0.1 General Information

The files math.sty and preamble.sty should provide you a simple yet effectie suite of macros for quick writing of mathematical/scientific papers. To properly load them you should include the following in your preamble:

```
1 \usepackage{preamble}
2 \usepackage{math}
```

It is important that you maintain the order of the packags, since math.sty uses some packages included in preamble.sty. Other than providing an extensive list of mathematical operators from math, there are some useful commands in preamble.sty too. The one that I myself use quite often is \col{<color>}{<text>}. Altough xcolor defines \textcolor, it can get kind of "clunky" in tables or similar, so i wrote a shorter command.

0.2 Symbol Index

Symbol	${f Math-Mode}$	\mathbf{Result}	\mathbf{Symbol}	${f Math-Mode}$	\mathbf{Result}
Symbol			Math-Mode	Result	
		Ţ	Vectors		
Column Vector	\pvec{x_1}{x_2}	$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$	Dot-Product	$\dotp{x_1}{x_2}$	$\langle x_1, x_2 \rangle$
Column Vector		$\text{tvec}\{x_1\}\{x_2\}\{x_3\}$		$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$	
Row Vector		\rpvec{x_1}{x_2}		$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \end{bmatrix}$	
Row Vector		$\t x_1}{x_2}{x_3}$		$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \end{bmatrix}$	
		M	Tatrices .		
Matrix	\mat{M}	${f M}$	Matrix (greek letters)	\gmat{M}	ϕ
Determinant	\det	det			
Row Operation (arrow)	\longleadsto{0.7}	~~~ >	Row Operation	\rtrf{r_2: -2r_1}	$\stackrel{r_2:-2r_1}{\leadsto}$
Matrix-Rank (de)	\Rang	Rang	Matrix-Rank (en)	\Rank	Rank
Matrix-Trace (de)	\Spur	Spur	Matrix-Trace (en)	\Trace	Trace
Adjunct-Matrix	\Adj	Adj	Cofactor-Matrix	\Cof	Cof
Identity-Matrix (de)	\imate	${f E}$	Identity-Matrix (en)	\imati	I

		$\overline{Calculus}$	and Functions		
Differential d	\diff	d	Exterior Derivative	\extd	D
Divergence	\divs	div			
Derivative	$\der{f}{x}$	$\frac{\mathrm{d}f}{\mathrm{d}x}$	Partial Derivative	\per{f}{x_1}	$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}$
n-th Derivative	$\ner{f}{x}{n}$	$\frac{\mathrm{d}^n f}{\mathrm{d} x^n}$	n-th Partial Derivative	$\pnr{f}{x_1}{n}$	$\frac{\partial^n f}{\partial x_1^n}$
Curl (de)	\rot	rot	Curl (en)	\curl	curl
Limit (noarg)	\lims	\lim	Limit	$\lim\{n\}{\inf ty}$	$\lim_{n \to \infty}$
Infimum (noarg)	\infs	\inf	Infimum	\inf{M}	$\inf(M)$
Supremum (noarg)	\sups	\sup	Supremum	\sup{M}	$\sup(M)$
Limes Inferior (noarg)	\liminfs	lim inf	Limes Inferior	\liminf{n}{\infty}	$\lim_{n\to\infty}\inf$
Limes Superior (noarg)	\limsups	\limsup	Limes Superior	$\limsup_{n o \infty}$	$\limsup_{n\to\infty}$
Function Image (de)	\Bild	Bild	Function Image (en)	\Img	Img
	Ada	ditional Trigo	onometric Functions		
Area Sinus hyperbolicus		\/	Arsinh	Arsinh	
Area Cosinus hyperbolicus		\/	Arcosh	Arcosh	
Area Tangens hyperbolicus		\/	Artanh	Artanh	
Area Cotanges hyperbolic	erbolicus \Arcoth		Arcoth		
Arcus Cotanges	\arccot	arccot			
Arcus Secans	\arcsec	arcsec	Arcus Cosecans	\arccsc	arccsc
		i	Logic		
Bijunction	\bij	\leftrightarrow			
Equivalent	\eqv	\Leftrightarrow	Not Equivalent	\neqv	*
Right Subjunction	\subj	\rightarrow	Left Subjunction	\lsubj	\leftarrow
Not Right Subjunction	\nsubj	×	Not Left Subjunction	\nlsubj	*
Right Implication	\implies	\Rightarrow	Left Implication	\limplies	(
Not Right Implication	\nimplies	*	Not Left Implication	\nlimplies	$\not\sim$
Symbol for True (de)	\dtrue	W	Symbol for True (en)	\etrue	${ m T}$
Symbol for False (de)	\dfalse	F	Symbol for False (en)	\efalse	F
		Eq	uations		
Should be equal to	\feq	<u>!</u>			
		Co	nstants		
Imaginary Unit	\i	i	Jimaginary Unit (EE)	\j	j
Euler's Number	\e	e			
		Numb	er Theory		
GCD (de)	\ggT	ggT	GCD (en)	\gcd	gcd
LCM (de)	\kgV	kgV	LCM (en)	\lcm	lcm
		Signal	Transforms		
Laplace Transform	\ltr{x}	\overline{x}	Z Transform	\ztr{x}	\tilde{x}
Laplace Transform	$\label{lap} x$	$\mathcal{L}\{x\}(s)$	Laplace Transform (inv)	$\displaystyle \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	$\mathcal{L}^{(-1)}\big\{x$
		` ' '	, ,		

Z-Transform	\zat{x}	$\mathcal{Z}\{x\}(z)$	Z-Transform (inv)	\izat{x}	$\mathcal{Z}^{(-1)}\{x\}$			
Fourier Transform	\frt	$\stackrel{\mathrm{FT}}{\longleftrightarrow}$						
Fourier Transform	$fat{x}$	$\mathcal{F}\{x\}(\omega)$	Fourier Transform (inv)	$\int x^{x}$	$\mathcal{F}^{(-1)}\big\{x\big\}$			
Fourier Series (de)	\frr	$\stackrel{\operatorname{FR}}{\longleftrightarrow}$	Fourier Series (en)	\frs	$\stackrel{\mathrm{FS}}{\longleftrightarrow}$			
DFT	\dft	$\overset{\mathrm{DFT}}{\longleftrightarrow}$	DTFT	\dtft	$\overset{\mathrm{DTFT}}{\longleftrightarrow}$			
Custom TikZ-Symbols for Signal Transforms								
Laplace Transform	\ltransf	○	Laplace Transform (inv)	\Ltransf	•—			
Z Transform	\ztransf		Z Transform (inv)	\Ztransf				
Sets								
Natural Numbers	\N	\mathbb{N}	Integers	\Z	\mathbb{Z}			
Rational Numbers	\ Q	$\mathbb Q$	Irrational Numbers	\I	\mathbb{I}			
Real Numbers	\R	\mathbb{R}	Complex Numbers	\c	\mathbb{C}			
Set of Primes	\P	\mathbb{P}	Transcendental Numbers	\T	${\mathbb T}$			
General Field (de)	\K	\mathbb{K}	General Field (en)	\F	F			

Table 1: All symbols and operators from math.sty

As you might have noticed, some of the entries in the table above feature either (de) or (en). These typically refer to language-dependet Operators. A classic example is the Curl of a Vector-Field. In English, the operator is either $\nabla \times \mathbf{V}$ or curl(\mathbf{V}). In German however, the cross-prodcut $\nabla \times \mathbf{V}$ ist referred to as *Rotation von* \mathbf{V}^1 . Hence the Operator rot(\mathbf{V}).

There also exist some limits which take no arguments, which is listed with (noarg). This was mostly done to provide a simple text command for just the operator. If you e.g. just want to write: *The limes superior refers to the largest* ... and want to use the symbol lim sup in text without any subscript.

0.3 A Word on Tables

Tables in IATEXcan be quite a pain, especially correct vertical spacing and alignemnt. To avoid maximum frustration, the package cellspace is loaded. It allows to define a minimal distance to the top and the bottom of a row. To enable this functionality in your tables, you need to modify your column-list by adding s in front of your column type, e.g. \begin{tabular}{Sc S1 Sr}. Note: If you have simitx loaded² you need to write cc instead.

The standard value for space to top/bottom is 4pt. You can change this by modifying the corresponging commands in preamble.sty:

- \setlength\cellspacetopline controls the spacing to the top
- \setlength\cellspacebottomline controls the spacing to the bottom

preamble also includes the longtable package. This allows for tables to perform pagebreak. A pagebreak can be manually inserted by typing \pagebreak in the table-contents. In order for this to work, the longtable-environment mustn't be in a table-environment. So wrap your longtable in a center and put the caption as a row element. See readme.tex for an example.

 $^{^{1}}$ Rotation of V

²preamble loads this package

0.4 Augmented Matrices and Row Operations

We now support augmented matrices. I took this beautiful solution from Stefan Kottwitz³:

```
1 \makeatletter
2 \renewcommand*\env@matrix[1][*\c@MaxMatrixCols c]{%
3 \hskip -\arraycolsep
4 \let\@ifnextchar\new@ifnextchar
5 \array{#1}}
6 \makeatother
```

I found this solution on StackExchange⁴. This modifies the amsmath-matrix environment, such that you can add a column-specification (like for tables) e.g. [cc|c] and after the second column, a line will be drawn. A simple example:

```
1 \begin{bmatrix}[cc|c]
2  m_{11} & m_{12} & b_1\\
3  m_{21} & m_{21} & b_2
4 \end{bmatrix}
```

Produces:

$$\begin{bmatrix} m_{11} & m_{12} & b_1 \\ m_{21} & m_{21} & b_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

The good part about Kott's solution is, that you can still call \begin{bmatrix} and related without any column-specifications, so the following still works:

```
1 \begin{bmatrix}
2  m_{11} & m_{12} & b_1\\
3  m_{21} & m_{21} & b_2
4 \end{bmatrix}
```

Which produces:

$$\begin{bmatrix} m_{11} & m_{12} & b_1 \\ m_{21} & m_{21} & b_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

For Row operations, I found Jake's⁵ solution in this⁶ thread. It allows you to draw a squiggly arrow with a specified length, which is passed as an argument to the call \longleadsto{<length>}.

0.5 Pseudo-Code and Algorithms

preamble.sty defines the language pseudo, which covers some common keywords for pseudo-code. Here are all defined keywords:

```
control:
            1) for
                      2 ) begin 3) end
                                           4) input
            5) if
                      6 ) then 7) output 8) return
            9) while
                     10) name
          stack/list operations:
            1) view
                      2) push 3) pop
                                          4) insert
            5) delete
          basic types:
            1) bool 2) int
                               3) float 4) double
10
            5) string 6) data
```

Table 2: Defined Keywords in pseudo

To complete the pseudo-code, I found another beautiful solution here⁷. A simple example:

```
<sup>3</sup>https://tex.stackexchange.com/users/213/stefan-kottwitz[12.3.2021]
```

 $^{^{4} \}text{https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/2233/whats-the-best-way-make-an-augmented-coefficient-matrix} [12.3.2021]$

⁵https://tex.stackexchange.com/users/2552/jake[12.3.2021]

 $^{^{6} \}rm https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/12678/squiggly-arrows-in-tikz/442036\#442036[12.3.2021]$

 $^{^{7} \}rm https://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/111116/what-is-the-best-looking-pseudo-code-package$

```
name: hanoi
input: index n, Rod a, Rod b, Rod c
hanoi(n, a, b, c):
if ( n > 0 ) begin
hanoi(n-1, a, c, b)
move(a, c)
hanoi(n-1, b, a, c)
end
```

Alg 0.5.1: Towers of Hanoi, recursive

The caption-name can be overwritten with a simple renewcommand{algcapname}{<name>}. The environment accepts all lstlisting arguments as-well as caption:

```
begin{algorithm}[language=pseudo,caption={Towers of Hanoi, recursive}]
name: hanoi
input: index n, Rod a, Rod b, Rod c
hanoi(n, a, b, c):
if ( n > 0 ) begin
hanoi(n-1, a, c, b)
move(a, c)
hanoi(n-1, b, a, c)
end
lo \end{algorithm}
```

0.6 Authors Note

Since I am currently studying Information and Computer Engineering, I've only written macros for corresponding fields (i.e. electrical engineering). So currently there are no neat macros for Chemistry or advanced Physics, etc. Since this repository is public you can Issue a feature request and given some time, it should be implemented in a corresponding style.