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Secure Classification as a Service

BACHELOR'S THESIS

Bachelor's degree programmes: Physics and Information & Computer Engineering

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Abstract

Abstract of your thesis (at most one page)

Hello, here is some text without a meaning. This text should show what a printed text will look like at this place. If you read this text, you will get no information. Really? Is there no information? Is there a difference between this text and some nonsense like "Huardest gefburn"? Kjift – not at all! A blind text like this gives you information about the selected font, how the letters are written and an impression of the look. This text should contain all letters of the alphabet and it should be written in of the original language. There is no need for special content, but the length of words should match the language.

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Keywords: FHE, classification, neural network

Technologies: Microsoft SEAL (C++, node), Tensorflow Keras, Numpy, xtensor, Docker, React, Materialize, Nginx

Languages: C++, Python, JavaScript

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1 Introduction

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2 Background

2.1 Basics of Fully Homomorphic Encryption

Homomorphic Encryption (HE) makes it possible to operate on data without knowing it. One can distinguish three flavors of it, Partial-, Semi- and Fully Homomorphic Encryption (FHE).

- 2.1.1 HE using RSA
- 2.1.2 Learning with Errors (LWE)
- **2.1.3 Ring-LWE**
- 2.1.4 The BFV scheme
- 2.1.5 The CKKS scheme

The CKKS scheme allows us?? to perform approximate arithmetic on floating point numbers.

2.2 Machine Learning

- 2.2.1 Linear Regression?
- 2.2.2 Gradient Descent?
- 2.2.3 The Backpropagation Algorithm
- 2.2.4 Multi-Layered Neural Networks

Matrix -; Activation Function

- Matrix Multiplication (Dense Layer)
- Convolutional Layer
- Sigmoid Activation
- Max Pooling

2.3 Demo

In this chapter, we?? provide some usage examples for glossaries and acronym lists with glossaries (Section 2.4), bibliography and citations with biblatex (Section 2.5), and more.

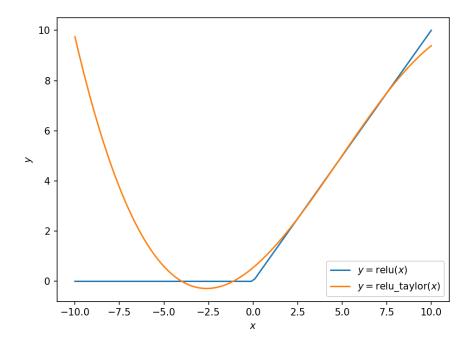


Figure 2.1: Comparison of the Relu activation function vs. its Taylor expansion

2.4 Notation and Acronyms

Symbols and acronyms are defined in the preamble, after loading the glossaries package, and used as follows.

In this chapter, we introduce the necessary background on the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES). We denote binary exclusive-or by \oplus .

2.5 Citations

This is an example of how to specify and cite a book [DR02], a journal article [Sha49], a conference article [spKocherHFGGHHLM019], and an informal report [iacrSchneierFKR15]. We can also add the authors' names to the citation: AES is a block cipher defined by Daemen and Rijmen [DR02].

3 Conclusion

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Notation

 \oplus exclusive-or (Xor)

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Acronyms

AES	Advanced Encryption Standard	(
FHE	Fully Homomorphic Encryption	
$_{ m HE}$	Homomorphic Encryption	Ę

Bibliography

- [DR02] Joan Daemen and Vincent Rijmen. The Design of Rijndael: AES The Advanced Encryption Standard. Information Security and Cryptography. Springer, 2002. ISBN: 3-540-42580-2. DOI: 10.1007/978-3-662-04722-4.
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