

# How to show the contents of log file in browser screen using Spring Actuator?

Asked 5 years, 8 months ago   Modified 1 year, 8 months ago   Viewed 10k times

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- I'm trying to show the contents of a logger file in the browser screen , so that when the application is running in production in external server, i don't need to login every time into the server to fetch the logs. I'm trying to achieve this using Spring Boot Actuator. I have configured the log file path and log info level in my properties file, and logs are being written in that file, but how to stream the contents of the file in browser window. below is my properties file contents



```
management.security.enabled=false
endpoints.env.enabled=false
endpoints.configprops.enabled=false
endpoints.autoconfig.enabled=false
endpoints.beans.enabled=false
endpoints.dump.enabled=true
endpoints.heapdump.enabled=true
logging.level.root=info
logging.file=target/app.log
```



Thanks for the help in advance !!!!

java

spring-boot

spring-mvc

spring-logback

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asked Mar 7, 2019 at 7:49



**Pradeep Anand**

155 ● 2 ● 4 ● 15

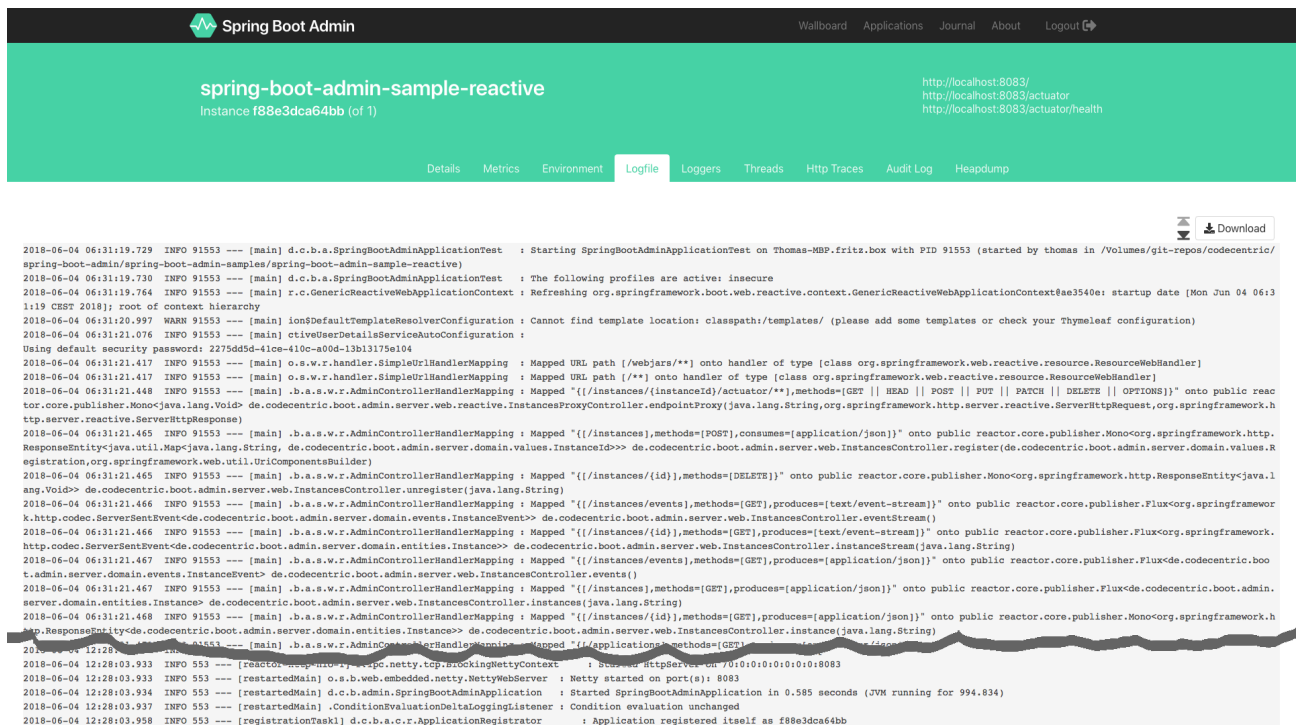
## 3 Answers

Sorted by: Highest score (default) ▾

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- You can use Spring Boot Admin: <https://github.com/codecentric/spring-boot-admin>

The logs appear like this:





The screenshot shows the Spring Boot Admin web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Wallboard', 'Applications', 'Journal', 'About', and 'Logout'. The main header displays the application name 'spring-boot-admin-sample-reactive' and its instance ID 'f88e3dca64bb (of 1)'. On the right, it shows the URL 'http://localhost:8083/' and a link to 'http://localhost:8083/actuator'. Below the header, there are tabs for 'Details', 'Metrics', 'Environment', 'Logfile', 'Loggers', 'Threads', 'Http Traces', 'Audit Log', and 'Heapdump'. The 'Logfile' tab is selected, displaying a log stream. The logs show the application starting successfully on 2018-06-04 at 06:31:19.729. The log entries include information about the application context, security configuration, and the successful start of the application on port 8083.

You can use <https://start.spring.io/> to include the Admin Client and Server in your project. Check the tutorial here: <http://codecentric.github.io/spring-boot-admin/current/#getting-started>

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answered Mar 7, 2019 at 7:55



voliveira89

1,274 ● 2 ● 12 ● 23

By default, the following Spring Boot Actuator endpoints are enabled (JMX/WEB):

<https://docs.spring.io/spring-boot/docs/current/reference/html/production-ready-features.html#production-ready-endpoints-exposing-endpoints>

To enable specific endpoints write the following in Spring Boot `application.properties` file:

```
management.endpoints.web.exposure.include = info, health, logfile
```

or to disable write:

```
management.endpoints.web.exposure.exclude = env,beans
```

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answered Jan 17, 2021 at 13:24



Šime Tokić

710 ● 1 ● 9 ● 23

Logs in the browser:



0



One way to expose the logs from a Spring Boot application in the browser is by using the built-in Actuator endpoints.

Actuator is a tool that provides production-ready features to help you monitor and manage your Spring Boot application. It includes a variety of endpoints, including one for viewing the application logs.

To enable the Actuator endpoints, you need to add the `spring-boot-starter-actuator` dependency to your project's `pom.xml` file:

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-actuator</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

Once the dependency is added, you can access the log endpoint at

`http://localhost:8080/actuator/logfile`.

To expose the logs in the browser, you can create a custom endpoint that reads the log file and returns its contents. Here's an example:

```
@RestController
public class LogController {

    @GetMapping("/logs")
    public ResponseEntity<String> getLogs() throws IOException {
        Path logFile = Paths.get(System.getProperty("logging.file.name"));
        String logs = new String(Files.readAllBytes(logFile));
        return ResponseEntity.ok(logs);
    }
}
```

Make sure the application is configured to write logs into a file, by adding the following to the `application.properties` or `application.yml` file:

```
logging.file.name=mylog.log
logging.level.root=INFO
```

This code creates a new endpoint at `http://localhost:8080/logs` that returns the contents of the log file as a string.

Note that **this approach may not be suitable for production environments** as it exposes potentially sensitive information. It is recommended to restrict access to the log endpoint using appropriate security measures.

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answered Mar 5, 2023 at 2:43



Nacho

