## Wind-Farm Power Regression < < >

## Goal

Predict real-time electrical output from turbine-side sensor data.

## **Metric**

Hit  $R^2 \ge 0.85$  on the *hold-out* test set (used exactly once).

Model	Key hyper- params	CV R <sup>2</sup>	Test R <sup>2</sup>	Notes
Ridge	α = 1.0	~0.79	0.78	Linear baseline – misses non-linear patterns
SVR (RBF)	C = 10, γ = 0.1, ε = 0.1	0.87	0.86	Clears the bar; handles sensor interactions
MLP (128, 64)	α = 1e-3, Ir = 0.001	0.85	0.84	Near target but a touch of over-fit

**Chosen model** → **SVR (RBF)** – highest and most stable score.

## Modelling Strategy — Why These Choices?

- Start simple. Ridge/Lasso set a linear baseline and expose the non-linearity gap.
- 2. **Scale everything.** SVR + MLP are sensitive to feature scale → pipeline kicks off with StandardScaler.
- 3. **GridSearchCV (5-fold, R<sup>2</sup>).** Brute-force but reliable: balances bias/variance without peeking at test.
- 4. **SVR vs MLP.** SVR tunes faster on mid-size data; MLP offers a flexible non-linear backup.

5. **Reproducibility.** All CV splits and network inits use random\_state = 42.

No exotic ensembles: SVR already meets spec with fewer moving parts.