0.1 General Information

The files math.sty and preamble.sty should provide you a simple yet effectie suite of macros for quick writing of mathematical/scientific papers. To properly load them you should include the following in your preamble:

```
1 \usepackage{preamble}
2 \usepackage{math}
```

It is important that you maintain the order of the packags, since math.sty uses some packages included in preamble.sty. Other than providing an extensive list of mathematical operators from math, there are some useful commands in preamble.sty too. The one that I myself use quite often is \col{<color>}{<text>}. Altough xcolor defines \textcolor, it can get kind of "clunky" in tables or similar, so i wrote a shorter command.

Symbol

Math-Mode

Result

Result

0.2 Symbol Index

Math-Mode

Symbol

Symbol	Matn-Mode	Result	Symbol	Matn-Mode	Result			
Symbol			Math-Mode	Result				
Vectors								
Column Vector	\pvec{x_1}{x_2}	$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$	Dot-Product	\dotp{x_1}{x_2}	$\langle x_1, x_2 \rangle$			
Column Vector		$\tvec{x_1}{x_2}{x_3}$		$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}$				
Row Vector		\rpvec{x_1}{x_2}		$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 \end{bmatrix}$				
Row Vector		$\t x_1}{x_2}{x_3}$		$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \end{bmatrix}$				
Matrices								
Matrix	\mat{M}	\mathbf{M}	Matrix (greek letters)	\gmat{M}	ϕ			
Determinant	\det	det						
Matrix-Rank (de)	\Rang	Rang	Matrix-Rank (en)	\Rank	Rank			
Matrix-Trace (de)	\Spur	Spur	Matrix-Trace (en)	\Trace	Trace			
Adjunct-Matrix	\Adj	Adj	Cofactor-Matrix	\Cof	Cof			
Identity-Matrix (de)	\imate	${f E}$	Identity-Matrix (en)	\imati	I			
Calculus and Functions								
Differential d	\diff	d	Exterior Derivative	\extd	D			
Divergence	\divs	div						
Derivative	$\der{f}{x}$	$\frac{\mathrm{d}f}{\mathrm{d}x}$	Partial Derivative	$\protect\operatorname{per}\{f\}\{x_1\}$	$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1}$			
n-th Derivative	$\ner{f}{x}{n}$	$\frac{\mathrm{d}^n f}{\mathrm{d} x^n}$	n-th Partial Derivative	$\pr{f}{x_1}{n}$	$\frac{\partial^n f}{\partial x_1^n}$			
Curl (de)	\rot	rot	Curl (en)	\curl	curl			
Limit (noarg)	\lims	\lim	Limit	$\lim{n}{\langle infty \rangle}$	$\lim_{n \to \infty}$			
Infimum (noarg)	\infs	\inf	Infimum	\inf{M}	$\inf(M)$			
Supremum (noarg)	\sups	\sup	Supremum	\sup{M}	$\sup(M)$			
Limes Inferior (noarg)	\liminfs	lim inf	Limes Inferior	\liminf{n}{\infty}	$\liminf_{n\to\infty}$			
Limes Superior (noarg)	\limsups	\limsup	Limes Superior	$\limsup_{n\to\infty}$	$\limsup_{n\to\infty}$			
Function Image (de)	\Bild	Bild	Function Image (en)	\Img	Img			

	A	dditional Trig	gonometric Functions			
Area Sinus hyperbolicus	Arsinh					
Area Cosinus hyperbolicus	\mathbf{S}	\/	\Arcosh		Arcosh	
Area Tangens hyperbolicu	IS	\/	Artanh	Artanh		
Area Cotanges hyperbolicus		\Arcoth		Arcoth		
Arcus Cotanges	\arccot	arccot				
Arcus Secans	\arcsec	arcsec	Arcus Cosecans	\arccsc	arccsc	
			Logic			
Bijunction	\bij	\leftrightarrow				
Equivalent	\eqv	\Leftrightarrow	Not Equivalent	\neqv	#	
Right Subjunction	\subj	\rightarrow	Left Subjunction	\lsubj	\leftarrow	
Not Right Subjunction	\nsubj	×	Not Left Subjunction	\nlsubj	5	
Right Implication	\implies	\Rightarrow	Left Implication	\limplies	<=	
Not Right Implication	\nimplies	*	Not Left Implication	\nlimplies	#	
Symbol for True (de)	\dtrue	W	Symbol for True (en)	\etrue	${ m T}$	
Symbol for False (de)	\dfalse	F	Symbol for False (en)	\efalse	\mathbf{F}	
		E	quations			
Should be equal to	\feq	<u>!</u>				
		C	onstants			
Imaginary Unit	\i	i	Jimaginary Unit (EE)	\ j	j	
Euler's Number	\e	e				
		Num	ber Theory			
GCD (de)	\ggT	ggT	GCD (en)	\gcd	gcd	
LCM (de)	\kgV	kgV	LCM (en)	\lcm	lcm	
		Signal	Transforms			
Laplace Transform	\ltr{x}	\overline{x}	Z Transform	\ztr{x}	\tilde{x}	
Laplace Transform	$\label{lap} x$	$\mathcal{L}\{x\}(s)$	Laplace Transform (inv)	$\displaystyle \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	$\mathcal{L}^{(-1)}\{x\}$	
Z-Transform	\zat{x}	$\mathcal{Z}\{x\}(z)$	Z-Transform (inv)	\izat{x}	$\mathcal{Z}^{(-1)}\{x\}$	
Fourier Transform	\frt	$\stackrel{\mathrm{FT}}{\longleftrightarrow}$				
Fourier Transform	$fat{x}$	$\mathcal{F}\{x\}(\omega)$	Fourier Transform (inv)	$\left(x\right) $	$\mathcal{F}^{(-1)}\{x\}$	
Fourier Series (de)	\frr	$\stackrel{\operatorname{FR}}{\longleftrightarrow}$	Fourier Series (en)	\frs	$\stackrel{\mathrm{FS}}{\longleftrightarrow}$	
DFT	\dft	$\overset{\mathrm{DFT}}{\longleftrightarrow}$	DTFT	\dtft	$\overset{\mathrm{DTFT}}{\longleftrightarrow}$	
			ols for Signal Transforms	12020	. ,	
Laplace Transform	\ltransf	○	Laplace Transform (inv)	\Ltransf	•—○	
Z Transform	\ztransf		Z Transform (inv)	\Ztransf		
			Sets			
Natural Numbers	/N	N	Integers	\Z	\mathbb{Z}	
Rational Numbers	\ Q	\mathbb{Q}	Irrational Numbers	\ I	\mathbb{I}	
Real Numbers	\R	\mathbb{R}	Complex Numbers	\c	\mathbb{C}	
Set of Primes	\P	\mathbb{P}	Transcendental Numbers	\T	${\mathbb T}$	

General Field (de)	\K	\mathbb{K}	General Field (en)	\F	\mathbb{F}
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Table 1: All symbols and operators from math.sty

As you might have noticed, some of the entries in the table above feature either (de) or (en). These typically refer to language-dependet Operators. A classic example is the Curl of a Vector-Field. In English, the operator is either $\nabla \times \mathbf{V}$ or curl(\mathbf{V}). In German however, the cross-prodcut $\nabla \times \mathbf{V}$ ist referred to as *Rotation von* \mathbf{V}^1 . Hence the Operator rot(\mathbf{V}).

There also exist some limits which take no arguments, which is listed with (noarg). This was mostly done to provide a simple text command for just the operator. If you e.g. just want to write: *The limes superior refers to the largest* ... and want to use the symbol lim sup in text without any subscript.

0.3 A Word on Tables

Tables in LATEXcan be quite a pain, especially correct vertical spacing and alignemnt. To avoid maximum frustration, the package cellspace is loaded. It allows to define a minimal distance to the top and the bottom of a row. To enable this functionality in your tables, you need to modify your column-list by adding s in front of your column type, e.g. \begin{tabular}{Sc S1 Sr}. Note: If you have simitx loaded² you need to write cc instead.

The standard value for space to top/bottom is 4pt. You can change this by modifying the corresponging commands in preamble.sty:

- \setlength\cellspacetopline controls the spacing to the top
- \setlength\cellspacebottomline controls the spacing to the bottom

preamble also includes the longtable package. This allows for tables to perform pagebreak. A pagebreak can be manually inserted by typing \pagebreak in the table-contents. In order for this to work, the longtable-environment mustn't be in a table-environment. So wrap your longtable in a center and put the caption as a row element. See readme.tex for an example.

0.4 Authors Note

Since I am currently studying Information and Computer Engineering, I've only written macros for corresponding fields (i.e. electrical engineering). So currently there are no neat macros for Chemistry or advanced Physics, etc. Since this repository is public you can Issue a feature request and given some time, it should be implemented in a corresponding style.

 $^{^{1}}$ Rotation of ${f V}$

²preamble loads this package