara ali
1772	Sana khalil
5988	Mohammad qais
3421	Leen wesam

# Concatenation

❑ **Select** fname ||' lives in '|| address details **from** doctors

## DETAILS

Ahmad lives in Amman

Sara lives in Irbid

Sana lives in Ajloun

Mohammad lives in Karak

Leen lives in Amman

# Describe

- To view the structure of the table use **describe** keyword:

**describe** TableName

- Example:

**describe books**



```
SQL Plus

Connected to:
Oracle Database 12c Enterprise Edition Release 12.1.0.1.0 - 64bit Production
With the Partitioning, Oracle Label Security, OLAP, Advanced Analytics,
Oracle Database Vault and Real Application Testing options

SQL> describe books
```

Name	Null?	Type
ID		NUMBER(38)
NAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(100)
PRICE		NUMBER(38)

```
SQL>
```