## IIIT Vadodara WINTER 2021-2022 **MA202 Numerical Techniques** Lab # 9 Monte Carlo Integration

## Exercise 1

Write a program to numerically evaluate the integral of the function  $f(x) = \frac{\sin(\lambda x)}{x}$ , from x = -10 to x = 10, for the values of  $\lambda = 0.01, 0.1, 1, 10, 100$ . Repeat the same exercise as above for  $g(x) = \exp(\sin(\lambda x))$ , for which the integration limits are x = 0 to  $x = 5\pi$ . Note that your answers should be accurate upto 5th significant digit. Also mention the estimated error in the evaluation. Do clearly mention number of sampling done in each case.

## Exercise 2

Write a program to numerically integrate the multi-dimensional integral

Write a program to numerically integrate the multi-dimensional integral 
$$\int_{-L}^{L} dx_1 \int_{-L}^{L} dx_2 \cdots \int_{-L}^{L} dx_n \exp[-\frac{1}{2}(x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \cdots + x_n^2)].$$
 Take  $n = 8,9,10$  and  $L = 10$  to evaluate the integral.

Your answer should be accurate upto 5th significant digit. Please mention the number of sampling needed as also the variance estimate in each case.

## Exercise 3

Use the above written program to evaluate this integral  $\int_{-L}^{L} dx_1 \int_{-L}^{L} dx_2 \cdots \int_{-L}^{L} dx_n \exp[-\frac{1}{2}x^T \cdot A \cdot x]$ , where the matrix  $x = (x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ , and the matrix A is such that,  $A_{ij} = 1$  when |i - j| = 1, else  $A_{ij} = 0$ . Take n = 8,9,10 and L = 10 to evaluate the integral. Your answer should be accurate upto 5th significant digit. Please mention the number of sampling needed as also the variance estimate in each case.