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Scanned: Assets/scripts

Assets/scripts/Camera/CameraController.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using Unity.Cinemachine;
// <summary>
// This script controls the camera movement, rotation, and zoom in a Unity game using the Cinemachine package.
// It allows the player to move the camera using WASD keys, rotate it using Q and E keys, and zoom in and out using the mouse scroll wheel.
// The camera follows a target object with a specified offset, and the zoom level is clamped to a minimum and maximum value.
// </summary>
public class CameraController : MonoBehaviour
    private const float MIN FOLLOW Y OFFSET = 2f;
    private const float MAX FOLLOW Y OFFSET = 18f;//12f;
    public static CameraController Instance { get; private set; }
    [SerializeField] private CinemachineCamera cinemachineCamera;
    private CinemachineFollow cinemachineFollow;
    private Vector3 targetFollowOffset;
    private float moveSpeed = 10f;
    private float rotationSpeed = 100f;
    private float zoomSpeed = 5f;
    private void Awake()
        if (Instance != null)
            Debug.LogError("CameraController: More than one CameraController in the scene! " + transform + " - " + Instance);
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
        Instance = this;
    private void Start()
        cinemachineFollow = cinemachineCamera.GetComponent<CinemachineFollow>();
        targetFollowOffset = cinemachineFollow.FollowOffset;
    private void Update()
        HandleMovement(moveSpeed);
        HandleRotation(rotationSpeed);
        HandleZoom(zoomSpeed);
    }
    private void HandleMovement(float moveSpeed)
```

```
Vector2 inputMoveDirection = InputManager.Instance.GetCameraMoveVector();
    Vector3 moveVector = transform.forward * inputMoveDirection.y + transform.right * inputMoveDirection.x;
    transform.position += moveSpeed * Time.deltaTime * moveVector;
}
private void HandleRotation(float rotationSpeed)
    Vector3 rotationVector = new Vector3(0, 0, 0);
    rotationVector.y = InputManager.Instance.GetCameraRotateAmount();
    transform.eulerAngles += rotationSpeed * Time.deltaTime * rotationVector;
private void HandleZoom(float zoomSpeed)
    float zoomIncreaseAmount = 1f;
    targetFollowOffset.y += InputManager.Instance.GetCameraZoomAmount() * zoomIncreaseAmount;
    targetFollowOffset.y = Mathf.Clamp(targetFollowOffset.y, MIN FOLLOW Y OFFSET, MAX FOLLOW Y OFFSET);
    cinemachineFollow.FollowOffset = Vector3.Lerp(cinemachineFollow.FollowOffset, targetFollowOffset, Time.deltaTime * zoomSpeed);
}
public float GetCameraHeight()
    return targetFollowOffset.y;
```

Assets/scripts/Camera/CameraManager.cs

```
using System;
using UnityEngine;
public class CameraManager : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private GameObject actionCameraGameObject;
    [SerializeField] private float actionCameraVerticalPosition = 2.5f;
    private void Start()
         BaseAction.OnAnyActionStarted += BaseAction OnAnyActionStarted;
         BaseAction.OnAnyActionCompleted += BaseAction OnAnyActionCompleted;
         HideActionCamera();
    void OnEnable()
        BaseAction.OnAnyActionStarted += BaseAction_OnAnyActionStarted;
        BaseAction.OnAnyActionCompleted += BaseAction OnAnyActionCompleted;
        HideActionCamera();
   }
    void OnDisable()
        BaseAction.OnAnyActionStarted -= BaseAction OnAnyActionStarted;
        BaseAction.OnAnyActionCompleted -= BaseAction_OnAnyActionCompleted;
    private void ShowActionCamera()
        actionCameraGameObject.SetActive(true);
    private void HideActionCamera()
        actionCameraGameObject.SetActive(false);
    private void BaseAction_OnAnyActionStarted(object sender, EventArgs e)
        switch (sender)
            case ShootAction shootAction:
                Unit shooterUnit = shootAction.GetUnit();
                Unit targetUnit = shootAction.GetTargetUnit();
                Vector3 cameraCharacterHeight = Vector3.up * actionCameraVerticalPosition; //1.7f;
                Vector3 shootDir = (targetUnit.GetWorldPosition() - shooterUnit.GetWorldPosition()).normalized;
```

```
float shoulderOffsetAmount = 0.5f;
            Vector3 shoulderOffset = Quaternion.Euler(0, 90, 0) * shootDir * shoulderOffsetAmount;
            Vector3 actionCameraPosition =
                shooterUnit.GetWorldPosition() +
                cameraCharacterHeight +
                shoulderOffset +
                (shootDir * -1);
            actionCameraGameObject.transform.position = actionCameraPosition;
            actionCameraGameObject.transform.LookAt(targetUnit.GetWorldPosition() + cameraCharacterHeight);
            ShowActionCamera();
            break;
}
private void BaseAction_OnAnyActionCompleted(object sender, EventArgs e)
    switch (sender)
        case ShootAction shootAction:
            HideActionCamera();
            break;
```

Assets/scripts/Camera/FloorVisibility.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class FloorVisibility : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private bool dynamicFloorPosition;
    [SerializeField] private List<Renderer> ignoreRendererList;
    private HashSet<Renderer> ignoreSet;
    private Renderer[] rendererArray;
    private int floor;
    private bool? lastVisible;
                                        // vältä turhat muutokset
    private Unit unit;
                                        // jos kohde on Unit tai sen alla
    private bool forceHidden;
                                        // ulkoinen lukko (esim. kuolema)
    private void Awake()
        rendererArray = GetComponentsInChildren<Renderer>(true);
        unit = GetComponentInParent<Unit>(); // tai GetComponent<Unit>() jos scripti istuu suoraan Unitissa
        if (unit != null)
            // reagoi heti piilotukseen/poistoon
            unit.OnHiddenChangedEvent += OnUnitHiddenChanged;
            forceHidden = unit.IsHidden();
        ignoreSet = new HashSet<Renderer>(ignoreRendererList);
   }
    void OnDisable()
        if (unit != null) unit.OnHiddenChangedEvent -= OnUnitHiddenChanged;
    private void Start()
        floor = LevelGrid.Instance.GetFloor(transform.position);
        Recompute();
    private void OnDestroy()
        if (unit != null) unit.OnHiddenChangedEvent -= OnUnitHiddenChanged;
    private void Update()
        if (dynamicFloorPosition)
```

```
floor = LevelGrid.Instance.GetFloor(transform.position);
    Recompute();
private void Recompute()
   // 1) kamerakorkeuteen perustuva perusnäkyvyys
   float cameraHeight = CameraController.Instance.GetCameraHeight();
    float floorHeightOffset = 2f;
    bool cameraWantsVisible = (cameraHeight > LevelGrid.FLOOR_HEIGHT * floor + floorHeightOffset) || floor == 0;
    // 2) unitin piilotus "lukitsee" näkymättömäksi
    bool visible = cameraWantsVisible && !forceHidden;
   if (lastVisible.HasValue && lastVisible.Value == visible) return; // ei muutosta
    lastVisible = visible;
    ApplyVisible(visible);
private void ApplyVisible(bool visible)
    foreach (var r in rendererArray)
        if (!r) continue;
        if (ignoreSet.Contains(r)) continue;
        r.enabled = visible;
}
// Jos haluat ulkopuolelta pakottaa piiloon (esim. ragdollin spawner tms.)
public void SetForceHidden(bool hidden)
    forceHidden = hidden;
    Recompute();
private void OnUnitHiddenChanged(bool hidden)
   forceHidden = hidden;
    Recompute();
public void AddIgnore(Renderer r)
    ignoreRendererList.Add(r);
    ignoreSet.Add(r);
public void RemoveIgnore(Renderer r)
```

```
ignoreRendererList.Remove(r);
ignoreSet.Remove(r);
}
}
```

Assets/scripts/Camera/Look At Camera.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// Turn wordUI elements ( Like Unit Health and action points) toward to camera.
/// </summary>
public class LookAtCamera : MonoBehaviour
{
    [SerializeField] private bool invert;
    private Transform cameraTransform;
    private void Awake()
    {
        cameraTransform = Camera.main.transform;
    }
    private void LateUpdate()
    {
        if (invert)
        {
            Vector3 dirToCamera = (cameraTransform.position - transform.position).normalized;
            transform.LookAt(transform.position + dirToCamera * -1);
        } else
        {
            transform.LookAt(cameraTransform);
        }
    }
}
```

Assets/scripts/Camera/ScreenShake.cs

```
using Unity.Cinemachine;
using UnityEngine;
public class ScreenShake : MonoBehaviour
    public static ScreenShake Instance { get; private set; }
    [SerializeField]
    private CinemachineImpulseSource cinemachineRecoilImpulseSource;
    [SerializeField]
    private CinemachineImpulseSource cinemachineExplosiveImpulseSource;
    private void Awake()
        // Ensure that there is only one instance in the scene
        if (Instance != null)
            Debug.LogError("ScreenShake: More than one ScreenShake in the scene!" + transform + " " + Instance);
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
        Instance = this;
    }
    public void ExplosiveCameraShake(float ShakeStrength)
        cinemachineExplosiveImpulseSource.GenerateImpulse(ShakeStrength);
    public void RecoilCameraShake(float ShakeStrength)
        cinemachineRecoilImpulseSource.GenerateImpulse(ShakeStrength);
```

Assets/scripts/CoverSystem/CoverService.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
public static class CoverService
    public enum CoverType { None, Low, High }
    public static int GetCoverMitigationBase(CoverType t)
        => t == CoverType.High ? 50 : (t == CoverType.Low ? 25 : 0);
    public static int GetCoverMitigationPoints(CoverType t)
        int basePts = GetCoverMitigationBase(t);
        return Mathf.RoundToInt(basePts);
    public static CoverType EvaluateCoverHalfPlane(GridPosition attacker, GridPosition target, PathNode node)
        if (attacker.floor != target.floor) return CoverType.None; // pidä yksinkertaisena
        int dx = attacker.x - target.x;
        int dz = attacker.z - target.z;
        if (node == null) return CoverType.None;
        bool ge = false; // "greater or equal" rajalla?
        bool facesN = ge ? (dz >= 0) : (dz > 0);
        bool facesS = ge ? (dz <= 0) : (dz < 0);
        bool facesE = ge ? (dx >= 0) : (dx > 0);
        bool facesW = ge ? (dx <= 0) : (dx < 0);
        bool high =
            (facesN && node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.N)) ||
            (facesS && node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.S)) ||
            (facesE && node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.E)) ||
            (facesW && node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.W));
        if (high) return CoverType.High;
        bool low =
            (facesN && node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.N)) ||
            (facesS && node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.S)) ||
            (facesE && node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.E)) ||
            (facesW && node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.W));
        return low ? CoverType.Low : CoverType.None;
```

Assets/scripts/CoverSystem/CoverVisualizer.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
[DisallowMultipleComponent]
public class CoverVisualizer : MonoBehaviour
[Header("Refs")]
    [SerializeField] private PathFinding pathfinding;
    [SerializeField] private LevelGrid levelGrid;
    [SerializeField] private Camera cam;
    [SerializeField] private Material unlitTransparentMat; // Unlit/Transparent tms.
    [Header("Raycast")]
    [SerializeField] private LaverMask groundMask = ~0: // millä lavereilla lattia/maa on
    [Header("Style")]
    [SerializeField] private float vOffset = 0.05f; // nosta vähän lattiasta
    [SerializeField] private float edgeInset = 0.48f; // 0.45-0.49
    [SerializeField] private float barLen = 0.90f; // suhteessa cellSizeen [SerializeField] private float barWidth = 0.06f; // X/Z -ohuus
    [SerializeField] private float barHeight = 0.06f; // Y-paksuus
    [SerializeField] private Color lowColor = new(0.2f, 1f, 0.2f, 0.55f);
    [SerializeField] private Color highColor = new(0.2f, 0.5f, 1f, 0.80f);
    [Header("Walls (optional)")]
    [SerializeField] private bool showWalls = true;
    [SerializeField] private Color wallColor = new(1f, 0.4f, 0.1f, 0.80f);
    Transform n,e,s,w; MeshRenderer rn,re,rs,rw; float cell;
    void Awake() {
        if (!pathfinding) pathfinding = FindFirstObjectByType<PathFinding>();
        if (!levelGrid) levelGrid = LevelGrid.Instance;
        if (!cam) cam = Camera.main;
        cell = levelGrid.GetCellSize();
        (n,rn) = CreateBar("N");
        (e,re) = CreateBar("E");
        (s,rs) = CreateBar("S");
        (w,rw) = CreateBar("W");
        HideAll();
    (Transform, MeshRenderer) CreateBar(string name) {
        var go = GameObject.CreatePrimitive(PrimitiveType.Cube);
        go.name = $"CoverHover {name}";
        Destroy(go.GetComponent<Collider>());
        go.transform.SetParent(transform, false);
        var mr = go.GetComponent<MeshRenderer>();
        if (unlitTransparentMat) mr.sharedMaterial = unlitTransparentMat;
```

```
go.SetActive(false);
    return (go.transform, mr);
}
void Update() {
    BaseAction action = UnitActionSystem.Instance.GetSelectedAction():
    if (action == null) return;
    if (!pathfinding || !levelGrid || !cam || action.GetActionName() != "Move") { HideAll(); return; }
    var ray = cam.ScreenPointToRay(Input.mousePosition);
    if (!Physics.Raycast(ray, out var hit, 500f, groundMask, OueryTriggerInteraction.Collide)) { HideAll(); return; }
    // Ruudukkoon
    var gp = levelGrid.GetGridPosition(hit.point);
    var node = pathfinding.GetNode(gp.x, gp.z, gp.floor);
    if (node == null|| !node.GetIsWalkable()) { HideAll(): return: }
    var c = levelGrid.GetWorldPosition(gp);
    c.v += vOffset;
    // Reunan keskikohdat
    var north = c + new Vector3(0, 0, cell * edgeInset);
    var south = c + new Vector3(0, 0, -cell * edgeInset);
    var eastP = c + new Vector3( cell * edgeInset, 0, 0);
    var westP = c + new Vector3(-cell * edgeInset, 0, 0);
    // N/S = pituus X-suunnassa, E/W = pituus Z-suunnassa
    DrawBar(node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.N), node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.N), node.HasWall(EdgeMask.N), n, rn, north, new Vector3(cell*barLen, barHeight, barWidth));
    DrawBar(node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.S), node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.S), node.HasWall(EdgeMask.S), s, rs, south, new Vector3(cell*barLen, barHeight, barWidth));
    DrawBar(node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.E), node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.E), node.HasWall(EdgeMask.E), e, re, eastP, new Vector3(barWidth, barHeight, cell*barLen));
    DrawBar(node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.W), node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.W), node.HasWall(EdgeMask.W), w, rw, westP, new Vector3(barWidth, barHeight, cell*barLen));
}
void DrawBar(bool high, bool low, bool wall, Transform tr, MeshRenderer mr, Vector3 pos, Vector3 size) {
    if (!high && !low && !(showWalls && wall)) { tr.gameObject.SetActive(false); return; }
    tr.gameObject.SetActive(true);
    tr.position = pos;
    tr.localScale = size;
    // Väri prioriteetilla: seinä > high cover > low cover
    var color = (showWalls && wall) ? wallColor : (high ? highColor : lowColor);
    var m = mr.material; // runtime-instanssi
    m.color = color;
}
void HideAll() {
    if (n) n.gameObject.SetActive(false);
    if (e) e.gameObject.SetActive(false);
    if (s) s.gameObject.SetActive(false);
    if (w) w.gameObject.SetActive(false);
```

RogueShooter	- All	Scripts
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Assets/scripts/CoverSystem/EdgeBaker.cs

```
using System;
using UnitvEngine:
[DefaultExecutionOrder(500)] // After Pathfindingin
[DisallowMultipleComponent]
/// @file EdgeBaker.cs
/// @brief Edge-based obstacle detection and wall baking system for RogueShooter.
/// The EdgeBaker scans the environment to detect narrow obstacles (walls, fences, railings, doorframes)
/// between adjacent grid cells and encodes them as edge-wall flags in the pathfinding data.
/// This ensures that unit movement and line-of-sight calculations align precisely with physical geometry.
111
/// ### Overview
/// EdgeBaker operates immediately after walkability baking has been performed by the `PathFinding` system.
/// It iterates through all walkable cells and performs four narrow physics checks (north, east, south, west)
/// to detect thin colliders lying between grid borders. Any detected obstacle is stored as an `EdgeMask`
/// flag on both affected nodes to maintain symmetric connectivity.
111
/// ### System integration
/// - **LevelGrid** - Provides spatial dimensions and world ordinate mapping for each cell.
/// - **PathFinding** - Supplies the `PathNode` data structure where edge walls are stored and gueried.
/// - **EdgeBaker** - Bridges the physical Unity scene and the logical pathfinding layer by detecting edge blockers.
111
/// ### Key features
/// - Detects fine-grained edge blockers that are smaller than a full grid cell.
/// - Writes edge-wall data symmetrically to adjacent nodes (no "one-way walls").
/// - Supports incremental rebaking after runtime geometry changes (doors opening, walls destroyed).
/// - Uses Physics.CheckBox for reliable thin-edge detection with adjustable thickness and scan height.
/// - Operates deterministically and independently of Unity's NavMesh system.
/// ### Why this exists in RogueShooter
/// - The game's tactical combat requires accurate cover and movement restrictions based on geometry.
/// - Standard per-cell walkability alone cannot capture small barriers or partial walls.
/// - This system creates a precise "micro-collision" layer between cells, allowing units to interact
/// with the environment in a realistic and strategically meaningful way.
111
/// In summary, this file defines the edge-detection system that enhances the grid-based pathfinding
/// with sub-cell precision, ensuring that RogueShooter's movement, visibility, and cover mechanics
/// reflect the actual physical layout of each combat environment.
/// <summary>
/// Automatically detects and marks impassable edges between walkable grid cells,
/// based on physical obstacles present in the scene (walls, fences, railings, doorframes, etc.).
///
/// This component "bakes" thin collision lines along cell borders using Physics. CheckBox tests,
/// writing wall data directly into the PathFinding grid nodes (via EdgeMask flags).
/// It ensures that movement and line-of-sight calculations align with the actual environment geometry.
///
/// Design notes specific to RogueShooter:
```

```
/// - Used right after walkability baking to identify fine-grained obstacles between adjacent cells.
/// - Prevents units from moving or shooting through narrow environmental blockers
/// that don't occupy a full cell (e.g., half-walls, railings, or destroyed doorframes).
/// - Enables more realistic tactical cover and movement logic without relying on Unity's full NavMesh system.
/// - Automatically rebakes affected areas when dynamic obstacles (like doors or destructible walls) change state.
/// </summary>
public class EdgeBaker : MonoBehaviour
    public static EdgeBaker Instance { get; private set; }
    [Header("References")]
    [SerializeField] private PathFinding pathfinding;
    [SerializeField] private LevelGrid levelGrid;
    [Header("When to run")]
    [SerializeField] private bool autoBakeOnStart = true;
    [Header("Edge scan")]
    [Tooltip("Layerit, jotka edustavat RUUTUJEN VÄLISIÄ, ohuita liikkumista estäviä juttuja (kaiteet, seinäviivat, ovenpielet, tms.)")]
    [SerializeField] private LayerMask edgeBlockerMask;
    [Header("Cover scan")]
    [SerializeField] private LayerMask coverMask;
    [Tooltip("Reunan skannauksen 'nauhan' paksuus suhteessa cellSizeen (0.05-0.2 on tyypillinen).")]
    [Range(0.01f, 0.5f)]
    [SerializeField] private float edgeStripThickness = 0.1f;
    [Tooltip("Kuinka korkealta skannataan (metreinä). Yleensä hieman ukkelin pään korkeuden yläpuolelle.")]
    [SerializeField] private float edgeScanHeight = 2.0f;
    [Header("Cover height")]
    [SerializeField] private float lowCoverY = 1.0f;
                                                          // ~vyötärö
    [SerializeField] private float highCoverY = 1.6f;
                                                         // ~pää/olkapää
    // ---- Lyhyet aliasit, ettei tarvitse arvailla mistä mikäkin tulee ----
    private PathFinding PF => pathfinding != null ? pathfinding : (pathfinding = FindFirstObjectByType<PathFinding>());
    private LevelGrid LG => levelGrid != null ? levelGrid : (levelGrid = LevelGrid.Instance);
    private int Width;
    private int Height;
    private int FloorAmount;
    private float CellSize;
    private void Awake()
        if (Instance != null && Instance != this) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
        Instance = this;
        if (pathfinding == null) pathfinding = FindFirstObjectByType<PathFinding>();
        if (levelGrid == null) levelGrid = LevelGrid.Instance;
```

```
Width = levelGrid.GetWidth();
    Height = levelGrid.GetHeight();
    FloorAmount = levelGrid.GetFloorAmount();
    CellSize = levelGrid.GetCellSize();
}
private void Start()
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.SinglePlayer && autoBakeOnStart)
        BakeAllEdges(); // offline / yksinpeli
// ----- PUBLIC API -----
/// Performs a full edge bake across the entire grid.
///
/// Clears all previously marked walls, then scans every walkable cell
/// in all floors to detect thin obstacles (edges) between neighboring cells.
/// Design notes specific to RogueShooter:
/// - This is typically called once at level initialization, right after walkability checks.
/// - It ensures that all cell borders reflect real physical blockers.
/// so units cannot move or shoot through walls, fences, or other narrow obstacles.
/// - Provides the foundation for accurate tactical pathfinding and cover detection.
/// </summarv>
public void BakeAllEdges()
    if (!Preflight()) return;
    // 1) Clear all existing wall data from every node in every floor
    for (int f = 0; f < FloorAmount; f++)</pre>
        for (int x = 0; x < Width; x++)
            for (int z = 0; z < Height; z++)
                var node = PF.GetNode(x, z, f);
                if (node != null) node.ClearWalls();
    // 2) Scan each walkable cell and bake its N/E/S/W edge data
    for (int f = 0; f < FloorAmount; f++)</pre>
        for (int x = 0; x < Width; x++)
            for (int z = 0; z < Height; z++)
                var gp = new GridPosition(x, z, f);
                if (!IsWalkable(gp)) continue;
                BakeEdgesForCell(gp);
```

```
/// <summarv>
/// Rebuilds edge data locally around a given grid position.
/// Used when the environment changes dynamically - for example,
/// when a door opens or closes, or when a wall is destroyed.
/// This function rescans a small area instead of rebaking the entire map,
/// keeping pathfinding and cover data up to date with minimal performance cost.
///
/// Design notes specific to RogueShooter:
/// - Ensures that tactical movement and line-of-sight stay accurate
/// after real-time map changes during combat.
/// - Called automatically by interactive elements like doors or destructible props.
/// </summary>
public void RebakeEdgesAround(GridPosition center, int radius = 1)
    if (!Preflight()) return;
    // Loop through a square area centered on the target grid position
    for (int dx = -radius; dx <= radius; dx++)
        for (int dz = -radius; dz <= radius; dz++)</pre>
            var gp = new GridPosition(center.x + dx, center.z + dz, center.floor);
           if (!IsValidGridPosition(gp) || !IsWalkable(gp)) continue;
            var node = PF.GetNode(gp.x, gp.z, gp.floor);
           if (node == null) continue;
           // 1) Clear old wall data
           node.ClearWalls();
           // 2) Rescan and rebuild edge data for this cell
           BakeEdgesForCell(gp);
}
// ----- CORE -----
/// <summarv>
/// Scans the four borders (N/E/S/W) of a single walkable grid cell and writes edge-wall flags.
/// What it does:
/// - Builds four thin, axis-aligned 3D "strips" (AABBs) that sit exactly on the cell borders.
/// - Uses Physics.CheckBox to detect narrow blockers (rails, thin walls, door frames) at a chosen height.
/// - For every detected blocker, sets the matching EdgeMask flag on the current node
/// and mirrors the opposite flag on the neighboring node to keep graph connectivity symmetric.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Our levels contain many obstacles that do NOT fill the whole cell but still block movement/LOS across an edge.
/// - Baking per-edge blockers yields more faithful tactical movement and cover behavior than cell-only walkability.
/// - Keeping the data symmetric (both sides of the shared edge agree) avoids pathfinding inconsistencies.
///
```

```
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Each cell does a constant amount of physics work (4 × Physics.CheckBox).
/// - The strip thickness is a fraction of the cell size (edgeStripThickness), tuned to "catch" thin geometry
/// without overlapping neighboring interiors.
/// - The scan runs at edgeScanHeight (centered at Y = edgeScanHeight * 0.5), typically around head-height,
/// so low floor clutter doesn't cause false positives while walls/rails are still detected.
/// </summary>
private void BakeEdgesForCell(GridPosition gridPosition)
    var node = PF.GetNode(gridPosition.x, gridPosition.z, gridPosition.floor);
    node.ClearCover();
    // World-space center of this cell (at floor level)
    Vector3 center = LG.GetWorldPosition(gridPosition);
    float sellSize = CellSize:
    // Place the four strip centers exactly on the cell borders and lift to mid-scan height.
    float scanHeight = edgeScanHeight * 0.5f;
    Vector3 north = center + new Vector3(0f, scanHeight, +sellSize * 0.5f);
    Vector3 south = center + new Vector3(0f, scanHeight, -sellSize * 0.5f);
    Vector3 east = center + new Vector3(+sellSize * 0.5f, scanHeight, 0f);
    Vector3 west = center + new Vector3(-sellSize * 0.5f, scanHeight, 0f);
    PathBlocker(north, south, east, west, sellSize, node, gridPosition);
    WallCovers(north, south, east, west, sellSize, node, gridPosition);
private void PathBlocker(Vector3 north, Vector3 south, Vector3 east, Vector3 west, float sellSize, PathNode node, GridPosition gridPosition)
    // Define half-extents for the thin scanning strips:
    // - North/South strips are long along Z, thin along X.
    // - East/West strips are long along X, thin along Z.
    // Height half-extent is half of edgeScanHeight (so total box height == edgeScanHeight).
    Vector3 halfNorthSouth = new(sellSize * edgeStripThickness * 0.5f, edgeScanHeight * 0.5f, sellSize * 0.45f);
    Vector3 halfEastWest = new(sellSize * 0.45f, edgeScanHeight * 0.5f, sellSize * edgeStripThickness * 0.5f);
    // Probe NORTH edge; if blocked, mark N on this node and S on the northern neighbor.
    if (HasEdgeBlock(north, halfNorthSouth, Ouaternion.identity))
        node.AddWall(EdgeMask.N);
        MarkOpposite(gridPosition, +0, +1, EdgeMask.S);
    // Probe SOUTH edge: mirror to the southern neighbor.
    if (HasEdgeBlock(south, halfNorthSouth, Quaternion.identity))
        node.AddWall(EdgeMask.S);
        MarkOpposite(gridPosition, +0, -1, EdgeMask.N);
    // Probe EAST edge; mirror to the eastern neighbor.
    if (HasEdgeBlock(east, halfEastWest, Quaternion.identity))
```

```
node.AddWall(EdgeMask.E);
       MarkOpposite(gridPosition, +1, +0, EdgeMask.W);
   // Probe WEST edge: mirror to the western neighbor.
   if (HasEdgeBlock(west, halfEastWest, Quaternion.identity))
        node.AddWall(EdgeMask.W);
       MarkOpposite(gridPosition, -1, +0, EdgeMask.E);
private void WallCovers(Vector3 north, Vector3 south, Vector3 east, Vector3 west, float sellSize, PathNode node, GridPosition gridPosition)
   // --- Cover (sama geometria saa olla eri laverillä kuin edgeBlocker) ---
   // Tehdään matala ja korkea testi erikseen: low = vain vyötäröosuma, high = osuu myös pään korkeuteen.
   // Rajataan boksi vain yhdelle Y-korkeudelle (pieni korkeus), ettei pöydän jalat tms. vaikuta.
   Vector3 lowHalfNS = new Vector3(sellSize * edgeStripThickness * 0.5f, 0.1f, sellSize * 0.45f);
   Vector3 lowHalfEW = new Vector3(sellSize * 0.45f, 0.1f, sellSize * edgeStripThickness * 0.5f);
   Vector3 highHalfNS = lowHalfNS;
   Vector3 highHalfEW = lowHalfEW;
   // pisteet cover-korkeuksille
   Vector3 nLow = new Vector3(north.x, lowCoverY, north.z);
   Vector3 nHigh = new Vector3(north.x, highCoverY, north.z);
   Vector3 sLow = new Vector3(south.x, lowCoverY, south.z);
   Vector3 sHigh = new Vector3(south.x, highCoverY, south.z);
   Vector3 eLow = new Vector3(east.x, lowCoverY, east.z);
   Vector3 eHigh = new Vector3(east.x, highCoverY, east.z);
   Vector3 wLow = new Vector3(west.x, lowCoverY, west.z);
   Vector3 wHigh = new Vector3(west.x, highCoverY, west.z);
   // North
   bool nLowHit = Physics.CheckBox(nLow, lowHalfNS, Quaternion.identity, coverMask);
   bool nHighHit = Physics.CheckBox(nHigh, highHalfNS, Quaternion.identity, coverMask);
   if (nHighHit) node.AddHighCover(CoverMask.N);
   else if (nLowHit) node.AddLowCover(CoverMask.N);
   // South
   bool sLowHit = Physics.CheckBox(sLow, lowHalfNS, Quaternion.identity, coverMask);
   bool sHighHit = Physics.CheckBox(sHigh, highHalfNS, Quaternion.identity, coverMask);
   if (sHighHit) node.AddHighCover(CoverMask.S);
   else if (sLowHit) node.AddLowCover(CoverMask.S);
   // East
   bool eLowHit = Physics.CheckBox(eLow, lowHalfEW, Quaternion.identity, coverMask);
   bool eHighHit = Physics.CheckBox(eHigh, highHalfEW, Quaternion.identity, coverMask);
   if (eHighHit) node.AddHighCover(CoverMask.E);
   else if (eLowHit) node.AddLowCover(CoverMask.E);
   // West
   bool wLowHit = Physics.CheckBox(wLow, lowHalfEW, Quaternion.identity, coverMask);
   bool wHighHit = Physics.CheckBox(wHigh, highHalfEW, Quaternion.identity, coverMask);
```

```
if (wHighHit) node.AddHighCover(CoverMask.W);
    else if (wLowHit) node.AddLowCover(CoverMask.W);
}
/// <summary>
/// Checks whether a physical obstacle exists along a specific cell edge.
/// Uses Physics.CheckBox with the configured <see cref="edgeBlockerMask"/> to detect
/// any geometry that should prevent movement or line-of-sight across that border.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - We rely on thin colliders (walls, railings, doorframes) placed between grid cells.
/// - Detecting those lets the pathfinding system respect scene geometry more accurately
/// than simple per-cell walkability checks.
/// - Called four times per cell (once for each direction) during edge baking.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Returns true if *any* collider in the given layer mask overlaps the test volume.
/// - OueryTriggerInteraction.Ignore avoids false positives from trigger colliders.
/// </summary>
private bool HasEdgeBlock(Vector3 center, Vector3 halfExtents, Quaternion rot)
    return Physics.CheckBox(center, halfExtents, rot, edgeBlockerMask, OueryTriggerInteraction.Ignore);
/// Mirrors an edge-wall flag to the neighboring grid cell so both sides of the shared border agree.
///
/// What it does:
/// - Computes the neighbor position by offset (dx, dz) on the same floor.
/// - If the neighbor node exists, adds the opposite direction wall flag to it.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Keeps pathfinding data consistent between adjacent nodes.
/// - Prevents "one-way walls," where one node thinks the edge is blocked
      but its neighbor does not — a common cause of desyncs in tactical grids.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - This method assumes edge baking is done in grid order, so each pair
      of adjacent cells will eventually synchronize their shared edge data.
private void MarkOpposite(GridPosition a, int dx, int dz, EdgeMask oppositeDir)
    var b = new GridPosition(a.x + dx, a.z + dz, a.floor);
    if (!IsValidGridPosition(b)) return;
    var nb = PF.GetNode(b.x, b.z, b.floor);
    if (nb == null) return;
    // Add the mirrored wall flag to the neighbor node
    nb.AddWall(oppositeDir);
```

```
// ------ HELPERS ------
/// <summary>
/// Performs a quick validation before baking begins.
/// Checks that references to <see cref="PathFinding"/> and <see cref="LevelGrid"/> are valid,
/// either through serialized fields or automatic runtime lookup.
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Prevents null-reference errors during scene startup.
/// - Ensures that the grid and pathfinding systems are fully initialized
/// before attempting any edge scanning or node modification.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Logs descriptive errors to help diagnose missing scene references.
/// - Returns false if any critical dependency is missing, stopping the bake safely.
/// </summary>
private bool Preflight()
    if (PF == null)
        Debug.LogError("[EdgeBaker] Pathfinding reference missing (and not found automatically).");
        return false;
    if (LG == null)
        Debug.LogError("[EdgeBaker] LevelGrid reference missing (and not found automatically).");
        return false;
    return true;
}
/// Determines whether the specified grid position corresponds to a walkable node.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Edge baking should only occur on cells that units can actually occupy.
/// - Avoids unnecessary physics checks for blocked or void cells (improves performance).
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Fetches the node from PathFinding and queries its <c>GetIsWalkable()</c> flag.
/// </summary>
private bool IsWalkable(GridPosition gp)
    var node = PF.GetNode(gp.x, gp.z, gp.floor);
    return node != null && node.GetIsWalkable();
}
/// <summary>
/// Validates that a given grid position exists within the bounds of the level grid.
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
```

```
/// - Edge baking frequently queries neighboring cells (±1 in X/Z).
/// - Ensures that no out-of-range indices are accessed, preventing runtime errors.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Uses LevelGrid's built-in <c>IsValidGridPosition()</c> if available for the current floor.
/// - Falls back to manual bounds checking if no grid system reference is found.
/// </summary>
private bool IsValidGridPosition(GridPosition gp)
{
    var gridSystem = LG.GetGridSystem(gp.floor);
    if (gridSystem != null) return gridSystem.IsValidGridPosition(gp);
    return gp.x >= 0 && gp.z >= 0 && gp.x < Width && gp.z < Height && gp.floor >= 0 && gp.floor < FloorAmount;
}
</pre>
```

Assets/scripts/DebuggingAndTesting/GridDebug/CoverDebugGizmos.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
[ExecuteAlways]
[DisallowMultipleComponent]
public class CoverDebugGizmos : MonoBehaviour
    [Header("Refs")]
    [SerializeField] private PathFinding pathfinding;
    [SerializeField] private LevelGrid levelGrid;
    [Header("Filter")]
    [Tooltip("Piirretään vain tämä kerros (floor).")]
    [SerializeField] private int visibleFloor = 0;
    [SerializeField] private bool drawOnlvVisibleFloor = true:
    [Header("What to draw")]
    [SerializeField] private bool drawWalls = true;
    [SerializeField] private bool drawLowCover = true;
    [SerializeField] private bool drawHighCover = true;
    [Header("Style")]
    [SerializeField] private float yOffset = 0.05f; // nosta viivaa vähän lattiasta
    [SerializeField] private float edgeInset = 0.48f; // kuinka lähellä ruudun reunaa (0.5 = ihan reunalla)
    [SerializeField] private float wallThickness = 0.08f:
    [SerializeField] private float coverThickness = 0.05f;
    [SerializeField] private float coverLength = 0.35f; // viivan pituus reunan suuntaisesti
    [Header("Colors")]
    [SerializeField] private Color wallColor = new Color(1f, 0.4f, 0.1f, 0.9f); // oranssi
    [SerializeField] private Color lowColor = new Color(0.2f, 1f, 0.2f, 0.9f); // vihreä
    [SerializeField] private Color highColor = new Color(0.2f, 0.5f, 1f, 0.9f); // sininen
    private PathFinding PF => pathfinding ? pathfinding : (pathfinding = FindFirstObjectByType<PathFinding>());
    private LevelGrid LG => levelGrid ? levelGrid : (levelGrid = LevelGrid.Instance);
    private void OnDrawGizmos()
        if (PF == null | LG == null) return:
        int width = PF.GetWidth();
        int height = PF.GetHeight();
        int floors = LG.GetFloorAmount();
        float s = LG.GetCellSize();
        for (int f = 0; f < floors; f++)</pre>
            if (drawOnlyVisibleFloor && f != visibleFloor) continue;
            for (int x = 0; x < width; x++)
                for (int z = 0; z < height; z++)
```

```
var node = PF.GetNode(x, z, f);
                if (node == null) continue;
                Vector3 c = LG.GetWorldPosition(new GridPosition(x, z, f));
                c.v += vOffset:
                // TESTI: piirrä pieni pallo jos ruudulla on coveria
                if (node.GetHighCoverMask() != 0 || node.GetLowCoverMask() != 0)
                    Gizmos.color = Color.cyan;
                    Gizmos.DrawSphere(c + Vector3.up * 0.2f, 0.05f);
                }
                // Reunakohdat (keskitettyinä reunoille)
                Vector3 n = c + new Vector3(0, 0, +s * edgeInset);
                Vector3 s_{-} = c + new Vector3(0, 0, -s * edgeInset);
                Vector3 e = c + new Vector3(+s * edgeInset, 0, 0);
                Vector3 w = c + new Vector3(-s * edgeInset, 0, 0);
                // Seinät
                if (drawWalls)
                    Gizmos.color = wallColor;
                    if (node.HasWall(EdgeMask.N)) DrawEdgeBar(n, Vector3.right, wallThickness, s * 0.9f);
                    if (node.HasWall(EdgeMask.S)) DrawEdgeBar(s , Vector3.right, wallThickness, s * 0.9f);
                    if (node.HasWall(EdgeMask.E)) DrawEdgeBar(e, Vector3.forward, wallThickness, s * 0.9f);
                    if (node.HasWall(EdgeMask.W)) DrawEdgeBar(w, Vector3.forward, wallThickness, s * 0.9f);
                // Cover (valinnainen: toimii, jos lisäsit CoverMaskin PathNodeen)
                if (drawLowCover)
                    Gizmos.color = lowColor;
                    if (node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.N)) DrawEdgeBar(n, Vector3.right, coverThickness, s * coverLength);
                    if (node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.S)) DrawEdgeBar(s_, Vector3.right, coverThickness, s * coverLength);
                    if (node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.E)) DrawEdgeBar(e, Vector3.forward, coverThickness, s * coverLength);
                    if (node.HasLowCover(CoverMask.W)) DrawEdgeBar(w, Vector3.forward, coverThickness, s * coverLength);
                }
                if (drawHighCover)
                    Gizmos.color = highColor;
                    if (node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.N)) DrawEdgeBar(n + Vector3.up * 0.02f, Vector3.right, coverThickness, s * coverLength);
                    if (node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.S)) DrawEdgeBar(s_ + Vector3.up * 0.02f, Vector3.right, coverThickness, s * coverLength);
                    if (node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.E)) DrawEdgeBar(e + Vector3.up * 0.02f, Vector3.forward, coverThickness, s * coverLength);
                    if (node.HasHighCover(CoverMask.W)) DrawEdgeBar(w + Vector3.up * 0.02f, Vector3.forward, coverThickness, s * coverLength);
                }
            }
}
```

Assets/scripts/DebuggingAndTesting/GridDebug/GridDebugObject.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using TMPro;

// <summary>
// This script is used to display the grid object information in the scene view.
// </summary>
public class GridDebugObject : MonoBehaviour
{
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshPro textMeshPro;
    private object gridObject;
    public virtual void SetGridObject(object gridObject)
    {
        this.gridObject = gridObject;
    }
    protected virtual void Update()
    {
        textMeshPro.text = gridObject.ToString();
    }
}
```

Assets/scripts/Debugging And Testing/Grid Debug/Path Finding DebugGrid Object.cs

```
using TMPro;
using UnityEngine;
public class PathFindingDebugGridObject : GridDebugObject
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshPro gCostText;
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshPro hCostText;
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshPro fCostText;
    [SerializeField] private SpriteRenderer isWalkableSpriteRenderer;
    private PathNode pathNode;
    public override void SetGridObject(object gridObject)
        base.SetGridObject(gridObject);
        pathNode = (PathNode)gridObject;
   }
    protected override void Update()
        base.Update();
        gCostText.text = pathNode.GetGCost().ToString();
        hCostText.text = pathNode.GetHCost().ToString();
        fCostText.text = pathNode.GetFCost().ToString();
        isWalkableSpriteRenderer.color = pathNode.GetIsWalkable() ? Color.green : Color.red;
```

Assets/scripts/DebuggingAndTesting/PathfindingDebug/PathDiagHotkey.cs

Assets/scripts/DebuggingAndTesting/PathfindingDebug/PathfindingDiagnostics.cs

```
#if PERFORMANCE DIAG
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
[DefaultExecutionOrder(-10000)]
public class PathfindingDiagnostics : MonoBehaviour
    public static PathfindingDiagnostics Instance { get; private set; }
    [Header("On/Off")]
    public bool enabledRuntime = false;
                                            // kytkin pelissä
    [Header("Window")]
    public int windowSize = 200;
                                            // montako viimeisintä mittausta pidetään
    // Näkyvät lukemat
    public int SamplesCount => samples.Count;
    public double AvgMs { get; private set; }
    public double P95Ms { get; private set; }
    public double P50Ms { get; private set; } // mediaani
    public int CallsTotal { get; private set; }
    public int SuccessesTotal { get; private set; }
    public int FailuresTotal => CallsTotal - SuccessesTotal;
    struct Sample { public double ms; public bool success; public int pathLen; public int expanded; }
    readonly Queue<Sample> samples = new Queue<Sample>();
    void Awake()
        if (Instance != null) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
        Instance = this;
        DontDestroyOnLoad(gameObject);
    }
    public void AddSample(double ms, bool success, int pathLen, int expanded)
        if (!enabledRuntime) return;
        CallsTotal++;
        if (success) SuccessesTotal++;
        samples.Enqueue(new Sample { ms = ms, success = success, pathLen = pathLen, expanded = expanded });
        while (samples.Count > windowSize) samples.Dequeue();
        RecomputeStats();
    void RecomputeStats()
```

```
if (samples.Count == 0)
            AvgMs = P95Ms = P50Ms = 0;
            return;
        double sum = 0;
        List<double> arr = new List<double>(samples.Count);
        foreach (var s in samples) { sum += s.ms; arr.Add(s.ms); }
        arr.Sort();
        AvgMs = sum / samples.Count;
        P50Ms = Percentile(arr, 0.50);
        P95Ms = Percentile(arr, 0.95);
    static double Percentile(List<double> sorted, double p)
        if (sorted.Count == 0) return 0;
        double idx = (sorted.Count - 1) * p;
        int lo = (int)Math.Floor(idx);
        int hi = (int)Math.Ceiling(idx);
        if (lo == hi) return sorted[lo];
        double w = idx - lo;
        return sorted[lo] * (1 - w) + sorted[hi] * w;
    // Helppo nollaus napista
    public void ResetStats()
        samples.Clear();
        CallsTotal = 0;
        SuccessesTotal = 0;
        AvgMs = P95Ms = P50Ms = 0;
   }
#else
using UnityEngine;
// Stubbi, joka kääntyy release-buildiin mutta ei tee mitään
public class PathfindingDiagnostics : MonoBehaviour
    public static PathfindingDiagnostics Instance => null;
    public bool enabledRuntime => false;
    public void AddSample(double ms, bool success, int pathLen, int expanded) { }
    public void ResetStats() { }
#endif
```

Assets/scripts/DebuggingAndTesting/ScreenLogger.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using TMPro;
using System.Collections.Generic;
public class ScreenLogger : MonoBehaviour
   static ScreenLogger inst;
    TextMeshProUGUI text;
    readonly Queue<string> lines = new Queue<string>();
    [Range(1,100)] public int maxLines = 100;
    void Awake()
        if (inst != null) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
        inst = this;
        DontDestroyOnLoad(gameObject);
        // Canvas
        var canvasGO = new GameObject("ScreenLogCanvas");
        var canvas = canvasGO.AddComponent<Canvas>();
        canvas.renderMode = RenderMode.ScreenSpaceOverlay;
        canvas.sortingOrder = 9999;
        // Text
        var tgo = new GameObject("Log");
        tgo.transform.SetParent(canvasGO.transform);
        var rt = tgo.AddComponent<RectTransform>();
        rt.anchorMin = new Vector2(0, 0);
        rt.anchorMax = new Vector2(1, 0);
        rt.pivot = new Vector2(0.5f, 0);
        rt.offsetMin = new Vector2(10, 10);
        rt.offsetMax = new Vector2(-10, 210);
        text = tgo.AddComponent<TextMeshProUGUI>();
        text.fontSize = 18;
        text.textWrappingMode = TextWrappingModes.NoWrap;
        Application.logMessageReceived += HandleLog;
    }
    void OnDestroy() { Application.logMessageReceived -= HandleLog; }
    void HandleLog(string msg, string stack, LogType type)
        string prefix = type == LogType.Error || type == LogType.Exception ? "[ERR]" :
                        type == LogType.Warning ? "[WARN]" : "[LOG]";
        lines.Enqueue($"{System.DateTime.Now:HH:mm:ss} {prefix} {msg}");
        while (lines.Count > maxLines) lines.Dequeue();
        if (text != null) text.text = string.Join("\n", lines);
```

}

Assets/scripts/DebuggingAndTesting/Testing.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for testing the grid system and unit actions in the game.
/// It provides functionality to visualize the grid positions and interact with unit actions.
/// </summary>
public class Testing : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private Unit unit;
    private void Start()
    private void Update()
        if (Input.GetKeyDown(KeyCode.T))
            // ScreenShake.Instance.Shake(5f);
            // ScreenShake.Instance.RecoilCameraShake();
            //Show pathfind line
            GridPosition mouseGridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(MouseWorld.GetMouseWorldPosition());
            GridPosition startGridPosition = new GridPosition(0, 0, 0);
            List<GridPosition> gridPositionList = PathFinding.Instance.FindPath(startGridPosition, startGridPosition, out int pathLeght, 6);
            for (int i = 0; i < gridPositionList.Count - 1; i++)</pre>
                Debug.DrawLine(
                    LevelGrid.Instance.GetWorldPosition(gridPositionList[i]),
                    LevelGrid.Instance.GetWorldPosition(gridPositionList[i + 1]),
                    Color.white,
                    10f
                );
        //Resetoi pelin alkamaan alusta.
        if (Input.GetKeyDown(KeyCode.R))
            if (Mirror.NetworkServer.active) {
```

Assets/scripts/Editor/PathfindingLinkMonoBehaviourEditor.cs

```
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEditor;
[CustomEditor(typeof(PathfindingLinkMonoBehaviour))]
public class PathfindingLinkMonoBehaviourEditor : Editor
    private void OnSceneGUI()
        var m = (PathfindingLinkMonoBehaviour)target;
        var t = m.transform;
        // Local -> World kahvoille
        Vector3 aW = t.TransformPoint(m.linkPositionA);
        Vector3 bW = t.TransformPoint(m.linkPositionB);
        EditorGUI.BeginChangeCheck();
        Vector3 naW = Handles.PositionHandle(aW, Quaternion.identity);
        Vector3 nbW = Handles.PositionHandle(bW, Quaternion.identity);
        if (EditorGUI.EndChangeCheck())
            Undo.RecordObject(m, "Change Link Position");
            // World -> Local talteen
            m.linkPositionA = t.InverseTransformPoint(naW);
            m.linkPositionB = t.InverseTransformPoint(nbW);
```

Assets/scripts/Enemy/EnemyAl.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections;
using UnityEngine;
using Utp;
/// <summary>
/// Control EnemyAI. Go trough all posibble actions what current enemy Unit can do and chose the best one.
/// Listen to TurnSystem and when turn OnTurnChanged, AI state switch WaitingForEnemyTurn to the TakingTurn state
/// and try to find best action to all enemy Units. All enemy Unit do this independently based on
/// action values.
/// </summary>
public class EnemyAI : MonoBehaviour
    public static EnemyAI Instance { get; private set; }
    private enum State
        WaitingForEnemyTurn,
        TakingTurn,
        Busy,
    private State state;
    private float timer;
    void Awake()
        state = State.WaitingForEnemyTurn;
        if (Instance != null && Instance != this) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
        Instance = this;
    private void Start()
        if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.SinglePlayer)
            TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged += TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged;
        if (GameNetworkManager.Instance != null &&
        GameNetworkManager.Instance.GetNetWorkClientConnected() &&
        !GameNetworkManager.Instance.GetNetWorkServerActive())
            // Coop gamemode using IEnumerator RunEnemyTurnCoroutine() trough the server. No local calls
            if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp)
                enabled = false;
```

```
void OnDisable()
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.SinglePlayer)
        TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged -= TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged;
private void Update()
    //NOTE! Only solo game!
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode != GameMode.SinglePlayer) return;
    if (TurnSystem.Instance.IsPlayerTurn()) return;
    //If game mode is SinglePlayer and is not PlayerTurn then runs Enemy AI.
    EnemyAITick(Time.deltaTime);
}
/// <summary>
/// Enemy start taking actions after small waiting time.
/// Update call this every frame.
/// </summary>
private bool EnemyAITick(float dt)
    switch (state)
        // It is Player turn so keep waiting untill TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged switch state to TakingTurn.
        case State.WaitingForEnemyTurn:
            return false;
        case State. Taking Turn:
            timer -= dt;
            if (timer <= 0f)
                //Return false when all Enemy Units have make they actions
                if (SelectEnemyUnitToTakeAction(SetStateTakingTurn))
                    state = State.Busy;
                    return false;
                else
                    // If enemy cant make actions. Return turn back to player.
                    // NOTE! In Coop mode CoopTurnCoordinator make this.
                    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.SinglePlayer)
                        TurnSystem.Instance.NextTurn();
                    // Enemy AI switch back to waiting.
```

```
state = State.WaitingForEnemyTurn;
                    return true;
            return false;
        case State.Busy:
            // When Enemy doing action just return.
            // Waiting c# Action call from base action and then call funktion SetStateTakingTurn()
            return false;
    return false;
/// <summary>
/// c# Action callback. SelectEnemyUnitToTakeAction use this and when action is ready. This occurs
/// </summary>
private void SetStateTakingTurn()
    timer = 0.5f;
    state = State.TakingTurn;
/// <summary>
/// Go through all enemy Units on EnemyUnit List and try to take action.
/// </summary>
private bool SelectEnemyUnitToTakeAction(Action onEnemyAIActionComplete)
    foreach (Unit enemyUnit in UnitManager.Instance.GetEnemyUnitList())
        if (enemyUnit == null)
            Debug.LogWarning("[EnemyAI][UnitManager]EnemyUnit list is null:" + enemyUnit);
            continue;
        if (TryTakeEnemyAIAction(enemyUnit, onEnemyAIActionComplete))
            return true;
    return false;
/// <summary>
/// Selected Unit Go through all possible actions what Enemy Unit can do
/// and choosing the best one based on them action value.
/// Then make action if have enough action points.
/// </summary>
private bool TryTakeEnemyAIAction(Unit enemyUnit, Action onEnemyAIActionComplete)
```

```
// Contains Gridposition and action value (How good action is)
    EnemyAIAction bestEnemyAIAction = null;
    BaseAction bestBaseAction = null;
    // Choosing the best action, based on them action value.
    foreach (BaseAction baseAction in enemyUnit.GetBaseActionsArray())
        if (!enemyUnit.CanSpendActionPointsToTakeAction(baseAction))
            // Enemy cannot afford this action.
            continue;
        if (bestEnemyAIAction == null)
            bestEnemyAIAction = baseAction.GetBestEnemyAIAction();
            bestBaseAction = baseAction;
        else
            // Go trough all actions and take the best one.
            EnemyAIAction testEnemyAIAction = baseAction.GetBestEnemyAIAction();
            if (testEnemyAIAction != null && testEnemyAIAction.actionValue > bestEnemyAIAction.actionValue)
                bestEnemyAIAction = baseAction.GetBestEnemyAIAction();
                bestBaseAction = baseAction;
    // Try to take action
    if (bestEnemyAIAction != null && enemyUnit.TrySpendActionPointsToTakeAction(bestBaseAction))
        bestBaseAction.TakeAction(bestEnemyAIAction.gridPosition, onEnemyAIActionComplete);
        return true;
    else
        return false;
/// <summary>
/// When turn changed. Switch state to taking turn and enemy turn start.
/// </summary>
private void TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    if (!TurnSystem.Instance.IsPlayerTurn())
        state = State.TakingTurn;
        timer = 1f; // Small holding time before action.
```

```
}

/// <summary>
/// when playing online: (Coop mode) Server handle All AI actions.
/// //summary>
[Miroro.Server]
public IEnumerator RunEnemyTurnCoroutine()
{

SetStateTakingTurn();

while (true)
{
    if (TurnSystem.Instance.IsPlayerTurn())
        {
            Debug.LogWarning("[EnemyAI] Players get turn before AI has ended own turn! This sould not be posibble");
            yield break;
        }

        bool finished * EnemyAITick(Time.deltaTime);
        if (finished)
            yield break; // AI-Turn ready. CoopTurnCoordinator continue and give turn back to players.

        yield return null; // wait one frame.
    }
}

}
```

Assets/scripts/Enemy/EnemyAlAction.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
[System.Serializable]
public class EnemyAIAction
{
   public GridPosition gridPosition;
   public int actionValue;
}
```

Assets/scripts/GameLogic/BattleLogic/TurnSystem.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class TurnSystem : MonoBehaviour
    public static TurnSystem Instance { get; private set; }
    public event EventHandler OnTurnChanged;
    private int turnNumber = 1;
    private bool isPlayerTurn = true;
    private void Awake()
        // Ensure that there is only one instance in the scene
        if (Instance != null)
            Debug.LogError(" More than one TurnSystem in the scene!" + transform + " " + Instance);
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
        Instance = this;
    private void Start()
        // Varmista, että alkutila lähetetään kaikille UI:lle
        PlayerLocalTurnGate.Set(isPlayerTurn); // true = Player turn alussa
        OnTurnChanged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty); // jos haluat myös muut UI:t liikkeelle
    public void NextTurn()
        // Tarkista pelimoodi
        if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.SinglePlayer)
            // 1) Muunna käyttämättömät AP:t suojaksi (vain omat unitit)
            ConvertUnusedActionPointsToCoverPoints();
            Debug.Log("SinglePlayer NextTurn");
            turnNumber++;
            isPlayerTurn = !isPlayerTurn;
            OnTurnChanged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
            //Set Unit UI visibility
            PlayerLocalTurnGate.Set(isPlayerTurn);
```

```
else if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp)
        Debug.Log("Co-Op mode: Proceeding to the next turn.");
        // Tee jotain erityistä CoOp-tilassa
    else if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.Versus)
        Debug.Log("Versus mode: Proceeding to the next turn.");
        // Tee jotain erityistä Versus-tilassa
private void ConvertUnusedActionPointsToCoverPoints()
    List<Unit> ownUnits = UnitManager.Instance.GetFriendlyUnitList();
        for (int i = 0; i < ownUnits.Count; i++)</pre>
            Unit u = ownUnits[i];
            int ap = u.GetActionPoints();
           if (ap <= 0) continue;</pre>
            int per = u.GetCoverRegenPerUnusedAP();
            u.RegenCoverBy(ap * per);
}
public int GetTurnNumber()
    return turnNumber;
public bool IsPlayerTurn()
    return isPlayerTurn;
// ForcePhase on serverin kutsuma. Päivittää vuoron ja kutsuu OnTurnChanged
public void ForcePhase(bool isPlayerTurn, bool incrementTurnNumber)
    if (incrementTurnNumber) turnNumber++;
    this.isPlayerTurn = isPlayerTurn;
    OnTurnChanged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
// Päivitä HUD verkon kautta (co-op)
public void SetHudFromNetwork(int newTurnNumber, bool isPlayersPhase)
    turnNumber = newTurnNumber;
   isPlayerTurn = isPlayersPhase;
    OnTurnChanged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty); // <- päivitää HUDin kuten SP:ssä
```

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Assets/scripts/GameLogic/BattleLogic/WinBattle.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.UI;
using TMPro;
using Mirror;
public class WinBattle : MonoBehaviour
    [Header("UI")]
    [SerializeField] private GameObject panel;
                                                         // koko voitto-UI:n root (piilossa aluksi)
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshProUGUI titleText; // "Players Win!" / "Enemies Win!"
    [SerializeField] private Button playAgainButton;
                                                      // käynnistää resetin
    private bool gameEnded;
    private void Awake()
        if (panel) panel.SetActive(false);
    private void OnEnable()
        Unit.OnAnyUnitDead
                             += Unit OnAnyUnitDead;
    }
    private void OnDisable()
        Unit.OnAnyUnitDead
                              -= Unit OnAnyUnitDead;
    private void Start()
        if (playAgainButton)
            playAgainButton.onClick.RemoveAllListeners();
            playAgainButton.onClick.AddListener(OnClickPlayAgain);
        // Jos aloitetaan tilasta, jossa toista puolta ei ole
       // EvaluateWin();
    private void Unit_OnAnyUnitDead(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
        EvaluateWin();
    private void EvaluateWin()
```

```
if (gameEnded) return;
    var um = UnitManager.Instance;
    if (um == null) return;
    int friendCount = um.GetFriendlyUnitList().Count;
    int enemyCount = um.GetEnemyUnitList().Count;
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.Versus)
        bool hostWins = enemyCount <= 0;</pre>
        bool hostLoses = friendCount <= 0;</pre>
        if (hostWins || hostLoses)
            bool isLocalHost = IsLocalHost();
            bool localWins = (hostWins && isLocalHost) || (hostLoses && !isLocalHost);
            ShowEnd(localWins ? "You win!" : "You lost");
    else // SinglePlayer
        if (enemyCount <= 0) ShowEnd("Players Win!");</pre>
        else if (friendCount <= 0) ShowEnd("Enemies Win!");</pre>
// Host-koneella (server+client samassa) tämä palauttaa true. Etäklientillä false.
private bool IsLocalHost()
   // Varmistetaan, että ollaan host-clientissä: sekä server että client aktiiviset,
   // ja "paikallinen serveriyhteys" on sama kuin clientin oma yhteys.
    return NetworkServer.active && NetworkClient.active;
public void ShowEnd(string title)
    gameEnded = true;
   if (titleText) titleText.text = title;
    if (panel) panel.SetActive(true);
    // (valinnainen) lukitse input
    // UnitActionSystem.Instance?.LockInput();
private void OnClickPlayAgain()
    // Sama malli kuin GameModeSelectUI.Reset
   if (NetworkServer.active)
        ResetService.Instance.HardResetServerAuthoritative();
```

```
else if (NetworkClient.active)
{
    ResetService.Instance.CmdRequestHardReset();
}
else
{
    GameReset.HardReloadSceneKeepMode();
}
}
```

Assets/scripts/GameLogic/InputManager.cs

```
#define USE NEW INPUT SYSTEM
using UnitvEngine:
using UnityEngine.InputSystem;
public class InputManager : MonoBehaviour
    public static InputManager Instance { get; private set; }
    private PlayerInputActions playerInputActions;
    private void Awake()
        // Ensure that there is only one instance in the scene
        if (Instance != null)
            Debug.LogError("ImputManager: More than one ImputManager in the scene!" + transform + " " + Instance);
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
        Instance = this;
#if USE NEW INPUT SYSTEM
        playerInputActions = new PlayerInputActions();
        // Voit halutessasi enablettaa koko collectionin:
        // playerInputActions.Enable();
        playerInputActions.Player.Enable();
#endif
#if USE NEW INPUT SYSTEM
    private void OnDisable()
        // Vähintään tämä: disabloi kaikki käytössä olevat mapit
        if (playerInputActions != null)
            // Jos käytät vain Player-mapia:
            playerInputActions.Player.Disable();
            // Tai koko collection:
            // playerInputActions.Disable();
    }
    private void OnDestroy()
        // Vapauta resurssit -> poistaa finalizer-varoituksen
        playerInputActions?.Dispose();
        playerInputActions = null;
        if (Instance == this) Instance = null;
#endif
```

```
public Vector2 GetMouseScreenPosition()
#if USE_NEW_INPUT_SYSTEM
        return Mouse.current.position.ReadValue();
#else
        return Input.mousePosition;
#endif
    public bool IsMouseButtonDownThisFrame()
#if USE NEW INPUT SYSTEM
        return playerInputActions.Player.Click.WasPressedThisFrame();
#else
        return Input.GetMouseButtonDown(0);
#endif
    public Vector2 GetCameraMoveVector()
#if USE_NEW_INPUT_SYSTEM
        return playerInputActions.Player.CameraMovement.ReadValue<Vector2>();
#else
        Vector2 inputMoveDirection = new Vector2(0, 0);
        if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.W))
            inputMoveDirection.y = +1f;
        if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.S))
            inputMoveDirection.y = -1f;
        if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.A))
            inputMoveDirection.x = -1f;
        if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.D))
            inputMoveDirection.x = +1f;
        return inputMoveDirection;
#endif
    public float GetCameraRotateAmount()
#if USE_NEW_INPUT_SYSTEM
        return playerInputActions.Player.CameraRotate.ReadValue<float>();
#else
        float rotateAmount = 0;
```

```
if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.Q))
            rotateAmount = +1f;
        if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.E))
            rotateAmount = -1f;
        return rotateAmount;
#endif
   }
    public float GetCameraZoomAmount()
#if USE_NEW_INPUT_SYSTEM
        return playerInputActions.Player.CameraZoom.ReadValue<float>();
#else
        float zoomAmount = 0f;
        if (Input.mouseScrollDelta.y > 0)
            zoomAmount = -1f;
        if (Input.mouseScrollDelta.y < 0)</pre>
            zoomAmount = +1f;
        return zoomAmount;
#endif
```

Assets/scripts/GameLogic/MouseWorld.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for handling mouse interactions in the game world.
/// It provides a method to get the mouse position in the world space based on the camera's perspective.
/// </summary>
public class MouseWorld : MonoBehaviour
    private static MouseWorld instance;
    [SerializeField] private LayerMask mousePlaneLayerMask;
    private void Awake()
        instance = this;
    public static Vector3 GetMouseWorldPosition()
        Ray ray = Camera.main.ScreenPointToRay(InputManager.Instance.GetMouseScreenPosition());
        Physics.Raycast(ray, out RaycastHit raycastHit, float.MaxValue, instance.mousePlaneLayerMask);
        return raycastHit.point;
    /// Ignore non visible objects, floors and walls what FloorVisibily has set to hidden.
    /// </summary>
    public static Vector3 GetPositionOnlyHitVisible()
        Ray ray = Camera.main.ScreenPointToRay(InputManager.Instance.GetMouseScreenPosition());
        RaycastHit[] raycastHitArray = Physics.RaycastAll(ray, float.MaxValue, instance.mousePlaneLayerMask);
        System.Array.Sort(raycastHitArray,
        (a, b) => a.distance.CompareTo(b.distance));
        foreach (RaycastHit raycastHit in raycastHitArray)
            if (raycastHit.transform.TryGetComponent(out Renderer renderer))
                if (renderer.enabled)
                    return raycastHit.point;
        return Vector3.zero;
```

Assets/scripts/GameLogic/Player/PlayerController.cs

```
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
///<sumary>
/// PLayerController handles per-player state in a networked game.
/// Each connected player has one PlayerController instance attached to PlayerController GameObject prefab
/// It tracks whether the player has ended their turn and communicates with the UI.
///</sumary>
public class PlayerController : NetworkBehaviour
    [SyncVar] public bool hasEndedThisTurn;
    public static PlayerController Local; // helppo viittaus UI:lle
    public override void OnStartLocalPlayer()
        base.OnStartLocalPlayer();
        Local = this;
    // UI-nappi kutsuu tätä (vain local player)
    public void ClickEndTurn()
        if (!isLocalPlayer) return;
        if (hasEndedThisTurn) return;
        if (NetTurnManager.Instance && NetTurnManager.Instance.phase != TurnPhase.Players) return;
        CmdEndTurn();
    [Command(requiresAuthority = true)]
    void CmdEndTurn()
        if (hasEndedThisTurn) return;
        hasEndedThisTurn = true;
        // Estä kaikki toiminnot clientillä
        TargetNotifyCanAct(connectionToClient, false);
        // Varmista myös että koordinaattori löytyy serveripuolelta:
        if (NetTurnManager.Instance == null)
            Debug.LogWarning("[PC][SERVER] NetTurnManager.Instance is NULL on server!");
            return;
        NetTurnManager.Instance.ServerPlayerEndedTurn(netIdentity.netId);
    // Server kutsuu tämän kierroksen alussa nollatakseen tilan
```

```
[Server]
public void ServerSetHasEnded(bool v)
   hasEndedThisTurn = v;
   TargetNotifyCanAct(connectionToClient, !v);
[TargetRpc]
void TargetNotifyCanAct(NetworkConnectionToClient ___, bool canAct)
   // Update End Turn Button
   var ui = FindFirstObjectByType<TurnSystemUI>();
   if (ui != null)
        ui.SetCanAct(canAct);
   if (!canAct) ui.SetTeammateReady(false, null);
   // Lock/Unlock UnitActionSystem input
   if (UnitActionSystem.Instance != null)
        if (canAct) UnitActionSystem.Instance.UnlockInput();
        else UnitActionSystem.Instance.LockInput();
   // Set AP visibility in versus game
   PlayerLocalTurnGate.Set(canAct);
[TargetRpc]
public void TargetShowEnd(NetworkConnectionToClient conn, bool youWon)
   var ui = FindFirstObjectByType<WinBattle>();
   if (ui) ui.ShowEnd(youWon ? "You win!" : "You lost");
```

Assets/scripts/GameLogic/Player/PlayerLocalTurnGate.cs

```
using System;
/// <summary>
/// Static gate that tracks whether the local player turn is. (e.g., enabling/disabling UI).
/// Other systems can subscribe to the <see cref="LocalPlayerTurnChanged"/> event to update their state
/// </summary>
111
public static class PlayerLocalTurnGate
    // public static int PlayerReady { get; private set; }
    // public static event Action<int> OnPlayerReadyChanged;
    /// <summary>
    /// Gets whether the local player can currently act.
    /// </summary>
    public static bool LocalPlayerTurn { get; private set; }
    /// <summary>
    /// Event fired whenever the <see cref="LocalPlayerTurn"/> state changes.
    /// The bool argument indicates the new state.
    /// </summary>
    public static event Action<bool> LocalPlayerTurnChanged;
    /// <summary>
    /// Updates the <see cref="LocalPlayerTurn"/> state.
    /// If the value changes, invokes <see cref="LocalPlayerTurnChanged"/> to notify listeners.
    /// </summary>
    /// <param name="canAct">True if the player may act; false otherwise.</param>
    public static void Set(bool canAct)
        if (LocalPlayerTurn == canAct) return;
        LocalPlayerTurn = canAct:
        LocalPlayerTurnChanged?.Invoke(LocalPlayerTurn);
    public static void SetCanAct(bool canAct)
        LocalPlayerTurn = canAct;
        LocalPlayerTurnChanged?.Invoke(LocalPlayerTurn);
   }
```

Assets/scripts/GameModes/GameModeManager.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using Utp;
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for managing the game mode
/// It checks if the game is being played online or offline and spawns units accordingly.
/// </summary>
public enum GameMode { SinglePlayer, CoOp, Versus }
public class GameModeManager : MonoBehaviour
    public static GameMode SelectedMode { get; private set; } = GameMode.SinglePlayer;
    public static void SetSinglePlayer() => SelectedMode = GameMode.SinglePlayer;
    public static void SetCoOp() => SelectedMode = GameMode.CoOp;
    public static void SetVersus() => SelectedMode = GameMode.Versus;
    void Start()
        // if game is offline, spawn singleplayer units
        if (!GameNetworkManager.Instance.IsNetworkActive())
            SpawnUnits();
        else
            Debug.Log("Game is online, waiting for host/client to spawn units.");
    private void SpawnUnits()
        if (SelectedMode == GameMode.SinglePlayer)
            SpawnUnitsCoordinator.Instance.SpwanSinglePlayerUnits();
            return;
```

Assets/scripts/GameModes/GameReset.cs

```
using UnityEngine.SceneManagement;

public static class GameReset
{
    public static void HardReloadSceneKeepMode()
    {
        // GameModeManager.SelectedMode säilyy, jos se on staattinen / DontDestroyOnLoad
        var scene = SceneManager.GetActiveScene().name;
        SceneManager.LoadScene(scene);
    }
}
```

Assets/scripts/GameObjects/DestructibleObject.cs

```
using Unity.Mathematics;
using UnityEngine;
using Mirror;
using System.Collections;
public class DestructibleObject : NetworkBehaviour
   // public static event EventHandler OnAnyDestroyed;
    private GridPosition gridPosition;
    [SerializeField] private Transform objectDestroyPrefab;
    [SerializeField] private int health = 3;
    // To prevent multiple destruction events
    private bool isDestroyed;
    private bool _walkabilitySet;
    void Awake()
        isDestroyed = false;
    private void Start()
        gridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(transform.position);
        TryMarkBlocked();
    /// <summary>
    /// Marks the grid position as blocked if not already set.
    /// </summary>
    private void TryMarkBlocked()
        if (_walkabilitySet) return;
        if (PathFinding.Instance != null)
            PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, false);
            _walkabilitySet = true;
        else
            // jos PathFinding käynnistyy myöhemmin (scene-reload + spawn)
            StartCoroutine(DeferBlockOneFrame());
    }
    private IEnumerator DeferBlockOneFrame()
        yield return null; // 1 frame
```

```
if (PathFinding.Instance != null)
        Debug.Log("Later update: Deferring walkability set for destructible object at " + gridPosition);
        PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, false);
        _walkabilitySet = true;
}
public GridPosition GetGridPosition()
    return gridPosition;
public void Damage(int damageAmount, Vector3 hitPosition)
    if (isDestroyed) return;
    health -= damageAmount;
    if (health > 0) return;
    int overkill = math.abs(health) + 1;
    health = 0:
    isDestroyed = true;
    if (isServer)
        RpcPlayDestroyFx(hitPosition, overkill);
        RpcSetSoftHidden(true);
        StartCoroutine(DestroyAfter(0.30f));
        return;
    // Offline (ei serveriä eikä clienttia)
    if (!NetworkClient.active && !NetworkServer.active)
        PlayDestroyFx(hitPosition, overkill);
        SetSoftHiddenLocal(true);
        StartCoroutine(DestroyAfter(0.30f));
        PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, true);
        EdgeBaker.Instance.RebakeEdgesAround(gridPosition);
}
private void PlayDestroyFx(Vector3 hitPosition, int overkill)
    var t = Instantiate(objectDestroyPrefab, transform.position, Quaternion.identity);
    ApplyPushForceToChildren(t, 10f * overkill, hitPosition, 10f);
}
[ClientRpc]
private void RpcPlayDestroyFx(Vector3 hitPosition, int overkill)
```

```
// Clientit: toista sama paikallisesti
    PlayDestroyFx(hitPosition, overkill);
}
private void ApplyPushForceToChildren(Transform root, float pushForce, Vector3 pushPosition, float PushRange)
    foreach (Transform child in root)
        if (child.TryGetComponent<Rigidbody>(out Rigidbody childRigidbody))
            childRigidbody.AddExplosionForce(pushForce, pushPosition, PushRange);
        ApplyPushForceToChildren(child, pushForce, pushPosition, PushRange);
private IEnumerator DestroyAfter(float seconds)
    yield return new WaitForSeconds(seconds);
    if (isServer)
        // Server: vapauta ruutu ja rebake serverillä
        PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, true);
        EdgeBaker.Instance.RebakeEdgesAround(gridPosition);
        // Lähetä sama clienteille ennen tuhoa
        RpcOnDestroyed(gridPosition);
        // Pieni hengähdys (valinnainen, usein ei pakollinen)
        // yield return null;
        NetworkServer.Destroy(gameObject);
    } else {
        // Offline-tapaus tms.
        Destroy(gameObject);
// Lisää tämä luokkaan
[ClientRpc]
private void RpcOnDestroyed(GridPosition pos)
    // Clientin paikallinen kopio/visualisointi
    if (PathFinding.Instance != null)
        PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(pos, true);
    EdgeBaker.Instance.RebakeEdgesAround(pos);
```

```
var lg = LevelGrid.Instance;
    var pf = PathFinding.Instance;
    var eb = EdgeBaker.Instance;
    if (lg != null && pf != null)
        pf.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(pos, true);
    if (lg != null && pf != null && eb != null)
        eb.RebakeEdgesAround(pos);
// Varmistus myös tilanteeseen, jossa RPC hukkuu tai tulee myöhässä
public override void OnStopClient()
    if (PathFinding.Instance != null)
        PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, true);
    EdgeBaker.Instance.RebakeEdgesAround(gridPosition);
    var lg = LevelGrid.Instance;
    var pf = PathFinding.Instance;
    var eb = EdgeBaker.Instance;
    // Palauta walkable vain jos LevelGrid + PathFinding ovat olemassa
    if (lg != null && pf != null)
        pf.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, true);
    // Älä rebakea jos yksikin puuttuu (teardownissa usein puuttuu)
    if (lg != null && pf != null && eb != null)
        eb.RebakeEdgesAround(gridPosition);
}
[ClientRpc]
private void RpcSetSoftHidden(bool hidden)
    SetSoftHiddenLocal(hidden);
private void SetSoftHiddenLocal(bool hidden)
    foreach (var r in GetComponentsInChildren<Renderer>(true))
        r.enabled = !hidden;
    foreach (var c in GetComponentsInChildren<Collider>(true))
        c.enabled = !hidden;
}
```

Assets/scripts/GameObjects/Door.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using Mirror;
using System;
public class Door : NetworkBehaviour, IInteractable
    [Header("State")]
    [SyncVar(hook = nameof(OnIsOpenChanged))]
    [SerializeField] private bool isOpen = false; // alkutila scene-objektille
    [SerializeField] string openParam = "IsOpen";
    [SerializeField] float interactDuration = 0.5f;
    private GridPosition gridPosition;
    private Animator animator;
    // Interact-viiveen hallinta (vain kutsujan koneella UI/turn-rytmitystä varten)
    private Action onInteractComplete;
    private bool isActive;
    private float timer;
    private static bool NetOffline => !NetworkClient.active && !NetworkServer.active;
    private void Awake()
        animator = GetComponent<Animator>();
        // Pakota alkupose heti oikein (ei välähdyksiä)
        animator.SetBool("IsOpen", isOpen);
        animator.Play(isOpen ? "DoorOpen" : "DoorClose", 0, 1f);
        animator.Update(0f);
    private void Start()
        gridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(transform.position);
        LevelGrid.Instance.SetInteractableAtGridPosition(gridPosition, this);
        // AINA: päivitä käveltävyys tämän hetken tilan mukaan
        if (PathFinding.Instance != null)
            PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, isOpen);
    private void Update()
        if (!isActive) return;
```

```
timer -= Time.deltaTime;
    if (timer <= 0f)</pre>
        isActive = false;
        onInteractComplete?.Invoke();
        onInteractComplete = null;
}
// KUTSUTAAN InteractActionista (sekä offline, host että puhdas client)
public void Interact(Action onInteractComplete)
    // Gate (estää spämmin)
    if (isActive) return;
    this.onInteractComplete = onInteractComplete;
    isActive = true;
    timer = interactDuration; // haluttu viive actionille
    if (NetOffline)
        // SINGLEPLAYER: vaihda paikallisesti
        ToggleLocal();
    else if (isServer)
        // HOST / SERVER: vaihda suoraan serverillä
        ToggleServer();
    else
        // PUHDAS CLIENT: pyydä serveriä
        CmdToggleServer();
[Command(requiresAuthority = false)]
private void CmdToggleServer()
    ToggleServer();
}
[Server]
private void ToggleServer()
    isOpen = !isOpen; // Tämä käynnistää hookin kaikilla
    // EI suoraa animator-kutsua täällä; hook hoitaa sen kauniisti
private void ToggleLocal()
    // Offline-haara: päivitä animaatio ja pathfinding paikallisesti
```

```
isOpen = !isOpen;
    ApplyAnimator(isOpen);
    PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, isOpen);
// SyncVar hook - ajetaan kaikilla kun isOpen muuttuu serverillä
private void OnIsOpenChanged(bool oldVal, bool newVal)
    ApplyAnimator(newVal);
   // Pathfinding vain serverillä (tai offline Startissa/ToggleLocalissa)
   if (PathFinding.Instance != null)
        PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, newVal);
private void ApplyAnimator(bool open)
    animator.SetBool(openParam, open);
// Nämä jätetään jos muu koodi tarvitsee suoraviivaisia kutsuja
public void OpenDoor()
   if (NetOffline || NetworkServer.active)
        isOpen = true; // käynnistää hookin vain serverillä; offline: päivitä itse
        if (NetOffline)
            ApplyAnimator(true);
            PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, true);
public void CloseDoor()
   if (NetOffline || NetworkServer.active)
        isOpen = false;
        if (NetOffline)
            ApplyAnimator(false);
            PathFinding.Instance.SetIsWalkableGridPosition(gridPosition, false);
```

Assets/scripts/GameObjects/IInreractable.cs

```
using System;
public interface IInteractable
{
   void Interact(Action onInteractComplete);
}
```

Assets/scripts/GameObjects/InteractableItem.cs

```
using System;
using UnityEngine;
using Mirror;
public class InteractableItem : NetworkBehaviour, IInteractable
    [Header("State")]
    [SyncVar(hook = nameof(OnIsInteractChanged))]
    [SerializeField] private bool isGreen;
    [Header("Visuals")]
    [SerializeField] private Material greenMaterial;
    [SerializeField] private Material redMaterial;
    [SerializeField] private MeshRenderer meshRenderer;
    [Header("Interact")]
    [SerializeField] private float interactDuration = 0.5f;
    private GridPosition gridPosition;
    private Action onInteractComplete;
    private bool isActive;
    private float timer;
    private static bool NetOffline => !NetworkClient.active && !NetworkServer.active;
    void Awake()
        // Pakota alkupose heti oikein (ei välähdyksiä)
        if (!meshRenderer) meshRenderer = GetComponentInChildren<MeshRenderer>();
        SetVisualFromState(isGreen);
    private void Start()
        gridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(transform.position);
        LevelGrid.Instance.SetInteractableAtGridPosition(gridPosition, this);
       // SetColorRed();
    private void Update()
        if (!isActive) return;
        timer -= Time.deltaTime;
        if (timer <= 0f)
            isActive = false;
            onInteractComplete?.Invoke();
            onInteractComplete = null;
    private void SetColorGreen()
```

```
isGreen = true;
    meshRenderer.material = greenMaterial;
private void SetColorRed()
    isGreen = false;
    meshRenderer.material = redMaterial;
public void Interact(Action onInteractComplete)
    this.onInteractComplete = onInteractComplete;
    isActive = true;
    timer = interactDuration;
    if (NetOffline)
        // SINGLEPLAYER: vaihda paikallisesti
        ToggleLocal();
    else if (isServer)
        // HOST / SERVER: vaihda suoraan serverillä
        ToggleServer();
    else
        // PUHDAS CLIENT: pyydä serveriä
        CmdToggleServer();
private void ToggleLocal()
    isGreen = !isGreen;
    SetVisualFromState(isGreen);
}
[Server]
private void ToggleServer()
    // SERVER: muuta vain tila; visuaali päivittyy hookista kaikkialla
    isGreen = !isGreen;
    SetVisualFromState(isGreen); // valinnainen: tekee serverille välittömän visuaalin ilman uutta SyncVar-kirjoitusta
}
[Command(requiresAuthority = false)]
void CmdToggleServer() => ToggleServer();
private void OnIsInteractChanged(bool oldValue, bool newVal)
```

```
{
    SetVisualFromState(newVal);
}

private void SetVisualFromState(bool state)
{
    if (!meshRenderer) return;
      meshRenderer.material = state ? greenMaterial;
}
}
```

Assets/scripts/GameObjects/ObjectSpawnPlaceHolder.cs

```
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for spawning objects in the game.
/// This object is only placeholder, which spawns the actual object and then destroys itself.
/// Because spawning must be done by the server, this object must exist on the server.
/// </summary>
public class ObjectSpawnPlaceHolder : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private GameObject objectPrefab;
    public GameObject Prefab => objectPrefab;
    private void Start()
        // OFFLINE: ei verkkoa -> luo paikallisesti (näkyy heti)
        if (!NetworkClient.active && !NetworkServer.active)
            Instantiate(objectPrefab, transform.position, transform.rotation);
            Destroy(gameObject);
        // PUHDAS CLIENT: serveri spawnaa oikean → poista placeholder heti
        if (NetworkClient.active && !NetworkServer.active)
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
    }
    public void CreteObject()
        // ONLINE: server luo ja spawnnaa
        if (NetworkServer.active)
            Debug.Log($"[objectSpawnPoint] Spawning object at {transform.position}");
            var go = Instantiate(objectPrefab, transform.position, transform.rotation);
            NetworkServer.Spawn(go);
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
```

Assets/scripts/Grid/GridObject.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
// <summary>
// This class represents a grid object in the grid system.
// It contains a list of units that are present in the grid position.
// It also contains a reference to the grid system and the grid position.
// </summary>
public class GridObject
    private GridSystem<GridObject> gridSystem;
    private GridPosition gridPosition;
    private List<Unit> unitList;
    private IInteractable interactable;
    public GridObject(GridSystem<GridObject> gridSystem, GridPosition gridPosition)
        this.gridSystem = gridSystem;
        this.gridPosition = gridPosition;
        unitList = new List<Unit>();
    public override string ToString()
        string unitListString = "";
        foreach (Unit unit in unitList)
            unitListString += unit + "\n";
        return gridPosition.ToString() + "\n" + unitListString;
    }
    public void AddUnit(Unit unit)
        unitList.Add(unit);
    public void RemoveUnit(Unit unit)
        unitList.Remove(unit);
    public List<Unit> GetUnitList()
        unitList.RemoveAll(u => u == null);
        return unitList;
    public bool HasAnyUnit()
        // Poista tuhotut viitteet (Unity-null huomioiden)
```

```
unitList.RemoveAll(u => u == null);
    return unitList.Count > 0;
}

public Unit GetUnit()
{
    for (int i = unitList.Count - 1; i >= 0; i--)
        {
             if (unitList[i] == null) { unitList.RemoveAt(i); continue; }
        }
        return unitList.Count > 0 ? unitList[0] : null;
}

public IInteractable GetInteractable()
    {
        return interactable;
}

public void SetInteractable(IInteractable interactable)
    {
        this.interactable = interactable;
}
```

Assets/scripts/Grid/GridPosition.cs

```
using System;
// <summary>
// This struct represents a position in a grid system.
// It contains two integer values, x and z, which represent the coordinates of the position in the grid.
// It also contains methods for comparing two GridPosition objects, adding and subtracting them, and converting them to a string representation.
// </summary>
public struct GridPosition:IEquatable<GridPosition>
    public int x;
    public int z;
    public int floor;
    public GridPosition(int x, int z, int floor)
        this.x = x;
        this.z = z;
        this.floor = floor;
    public override bool Equals(object obj)
        return obj is GridPosition position &&
        x == position.x &&
        z == position.z &&
        floor == position.floor;
    public bool Equals(GridPosition other)
        return this == other;
    public override int GetHashCode()
        return HashCode.Combine(x, z, floor);
    public override string ToString()
        return $"(x:{x}, z:{z}, floor:{floor})";
    public static bool operator ==(GridPosition a, GridPosition b)
        return a.x == b.x && a.z == b.z && a.floor == b.floor;
    public static bool operator !=(GridPosition a, GridPosition b)
```

```
{
    return !(a == b);
}

public static GridPosition operator +(GridPosition a, GridPosition b)
{
    return new GridPosition(a.x + b.x, a.z + b.z, a.floor + b.floor);
}

public static GridPosition operator -(GridPosition a, GridPosition b)
{
    return new GridPosition(a.x - b.x, a.z - b.z, a.floor - b.floor);
}
```

Assets/scripts/Grid/GridSystem.cs

```
using System;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// This class represents a grid system in a 2D space.
/// It contains methods to create a grid, convert between grid and world coordinates.
/// and manage grid objects.
/// </summary>
public class GridSystem<TGridObject>
    private int width;
    private int height;
    private float cellSize:
    private int floor;
    private float floorHeigth;
    private TGridObject[,] gridObjectsArray;
    public GridSystem(int width, int height, float cellSize, int floor, float floorHeigth, Func<GridSystem<TGridObject>, GridPosition, TGridObject> createGridObject)
        this.width = width;
        this.height = height;
        this.cellSize = cellSize:
        this.floor = floor;
        this.floorHeigth = floorHeigth;
        gridObjectsArray = new TGridObject[width, height];
        for (int x = 0; x < width; x++)
            for (int z = 0; z < height; z++)
                GridPosition gridPosition = new GridPosition(x, z, floor);
                gridObjectsArray[x, z] = createGridObject(this, gridPosition);
/// Purpose: This method converts grid coordinates (x, z) to world coordinates.
/// It multiplies the grid coordinates by the cell size to get the world position.
    public Vector3 GetWorldPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
        return new Vector3(gridPosition.x, 0, gridPosition.z) * cellSize +
        new Vector3(0, gridPosition.floor, 0) * floorHeigth;
   }
/// Purpose: This is used to find the grid position of a unit in the grid system.
/// It is used to check if the unit is within the bounds of the grid system.
```

```
/// It converts the world position to grid coordinates by dividing the world position by the cell size.
    public GridPosition GetGridPosition(Vector3 worldPosition)
        return new GridPosition( Mathf.RoundToInt(worldPosition.x/cellSize),
        Mathf.RoundToInt(worldPosition.z/cellSize),
        floor):
    }
/// Purpose: This method creates debug objects in the grid system for visualization purposes.
/// It instantiates a prefab at each grid position and sets the grid object for that position.
    public void CreateDebugObjects(Transform debugPrefab)
        for (int x = 0; x < width; x++)
            for(int z = 0; z < height; z++)
                GridPosition gridPosition = new GridPosition(x, z, floor);
                Transform debugTransform = GameObject.Instantiate(debugPrefab, GetWorldPosition(gridPosition), Quaternion.identity);
                GridDebugObject gridDebugObject = debugTransform.GetComponent<GridDebugObject>();
                gridDebugObject.SetGridObject(GetGridObject(gridPosition));
/// Purpose: This method returns the grid object at a specific grid position.
/// It is used to get the grid object for a specific position in the grid system.
    public TGridObject GetGridObject(GridPosition gridPosition)
        return gridObjectsArray[gridPosition.x, gridPosition.z];
/// Purpose: This method checks if a grid position is valid within the grid system.
/// It checks if the x and z coordinates are within the bounds of the grid width and height.
    public bool IsValidGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
        return gridPosition.x >= 0 &&
                gridPosition.x < width &&</pre>
                gridPosition.z >= 0 &&
                gridPosition.z < height &&</pre>
                gridPosition.floor == floor;
    }
    public int GetWidth()
        return width;
    public int GetHeight()
        return height;
```

RogueShooter	– All	Scripts
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Assets/scripts/Grid/GridSystemVisual.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for visualizing the grid system in the game.
/// It creates a grid of visual objects that represent the grid positions.
/// </summary>
public class GridSystemVisual : MonoBehaviour
    public static GridSystemVisual Instance { get; private set; }
    [Serializable]
    public struct GridVisualTypeMaterial
        public GridVisualType gridVisualType;
        public Material material;
    public enum GridVisualType
        white,
        Blue,
        Red.
        RedSoft,
        Yellow
    /// Purpose: This prefab is used to create the visual representation of each grid position.
    [SerializeField] private Transform gridSystemVisualSinglePrefab;
    [SerializeField] private List<GridVisualTypeMaterial> gridVisualTypeMaterialList;
    /// Purpose: This array holds the visual objects for each grid position.
    private GridSystemVisualSingle[,,] gridSystemVisualSingleArray;
    private void Awake()
        /// Purpose: Ensure that there is only one instance in the scene
        if (Instance != null)
            Debug.LogError("More than one GridSystemVisual in the scene!" + transform + " " + Instance);
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
        Instance = this;
    private void Start()
```

```
gridSystemVisualSingleArray = new GridSystemVisualSingle[
            LevelGrid.Instance.GetWidth(),
            LevelGrid.Instance.GetHeight(),
            LevelGrid.Instance.GetFloorAmount()
            1;
        /// Purpose: Create a grid of visual objects that represent the grid positions.
        /// It instantiates a prefab at each grid position and sets the grid object for that position.
        for (int x = 0; x < LevelGrid.Instance.GetWidth(); <math>x++)
            for (int z = 0; z < LevelGrid.Instance.GetHeight(); z++)</pre>
                for (int floor = 0; floor < LevelGrid.Instance.GetFloorAmount(); floor++)</pre>
                    GridPosition gridPosition = new(x, z, floor);
                    Transform gridSystemVisualSingleTransform = Instantiate(gridSystemVisualSinglePrefab, LevelGrid.Instance.GetWorldPosition(gridPosition),
Quaternion.identity);
                    gridSystemVisualSingleArray[x, z, floor] = gridSystemVisualSingleTransform.GetComponent<GridSystemVisualSingle>();
        UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnSelectedActionChanged += UnitActionSystem OnSelectedActionChanged;
        UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnBusyChanged += UnitActionSystem_OnBusyChanged;
        UpdateGridVisuals();
    }
    void OnDisable()
        UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnSelectedActionChanged -= UnitActionSystem OnSelectedActionChanged;
        UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnBusyChanged -= UnitActionSystem OnBusyChanged;
    public void HideAllGridPositions()
        for (int x = 0; x < LevelGrid.Instance.GetWidth(); x++)</pre>
            for (int z = 0; z < LevelGrid.Instance.GetHeight(); z++)</pre>
                for (int floor = 0; floor < LevelGrid.Instance.GetFloorAmount(); floor++)</pre>
                    gridSystemVisualSingleArray[x, z, floor].Hide();
    private void ShowGridPositionRange(GridPosition gridPosition, int range, GridVisualType gridVisualType)
```

```
List<GridPosition> gridPositionsList = new List<GridPosition>();
    for (int x = -range; x \leftarrow range; x++)
        for (int z = -range; z <= range; z++)
            GridPosition testGridPosition = gridPosition + new GridPosition(x, z, 0);
            if (!LevelGrid.Instance.IsValidGridPosition(testGridPosition))
                continue;
            int testDistance = Mathf.Abs(x) + Mathf.Abs(z);
            if (testDistance > range)
                continue;
            gridPositionsList.Add(testGridPosition);
    ShowGridPositionList(gridPositionsList, gridVisualType);
}
private void ShowGridPositionRangeSquare(GridPosition gridPosition, int range, GridVisualType gridVisualType)
    List<GridPosition> gridPositionsList = new List<GridPosition>();
    for (int x = -range; x <= range; x++)
        for (int z = -range; z <= range; z++)</pre>
            GridPosition testGridPosition = gridPosition + new GridPosition(x, z, 0);
            if (!LevelGrid.Instance.IsValidGridPosition(testGridPosition))
                continue;
            gridPositionsList.Add(testGridPosition);
    ShowGridPositionList(gridPositionsList, gridVisualType);
public void ShowGridPositionList(List<GridPosition> gridPositionList, GridVisualType gridVisualType)
    foreach (GridPosition gridPosition in gridPositionList)
```

```
gridSystemVisualSingleArray[gridPosition.x, gridPosition.z, gridPosition.floor].
        Show(GetGridVisualTypeMaterial(gridVisualType));
private void UpdateGridVisuals()
    HideAllGridPositions();
    Unit selectedUnit = UnitActionSystem.Instance.GetSelectedUnit();
    if (selectedUnit == null) return;
    BaseAction selectedAction = UnitActionSystem.Instance.GetSelectedAction();
    GridVisualType gridVisualType;
    switch (selectedAction)
        default:
        case MoveAction moveAction:
            gridVisualType = GridVisualType.white;
            break:
        case TurnTowardsAction turnTowardsAction:
            gridVisualType = GridVisualType.Blue;
            break;
        case ShootAction shootAction:
            gridVisualType = GridVisualType.Red;
            ShowGridPositionRange(selectedUnit.GetGridPosition(), shootAction.GetMaxShootDistance(), GridVisualType.RedSoft);
        case GranadeAction granadeAction:
            gridVisualType = GridVisualType.Yellow;
            break;
        case MeleeAction meleeAction:
            gridVisualType = GridVisualType.Red;
            ShowGridPositionRangeSquare(selectedUnit.GetGridPosition(), 1, GridVisualType.RedSoft);
        case InteractAction interactAction:
            gridVisualType = GridVisualType.Blue;
            break;
    ShowGridPositionList(
        selectedAction.GetValidGridPositionList(), gridVisualType);
}
private void UnitActionSystem OnSelectedActionChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    UpdateGridVisuals();
```

```
private void LevelGrid_onAnyUnitMoveGridPosition(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    UpdateGridVisuals();
}

private void UnitActionSystem_OnBusyChanged(object sender, bool e)
{
    UpdateGridVisuals();
}

private Material GetGridVisualTypeMaterial(GridVisualType gridVisualType)
{
    foreach (GridVisualTypeMaterial gridVisualTypeMaterial in gridVisualTypeMaterialList)
    {
        if (gridVisualTypeMaterial.gridVisualType == gridVisualType)
            return gridVisualTypeMaterial.material;
        }
    }
    Debug.LogError("Cloud not find GridVisualTypeMaterial for GridVisualType" + gridVisualType);
    return null;
}
```

Assets/scripts/Grid/GridSystemVisualSingle.cs

```
using UnityEngine;

/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for visualizing a single grid position in the game.
/// It contains a MeshRenderer component that is used to show or hide the visual representation of the grid position.
/// </summary>
public class GridSystemVisualSingle : MonoBehaviour
{
    [SerializeField] private MeshRenderer meshRenderer;

    public void Show(Material material)
    {
        meshRenderer.enabled = true;
        meshRenderer.material = material;
    }
    public void Hide()
    {
        meshRenderer.enabled = false;
    }
}
```

Assets/scripts/Grid/LevelGrid.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic:
using UnityEngine;
/// @file LevelGrid.cs
/// @brief Core grid management system for RogueShooter.
111
/// The LevelGrid defines and manages the tactical grid used by all gameplay systems.
/// It stores spatial occupancy data, translates between world-space and grid-space coordinates.
/// and provides the structural backbone for the pathfinding and edge-baking systems.
111
/// ### Overview
/// Each level in RogueShooter is represented as one or more layered grids (floors).
/// Every grid cell corresponds to a physical area in the game world and may contain
/// references to units, obstacles, or other gameplay entities. The LevelGrid keeps
/// this data synchronized with the actual scene state and provides efficient lookup
/// and update operations.
111
/// ### System integration
/// - **LevelGrid** - Manages spatial layout, unit occupancy, and coordinate conversions.
/// - **EdgeBaker** - Uses LevelGrid data (width, height, cell size, floor count) to detect edge obstacles.
/// - **PathFinding** - Oueries LevelGrid to determine walkable areas and world grid mapping for A* searches.
///
/// ### Kev features
/// - Multi-floor grid architecture with configurable width, height, and cell size.
/// - Fast world⇔grid coordinate conversion for unit and object placement.
/// - Real-time occupancy tracking of all units on the grid.
/// - Scene rebuild capability (`RebuildOccupancyFromScene`) for reinitializing unit positions after reload.
/// - Event-driven notifications for unit movement (`onAnyUnitMoveGridPosition`).
///
/// ### Why this exists in RogueShooter
/// - The game's turn-based, tile-based design requires precise spatial logic independent of Unity's physics.
/// - Provides a unified "source of truth" for spatial relationships used by both AI and player systems.
/// - Keeps the game's tactical layer deterministic, debuggable, and efficient.
///
/// In summary, this file defines the foundational grid layer of RogueShooter's tactical engine,
/// acting as the shared coordinate and occupancy system for all movement, visibility, and interaction logic.
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for managing the game's grid system.
/// It keeps track of the units on the grid and their positions.
/// It provides methods to add, remove, and move units on the grid.
/// Note: This class Script Execution Order is set to be executed after UnitManager.cs. High priority.
/// </summary>
public class LevelGrid : MonoBehaviour
    public static LevelGrid Instance { get; private set; }
    public const float FLOOR HEIGHT = 4f;
    public event EventHandler onAnvUnitMoveGridPosition:
```

```
[SerializeField] private Transform debugPrefab;
// [SerializeField] private bool debugVisible = true;
[SerializeField] private int width;
[SerializeField] private int height;
[SerializeField] private float cellSize;
[SerializeField] private int floorAmount;
private List<GridSystem<GridObject>> gridSystemList;
private void Awake()
   // Ensure that there is only one instance in the scene
   if (Instance != null)
       Debug.LogError("LevelGrid: More than one LevelGrid in the scene!" + transform + " " + Instance);
       Destroy(gameObject);
        return;
   Instance = this;
   gridSystemList = new List<GridSystem<GridObject>>(floorAmount);
   for (int floor = 0; floor < floorAmount; floor++)</pre>
       var gridSystem = new GridSystem<GridObject>(
            width, height, cellSize, floor, FLOOR HEIGHT,
            (GridSystem<GridObject> g, GridPosition gridPosition) => new GridObject(g, gridPosition)
       //gridSystem.CreateDebugObjects(debugPrefab);
       gridSystemList.Add(gridSystem); // NullReferenceException: Object reference not set to an instance of an object!
private void Start()
   PathFinding.Instance.Setup(width, height, cellSize, floorAmount);
public GridSystem<GridObject> GetGridSystem(int floor)
   if (floor < 0 || floor >= gridSystemList.Count) { Debug.LogError($"Invalid floor {floor}"); return null; }
   return gridSystemList[floor];
public int GetFloor(Vector3 worldPosition)
   return Mathf.RoundToInt(worldPosition.y / FLOOR_HEIGHT);
```

```
public void AddUnitAtGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition, Unit unit)
   GridObject gridObject = GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(gridPosition);
   gridObject.AddUnit(unit);
public List<Unit> GetUnitListAtGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
   GridObject gridObject = GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(gridPosition);
   if (gridObject != null)
        return gridObject.GetUnitList();
   return null;
public IInteractable GetInteractableAtGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
   GridObject gridObject = GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(gridPosition);
   if (gridObject != null)
        return gridObject.GetInteractable();
   return null;
public void SetInteractableAtGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition, IInteractable interactable)
   GridObject gridObject = GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(gridPosition);
   gridObject?.SetInteractable(interactable);
public void RemoveUnitAtGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition, Unit unit)
   GridObject gridObject = GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(gridPosition);
   gridObject.RemoveUnit(unit);
public void UnitMoveToGridPosition(GridPosition fromGridPosition, GridPosition toGridPosition, Unit unit)
   RemoveUnitAtGridPosition(fromGridPosition, unit);
   AddUnitAtGridPosition(toGridPosition, unit);
   onAnyUnitMoveGridPosition?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
public GridPosition GetGridPosition(Vector3 worldPosition)
   int floor = GetFloor(worldPosition);
   return GetGridSystem(floor).GetGridPosition(worldPosition);
```

```
public Vector3 GetWorldPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
    return GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetWorldPosition(gridPosition);
public bool IsValidGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
    if (gridPosition.floor < 0 || gridPosition.floor >= floorAmount)
        return false;
    return GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).IsValidGridPosition(gridPosition);
public int GetWidth() => GetGridSystem(0).GetWidth();
public int GetHeight() => GetGridSystem(0).GetHeight();
public int GetFloorAmount() => floorAmount;
public float GetCellSize() => cellSize;
public bool HasAnyUnitOnGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
    GridObject gridObject = GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(gridPosition);
    return gridObject.HasAnyUnit();
public Unit GetUnitAtGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
    GridObject gridObject = GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(gridPosition);
    return gridObject.GetUnit();
public void ClearAllOccupancy()
    if (gridSystemList == null) return;
    for (int floor = 0; floor < gridSystemList.Count; floor++)</pre>
        var grid = gridSystemList[floor];
        if (grid == null) continue;
        for (int x = 0; x < grid.GetWidth(); x++)
            for (int z = 0; z < grid.GetHeight(); z++)</pre>
                var gp = new GridPosition(x, z, floor);
                var gridObj = grid.GetGridObject(gp);
                gridObj?.GetUnitList()?.Clear();
```

```
}
/// <summary>
/// Rebuilds all grid occupancy data by scanning the current scene for active units.
/// What it does:
/// - Clears all existing unit occupancy from the <see cref="LevelGrid"/>.
/// - Finds every active <see cref="Unit"/> in the scene.
/// - Converts each unit's world position into a grid position and re-registers it.
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Used after a scene or level is (re)loaded to ensure that the grid accurately reflects
/// the current in-scene unit placements.
/// - Called by systems like <see cref="GameModeSelectUI"/> and <see cref="ServerBootstrap"/>
/// to synchronize game state after spawning or initialization events.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Intended for runtime reinitialization, not per-frame updates.
/// - Safe to call at any time; automatically rebuilds the occupancy layer from scratch.
/// </summary>
public void RebuildOccupancyFromScene()
    ClearAllOccupancy();
    var units = FindObjectsByType<Unit>(FindObjectsSortMode.None);
    foreach (var u in units)
        var gp = GetGridPosition(u.transform.position);
        AddUnitAtGridPosition(gp, u);
}
```

Assets/scripts/Helpers/AllUnitsList.cs

```
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;

[DisallowMultipleComponent]
public class FriendlyUnit : NetworkBehaviour {}

[DisallowMultipleComponent]
public class EnemyUnit : NetworkBehaviour {}
```

Assets/scripts/Helpers/AuthorityHelper.cs

```
using Mirror;
public static class AuthorityHelper
{
    /// <summary>
    /// Checks if the given NetworkBehaviour has local control.
    /// Prevents the player from controlling the object if they are not the owner.
    /// </summary>
    public static bool HasLocalControl(NetworkBehaviour netBehaviour)
    {
        return NetworkClient.isConnected && !netBehaviour.isOwned;
    }
}
```

Assets/scripts/Helpers/FieldCleaner.cs

```
using System.Ling;
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.SceneManagement;
using Utp;
public class FieldCleaner : MonoBehaviour
    public static void ClearAll()
        // Varmista: älä yritä siivota puhtaalta clientiltä verkossa
        if (GameNetworkManager.Instance != null &&
            GameNetworkManager.Instance.GetNetWorkClientConnected() &&
            !GameNetworkManager.Instance.GetNetWorkServerActive())
            Debug.LogWarning("[FieldCleaner] Don't clear field from a pure client.");
            return;
        // Find all friendly and enemy units (also inactive, just in case)
        var friendlies = Resources.FindObjectsOfTypeAll<FriendlyUnit>()
                          .Where(u => u != null && u.gameObject.scene.IsValid());
        var enemies = Resources.FindObjectsOfTypeAll<EnemyUnit>()
                          .Where(u => u != null && u.gameObject.scene.IsValid());
        foreach (var u in friendlies) Despawn(u.gameObject);
        foreach (var e in enemies) Despawn(e.gameObject);
        // Tyhjennä UnitManagerin listat (suojattu null-checkillä)
        UnitManager.Instance?.ClearAllUnitLists();
        // Nollaa myös ruudukon miehitys - sceneen jääneet objektit eivät jää kummittelemaan
        LevelGrid.Instance?.ClearAllOccupancy();
    }
    static void Despawn(GameObject go)
        // if server is active, use Mirror's destroy; otherwise normal Unity Destroy
        if (GameNetworkManager.Instance.GetNetWorkServerActive())
            GameNetworkManager.Instance.NetworkDestroy(go);
        else
            Destroy(go);
    public static void ReloadMap()
        Debug.Log("[FieldCleaner] Reloading map.");
```

```
SceneManager.LoadScene(SceneManager.GetActiveScene().name);
}
}
```

Assets/scripts/LevelCreation/MapContentSpawner.cs

```
using System.Collections;
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
public class MapContentSpawner : NetworkBehaviour
    private bool _clientBakedThisScene;
    public override void OnStartServer()
        base.OnStartServer();
        StartCoroutine(SpawnThenBake());
    }
    private IEnumerator SpawnThenBake()
        // 1) Spawnaa kaikki NetworkIdentity-suojat serverillä
        var spawnPoints = FindObjectsByType<ObjectSpawnPlaceHolder>(FindObjectsSortMode.None);
        foreach (var sp in spawnPoints)
            sp.CreteObject(); // NetworkServer.Spawn(...)
        // 2) Odota, että riippuvuudet ovat olemassa
        yield return new WaitUntil(() =>
            EdgeBaker.Instance != null &&
            LevelGrid.Instance != null &&
            PathFinding.Instance != null
        );
        // 3) Odota 1 frame, että uusien objektien Start() ehtii
        yield return null;
        // 4) Server-bake
        EdgeBaker.Instance.BakeAllEdges();
        // 5) Pyydä clienttejä bakeamaan guardattuna
        RpcBakeAllEdgesOnClientsGuarded();
    [ClientRpc]
    private void RpcBakeAllEdgesOnClientsGuarded()
        StartCoroutine(ClientBakeGuarded());
    public override void OnStartClient()
        base.OnStartClient();
        // varmistus myöhässä liittyville
        StartCoroutine(ClientBakeGuarded());
```

Assets/scripts/LevelCreation/SpawnUnitsCoordinator.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using Mirror;
public class SpawnUnitsCoordinator : MonoBehaviour
    public static SpawnUnitsCoordinator Instance { get; private set; }
    private bool enemiesSpawned;
    // --- Lisää luokan alkuun kentät ---
    [Header("Co-op squad prefabs")]
    public GameObject unitHostPrefab;
                                          // -> UnitSolo
    public GameObject unitClientPrefab; // -> UnitSolo Player 2
    [Header("Enemy spawn (Co-op)")]
    public GameObject enemyPrefab;
    [Header("Spawn positions (world coords on your grid)")]
    public Vector3[] hostSpawnPositions = {
            new Vector3(0, 0, 0),
            new Vector3(2, 0, 0),
       };
    public Vector3[] clientSpawnPositions = {
            new Vector3(0, 0, 6),
            new Vector3(2, 0, 6),
       };
    public Vector3[] enemySpawnPositions = {
            new Vector3(4, 0, 8),
            new Vector3(6, 0, 8),
        };
    void Awake()
        if (Instance != null && Instance != this) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
        Instance = this;
    }
    public GameObject[] SpawnPlayersForNetwork(NetworkConnectionToClient conn, bool isHost)
        GameObject unitPrefab = GetUnitPrefabForPlayer(isHost);
        Vector3[] spawnPoints = GetSpawnPositionsForPlayer(isHost);
        if (unitPrefab == null)
            Debug.LogError($"[NM] {(isHost ? "unitHostPrefab" : "unitClientPrefab")} puuttuu!");
            return null;
        if (spawnPoints == null || spawnPoints.Length == 0)
            Debug.LogError($"[NM] {(isHost ? "hostSpawnPositions" : "clientSpawnPositions")} ei ole asetettu!");
```

```
return null;
    var spawnedPlayersUnit = new GameObject[spawnPoints.Length];
    for (int i = 0; i < spawnPoints.Length; i++)</pre>
        var playerUnit = Instantiate(unitPrefab, spawnPoints[i], Quaternion.identity);
        if (playerUnit.TryGetComponent<Unit>(out var u) && conn.identity != null)
            u.OwnerId = conn.identity.netId;
        spawnedPlayersUnit[i] = playerUnit;
    return spawnedPlayersUnit;
}
public GameObject GetUnitPrefabForPlayer(bool isHost)
    if (unitHostPrefab == null || unitClientPrefab == null)
        Debug.LogError("Unit prefab references not set in SpawnUnitsCoordinator!");
        return null;
    return isHost ? unitHostPrefab : unitClientPrefab;
}
public Vector3[] GetSpawnPositionsForPlayer(bool isHost)
    if (hostSpawnPositions.Length == 0 || clientSpawnPositions.Length == 0)
        Debug.LogError("Spawn position arrays not set in SpawnUnitsCoordinator!");
        return new Vector3[0];
    return isHost ? hostSpawnPositions : clientSpawnPositions;
}
public GameObject[] SpawnEnemies()
    var spawnedEnemies = new GameObject[enemySpawnPositions.Length];
    for (int i = 0; i < enemySpawnPositions.Length; i++)</pre>
        var enemy = Instantiate(GetEnemyPrefab(), enemySpawnPositions[i], Quaternion.identity);
        spawnedEnemies[i] = enemy;
    SetEnemiesSpawned(true);
    return spawnedEnemies;
public Vector3[] GetEnemySpawnPositions()
```

```
if (enemySpawnPositions.Length == 0)
        Debug.LogError("Enemy spawn position array not set in SpawnUnitsCoordinator!");
        return new Vector3[0];
    return enemySpawnPositions;
public void SetEnemiesSpawned(bool value)
    enemiesSpawned = value;
public bool AreEnemiesSpawned()
    return enemiesSpawned;
public GameObject GetEnemyPrefab()
   if (enemyPrefab == null)
        Debug.LogError("Enemy prefab reference not set in SpawnUnitsCoordinator!");
        return null;
    return enemyPrefab;
public void SpwanSinglePlayerUnits()
   SpawnPlayer1UnitsOffline();
    SpawnEnemyUnitsOffline();
// Singleplayer Gamemode Spawn units. hardcoded for now.
// Later we can make it more generic with arrays and prefabs like in Co-op.
private void SpawnPlayer1UnitsOffline()
    Instantiate(unitHostPrefab, hostSpawnPositions[0], Quaternion.identity);
   Instantiate(unitHostPrefab, hostSpawnPositions[1], Quaternion.identity);
private void SpawnEnemyUnitsOffline()
    Instantiate(enemyPrefab, enemySpawnPositions[0], Quaternion.identity);
      Instantiate(enemyPrefab, enemySpawnPositions[1], Quaternion.identity);
```

Assets/scripts/MenuUI/BackButtonUI.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.UI;
public class BackButtonUI : MonoBehaviour
    // Serialized fields
    [Header("Canvas References")]
    [SerializeField] private GameObject connectCanvas; // this (self)
    [SerializeField] private GameObject gameModeSelectCanvas; // Hiden on start
    [Header("Buttons")]
    [SerializeField] private Button backButton;
    private void Awake()
        // Add button listener
        backButton.onClick.AddListener(BackButton_OnClick);
    private void BackButton_OnClick()
        // Sign out the player from Unity Services
        Authentication authentication = connectCanvas.GetComponent<Authentication>();
        authentication.SignOutPlayerFromUnityServer();
        // Hide the connect canvas and show the game mode select canvas
        connectCanvas.SetActive(false);
        gameModeSelectCanvas.SetActive(true);
```

Assets/scripts/MenuUI/GameModeSelectUI.cs

```
using TMPro;
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.UI;
public class GameModeSelectUI : MonoBehaviour
    // Serialized fields
    [Header("Canvas References")]
    [SerializeField] private GameObject gameModeSelectCanvas; // this (self)
    [SerializeField] private GameObject connectCanvas;
                                                            // Hiden on start
    [SerializeField] private GameObject connectCodePanel;
                                                              // Hiden on start
    [Header("Services")]
    [SerializeField] private Authentication authentication; // <-- UUSI
    [Header("Join Code UI")]
    [SerializeField] private TMP_Text joinCodeText;
    // UI Elements
    [Header("Buttons")]
    [SerializeField] private Button coopButton;
    [SerializeField] private Button pvpButton;
    private void Awake()
        // Ensure the game mode select canvas is active and connect canvas is inactive at start
        gameModeSelectCanvas.SetActive(true);
        connectCanvas.SetActive(false);
        connectCodePanel.SetActive(false);
        // Add button listeners
        coopButton.onClick.AddListener(OnClickCoOp);
        pvpButton.onClick.AddListener(OnClickPvP);
    public void OnClickCoOp()
        GameModeManager.SetCoOp();
        OnSelected();
    public void OnClickPvP()
        GameModeManager.SetVersus();
        OnSelected();
    public async void OnSelected()
        // 0) Varmista että Authentication löytyy (älä luota pelkkään connectCanvas-viitteeseen)
```

```
if (!authentication)
        authentication = FindFirstObjectByType<Authentication>(FindObjectsInactive.Include);
    if (!authentication)
        Debug.LogError("[GameModeSelectUI] Authentication-componenttia ei löytynyt scenestä.");
    // 1) Sign-in Unity Servicesiin
    await authentication.SingInPlayerToUnityServerAsync();
    // 2) UI-flown jatko
    FieldCleaner.ClearAll();
    StartCoroutine(ResetGridNextFrame());
   if (gameModeSelectCanvas) gameModeSelectCanvas.SetActive(false);
    if (connectCanvas) connectCanvas.SetActive(true);
private System.Collections.IEnumerator ResetGridNextFrame()
   vield return new WaitForEndOfFrame();
    var lg = LevelGrid.Instance;
    if (lg != null) lg.RebuildOccupancyFromScene();
public void Reset()
    // Pieni "siivous" ennen reloadia on ok, mutta ei pakollinen
    FieldCleaner.ClearAll();
   if (Mirror.NetworkServer.active)
        ResetService.Instance.HardResetServerAuthoritative();
    else if (Mirror.NetworkClient.active)
        ResetService.Instance.CmdRequestHardReset();
   else
        // Yksinpeli
        GameReset.HardReloadSceneKeepMode();
}
public void SetConnectCodePanelVisibility(bool active)
    connectCodePanel.SetActive(active);
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/Authentication.cs

```
using System;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
using Unity. Services. Authentication;
using Unity.Services.Core;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for handling the authentication process.
/// It initializes the Unity Services and signs in the user anonymously.
/// Required when using Unity Relay, as it provides player authentication
/// and enables online multiplayer without port forwarding or direct IP connections.
/// </summary>
public class Authentication : MonoBehaviour
    public async Task SingInPlayerToUnityServerAsync()
        try
            await UnityServices.InitializeAsync();
            await AuthenticationService.Instance.SignInAnonymouslyAsync();
            Debug.Log("Logged into Unity, player ID: " + AuthenticationService.Instance.PlayerId);
        catch (Exception e)
            Debug.LogError(e);
    public void SignOutPlayerFromUnityServer()
        if (AuthenticationService.Instance.IsSignedIn)
            AuthenticationService.Instance.SignOut();
            Debug.Log("Player signed out of Unity Services");
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/Connect.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using TMPro:
using Mirror;
using Utp:
using UnityEngine.SceneManagement;
using System.Collections;
using UnityEngine.UI;
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for connecting to a game as a host or client.
/// NOTE: Button callbacks are set in the Unity Inspector.
/// </summary>
public class Connect : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private GameNetworkManager gameNetworkManager; // vedä tämä Inspectorissa
    [SerializeField] private TMP_InputField ipField;
    [SerializeField] private GameModeSelectUI gameModeSelectUI;
    [SerializeField] private GameObject joinInputPanel; // JoinInputPanel (inactive alussa)
    [SerializeField] private TMP_InputField joinCodeField;
    [SerializeField] private Button joinButton:
    void Awake()
        // find the NetworkManager in the scene if not set in Inspector
        if (!gameNetworkManager) gameNetworkManager = NetworkManager.singleton as GameNetworkManager;
        if (!gameNetworkManager) gameNetworkManager = FindFirstObjectByType<GameNetworkManager>();
        if (!gameNetworkManager) Debug.LogError("[Connect] GameNetworkManager not found in scene.");
        if (joinInputPanel) joinInputPanel.SetActive(false);
        if (joinButton) joinButton.onClick.AddListener(JoinWithFieldValue);
        if (joinCodeField) joinCodeField.onSubmit.AddListener( => JoinWithFieldValue());
   }
    public void HostLAN()
        LoadSceneToAllHostLAN();
    public void ClientLAN()
        // Jos syötekenttä puuttuu/tyhjä → oletus localhost (sama kone)
        string ip = (ipField != null && !string.IsNullOrWhiteSpace(ipField.text))
                      ? ipField.text.Trim()
```

```
: "localhost"; // tai 127.0.0.1
    gameNetworkManager.networkAddress = ip; // <<< TÄRKEIN KOHTA</pre>
    gameNetworkManager.JoinStandardServer(); // useRelay=false ja StartClient()
public void Host()
   if (!gameNetworkManager)
        Debug.LogError("[Connect] GameNetworkManager not found in scene.");
    LoadSceneToAllHost();
public void Client()
    if (!gameNetworkManager)
        Debug.LogError("[Connect] GameNetworkManager not found in scene.");
        return;
    gameNetworkManager.JoinRelayServer();
    if (!gameNetworkManager)
        gameNetworkManager = NetworkManager.singleton as GameNetworkManager
                           ?? FindFirstObjectByType<GameNetworkManager>();
        if (!gameNetworkManager)
            Debug.LogError("[Connect] GameNetworkManager not found.");
            return;
   ShowJoinPanel();
// Join-nappi (tai Enter) — lukee kentän, asettaa koodin ja liittyy
private void JoinWithFieldValue()
   if (!gameNetworkManager)
        Debug.LogError("[Connect] GameNetworkManager not set.");
        return;
```

```
string code = (joinCodeField ? joinCodeField.text : "").Trim().ToUpperInvariant();
    // kevyt validointi: 6 merkkiä, a-z/0-9 (muuta jos tarvitset)
    if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(code) || code.Length != 6)
        Debug.LogWarning("[Connect] Join code missing/invalid.");
        return;
    gameNetworkManager.relayJoinCode = code;
    gameNetworkManager.JoinRelayServer();
    // (valinnainen) lukitse UI:
    // joinButton.interactable = false; joinCodeField.interactable = false;
// Cancel tai Back
private void HideJoinPanel()
    if (joinInputPanel) joinInputPanel.SetActive(false);
    if (joinCodeField) { joinCodeField.text = ""; joinCodeField.DeactivateInputField(); }
private void ShowJoinPanel()
    if (joinInputPanel) joinInputPanel.SetActive(true);
    if (joinCodeField)
        // (valinnainen) esitäyttö leikepöydästä, jos näyttää koodilta
        var clip = GUIUtility.systemCopyBuffer?.Trim().ToUpperInvariant();
        if (!string.IsNullOrEmpty(clip) && clip.Length == 6)
            joinCodeField.text = clip;
        joinCodeField.ActivateInputField();
        joinCodeField.caretPosition = joinCodeField.text.Length;
/// <summary>
/// Starts a LAN host and loads the current scene for all clients.
/// </summary>
public void LoadSceneToAllHostLAN()
    gameNetworkManager.StartStandardHost();
    var sceneName = SceneManager.GetActiveScene().name;
    NetworkManager.singleton.ServerChangeScene(sceneName);
}
/// <summary>
/// Starts a relay host and loads the current scene for all clients.
/// </summary>
```

```
public void LoadSceneToAllHost()
   StartCoroutine(StartRelayHostThenChangeScene());
private IEnumerator StartRelayHostThenChangeScene()
   if (NetworkServer.active) yield break;
   gameNetworkManager.StartRelayHost(2, null);
   // 1) Odota kunnes OIKEA relay-join-koodi on valmis
   yield return new WaitUntil(() => !string.IsNullOrEmpty(gameNetworkManager.relayJoinCode));
   RelayJoinCodeUI.Instance.ShowCode(gameNetworkManager.relayJoinCode);
   // 2) Odota kunnes serveri on aktiivinen
   yield return new WaitUntil(() => NetworkServer.active);
   // 2b) (Tarvitsetko varmasti scene-reloadin? Jos et, KOMMENTOI tämä pois.)
   NetworkManager.singleton.ServerChangeScene(
       UnityEngine.SceneManagement.SceneManager.GetActiveScene().name
   );
   // 3) Pidä koodi näkyvissä kunnes 2. pelaaja on mukana (host + 1 client)
   yield return new WaitUntil(() =>
       NetworkServer.connections != null && NetworkServer.connections.Count >= 2);
       RelayJoinCodeUI.Instance.Hide();
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/CoopTurnCoordinator.cs

```
using System.Collections;
using System.Ling;
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
public class CoopTurnCoordinator : NetworkBehaviour
    public static CoopTurnCoordinator Instance { get; private set; }
    void Awake()
        if (Instance != null && Instance != this) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
        Instance = this;
    [Server]
    public void TryAdvanceIfReady()
        if (NetTurnManager.Instance.phase == TurnPhase.Players && NetTurnManager.Instance.endedPlayers.Count >= Mathf.Max(1, NetTurnManager.Instance.requiredCount))
            StartCoroutine(ServerEnemyTurnThenNextPlayers());
    }
    [Server]
    private IEnumerator ServerEnemyTurnThenNextPlayers()
        // Asettaa vihollisen WordUI: (Action Points) näkyviin.
        UnitUIBroadcaster.Instance.BroadcastUnitWorldUIVisibility(true);
        // 1) Vihollisvuoro alkaa
        RpcTurnPhaseChanged(NetTurnManager.Instance.phase = TurnPhase.Enemy, NetTurnManager.Instance.turnNumber, false);
        // Silta unit/AP-logiikalle (sama kuin nyt)
        if (TurnSystem.Instance != null)
            TurnSystem.Instance.ForcePhase(isPlayerTurn: false, incrementTurnNumber: false);
        // Aja AI
        yield return RunEnemyAI();
        // 2) Paluu pelaajille + turn-numero + resetit
        NetTurnManager.Instance.turnNumber++;
        NetTurnManager.Instance.ResetTurnState();
        if (TurnSystem.Instance != null)
            TurnSystem.Instance.ForcePhase(isPlayerTurn: true, incrementTurnNumber: false);
```

```
// 3) Lähetä *kaikille* (host + clientit) HUD-päivitys SP-logiikan kautta
    RpcTurnPhaseChanged(NetTurnManager.Instance.phase = TurnPhase.Players, NetTurnManager.Instance.turnNumber, true);
    // Asettaa pelaajien WordUI: (Action Points) näkyviin.
    UnitUIBroadcaster.Instance.BroadcastUnitWorldUIVisibility(false);
}
[Server]
IEnumerator RunEnemyAI()
    if (EnemyAI.Instance != null)
        yield return EnemyAI.Instance.RunEnemyTurnCoroutine();
    else
        yield return null; // fallback, ettei ketju katkea
// ---- Client-notifikaatiot UI:lle ----
[ClientRpc]
public void RpcTurnPhaseChanged(TurnPhase newPhase, int newTurnNumber, bool isPlayersPhase)
    // Päivitä paikallinen SP-UI-luuppi (ei Mirror-kutsuja)
    if (TurnSystem.Instance != null)
        TurnSystem.Instance.SetHudFromNetwork(newTurnNumber, isPlayersPhase);
    // Vaihe vaihtui → varmuuden vuoksi piilota mahdollinen "READY" -teksti
    var ui = FindFirstObjectByType<TurnSystemUI>();
    if (ui != null) ui.SetTeammateReady(false, null);
}
// Näyttää toiselle pelaajalle "Player X READY"
[ClientRpc]
public void RpcUpdateReadyStatus(int[] whoEndedIds, string[] whoEndedLabels)
    var ui = FindFirstObjectByType<TurnSystemUI>();
    if (ui == null) return;
    // Selvitä oma netId
    uint localId = 0;
    if (NetworkClient.connection != null && NetworkClient.connection.identity)
        localId = NetworkClient.connection.identity.netId;
    bool show = false;
    string label = null;
    // Jos joku muu kuin minä on valmis → näytä hänen labelinsa
    for (int i = 0; i < whoEndedIds.Length; i++)</pre>
        if ((uint)whoEndedIds[i] != localId)
```

```
show = true;
            label = (i < whoEndedLabels.Length) ? whoEndedLabels[i] : "Teammate";</pre>
            break;
    ui.SetTeammateReady(show, label);
}
// ---- Server-apurit ----
[Server] string GetLabelByNetId(uint id)
    foreach (var kvp in NetworkServer.connections)
        var conn = kvp.Value;
        if (conn != null && conn.identity && conn.identity.netId == id)
            return conn.connectionId == 0 ? "Player 1" : "Player 2";
    return "Teammate";
}
[Server]
public string[] BuildEndedLabels()
    // HashSetin järjestys ei ole merkityksellinen, näytetään mikä tahansa toinen
    return NetTurnManager.Instance.endedPlayers.Select(id => GetLabelByNetId(id)).ToArray();
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/EndgameAnnouncer.cs

```
using System;
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
public class EndgameAnnouncer : NetworkBehaviour
    public override void OnStartServer()
        Unit.OnAnyUnitDead += OnAnyUnitDead_Server;
    public override void OnStopServer()
        Unit.OnAnyUnitDead -= OnAnyUnitDead_Server;
    [ServerCallback]
    private void OnAnyUnitDead_Server(object sender, EventArgs e)
        var um = UnitManager.Instance;
        if (um == null) return;
        int friendly = um.GetFriendlyUnitList().Count; // hostin puoli
        int enemy = um.GetEnemyUnitList().Count; // ei-hostin puoli
        bool end = (enemy \langle = 0 \rangle | (friendly \langle = 0 \rangle);
        if (!end) return;
        bool hostWon = (enemy <= 0);</pre>
        // Lähetä kullekin clientille oma viesti
        foreach (var kv in NetworkServer.connections)
            var conn = kv.Value;
            if (conn?.identity == null) continue;
            var pc = conn.identity.GetComponent<PlayerController>();
            if (pc == null) continue;
            bool isHostConn = (conn.connectionId == 0);
            bool youWon = hostWon ? isHostConn : !isHostConn;
            pc.TargetShowEnd(conn, youWon);
    }
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/GameNetworkManager.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
using Unity.Services.Relay.Models;
namespace Utp
 [RequireComponent(typeof(UtpTransport))]
 public class GameNetworkManager : NetworkManager
  public static GameNetworkManager Instance { get; private set; }
  [SerializeField] private int hideJoinCodeAfterConnections = 2; // Host + 1 client
  private UtpTransport utpTransport;
  /// <summary>
  /// Server's join code if using Relay.
  /// </summary>
  public string relayJoinCode = "";
  public override void Awake()
   if (Instance != null && Instance != this)
   Destroy(gameObject);
    return;
   Instance = this;
   base.Awake();
   autoCreatePlayer = false;
   utpTransport = GetComponent<UtpTransport>();
   string[] args = Environment.GetCommandLineArgs();
   for (int key = 0; key < args.Length; key++)</pre>
    if (args[key] == "-port")
     if (key + 1 < args.Length)</pre>
      string value = args[key + 1];
      try
       utpTransport.Port = ushort.Parse(value);
      catch
```

```
UtpLog.Warning($"Unable to parse {value} into transport Port");
public override void OnStartServer()
 base.OnStartServer();
 SpawnUnitsCoordinator.Instance.SetEnemiesSpawned(false);
 if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp)
 ServerSpawnEnemies();
/// <summary>
/// Get the port the server is listening on.
/// </summary>
/// <returns>The port.</returns>
public ushort GetPort()
return utpTransport.Port;
/// <summary>
/// Get whether Relay is enabled or not.
/// </summary>
/// <returns>True if enabled, false otherwise.</returns>
public bool IsRelayEnabled()
return utpTransport.useRelay;
/// <summary>
/// Ensures Relay is disabled. Starts the server, listening for incoming connections.
/// </summary>
public void StartStandardServer()
utpTransport.useRelay = false;
StartServer();
/// Ensures Relay is disabled. Starts a network "host" - a server and client in the same application
/// </summary>
public void StartStandardHost()
```

```
utpTransport.useRelay = false;
StartHost();
/// <summary>
/// Gets available Relay regions.
/// </summary>
///
public void GetRelayRegions(Action<List<Region>> onSuccess, Action onFailure)
utpTransport.GetRelayRegions(onSuccess, onFailure);
/// <summary>
/// Ensures Relay is enabled. Starts a network "host" - a server and client in the same application
/// </summary>
public void StartRelayHost(int maxPlayers, string regionId = null)
 utpTransport.useRelay = true;
 utpTransport.AllocateRelayServer(maxPlayers, regionId,
 (string joinCode) =>
 relayJoinCode = joinCode;
 // Debug.LogError($"Relay join code: {joinCode}");
 Debug.Log($"Relay join code: {joinCode}");
 StartHost();
 },
 () =>
 UtpLog.Error($"Failed to start a Relay host.");
});
/// <summary>
/// Ensures Relay is disabled. Starts the client, connects it to the server with networkAddress.
/// </summary>
public void JoinStandardServer()
utpTransport.useRelay = false;
StartClient();
/// <summary>
/// Ensures Relay is enabled. Starts the client, connects to the server with the relayJoinCode.
/// </summary>
public void JoinRelayServer()
utpTransport.useRelay = true;
 utpTransport.ConfigureClientWithJoinCode(relayJoinCode,
 () =>
 StartClient();
```

```
},
() =>
 UtpLog.Error($"Failed to join Relay server.");
});
public override void OnValidate()
base.OnValidate();
/// <summary>
/// Make sure that the clien sends a AddPlayer request once the scene is loaded.
/// </summary>
public override void OnClientSceneChanged()
 base.OnClientSceneChanged();
 // (1) aina ready
 if (!NetworkClient.ready) NetworkClient.Ready();
 // (2) nollaa per scene, ettei jää päälle resetissä
 //addPlayerRequested = false;
 // (3) jos ei vielä Player-identityä tässä scenessä -> pyydä se
 if (NetworkClient.connection != null &&
 NetworkClient.connection.identity == null)
 NetworkClient.AddPlayer();
public override void OnStopClient()
base.OnStopClient();
public override void OnClientDisconnect()
base.OnClientDisconnect();
/// <summary>
/// Tämä metodi spawnaa jokaiselle clientille oman Unitin ja tekee siitä heidän ohjattavan yksikkönsä.
public override void OnServerAddPlayer(NetworkConnectionToClient conn)
if (playerPrefab == null)
```

```
Debug.LogError("[NM] Player Prefab (EmptySquad) puuttuu!");
 return;
base.OnServerAddPlayer(conn);
int count = NetworkServer.connections?.Count ?? 0;
if (count >= hideJoinCodeAfterConnections)
// Piilota koodilaatikko
 RelayJoinCodeUI.Instance.Hide();
// 2) päätä host vs client
bool isHost = conn.connectionId == 0;
// 3) spawnaa pelaajan yksiköt ja anna authority niihin
var units = SpawnUnitsCoordinator.Instance.SpawnPlayersForNetwork(conn, isHost);
foreach (var unit in units)
Debug.Log($"[NM] Spawning player unit {unit.name} for connection {conn.connectionId}, isHost={isHost}");
NetworkServer.Spawn(unit, conn); // authority tälle pelaajalle
// päivitä pelaajamäärä koordinaattorille
var coord = NetTurnManager.Instance:
//var coord = CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance;
if (coord != null)
 coord.ServerUpdateRequiredCount(NetworkServer.connections.Count);
// Jos nyt on Players-vuoro, avaa toiminta tälle uudelle clientille
if (NetTurnManager.Instance && NetTurnManager.Instance.phase == TurnPhase.Players)
var pc = conn.identity ? conn.identity.GetComponent<PlayerController>() : null;
if (pc != null) pc.ServerSetHasEnded(false); // -> TargetRpc avaa UI:n
// Asettaa pelaajan UI.n pelaajan vuoroksi.
if (CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance && NetTurnManager.Instance)
 CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.RpcTurnPhaseChanged(
 NetTurnManager.Instance.phase,
 NetTurnManager.Instance.turnNumber,
 true
 );
// --- VERSUS (PvP) - host aloittaa ---
if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.Versus)
var pc = conn.identity != null ? conn.identity.GetComponent<PlayerController>() : null;
if (pc != null && PvPTurnCoordinator.Instance != null)
```

```
// Rekisteröi pelaaja PvP-vuoroon (host saa aloitusvuoron PvPTurnCoordinatorissa)
  PvPTurnCoordinator.Instance.ServerRegisterPlayer(pc);
 else
  Debug.LogWarning("[NM] PvP rekisteröinti epäonnistui: PlayerController tai PvPTurnCoordinator puuttuu.");
[Server]
public void ServerSpawnEnemies()
// Pyydä SpawnUnitsCoordinatoria luomaan viholliset
var enemies = SpawnUnitsCoordinator.Instance.SpawnEnemies();
// Synkronoi viholliset verkkoon Mirrorin avulla
foreach (var enemy in enemies)
 if (enemy != null)
  NetworkServer.Spawn(enemy);
public override void OnServerDisconnect(NetworkConnectionToClient conn)
base.OnServerDisconnect(conn);
// päivitä pelaajamäärä koordinaattorille
var coord = NetTurnManager.Instance;
//var coord = CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance;
if (coord != null)
 coord.ServerUpdateRequiredCount(NetworkServer.connections.Count);
public bool IsNetworkActive()
return GetNetWorkServerActive() || GetNetWorkClientConnected();
public bool GetNetWorkServerActive()
return NetworkServer.active;
public bool GetNetWorkClientConnected()
return NetworkClient.isConnected;
```

```
public NetworkConnection NetWorkClientConnection()
{
   return NetworkClient.connection;
}

public void NetworkDestroy(GameObject go)
{
   NetworkServer.Destroy(go);
}

public void SetEnemies()
{
   SpawnUnitsCoordinator.Instance.SetEnemiesSpawned(false);
   if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp)
   {
        ServerSpawnEnemies();
   }
   }
}
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/NetSceneReload.cs

```
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine.SceneManagement;

public static class NetSceneReload {
    public static void ReloadForAll()
    {
        string sceneName = SceneManager.GetActiveScene().name;
        NetworkManager.singleton.ServerChangeScene(sceneName);
    }
}
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/NetTurnManager.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using Mirror;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Collections;
using System.Linq;
///<sumary>
/// NetTurnManager coordinates turn phases in a networked multiplayer game.
/// It tracks which players have ended their turns and advances the game phase accordingly.
///</sumary>
public enum TurnPhase { Players, Enemy }
public class NetTurnManager : NetworkBehaviour
    public static NetTurnManager Instance { get; private set; }
    [SyncVar] public TurnPhase phase = TurnPhase.Players;
    [SyncVar] public int turnNumber = 1;
    // Seurannat (server)
    [SyncVar] public int endedCount = 0;
    [SyncVar] public int requiredCount = 0; // päivitetään kun pelaajia liittyy/lähtee
    public readonly HashSet<uint> endedPlayers = new();
    void Awake()
        if (Instance != null && Instance != this) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
        Instance = this;
    }
    public override void OnStartServer()
        base.OnStartServer();
        // jos haluat lukita kahteen pelaajaan protoa varten:
        if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp) requiredCount = 2;
        StartCoroutine(DeferResetOneFrame());
    }
    [Server]
    private IEnumerator DeferResetOneFrame()
                                      // odota että SpawnObjects on valmis
// nyt RpcUpdateReadyStatus on turvallinen
        yield return null;
        ResetTurnState();
    }
    [Server]
    public void ResetTurnState()
        phase = TurnPhase.Players;
        endedPlayers.Clear();
        endedCount = 0;
```

```
SetPlayerStartState();
}
[Server]
public void ServerPlayerEndedTurn(uint playerNetId)
    // PvP: siirrä vuoro heti vastustajalle
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.Versus)
        if (PvPTurnCoordinator.Instance)
            PvPTurnCoordinator.Instance.ServerHandlePlayerEndedTurn(playerNetId);
        return;
    if (phase != TurnPhase.Players) return;
                                                     // ei lasketa jos ei pelaajavuoro
    if (!endedPlayers.Add(playerNetId)) return;
                                                     // älä laske tuplia
    endedCount = endedPlayers.Count;
    // Ilmoita kaikille, KUKA on valmis → UI näyttää "Player X READY" toisella pelaajalla. Käytössä vain Co-opissa
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp)
        // Asettaa yksikoiden UI Näkyvyydet
        UnitUIBroadcaster.Instance.BroadcastUnitWorldUIVisibility(false);
        CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.
        RpcUpdateReadyStatus(
        endedPlayers.Select(id => (int)id).ToArray(),
        CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.BuildEndedLabels()
        );
        CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.TryAdvanceIfReady();
}
[Server]
public void ServerUpdateRequiredCount(int playersNow)
    requiredCount = Mathf.Max(1, playersNow); // Co-opissa yleensä 2
                                              // jos yksi poistui kesken odotuksen, tarkista täyttyikö ehto nyt
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp)
        CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.TryAdvanceIfReady();
public void SetPlayerStartState()
    // Asettaa pelaajan tilan pelaajan vuoroksi.
    foreach (var kvp in NetworkServer.connections)
```

```
var id = kvp.Value.identity;
    if (!id) continue;
    var pc = id.GetComponent<PlayerController>();
    if (pc) pc.ServerSetHasEnded(false); // <<< TÄRKEIN RIVI
    }
}</pre>
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/NetVisibility.cs

```
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
public class NetVisibility : NetworkBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private GameObject target; // se esine jonka näkyvyyttä halutaan ohjata
    [SyncVar(hook = nameof(OnChanged))]
    private bool isVisible;
    void OnChanged(bool _, bool now) => Apply(now);
    public override void OnStartClient() => Apply(isVisible);
    private void Apply(bool now)
        if (target) target.SetActive(now);
    // --- SERVER-API ---
    [Server] public void ServerShow()
                                                 { isVisible = true; Apply(true); }
    [Server] public void ServerHide()
                                                 { isVisible = false; Apply(false); }
    [Server] public void ServerSetVisible(bool v){ isVisible = v;
                                                                      Apply(v);
    // --- CLIENT-API (authority) ---
    [Command] private void CmdSetVisible(bool v) => ServerSetVisible(v);
    /// Kutsu tätä mistä tahansa: hoitaa sekä server- että client-puolen.
    public void SetVisibleAny(bool v)
        if (isServer) ServerSetVisible(v);
                      CmdSetVisible(v); // vaatii client authorityn tälle objektille
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/PvpClientState.cs

Assets/scripts/Oneline/PvpPerception.cs

```
using System.Reflection;
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
public class PvpPerception : MonoBehaviour
    // Kutsu tätä aina kun vuoro vaihtuu (ja bootstrapissa)
    public static void ApplyEnemyFlagsLocally(bool isMyTurn)
        var units = FindObjectsByType<Unit>(FindObjectsSortMode.None);
        foreach (var u in units)
            var ni = u.GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
            if (!ni) continue;
            // Onko tämä yksikkö minun (tässä clientissä)?
            bool unitIsMine = ni.isOwned || ni.isLocalPlayer;
            // Vuorologiikka:
            // - Jos on MINUN vuoro: vastustajan yksiköt ovat enemy
            // - Jos EI ole minun vuoro: MINUN omat yksiköt ovat enemy
            bool enemy = isMyTurn ? !unitIsMine : unitIsMine;
            SetUnitEnemyFlag(u, enemy);
    }
    static void SetUnitEnemyFlag(Unit u, bool enemy)
        // Unitissa on [SerializeField] private bool isEnemy; -> käytä BindingFlagsia! :contentReference[oaicite:1]{index=1}
        var field = typeof(Unit).GetField("isEnemy",
            BindingFlags.Instance | BindingFlags.NonPublic | BindingFlags.Public);
        if (field != null) { field.SetValue(u, enemy); return; }
        // Varalle, jos joskus lisäät setterin
        var m = typeof(Unit).GetMethod("SetEnemy",
            BindingFlags.Instance | BindingFlags.Public | BindingFlags.NonPublic,
            null, new[] { typeof(bool) }, null);
        if (m != null) { m.Invoke(u, new object[] { enemy }); return; }
        Debug.LogWarning("[PvP] Unitilta puuttuu isEnemy/SetEnemy(bool). Lisää jompikumpi.");
   }
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/PvPTurnCoordinator.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Lina:
using Mirror;
public class PvPTurnCoordinator : NetworkBehaviour
    public static PvPTurnCoordinator Instance { get; private set; }
    [SyncVar] private uint currentOwnerNetId; // kumman pelaajan vuoro on
    void Awake()
        if (Instance != null && Instance != this) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
        Instance = this:
    // Kutsutaan, kun pelaaja liittyv. Hostista tehdään aloitusvuoron omistaja.
    [Server]
    public void ServerRegisterPlayer(PlayerController pc)
        // Host (connectionId == 0) asettaa aloitusvuoron, jos ei vielä asetettu
        if (currentOwnerNetId == 0 && pc.connectionToClient != null && pc.connectionToClient.connectionId == 0)
            currentOwnerNetId = pc.netId:
            pc.ServerSetHasEnded(false);
                                             // host saa toimia
            foreach (var other in GetAllPlayers().Where(p => p != pc))
                other.ServerSetHasEnded(true); // muut lukkoon varmuudeksi
            RpcTurnChanged(GetTurnNumber(), currentOwnerNetId);
        else
            // Myöhemmin liittynyt (client) - lukitaan kunnes hänen vuoronsa alkaa
            pc.ServerSetHasEnded(true);
            RpcTurnChanged(GetTurnNumber(), currentOwnerNetId);
    // Kutsutaan, kun joku painaa End Turn
    [Server]
    public void ServerHandlePlayerEndedTurn(uint whoEndedNetId)
        var players = GetAllPlayers().ToList();
        var ended = players.FirstOrDefault(p => p.netId == whoEndedNetId);
        var next = players.FirstOrDefault(p => p.netId != whoEndedNetId);
        if (next == null) return; // ei vastustajaa vielä
        // Nosta vuorolaskuria (kierrätetään olemassaolevaa turnNumberia)
        if (NetTurnManager.Instance) NetTurnManager.Instance.turnNumber++;
```

```
currentOwnerNetId = next.netId;
    // Anna seuraavalle vuoro
    next.ServerSetHasEnded(false); // avaa syötteen ja nappulan
    // ended pysyy lukossa (hasEndedThisTurn = true)
    RpcTurnChanged(GetTurnNumber(), currentOwnerNetId);
int GetTurnNumber() => NetTurnManager.Instance ? NetTurnManager.Instance.turnNumber : 1;
[ClientRpc]
void RpcTurnChanged(int newTurnNumber, uint ownerNetId)
    // Päivitä paikallinen HUD "player/enemy turn" -logiikalla
    bool isMyTurn = false;
    if (NetworkClient.connection != null && NetworkClient.connection.identity != null)
        isMyTurn = NetworkClient.connection.identity.netId == ownerNetId;
    PvpPerception.ApplyEnemyFlagsLocally(isMyTurn);
    if (TurnSystem.Instance != null)
        TurnSystem.Instance.SetHudFromNetwork(newTurnNumber, isMyTurn);
}
[Server]
IEnumerable<PlayerController> GetAllPlayers()
    foreach (var kvp in NetworkServer.connections)
        var id = kvp.Value.identity;
        if (!id) continue;
        var pc = id.GetComponent<PlayerController>();
        if (pc) yield return pc;
}
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/ResetService.cs

```
using System.Collections;
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine.SceneManagement;
public class ResetService : NetworkBehaviour
    public static ResetService Instance;
    // LIPPU: ajetaan post-reset -alustus, kun uusi scene on valmis
    public static bool PendingHardReset;
    void Awake() => Instance = this;
    [Command(requiresAuthority = false)]
    public void CmdRequestHardReset()
        if (!NetworkServer.active) return;
        HardResetServerAuthoritative();
    }
    [Server]
    public void HardResetServerAuthoritative()
        PendingHardReset = true: // <-- vain lippu päälle
        var nm = (NetworkManager)NetworkManager.singleton;
        var scene = SceneManager.GetActiveScene().name;
        nm.ServerChangeScene(scene);
        // ÄLÄ tee mitään tähän enää
   }
    [ClientRpc]
    public void RpcPostResetClientInit(int turnNumber)
        // odota 1 frame että UI-komponentit ovat ehtineet OnEnable/subscribe
        StartCoroutine(_ClientInitCo(turnNumber));
    private IEnumerator ClientInitCo(int turnNumber)
        yield return null;
        // 1) Avaa paikallinen "saa toimia" -portti (triggaa LocalPlayerTurnChanged)
        PlayerLocalTurnGate.SetCanAct(true);
        // 2) Päivitä HUD (näyttää "Players turn", aktivoi End Turn -napin logiikkaasi vasten)
        TurnSystem.Instance.SetHudFromNetwork(turnNumber, true);
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/ServerBootstrap.cs

```
using System.Collections;
using Mirror:
using UnityEngine;
using Utp;
/// <summary>
/// This ensures that the server starts correctly and in the correct order.
/// </summary>
[DefaultExecutionOrder(10000)]
                                             // aja myöhään
[DisallowMultipleComponent]
public class ServerBootstrap : NetworkBehaviour
    public override void OnStartServer()
        // varmistaa että tämä ei ajaudu clientillä
        StartCoroutine(Bootstrap());
    private IEnumerator Bootstrap()
        // 1) Odota että Mirror on spawnannut scene-identiteetit
        // (2 frameä riittää, mutta odotetaan lisäksi koordinaattorit)
        vield return null:
        vield return null;
        // Odota kunnes koordinaattori(t) ovat varmasti olemassa ja spawned
        yield return new WaitUntil(() =>
            CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance &&
            CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.netIdentity &&
            CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.netIdentity.netId != 0
        );
        // 2) Nollaa vuorologiikka vain serverillä
        NetTurnManager.Instance.ResetTurnState(); // EI UI-RPC:itä täällä
        // 3) Spawnaa viholliset vain Co-opissa ja vain jos tarvitaan
        if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp &&
            !SpawnUnitsCoordinator.Instance.AreEnemiesSpawned())
            GameNetworkManager.Instance.SetEnemies();
        // 4) Rakenna occupancy nykyisestä scenestä (unitit/esteet)
        LevelGrid.Instance.RebuildOccupancyFromScene();
        // 4b) Varmista että edge/cover-data on synkassa occupancy/geometryn kanssa
        EdgeBaker.Instance.BakeAllEdges();
        // 5) Pakota aloitus Players turniin ja turnNumber = 1
        NetTurnManager.Instance.turnNumber = 1;
```

```
NetTurnManager.Instance.phase = TurnPhase.Players;
TurnSystem.Instance.ForcePhase(isPlayerTurn: true, incrementTurnNumber: false);
// 6) Nyt on turvallista lähettää UI/RPC:t kaikille
var endedIds = System.Array.Empty<int>();
var endedLabels = CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.BuildEndedLabels();
CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.RpcUpdateReadyStatus(endedIds, endedLabels);
CoopTurnCoordinator.Instance.RpcTurnPhaseChanged(
    NetTurnManager.Instance.phase,
   NetTurnManager.Instance.turnNumber,
    true // isPlayersPhase
);
// (valinnainen) piilota enemy-WorldUI tms. alussa
UnitUIBroadcaster.Instance.BroadcastUnitWorldUIVisibility(false);
// (valinnainen) client-init, jos sinulla on tällainen
ResetService.Instance.RpcPostResetClientInit(NetTurnManager.Instance.turnNumber);
NetTurnManager.Instance.SetPlayerStartState();
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/Sync/NetworkSync.cs

```
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summarv>
/// NetworkSync is a static helper class that centralizes all network-related actions.
/// Responsibilities:
/// - Provides a single entry point for spawning and synchronizing networked effects and objects.
/// - Decides whether the game is running in server/host mode, client mode, or offline mode.
/// - In online play:
/// - If running on the server/host, spawns objects directly with NetworkServer.Spawn.
/// - If running on a client, forwards the request to the local NetworkSyncAgent, which relays it to the server via Command.
/// - In offline/singleplayer mode, simply instantiates objects locally with Instantiate.
111
/// Usage:
/// Call the static methods from gameplay code (e.g. UnitAnimator, Actions) instead of
/// directly instantiating or spawning prefabs. This ensures consistent behavior in all game modes.
111
/// Example:
/// NetworkSync.SpawnBullet(bulletPrefab, shootPoint.position, targetPosition);
/// </summary>
public static class NetworkSync
    /// <summary>
    /// Spawns a bullet projectile in the game world.
    /// Handles both offline (local Instantiate) and online (NetworkServer.Spawn) scenarios.
    /// In server/host:
           - Instantiates and spawns the bullet directly with NetworkServer.Spawn.
    ///
    /// In client:
            - Forwards the request to NetworkSyncAgent.Local, which executes a Command.
    /// In offline:
    /// - Instantiates the bullet locally.
    /// </summary>
    /// <param name="bulletPrefab">The bullet prefab to spawn (must have NetworkIdentity if used online).</param>
    /// <param name="spawnPos">The starting position of the bullet (usually weapon muzzle).</param>
    /// <param name="targetPos">The target world position the bullet should travel towards.</param>
    public static void SpawnBullet(GameObject bulletPrefab, Vector3 spawnPos, Vector3 targetPos)
        if (NetworkServer.active) // Online: server or host
            var bullet = Object.Instantiate(bulletPrefab, spawnPos, Quaternion.identity);
            if (bullet.TryGetComponent<BulletProjectile>(out var bulletProjectile))
                bulletProjectile.Setup(targetPos);
            NetworkServer.Spawn(bullet);
            return;
        if (NetworkClient.active) // Online: client
```

```
if (NetworkSyncAgent.Local != null)
            NetworkSyncAgent.Local.CmdSpawnBullet(spawnPos, targetPos);
        else
            // fallback if no local agent found (shouldn't happen in a correct setup)
            Debug.LogWarning("[NetworkSync] No Local NetworkSyncAgent found, falling back to local Instantiate.");
            var bullet = Object.Instantiate(bulletPrefab, spawnPos, Quaternion.identity);
            if (bullet.TryGetComponent<BulletProjectile>(out var bulletProjectile))
                bulletProjectile.Setup(targetPos);
    else
        // Offline / Singleplayer: just instantiate locally
        var bullet = Object.Instantiate(bulletPrefab, spawnPos, Quaternion.identity);
        if (bullet.TryGetComponent<BulletProjectile>(out var bulletProjectile))
            bulletProjectile.Setup(targetPos);
}
// HUOM: käytä tätä myös AE:stä (UnitAnimatorista)
public static void SpawnGrenade(GameObject grenadePrefab, Vector3 spawnPos, Vector3 targetPos)
    if (NetworkServer.active) // Online: server tai host
        var go = Object.Instantiate(grenadePrefab, spawnPos, Quaternion.identity);
        if (go.TryGetComponent<GrenadeProjectile>(out var gp))
            gp.Setup(targetPos);
                                                // ASETUS ENNEN spawnia
        NetworkServer.Spawn(go);
        return;
    if (NetworkClient.active) // Online: client
        if (NetworkSyncAgent.Local != null)
            NetworkSyncAgent.Local.CmdSpawnGrenade(spawnPos, targetPos);
        else
            // Sama fallback kuin luodeissa (jos näin haluat)
            Debug.LogWarning("[NetworkSync] No Local NetworkSyncAgent found, falling back to local Instantiate.");
            var go = Object.Instantiate(grenadePrefab, spawnPos, Quaternion.identity);
            if (go.TryGetComponent<GrenadeProjectile>(out var gp))
                gp.Setup(targetPos);
    else
```

```
// Offline / Singleplayer
        var go = Object.Instantiate(grenadePrefab, spawnPos, Quaternion.identity);
        if (go.TryGetComponent<GrenadeProjectile>(out var gp))
            gp.Setup(targetPos);
}
/// <summary>
/// Apply damage to a Unit in SP/Host/Client modes.
/// - Server/Host: call HealthSystem.Damage directly (authoritative).
/// - Client: send a Command via NetworkSyncAgent to run on server.
/// - Offline: call locally.
/// </summary>
public static void ApplyDamageToUnit(Unit target, int amount, Vector3 hitPosition)
    if (target == null) return;
    if (NetworkServer.active) // Online: server or host
        var healthSystem = target.GetComponent<HealthSystem>();
        if (healthSystem == null) return;
        healthSystem.Damage(amount, hitPosition);
        UpdateHealthBarUI(healthSystem, target);
        return:
    if (NetworkClient.active) // Online: client
        var ni = target.GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
        if (ni && NetworkSyncAgent.Local != null)
            NetworkSyncAgent.Local.CmdApplyDamage(ni.netId, amount, hitPosition);
            return;
    // Offline fallback
    target.GetComponent<HealthSystem>()?.Damage(amount, hitPosition);
}
public static void ApplyDamageToObject(DestructibleObject target, int amount, Vector3 hitPosition)
    if (target == null) return;
    if (NetworkServer.active) // Online: server or host
        target.Damage(amount, hitPosition);
        return;
```

```
if (NetworkClient.active) // Online: client
       var ni = target.GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
       if (ni && NetworkSyncAgent.Local != null)
           NetworkSyncAgent.Local.CmdApplyDamageToObject(ni.netId, amount, hitPosition);
   // Offline fallback
   target.Damage(amount, hitPosition);
private static void UpdateHealthBarUI(HealthSystem healthSystem, Unit target)
   // → ilmoita kaikille clienteille, jotta UnitWorldUI saa eventin
   if (NetworkSyncAgent.Local == null)
       // haetaan mikä tahansa agentti serveriltä (voi olla erillinen manageri)
       var agent = Object.FindFirstObjectByType<NetworkSyncAgent>();
       if (agent != null)
           agent.ServerBroadcastHp(target, healthSystem.GetHealth(), healthSystem.GetHealthMax());
   else
       NetworkSyncAgent.Local.ServerBroadcastHp(target, healthSystem.GetHealth(), healthSystem.GetHealthMax());
public static void UpdateCoverUI(Unit target)
   if (target == null) return;
   // SERVER: broadcastaa suoraan
   if (NetworkServer.active)
       var agent = UnityEngine.Object.FindFirstObjectByType<NetworkSyncAgent>();
       if (agent != null)
           agent.ServerBroadcastCover(target, target.GetPersonalCover(), target.GetPersonalCoverMax());
       return;
   // CLIENT: pyydä serveriä tekemään virallinen päivitys
   if (NetworkClient.active && NetworkSyncAgent.Local != null)
       var ni = target.GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
       if (ni != null)
           NetworkSyncAgent.Local.CmdRequestCoverRefresh(ni.netId);
```

```
/// <summary>
/// Server: Control when Pleyers can see own and others Unit stats,
/// Like only active player AP(Action Points) are visible.
/// When is Enemy turn only Enemy Units Action points are visible.
/// Solo and Versus mode handle this localy becouse there is no need syncronisation.
/// </summary>
public static void BroadcastActionPoints(Unit unit, int apValue)
    if (unit == null) return;
    if (NetworkServer.active)
        var agent = Object.FindFirstObjectByType<NetworkSyncAgent>();
        if (agent != null)
            agent.ServerBroadcastAp(unit, apValue);
        return;
    // CLIENT-haara: lähetä peilauspyyntö serverille
    if (NetworkClient.active && NetworkSyncAgent.Local != null)
        var ni = unit.GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
        if (ni) NetworkSyncAgent.Local.CmdMirrorAp(ni.netId, apValue);
public static void SpawnRagdoll(GameObject prefab, Vector3 pos, Quaternion rot, uint sourceUnitNetId, Transform originalRootBone, Vector3 lastHitPosition, int overkill)
    if (NetworkServer.active)
        var go = Object.Instantiate(prefab, pos, rot);
        if (go.TryGetComponent<UnitRagdoll>(out var rg))
            rg.SetOverkill(overkill);
            rg.SetLastHitPosition(lastHitPosition);
        // Set sourceUnitNetId so that clients can find the original unit
        if (go.TryGetComponent<RagdollPoseBinder>(out var ragdollBinder))
            ragdollBinder.sourceUnitNetId = sourceUnitNetId;
            ragdollBinder.lastHitPos = lastHitPosition;
            ragdollBinder.overkill = overkill;
        else
            Debug.LogWarning("[Ragdoll] Ragdoll prefab lacks RagdollPoseBinder component.");
```

```
NetworkServer.Spawn(go);
        return;
    // offline fallback
   var off = Object.Instantiate(prefab, pos, rot);
    if (off.TryGetComponent<UnitRagdoll>(out var unitRagdoll))
        unitRagdoll.SetOverkill(overkill);
        unitRagdoll.SetLastHitPosition(lastHitPosition);
        unitRagdoll.Setup(originalRootBone);
}
public static bool IsOwnerHost(uint ownerId)
    if (!NetworkServer.active) return false; // varmin tieto vain serverillä
    foreach (var kv in NetworkServer.connections)
        var conn = kv.Value;
        if (conn?.identity && conn.identity.netId == ownerId)
           return conn.connectionId == 0; // 0 = host
    return false;
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/Sync/NetworkSyncAgent.cs

```
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// NetworkSyncAgent is a helper NetworkBehaviour to relay Commands from clients to the server.
/// Each client should have exactly one instance of this script in the scene, usually attached to the PlayerController GameObject.
111
/// Responsibilities:
/// - Receives local calls from NetworkSync (static helper).
/// - Sends Commands to the server when the local player performs an action (e.g. shooting).
/// - On the server, instantiates and spawns networked objects (like projectiles).
/// </summary>
public class NetworkSyncAgent : NetworkBehaviour
    public static NetworkSyncAgent Local; // Easy access for NetworkSync static helper
    [SerializeField] private GameObject bulletPrefab; // Prefab for the bullet projectile
    [SerializeField] private GameObject grenadePrefab;
    public override void OnStartLocalPlayer()
        base.OnStartLocalPlayer();
        Local = this;
    }
    /// <summary>
    /// Command from client → server.
    /// The client requests the server to spawn a bullet at the given position.
    /// The server instantiates the prefab, sets it up, and spawns it to all connected clients.
    /// </summarv>
    /// <param name="spawnPos">World position where the bullet starts (usually weapon muzzle).</param>
    /// <param name="targetPos">World position the bullet is travelling towards.</param>
    [Command(requiresAuthority = true)]
    public void CmdSpawnBullet(Vector3 spawnPos, Vector3 targetPos)
        if (bulletPrefab == null) { Debug.LogWarning("[NetSync] bulletPrefab missing"); return; }
        // Instantiate on the server
        var go = Instantiate(bulletPrefab, spawnPos, Quaternion.identity);
        // Setup target on the projectile
        if (go.TryGetComponent<BulletProjectile>(out var bp))
            bp.Setup(targetPos);
        // Spawn across the network
        NetworkServer.Spawn(go);
    }
    [Command(requiresAuthority = true)]
    public void CmdSpawnGrenade(Vector3 spawnPos, Vector3 targetPos)
```

```
if (grenadePrefab == null) { Debug.LogWarning("[NetSync] grenadePrefab missing"); return; }
    var go = Instantiate(grenadePrefab, spawnPos, Quaternion.identity);
    if (go.TryGetComponent<GrenadeProjectile>(out var gp))
        gp.Setup(targetPos); // tärkeää: ennen Spawnia
    NetworkServer.Spawn(go);
}
/// <summary>
/// Client → Server: resolve target by netId and apply damage on server.
/// then broadcast the new HP to all clients for UI.
/// </summarv>
[Command(requiresAuthority = true)]
public void CmdApplyDamage(uint targetNetId, int amount, Vector3 hitPosition)
    if (!NetworkServer.spawned.TryGetValue(targetNetId, out var targetNi) || targetNi == null)
        return;
    var unit = targetNi.GetComponent<Unit>();
    var hs = targetNi.GetComponent<HealthSystem>();
    if (unit == null || hs == null)
        return:
    // 1) Server tekee damagen (kuten ennenkin)
    hs.Damage(amount, hitPosition);
    // 2) Heti perään broadcast → kaikki clientit päivittävät oman UI:nsa
         (ServerBroadcastHp kutsuu RpcNotifyHpChanged → hs.ApplyNetworkHealth(..) clientillä)
    ServerBroadcastHp(unit, hs.GetHealth(), hs.GetHealthMax());
[Command(requiresAuthority = true)]
public void CmdApplyDamageToObject(uint targetNetId, int amount, Vector3 hitPosition)
    if (!NetworkServer.spawned.TryGetValue(targetNetId, out var targetNi) || targetNi == null)
        return;
    var obj = targetNi.GetComponent<DestructibleObject>();
    if (obj == null)
        return;
    obj.Damage(amount, hitPosition);
}
// ---- SERVER-puolen helperit: kutsu näitä palvelimelta
public void ServerBroadcastHp(Unit unit, int current, int max)
    var ni = unit.GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
    if (ni) RpcNotifyHpChanged(ni.netId, current, max);
```

```
[Server]
public void ServerBroadcastAp(Unit unit, int ap)
    var ni = unit.GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
    if (ni) RpcNotifyApChanged(ni.netId, ap);
[Server]
public void ServerBroadcastCover(Unit unit, int current, int max)
    var ni = unit.GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
    if (ni) RpcNotifyCoverChanged(ni.netId, current, max);
// ---- SERVER → ALL CLIENTS: Cover-muutos ilmoitus
[ClientRpc]
void RpcNotifyCoverChanged(uint unitNetId, int current, int max)
    if (!NetworkClient.spawned.TryGetValue(unitNetId, out var id) || id == null) return;
    var unit = id.GetComponent<Unit>();
    if (unit == null) return;
    unit.ApplyNetworkCover(current, max);
}
[Command(requiresAuthority = false)]
public void CmdRequestCoverRefresh(uint unitNetId)
    if (!NetworkServer.spawned.TryGetValue(unitNetId, out var id) || id == null) return;
    var unit = id.GetComponent<Unit>();
    if (unit == null) return;
    // Server lukee arvot ja broadcastaa
    ServerBroadcastCover(unit, unit.GetPersonalCover(), unit.GetPersonalCoverMax());
[Command(requiresAuthority = false)]
public void CmdSetUnitCover(uint unitNetId, int value)
    if (!NetworkServer.spawned.TryGetValue(unitNetId, out var id) || id == null) return;
    var unit = id.GetComponent<Unit>();
    if (!unit) return;
    unit.SetPersonalCover(Mathf.Clamp(value, 0, unit.GetPersonalCoverMax()));
    // SetPersonalCover serverillä jo kutsuu NetworkSync.UpdateCoverUI(this)
}
```

```
// ---- SERVER → ALL CLIENTS: HP-muutos ilmoitus
[ClientRpc]
void RpcNotifyHpChanged(uint unitNetId, int current, int max)
    if (!NetworkClient.spawned.TryGetValue(unitNetId, out var id) || id == null) return;
    var hs = id.GetComponent<HealthSystem>();
    if (hs == null) return;
    hs.ApplyNetworkHealth(current, max);
// ---- SERVER → ALL CLIENTS: AP-muutos ilmoitus
[ClientRpc]
void RpcNotifyApChanged(uint unitNetId, int ap)
    ApplyApClient(unitNetId, ap);
[Command]
public void CmdMirrorAp(uint unitNetId, int ap)
    RpcNotifyApChanged(unitNetId, ap);
void ApplyApClient(uint unitNetId, int ap)
    if (!NetworkClient.spawned.TryGetValue(unitNetId, out var id) || id == null) return;
    var unit = id.GetComponent<Unit>();
    if (!unit) return;
    unit.ApplyNetworkActionPoints(ap); // päivittää arvon + triggaa eventin
}
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/UI/RelayJoinCodeUI.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using TMPro;
using System.Text.RegularExpressions;
using Utp;
using Mirror;
public class RelayJoinCodeUI : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private TMP Text joinCodeText; // vedä Inspectorissa
    [SerializeField] private GameObject container;
                                                      // valinnainen: paneeli jonka näytät/piilotat
    // Hyväksyy 4-10 merkkiä. Tarvittaessa muuta pituutta.
    static readonly Regex Rx = new Regex(@"join code:\s*([A-Za-z0-9]{4,10})",
        RegexOptions.Compiled | RegexOptions.IgnoreCase);
    void Awake()
        // (Valinnainen) säilyy scene-vaihdon yli, jos käytät ServerChangeScene:
        // DontDestroyOnLoad(gameObject);
    void OnEnable()
        Application.logMessageReceived += OnLog;
        // Jos koodi on jo luotu ennen tätä UI:ta (esim. scene reload), yritä lukea se suoraan managerista:
        TryShowExistingCode();
    void OnDisable()
        Application.logMessageReceived -= OnLog;
    void OnLog(string condition, string stackTrace, LogType type)
        var m = Rx.Match(condition);
        if (!m.Success) return;
        Show(m.Groups[1].Value.ToUpperInvariant());
    void TryShowExistingCode()
        // Jos GameNetworkManagerissa on jo koodi tallessa, näytä se heti.
        var gnm = FindFirstObjectByType<GameNetworkManager>();
        if (gnm != null && !string.IsNullOrWhiteSpace(gnm.relayJoinCode))
            Show(gnm.relayJoinCode.Trim().ToUpperInvariant());
```

```
void Show(string code)
    if (joinCodeText != null) joinCodeText.text = $"JOIN CODE: {code}";
    if (container != null) container.SetActive(true);
public static RelayJoinCodeUI Instance { get; private set; }
[SerializeField] private GameObject root;
                                             // vedä tähän CodeCanvas TAI paneelin juuri
[SerializeField] private TMP Text codeText; // vedä JoinCodeText
void Awake()
    if (Instance != null && Instance != this) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
    Instance = this;
    if (root == null) root = gameObject;
                                              // fallback: käytä CodeCanvasia juurena
    DontDestroyOnLoad(root);
                                              // pysyy scene-vaihdon yli
    Hide();
}
public void ShowCode(string code)
    var c = (code ?? "").Trim().ToUpperInvariant();
    if (codeText) codeText.text = $"JOIN CODE: {c}";
    root.SetActive(true);
public void Hide() => root.SetActive(false);
```

Assets/scripts/Oneline/WeaponVisibilitySync.cs

```
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
public class WeaponVisibilitySync : NetworkBehaviour
    [Header("Unit Weapons Refs")]
    [SerializeField] private Transform rifleRightHandTransform;
    [SerializeField] private Transform rifleLeftHandTransform;
    [SerializeField] private Transform meleeLeftHandTransform:
    [SerializeField] private Transform grenadeRightHandTransform;
    private NetVisibility rifleRightVis, rifleLeftVis, meleeLeftVis, grenadeRightVis;
    void Awake()
        if (rifleRightHandTransform) rifleRightVis = rifleRightHandTransform.GetComponent<NetVisibility>();
        if (rifleLeftHandTransform) rifleLeftVis= rifleLeftHandTransform.GetComponent<NetVisibility>();
        if (meleeLeftHandTransform) meleeLeftVis = meleeLeftHandTransform.GetComponent<NetVisibility>();
        if (grenadeRightHandTransform) grenadeRightVis = grenadeRightHandTransform.GetComponent<NetVisibility>();
    // --- OWNER kutsuu tätä (esim. AE:ssä) ---
    public void OwnerRequestSet(bool rifleRight.bool rifleLeft. bool meleeLeft, bool grenade)
        // Offline: suoraan paikalliset
        if (!NetworkClient.active && !NetworkServer.active)
            SetLocal(rifleRight, rifleLeft, meleeLeft, grenade);
            return;
        // Online: vain omistaja saa pyytää
        var ni = GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
        if (isClient && ni && ni.isOwned)
            CmdSet(rifleRight, rifleLeft, meleeLeft, grenade);
    [Command(requiresAuthority = true)]
    private void CmdSet(bool rifleRight, bool rifleLeft, bool meleeLeft, bool grenade)
        // Serverissä voi halutessa käyttää server-authoritatiivista NetVisibilityä:
        // jos käytössä, aseta serverillä -> SyncVar/RPC hoitaa muille
        if (rifleRightVis) rifleRightVis.ServerSetVisible(rifleRight);
        if (rifleLeftVis) rifleLeftVis.ServerSetVisible(rifleLeft);
        if (meleeLeftVis) meleeLeftVis.ServerSetVisible(meleeLeft);
        if (grenadeRightVis) grenadeRightVis.ServerSetVisible(grenade);
```

```
// Lisäksi varma ClientRpc (jos NetVisibility ei kata kaikkea):
    RpcSet(rifleRight, rifleLeft ,meleeLeft, grenade);
}
[ClientRpc]
private void RpcSet(bool rifleRight, bool rifleLeft ,bool meleeLeft, bool grenade)
    SetLocal(rifleRight, rifleLeft ,meleeLeft, grenade);
private void SetLocal(bool rifleRight, bool rifleLeft, bool meleeLeft, bool grenade)
    // Jos sinulla on NetVisibility, käytä sen "pehmeää" piilotusta,
    // muuten pelkkä SetActive/renderer.enabled
    if (rifleRightHandTransform) rifleRightHandTransform.gameObject.SetActive(rifleRight);
    if (rifleLeftHandTransform) rifleLeftHandTransform.gameObject.SetActive(rifleLeft);
    if (meleeLeftHandTransform) meleeLeftHandTransform.gameObject.SetActive(meleeLeft);
    if (grenadeRightHandTransform) grenadeRightHandTransform.gameObject.SetActive(grenade);
    // Esim. renderer-tason piilotus:
    // ToggleRenderers(rifleTransform, rifle);
    // ToggleRenderers(meleeTransform, melee);
    // ToggleRenderers(grenadeTransform, grenade);
private static void ToggleRenderers(Transform t, bool visible)
    if (!t) return;
    foreach (var r in t.GetComponentsInChildren<Renderer>(true))
        r.enabled = visible;
```

Assets/scripts/PriorityQueue.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
/// <summarv>
/// A lightweight, generic min-heap-based Priority Queue implementation used internally for game logic,
/// especially pathfinding and AI decision-making.
111
/// This class provides a simple and efficient way to retrieve the next element with the lowest priority value.
/// It avoids external dependencies for performance and maintainability within Unity builds.
111
/// Design notes specific to RogueShooter:
/// - Used by the pathfinding and tactical AI systems to determine optimal movement and action order.
/// - Provides deterministic and garbage-free priority management during runtime (no LINO or heap allocations).
/// - Does not support key priority updates ("decrease-key") - instead, updated items are re-enqueued.
/// and outdated entries are safely ignored by the higher-level game logic.
/// In short, this queue enables efficient and predictable priority handling for all turn-based tactical calculations,
/// without relying on .NET's built-in PriorityQueue (which is unavailable in some Unity versions).
/// </summarv>
public sealed class PriorityQueue<T>
    private (T item, int priority)[] heap;
    private int _count;
    public int Count => count;
    public PriorityQueue(int initialCapacity = 64)
        if (initialCapacity < 1) initialCapacity = 1;</pre>
        _heap = new (T, int)[initialCapacity];
        count = 0;
    public void Clear()
        Array.Clear( heap, 0, count);
        _{count} = 0;
    public void Enqueue(T item, int priority)
        if ( count == heap.Length) Array.Resize(ref heap, heap.Length * 2);
        _heap[_count] = (item, priority);
        SiftUp( count++);
    public T Dequeue()
        if ( count == 0) throw new InvalidOperationException("PriorityOueue is empty");
        T result = heap[0].item;
```

```
_heap[0] = _heap[--_count];
    heap[ count] = default;
    if (_count > 0) SiftDown(0);
    return result;
public bool TryDequeue(out T item)
    if (_count == 0)
        item = default;
        return false;
    item = Dequeue();
    return true;
public T Peek()
    if ( count == 0) throw new InvalidOperationException("PriorityQueue is empty");
    return _heap[0].item;
public int PeekPriority()
    if ( count == 0) throw new InvalidOperationException("PriorityQueue is empty");
    return _heap[0].priority;
private void SiftUp(int idx)
    while (idx > 0)
        int parent = (idx - 1) >> 1;
        if (_heap[parent].priority <= _heap[idx].priority) break;</pre>
        (_heap[parent], _heap[idx]) = (_heap[idx], _heap[parent]);
        idx = parent;
}
private void SiftDown(int idx)
    while (true)
        int left = (idx << 1) + 1;
        if (left >= _count) break;
        int right = left + 1;
        int smallest = (right < count && heap[right].priority < heap[left].priority) ? right : left;</pre>
        if (_heap[idx].priority <= _heap[smallest].priority) break;</pre>
        (_heap[idx], _heap[smallest]) = (_heap[smallest], _heap[idx]);
        idx = smallest;
```

}

Assets/scripts/Units/EmptySquad.cs

```
using UnityEngine;

/// <summary>
/// GameNetorkManager is required to have a NetworkManager component.

/// This is an empty class just to satisfy that requirement.

/// </summary>
public class EmptySquad : MonoBehaviour
{
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/HealthSystem.cs

```
using System;
using UnityEngine;
public class HealthSystem : MonoBehaviour
    public event EventHandler OnDead;
    public event EventHandler OnDamaged;
    [SerializeField] private int health = 100;
    private int healthMax;
    // To prevent multiple death events
    private bool isDead;
    private Vector3 lastHitPosition;
    public Vector3 LastHitPosition => lastHitPosition;
    private int overkill;
    public int Overkill => overkill;
    void Awake()
        healthMax = health;
        isDead = false;
    public void Damage(int damageAmount, Vector3 hitPosition)
        if (isDead) return;
        health -= damageAmount;
        if (health <= 0)</pre>
            overkill = Math.Abs(health) + 1;
            health = 0;
            if (!isDead)
                lastHitPosition = hitPosition;
                isDead = true;
                Die();
        OnDamaged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
    private void Die()
        OnDead?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
```

```
public float GetHealthNormalized()
{
    return (float)health / healthMax;
}

public int GetHealth()
{
    return health;
}

public int GetHealthMax()
{
    return healthMax;
}

public void ApplyNetworkHealth(int current, int max)
{
    healthMax = Mathf.Max(1, max);
    health = Mathf.Clamp(current, 0, healthMax);
    OnDamaged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/Unit.cs

```
using Mirror;
using System;
using System.Collections;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
        This class represents a unit in the game.
///
///
        Actions can be called on the unit to perform various actions like moving or shooting.
       The class inherits from NetworkBehaviour to support multiplayer functionality.
///
/// </summarv>
[RequireComponent(typeof(HealthSystem))]
[RequireComponent(typeof(MoveAction))]
[RequireComponent(typeof(TurnTowardsAction))]
public class Unit : NetworkBehaviour
    private const int ACTION_POINTS_MAX = 100;
    [SyncVar] public uint OwnerId;
    // --- Cover state ---
    private int personalCover;
    private int personalCoverMax;
    private int thisTurnStartingCover;
    // Valinnainen: UI:lle
    public event Action<int, int> OnCoverPoolChanged;
    // Skillit:
    // [SerializeField] private UnitSkills skills; // sisältää CoverAbilityn tason tms.
    [SerializeField] public UnitArchetype archetype;
    [SerializeField] private WeaponDefinition currentWeapon;
    //Events
    public static event EventHandler OnAnyActionPointsChanged;
    public static event EventHandler OnAnyUnitSpawned;
    public static event EventHandler OnAnyUnitDead;
    public event Action<bool> OnHiddenChangedEvent;
    [SerializeField] public bool isEnemy;
    private GridPosition gridPosition;
    private HealthSystem healthSystem;
    private BaseAction[] baseActionsArray;
    private int actionPoints = ACTION_POINTS_MAX;
    private int maxMoveDistance;
```

```
[SyncVar(hook = nameof(OnHiddenChanged))]
private bool isHidden;
private Renderer[] renderers;
private Collider[] colliders;
private Animator anim;
private int grenadePCS;
private void Awake()
   renderers = GetComponentsInChildren<Renderer>(true);
   colliders = GetComponentsInChildren<Collider>(true);
   TryGetComponent(out anim);
   healthSystem = GetComponent<HealthSystem>();
   baseActionsArray = GetComponents<BaseAction>();
   maxMoveDistance = GetComponent<MoveAction>().GetMaxMoveDistance();
private void Start()
   if (archetype != null)
        personalCoverMax = archetype.personalCoverMax;
   personalCover = personalCoverMax;
   // kerro UI:lle heti
   OnCoverPoolChanged?.Invoke(personalCover, personalCoverMax);
   if (LevelGrid.Instance != null)
       gridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(transform.position);
        LevelGrid.Instance.AddUnitAtGridPosition(gridPosition, this);
   TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged += TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged;
   healthSystem.OnDead += HealthSystem_OnDead;
   OnAnyUnitSpawned?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
   if (archetype != null)
        personalCoverMax = archetype.personalCoverMax;
   personalCover = personalCoverMax;
   thisTurnStartingCover = personalCover;
   grenadePCS = archetype.grenadeCapacity;
```

```
private void OnDisable()
   TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged -= TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged;
private void Update()
   GridPosition newGridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(transform.position);
    if (newGridPosition != gridPosition)
        GridPosition oldGridposition = gridPosition;
        gridPosition = newGridPosition;
        LevelGrid.Instance.UnitMoveToGridPosition(oldGridposition, newGridPosition, this);
/// <summary>
///
        When unit get destroyed, this clears grid system under destroyed unit.
///
/// </summary>
void OnDestroy()
   if (LevelGrid.Instance != null)
        gridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(transform.position);
        LevelGrid.Instance.RemoveUnitAtGridPosition(gridPosition, this);
}
public T GetAction<T>() where T : BaseAction
    foreach (BaseAction baseAction in baseActionsArray)
        if (baseAction is T t)
            return t;
    return null;
public GridPosition GetGridPosition()
    return gridPosition;
public Vector3 GetWorldPosition()
    return transform.position;
```

```
public BaseAction[] GetBaseActionsArray()
    return baseActionsArray;
public bool TrySpendActionPointsToTakeAction(BaseAction baseAction)
    if (CanSpendActionPointsToTakeAction(baseAction))
        SpendActionPoints(baseAction.GetActionPointsCost());
        return true;
    return false;
public bool CanSpendActionPointsToTakeAction(BaseAction baseAction)
    if (actionPoints >= baseAction.GetActionPointsCost())
        return true;
    return false;
private void SpendActionPoints(int amount)
    actionPoints -= amount;
    OnAnyActionPointsChanged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
    NetworkSync.BroadcastActionPoints(this, actionPoints);
public int GetActionPoints()
    return actionPoints;
/// <summary>
        This method is called when the turn changes. It resets the action points to the maximum value.
private void TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    actionPoints = ACTION_POINTS_MAX;
    thisTurnStartingCover = personalCover;
    OnAnyActionPointsChanged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
/// <summary>
      Online: Updating ActionPoints usage to otherplayers.
/// </summary>
public void ApplyNetworkActionPoints(int ap)
```

```
if (actionPoints == ap) return;
        actionPoints = ap;
        OnAnyActionPointsChanged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
    public bool IsEnemy()
        return isEnemy;
    private void HealthSystem OnDead(object sender, System.EventArgs e)
        OnAnyUnitDead?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
        if (!NetworkServer.active)
            // OFFLINE: suoraan tuho
            if (!NetworkClient.active) { Destroy(gameObject); return; }
            return;
        // Piilota jotta client ehtii kopioida omaan ragdolliin tiedot
        isHidden = true;
        SetSoftHiddenLocal(true);
        StartCoroutine(DestroyAfter(0.30f));
   }
    private IEnumerator DestroyAfter(float seconds)
        yield return new WaitForSeconds(seconds);
        NetworkServer.Destroy(gameObject);
    private void SetSoftHiddenLocal(bool hidden)
        bool visible = !hidden;
        foreach (var r in renderers) if (r) r.enabled = visible;
        foreach (var c in colliders) if (c) c.enabled = visible;
        if (anim) anim.enabled = visible;
    public int GetPersonalCover()
        return personalCover;
public void SetPersonalCover(int value)
    // OFFLINE: ei Mirroria → päivitä suoraan paikallisesti
    if (!NetworkServer.active && !NetworkClient.active)
```

```
ApplyCoverLocal(value);
    return;
// ONLINE SERVER/HOST: päivitä totuusarvo ja broadcastaa
if (NetworkServer.active)
    ApplyCoverServer(value);
    return;
// ONLINE CLIENT: pyydä serveriä asettamaan (EI paikallista asettamista → ei "välähdystä")
var ni = GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>();
if (NetworkClient.active && NetworkSyncAgent.Local != null && ni != null)
    NetworkSyncAgent.Local.CmdSetUnitCover(ni.netId, value);
// ei paikallista muutosta täällä
private void ApplyCoverLocal(int value)
    personalCover = Mathf.Clamp(value, 0, personalCoverMax);
    OnCoverPoolChanged?.Invoke(personalCover, personalCoverMax); // UI päivittyy heti
}
[Server] // kutsutaan vain serverillä
private void ApplyCoverServer(int value)
    personalCover = Mathf.Clamp(value, 0, personalCoverMax);
    OnCoverPoolChanged?.Invoke(personalCover, personalCoverMax);
    NetworkSync.UpdateCoverUI(this); // server → Rpc → kaikkien UI:t
public float GetHealthNormalized()
    return healthSystem.GetHealthNormalized();
private void OnHiddenChanged(bool oldVal, bool newVal)
    OnHiddenChangedEvent?.Invoke(newVal);
public bool IsHidden()
    return isHidden;
public int GetMaxMoveDistance()
```

```
return maxMoveDistance;
}
public void RegenCoverOnMove(int distance)
    int regenPerTile = archetype != null ? archetype.coverRegenOnMove : 5;
    int tileDelta = distance / 10;
    int coverChange = regenPerTile * tileDelta;
    int newCover = personalCover + coverChange;
    if (newCover <= thisTurnStartingCover )</pre>
        newCover = thisTurnStartingCover;
    personalCover = Mathf.Clamp(newCover, 0, personalCoverMax);
    OnCoverPoolChanged?.Invoke(personalCover, personalCoverMax);
public void RegenCoverBy(int amount)
    int before = personalCover;
    personalCover = Mathf.Clamp(personalCover + amount, 0, personalCoverMax);
    OnCoverPoolChanged?.Invoke(personalCover, personalCoverMax);
}
public int GetCoverRegenPerUnusedAP()
    return archetype != null ? archetype.coverRegenPerUnusedAP : 1;
public int GetPersonalCoverMax() => personalCoverMax;
public float GetCoverNormalized()
    return (float)personalCover / personalCoverMax;
public void ApplyNetworkCover(int current, int max)
    personalCoverMax = max;
    personalCover = Mathf.Clamp(current, 0, max);
    OnCoverPoolChanged?.Invoke(personalCover, personalCoverMax);
public void UseGrenade()
```

```
{
    if (grenadePCS <= 0)
    {
        grenadePCS = 0;
        return;
    }
    grenadePCS -= 1;
}

public int GetGrenadePCS() => grenadePCS;

public int GetMaxGrenades() => archetype != null ? archetype.grenadeCapacity : 0;
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitActions/Actions/BaseAction.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using Mirror;
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
/// <summary>
/// Base class for all unit actions in the game.
/// This class inherits from NetworkBehaviour and provides common functionality for unit actions.
/// </summarv>
[RequireComponent(typeof(Unit))]
public abstract class BaseAction : NetworkBehaviour
    public static event EventHandler OnAnvActionStarted;
    public static event EventHandler OnAnyActionCompleted;
    protected Unit unit;
    protected bool isActive;
    protected Action onActionComplete;
    protected virtual void Awake()
        unit = GetComponent<Unit>();
    // Defines the action button text for the Unit UI.
    public abstract string GetActionName();
    // Executes the action at the specified grid position and invokes the callback upon completion.
    public abstract void TakeAction(GridPosition gridPosition, Action onActionComplete);
    // Checks if the specified grid position is valid for the action, when mouse is over a grid position.
    public virtual bool IsValidGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
        List<GridPosition> validGridPositionsList = GetValidGridPositionList();
        return validGridPositionsList.Contains(gridPosition);
    // Returns a list of valid grid positions for the action.
    public abstract List<GridPosition> GetValidGridPositionList();
    // Returns the action points cost for performing the action.
    public virtual int GetActionPointsCost()
        return 1;
    // Called when the action starts, sets the action as active and stores the completion callback.
```

```
// Prevents the player from performing multiple actions at the same time.
protected void ActionStart(Action onActionComplete)
    isActive = true:
    this.onActionComplete = onActionComplete;
    OnAnyActionStarted?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
}
// Called when the action is completed, sets the action as inactive and invokes the completion callback.
// Allows the player to perform new actions.
protected void ActionComplete()
    isActive = false:
    onActionComplete();
    OnAnyActionCompleted?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
}
public Unit GetUnit()
    return unit;
public void MakeDamage(int damage, Unit targetUnit)
    // Peruspaikat (world-space)
    Vector3 attacerPos = unit.GetWorldPosition() + Vector3.up * 1.6f; // silmä/rinta
    Vector3 targetPos = targetUnit.GetWorldPosition() + Vector3.up * 1.2f;
    // Suunta
    Vector3 dir = targetPos - attacerPos;
    if (dir.sqrMagnitude < 0.0001f) dir = targetUnit.transform.forward; // fallback</pre>
    dir.Normalize();
    // Siirrä osumakeskus hieman kohti hyökkääjää (0.5-1.0 m toimii yleensä hyvin)
    float backOffset = 0.7f;
    Vector3 hitPosition = targetPos - dir * backOffset;
    // (valinnainen) pieni satunnainen sivuttaisjitter, ettei kaikki näytä identtiseltä
    Vector3 side = Vector3.Cross(dir, Vector3.up).normalized;
    hitPosition += side * UnityEngine.Random.Range(-0.1f, 0.1f);
    NetworkSync.ApplyDamageToUnit(targetUnit, damage, hitPosition);
public void ApplyHit(int damage, Unit targetUnit, bool melee)
    var ct = GetCoverType(targetUnit);
    if (ct == CoverService.CoverType.None && !melee)
        MakeDamage(damage, targetUnit);
```

```
return;
    int mitigate = CoverService.GetCoverMitigationPoints(ct);
    int toCover = Mathf.Max(0, damage - mitigate);
    int before = targetUnit.GetPersonalCover();
    int after = before - toCover;
    if (after >= 0)
        targetUnit.SetPersonalCover(after);
        NetworkSync.UpdateCoverUI(targetUnit);
    else
        targetUnit.SetPersonalCover(0);
        NetworkSync.UpdateCoverUI(targetUnit);
        MakeDamage(-after, targetUnit);
public CoverService.CoverType GetCoverType(Unit targetUnit)
    var gp = targetUnit.GetGridPosition();
    var node = PathFinding.Instance.GetNode(gp.x, gp.z, gp.floor);
    var ct = CoverService.EvaluateCoverHalfPlane(unit.GetGridPosition(), targetUnit.GetGridPosition(), node);
    return ct;
}
public bool RotateTowards(Vector3 targetPosition, float rotationSpeed = 10f)
    // Suuntavektori
    Vector3 aimDirection = (targetPosition - unit.GetWorldPosition()).normalized;
    aimDirection.y = 0f;
    transform.forward = Vector3.Slerp(transform.forward, aimDirection, Time.deltaTime * rotationSpeed);
    // Kääntyminen on suoritettu.
    float tolerance = 0.99f;
    float dot = Vector3.Dot(transform.forward.normalized, aimDirection);
    return dot > tolerance;
// ----- ENEMY AI ACTIONS -----
/// <summary>
/// ENEMY AI:
/// Empty ENEMY AI ACTIONS abstract class.
```

```
/// Every Unit action like MoveAction.cs, ShootAction.cs and so on defines this differently
/// Contains gridposition and action value
/// </summary>
public abstract EnemyAIAction GetEnemyAIAction(GridPosition gridPosition);
/// <summary>
/// ENEMY AI:
/// Making a list all possible actions an enemy Unit can take, and shorting them
/// based on highest action value.(Gives the enemy the best outcome)
/// The best Action is in the enemyAIActionList[0]
/// </summary>
public EnemyAIAction GetBestEnemyAIAction()
    List<EnemyAIAction> enemyAIActionList = new();
    List<GridPosition> validActionGridPositionList = GetValidGridPositionList();
    foreach (GridPosition gridPosition in validActionGridPositionList)
        // All actions have own EnemyAIAction to set griposition and action value.
        EnemyAIAction enemyAIAction = GetEnemyAIAction(gridPosition);
        enemyAIActionList.Add(enemyAIAction);
    if (enemyAIActionList.Count > 0)
        enemyAIActionList.Sort((a, b) => b.actionValue - a.actionValue);
        return enemyAIActionList[0];
    else
        // No possible Enemy AI Actions
        return null;
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitActions/Actions/GranadeAction.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class GranadeAction : BaseAction
    public event EventHandler ThrowGranade;
    public event EventHandler ThrowReady;
    public Vector3 TargetWorld { get; private set; }
    [SerializeField] private Transform grenadeProjectilePrefab;
  // private int maxThrowDistance = 7;
    private void Update()
        if (!isActive)
            return;
    public override string GetActionName()
        return "Granade";
    public override EnemyAIAction GetEnemyAIAction(GridPosition gridPosition)
        return new EnemyAIAction
            gridPosition = gridPosition,
            actionValue = 0,
        };
    public override List<GridPosition> GetValidGridPositionList()
        List<GridPosition> validGridPositionList = new();
        GridPosition unitGridPosition = unit.GetGridPosition();
        int range = unit.archetype.throwingRange;
        for (int x = -range; x <= range; x++)
            for (int z = -range; z <= range; z++)</pre>
```

```
GridPosition offsetGridPosition = new(x, z, 0);
            GridPosition testGridPosition = unitGridPosition + offsetGridPosition;
            // Check if the test grid position is within the valid range
            if (!LevelGrid.Instance.IsValidGridPosition(testGridPosition)) continue;
            int testDistance = Mathf.Abs(x) + Mathf.Abs(z);
            if (testDistance > range) continue;
            validGridPositionList.Add(testGridPosition);
    return validGridPositionList;
}
public override void TakeAction(GridPosition gridPosition, Action onActionComplete)
    GetUnit().UseGrenade();
    ActionStart(onActionComplete);
    TargetWorld = LevelGrid.Instance.GetWorldPosition(gridPosition);
    StartCoroutine(TurnAndThrow(.5f, TargetWorld));
private IEnumerator TurnAndThrow(float delay, Vector3 targetWorld)
    // Odotetaan kunnes RotateTowards palaa true
    float waitAfterAligned = 0.1f; // pienen odotuksen verran
    float alignedTime = 0f;
    while (true)
        bool aligned = RotateTowards(targetWorld);
        if (aligned)
            alignedTime += Time.deltaTime;
            if (alignedTime >= waitAfterAligned)
                break; // ollaan kohdistettu ja odotettu tarpeeksi
        else
            alignedTime = 0f; // resetoi jos ei vielä kohdallaan
        yield return null;
    ThrowGranade?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
public void OnGrenadeBehaviourComplete()
```

```
ThrowReady?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
   ActionComplete();
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitActions/Actions/InteractAction.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
public class InteractAction : BaseAction
    private void Update()
        if (!isActive)
            return;
    public override string GetActionName()
        return "Interact";
    public override EnemyAIAction GetEnemyAIAction(GridPosition gridPosition)
        return new EnemyAIAction
            gridPosition = gridPosition,
            actionValue = 0,
        };
    public override List<GridPosition> GetValidGridPositionList()
        List<GridPosition> validGridPositionList = new();
        GridPosition unitGridPosition = unit.GetGridPosition();
        for (int x = -1; x <= 1; x++)
            for (int z = -1; z <= 1; z++)
                GridPosition offsetGridPosition = new(x, z, 0);
                GridPosition testGridPosition = unitGridPosition + offsetGridPosition;
                if (!LevelGrid.Instance.IsValidGridPosition(testGridPosition)) continue;
                IInteractable interactable = LevelGrid.Instance.GetInteractableAtGridPosition(testGridPosition);
               if (interactable == null) continue;
                validGridPositionList.Add(testGridPosition);
        return validGridPositionList;
   }
```

```
public override void TakeAction(GridPosition gridPosition, Action onActionComplete)
{
    IInteractable interactable = LevelGrid.Instance.GetInteractableAtGridPosition(gridPosition);
    interactable.Interact(OnInteractComplete);
    ActionStart(onActionComplete);
}

private void OnInteractComplete()
{
    ActionComplete();
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitActions/Actions/MeleeAction.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class MeleeAction : BaseAction
    public static event EventHandler OnAnyMeleeActionHit;
    public event EventHandler OnMeleeActionStarted;
    public event EventHandler OnMeleeActionCompleted;
    [SerializeField] private int damage = 100;
    private enum State
        MeleeActionBeforeHit,
        MeleeActionAfterHit,
    private int maxMeleedDistance = 1;
    private State state;
    private float stateTimer;
    private Unit targetUnit;
    private void Update()
        if (!isActive)
            return;
        stateTimer -= Time.deltaTime;
        switch (state)
            case State.MeleeActionBeforeHit:
                if (targetUnit != null)
                    if (RotateTowards(targetUnit.GetWorldPosition()))
                        stateTimer = Mathf.Min(stateTimer, 0.4f);
                break;
            case State.MeleeActionAfterHit:
                break;
        if (stateTimer <= 0f)</pre>
            NextState();
```

```
private void NextState()
    switch (state)
        case State.MeleeActionBeforeHit:
            state = State.MeleeActionAfterHit:
            float afterHitStateTime = 1f;
            stateTimer = afterHitStateTime;
            ApplyHit(damage, targetUnit, true);
            OnAnyMeleeActionHit?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
        case State.MeleeActionAfterHit:
            OnMeleeActionCompleted?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
            ActionComplete();
            break;
public override string GetActionName()
    return "Melee";
public override List<GridPosition> GetValidGridPositionList()
    List<GridPosition> validGridPositionList = new();
    GridPosition unitGridPosition = unit.GetGridPosition();
    for (int x = -maxMeleedDistance; x <= maxMeleedDistance; x++)</pre>
        for (int z = -maxMeleedDistance; z <= maxMeleedDistance; z++)</pre>
            GridPosition offsetGridPosition = new(x, z, 0);
            GridPosition testGridPosition = unitGridPosition + offsetGridPosition;
            if (!LevelGrid.Instance.HasAnyUnitOnGridPosition(testGridPosition)) continue;
            Unit targetUnit = LevelGrid.Instance.GetUnitAtGridPosition(testGridPosition);
            // Make sure we don't include friendly units.
           if (targetUnit.IsEnemy() == unit.IsEnemy()) continue;
            // Check if the test grid position is within the valid range
            if (!LevelGrid.Instance.IsValidGridPosition(testGridPosition)) continue;
            validGridPositionList.Add(testGridPosition);
    return validGridPositionList;
}
public override void TakeAction(GridPosition gridPosition, Action onActionComplete)
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitActions/Actions/MoveAction.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// The MoveAction class is responsible for handling the movement of a unit in the game.
/// It allows the unit to move to a target position, and it calculates valid move grid positions based on the unit's current position.
public class MoveAction : BaseAction
    public event EventHandler OnStartMoving;
    public event EventHandler OnStopMoving;
    GridPosition thisTurnStartingGridPosition;
    GridPosition thisTurnEndridPosition;
    [SerializeField] private int maxMoveDistance = 4;
    private int distance;
    private List<Vector3> positionList;
    private int currentPositionIndex;
    private bool isChangingFloors;
    private float differentFloorsTeleportTimer;
    private float differentFloorsTeleportTimerMax = .5f;
    private void Start()
        distance = 0:
        thisTurnStartingGridPosition = unit.GetGridPosition();
        TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged += TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged;
    }
    void OnDisable()
        TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged -= TurnSystem OnTurnChanged;
    private void TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
        thisTurnStartingGridPosition = unit.GetGridPosition();
        distance = 0;
    private void Update()
```

```
if (!isActive) return;
Vector3 targetPosition = positionList[currentPositionIndex];
if (isChangingFloors)
   Vector3 targetSameFloorPosition = targetPosition;
    targetSameFloorPosition.y = transform.position.y;
   Vector3 rotateDirection = (targetSameFloorPosition - transform.position).normalized;
   float rotationSpeed = 10f;
    transform.forward = Vector3.Slerp(transform.forward, rotateDirection, Time.deltaTime * rotationSpeed);
    differentFloorsTeleportTimer -= Time.deltaTime;
    if (differentFloorsTeleportTimer < 0f)</pre>
       isChangingFloors = false;
       transform.position = targetPosition;
else
   Vector3 moveDirection = (targetPosition - transform.position).normalized;
   // Rotate towards the target position
   float rotationSpeed = 10f:
   transform.forward = Vector3.Slerp(transform.forward, moveDirection, Time.deltaTime * rotationSpeed);
    // Move towards the target position
   float moveSpeed = 6f;
    transform.position += moveSpeed * Time.deltaTime * moveDirection;
float stoppingDistance = 0.2f;
if (Vector3.Distance(transform.position, targetPosition) < stoppingDistance)</pre>
    thisTurnEndridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(transform.position);
   DistanceFromStartingPoint();
    currentPositionIndex++;
    if (currentPositionIndex >= positionList.Count)
        OnStopMoving?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
       ActionComplete();
    else
        targetPosition = positionList[currentPositionIndex];
        GridPosition targetGridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(targetPosition);
       GridPosition unitGridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(transform.position);
```

```
if (targetGridPosition.floor != unitGridPosition.floor)
                //Different floors
                isChangingFloors = true;
                differentFloorsTeleportTimer = differentFloorsTeleportTimerMax;
public override void TakeAction(GridPosition gridPosition, Action onActionComplete)
    List<GridPosition> pathGridPositionsList = PathFinding.Instance.FindPath(unit.GetGridPosition(), gridPosition, out int pathLeght, maxMoveDistance);
    currentPositionIndex = 0;
    positionList = new List<Vector3>();
    foreach (GridPosition pathGridPosition in pathGridPositionsList)
        positionList.Add(LevelGrid.Instance.GetWorldPosition(pathGridPosition));
    OnStartMoving?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
    ActionStart(onActionComplete);
private void DistanceFromStartingPoint()
    int newDistance = PathFinding.Instance.CalculateDistance(thisTurnStartingGridPosition, thisTurnEndridPosition);
    int delta = newDistance - distance;
    if (Mathf.Abs(delta) < 10) return;</pre>
    if (delta != 0)
        unit.RegenCoverOnMove(delta);
    distance = newDistance;
}
public override List<GridPosition> GetValidGridPositionList()
    var valid = new List<GridPosition>();
    var candidates = new HashSet<GridPosition>(); // estää duplikaatit
    GridPosition unitPos = unit.GetGridPosition();
    int startFloor = unitPos.floor;
    // Jos maxMoveDistance on RUUTUJA, kustannusbudjetti on *10 per ruutu*
```

```
const int COST PER TILE = 10;
int moveBudgetCost = maxMoveDistance * COST_PER_TILE;
// --- 1) Nykyisen kerroksen ruudut (perus-offsetit) ---
for (int dx = -maxMoveDistance; dx <= maxMoveDistance; dx++)
    for (int dz = -maxMoveDistance; dz <= maxMoveDistance; dz++)</pre>
        var test = new GridPosition(unitPos.x + dx, unitPos.z + dz, startFloor);
        candidates.Add(test);
// --- 2) Linkkien kautta saavutettavat kerrokset (hybridi) ---
var links = PathFinding.Instance.GetPathfindingLinks();
if (links != null && links.Count > 0)
    foreach (var link in links)
        // A -> B
       if (link.gridPositionA.floor == startFloor)
            int lbToA = PathFinding.Instance.CalculateDistance(unitPos, link.gridPositionA);
            if (lbToA <= moveBudgetCost)</pre>
                int remaining = moveBudgetCost - lbToA;
                int radiusTiles = Mathf.Max(0, remaining / COST_PER_TILE);
                for (int dx = -radiusTiles; dx <= radiusTiles; dx++)</pre>
                    for (int dz = -radiusTiles; dz <= radiusTiles; dz++)</pre>
                        var aroundB = new GridPosition(
                            link.gridPositionB.x + dx,
                            link.gridPositionB.z + dz,
                            link.gridPositionB.floor
                        candidates.Add(aroundB);
       // B -> A
        if (link.gridPositionB.floor == startFloor)
            int lbToB = PathFinding.Instance.CalculateDistance(unitPos, link.gridPositionB);
            if (lbToB <= moveBudgetCost)</pre>
                int remaining = moveBudgetCost - lbToB;
                int radiusTiles = Mathf.Max(0, remaining / COST_PER_TILE);
```

```
for (int dx = -radiusTiles; dx <= radiusTiles; dx++)</pre>
                        for (int dz = -radiusTiles; dz <= radiusTiles; dz++)</pre>
                            var aroundA = new GridPosition(
                                link.gridPositionA.x + dx,
                                link.gridPositionA.z + dz,
                                link.gridPositionA.floor
                            candidates.Add(aroundA);
                }
            }
    // --- 3) Suodata & tee vain yksi A* per kandidaatti (välimuistilla) ---
    foreach (var test in candidates)
        // Perusvalidoinnit
        if (!LevelGrid.Instance.IsValidGridPosition(test)) continue;
        if (test == unitPos) continue;
        if (LevelGrid.Instance.HasAnyUnitOnGridPosition(test)) continue;
        if (!PathFinding.Instance.IsWalkableGridPosition(test)) continue;
        // Heuristiikkakarsinta (Manhattan*10): jos edes optimistinen kustannus > budjetti, skip
        int lowerBound = PathFinding.Instance.CalculateDistance(unitPos, test);
        if (lowerBound > moveBudgetCost) continue;
        // *** VAIN YKSI A* per ruutu (mutta nyt cachetettuna saman framen sisällä) ***
        if (!TryGetPathCostCached(unitPos, test, out int pathCost)) continue; // ei polkua
        if (pathCost > moveBudgetCost) continue;
        valid.Add(test);
    return valid;
}
public override string GetActionName()
    return "Move";
// --- Per-frame pathfinding cache ---
private struct PathQuery : IEquatable<PathQuery> {
    public GridPosition start;
    public GridPosition end;
    public bool Equals(PathQuery other) => start == other.start && end == other.end;
    public override bool Equals(object obj) => obj is PathOuery pg && Equals(pg);
    public override int GetHashCode() => (start.GetHashCode() * 397) ^ end.GetHashCode();
```

```
private struct PathCacheEntry {
    public bool exists;
    public int cost;
    // Jos joskus haluat itse polun, voit lisätä: public List<GridPosition> path;
// Yhteinen cache tälle actionille (voisi olla myös static jos haluat jakaa yli instanssien)
private Dictionary<PathQuery, PathCacheEntry> _pathCache = new Dictionary<PathQuery, PathCacheEntry>(256);
private int cacheFrame = -1;
private bool TryGetPathCostCached(GridPosition start, GridPosition end, out int cost)
    // Nollaa cache kerran per frame
    int frame = Time.frameCount;
    if (_cacheFrame != frame) {
        pathCache.Clear();
        _cacheFrame = frame;
    var key = new PathQuery { start = start, end = end };
    if ( pathCache.TryGetValue(key, out var entry)) {
        cost = entry.cost;
        return entry.exists;
    // Ei ollut välimuistissa -> laske kerran
    var path = PathFinding.Instance.FindPath(start, end, out int pathCost, maxMoveDistance);
    bool exists = path != null;
    _pathCache[key] = new PathCacheEntry { exists = exists, cost = pathCost };
    cost = pathCost;
    return exists;
public int GetMaxMoveDistance()
    return maxMoveDistance;
/// <summary>
/// ENEMY AI:
/// Move toward to Player unit to make shoot action.
/// </summary>
public override EnemyAIAction GetEnemyAIAction(GridPosition gridPosition)
    int targetCountAtGridPosition = unit.GetAction<ShootAction>().GetTargetCountAtPosition(gridPosition);
    return new EnemyAIAction
        gridPosition = gridPosition,
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitActions/Actions/ShootAction.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class ShootAction : BaseAction
    public static event EventHandler<OnShootEventArgs> OnAnyShoot;
    public event EventHandler<OnShootEventArgs> OnShoot;
    public class OnShootEventArgs : EventArgs
        public Unit targetUnit;
        public Unit shootingUnit;
    private enum State
        Aiming,
        Shooting,
        Cooloff
    [SerializeField] private LayerMask obstaclesLayerMask;
    private State state;
    [SerializeField] private int maxShootDistance = 7;
    [SerializeField] private int damage = 30;
    [SerializeField] private WeaponDefinition weapon;
    private float stateTimer;
    private Unit targetUnit;
    private bool canShootBullet;
    // Update is called once per frame
    void Update()
        if (!isActive) return;
        stateTimer -= Time.deltaTime;
        switch (state)
            case State.Aiming:
                if (targetUnit != null)
                    if (RotateTowards(targetUnit.GetWorldPosition()))
                        stateTimer = Mathf.Min(stateTimer, 0.4f);
```

```
break;
        case State.Shooting:
           if (canShootBullet)
                Shoot();
                canShootBullet = false;
            break;
        case State.Cooloff:
            break;
   if (stateTimer <= 0f)</pre>
       NextState();
private void NextState()
   switch (state)
        case State.Aiming:
            state = State.Shooting;
           float shootingStateTime = 0.1f;
            stateTimer = shootingStateTime;
            break;
        case State.Shooting:
            state = State.Cooloff;
            float cooloffStateTime = 0.5f;
            stateTimer = cooloffStateTime;
            break;
        case State.Cooloff:
            ActionComplete();
            break;
private void Shoot()
   OnAnyShoot?.Invoke(this, new OnShootEventArgs
       targetUnit = targetUnit,
        shootingUnit = unit
   });
   OnShoot?.Invoke(this, new OnShootEventArgs
       targetUnit = targetUnit,
       shootingUnit = unit
   });
```

```
// Laske tulos
var result = ShootingResolver.Resolve(unit, targetUnit, weapon);
// Debug: näe mihin kategoriaan osui
Debug.Log($"[{unit.name}] → [{targetUnit.name}] | {result.tier} | dmg:{result.damage}");
switch (result.tier)
    case ShotTier.CritMiss:
        // Täysi huti - ei vaikutusta
        Debug.Log("Critical miss! Bullet flies off wildly.");
        return;
    case ShotTier.Miss:
        if (GetCoverType(targetUnit) == CoverService.CoverType.None)
            MakeDamage(damage, targetUnit);
            return;
        if (targetUnit.GetPersonalCover() <= 0)</pre>
            MakeDamage(damage/3, targetUnit);
            return:
        targetUnit.SetPersonalCover(
            Mathf.Max(0, targetUnit.GetPersonalCover() - result.damage));
       // NetworkSync.UpdateCoverUI(targetUnit);
        return:
    case ShotTier.Graze:
        if (GetCoverType(targetUnit) == CoverService.CoverType.None)
            MakeDamage(damage, targetUnit);
            return;
        if (targetUnit.GetPersonalCover() <= 0)</pre>
            MakeDamage(damage/2, targetUnit);
            return;
        targetUnit.SetPersonalCover(
            Mathf.Max(0, targetUnit.GetPersonalCover() - result.damage));
       // NetworkSync.UpdateCoverUI(targetUnit);
        return;
    case ShotTier.Hit:
```

```
if (GetCoverType(targetUnit) == CoverService.CoverType.None)
                MakeDamage(damage, targetUnit);
                return:
            targetUnit.SetPersonalCover(
                Mathf.Max(0, targetUnit.GetPersonalCover() - result.damage));
          // NetworkSync.UpdateCoverUI(targetUnit);
            // Normaali osuma → käytetään jo olemassa olevaa pipelinea
            ApplyHit(result.damage, targetUnit, false);
            return:
        case ShotTier.Crit:
            targetUnit.SetPersonalCover(
                Mathf.Max(0, targetUnit.GetPersonalCover() - result.damage));
          // NetworkSync.UpdateCoverUI(targetUnit);
            Debug.Log("Critical hit!");
            // Kriittinen osuma – ohitetaan cover
            MakeDamage(result.damage, targetUnit);
            return;
}
public override int GetActionPointsCost()
    return 1;
public override string GetActionName()
    return "Shoot";
public List<GridPosition> GetValidActionGridPositionList(GridPosition unitGridPosition)
    List<GridPosition> validGridPositionList = new();
    for (int x = -maxShootDistance; x <= maxShootDistance; x++)</pre>
        for (int z = -maxShootDistance; z <= maxShootDistance; z++)</pre>
            for (int floor = -maxShootDistance; floor <= maxShootDistance; floor++)</pre>
                GridPosition offsetGridPosition = new(x, z, floor);
                GridPosition testGridPosition = unitGridPosition + offsetGridPosition;
                // Check if the test grid position is within the valid range and not occupied by another unit
                if (!LevelGrid.Instance.IsValidGridPosition(testGridPosition)) continue;
                int testDistance = Mathf.Abs(x) + Mathf.Abs(z);
                if (testDistance > maxShootDistance) continue;
```

```
if (!LevelGrid.Instance.HasAnyUnitOnGridPosition(testGridPosition)) continue;
               Unit targetUnit = LevelGrid.Instance.GetUnitAtGridPosition(testGridPosition);
               if (targetUnit == null) continue;
               // Make sure we don't include friendly units.
               if (targetUnit.IsEnemy() == unit.IsEnemy()) continue;
               Vector3 unitWorldPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetWorldPosition(unitGridPosition);
               Vector3 shootDir = (targetUnit.GetWorldPosition() - unitWorldPosition).normalized;
               float unitShoulderHeight = 2.5f;
               if (Physics.Raycast(
                   unitWorldPosition + Vector3.up * unitShoulderHeight,
                   shootDir,
                   Vector3.Distance(unitWorldPosition, targetUnit.GetWorldPosition()),
                   obstaclesLayerMask))
                   //Target Unit is Blocked by an Obstacle
                   continue;
               validGridPositionList.Add(testGridPosition);
   return validGridPositionList;
public override void TakeAction(GridPosition gridPosition, Action onActionComplete)
   targetUnit = LevelGrid.Instance.GetUnitAtGridPosition(gridPosition);
   state = State.Aiming;
   float aimingStateTime = 1f;
   stateTimer = aimingStateTime;
   canShootBullet = true;
   ActionStart(onActionComplete);
public Unit GetTargetUnit()
   return targetUnit;
public int GetMaxShootDistance()
   return maxShootDistance;
/// ----- AI ------
```

```
/// <summary>
/// ENEMY AI: Make a list about Player Units what Enemy Unit can shoot.
/// </summary>
public override List<GridPosition> GetValidGridPositionList()
    GridPosition unitGridPosition = unit.GetGridPosition();
    return GetValidActionGridPositionList(unitGridPosition);
}
/// <summary>
/// ENEMY AI: How "good" target is. Target who have a lowest health, gets a higher actionvalue
public override EnemyAIAction GetEnemyAIAction(GridPosition gridPosition)
    Unit targetUnit = LevelGrid.Instance.GetUnitAtGridPosition(gridPosition);
    return new EnemyAIAction
        gridPosition = gridPosition,
        actionValue = 100 + Mathf.RoundToInt((1 - targetUnit.GetHealthNormalized()) * 100f), //Take at target who have a lowest health.
    };
public int GetTargetCountAtPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
    return GetValidActionGridPositionList(gridPosition).Count;
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitActions/Actions/TurnTowardsAction.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
        This class is responsible for spinning a unit around its Y-axis.
/// </summary>
/// remarks>
        Change to turn towards the direction the mouse is pointing
/// </remarks>
public class TurnTowardsAction : BaseAction
    private enum State
        StartTurning,
        EndTurning,
     private State state;
    public Vector3 TargetWorld { get; private set; }
    private float stateTimer;
    GridPosition gridPosition;
    private void Update()
        if (!isActive)
            return;
        stateTimer -= Time.deltaTime;
        switch (state)
            case State.StartTurning:
                if (RotateTowards(TargetWorld))
                    stateTimer = 0;
                break;
            case State.EndTurning:
                break;
        if (stateTimer <= 0f)</pre>
            NextState();
```

```
}
private void NextState()
    switch (state)
        case State.StartTurning:
            state = State.EndTurning;
            float afterTurnStateTime = 0.5f;
            stateTimer = afterTurnStateTime;
            break;
        case State.EndTurning:
            ActionComplete();
            break;
public override void TakeAction(GridPosition gridPosition, Action onActionComplete)
    TargetWorld = LevelGrid.Instance.GetWorldPosition(gridPosition);
    this.gridPosition = gridPosition;
    state = State.StartTurning;
    float beforeTurnStateTime = 0.7f;
    stateTimer = beforeTurnStateTime;
    ActionStart(onActionComplete);
public override string GetActionName()
    return "Turn";
public override List<GridPosition> GetValidGridPositionList()
    List<GridPosition> validGridPositionList = new();
    GridPosition unitGridPosition = unit.GetGridPosition();
    for (int x = -1; x <= 1; x++)
        for (int z = -1; z <= 1; z++)
            GridPosition offsetGridPosition = new(x, z, 0);
            GridPosition testGridPosition = unitGridPosition + offsetGridPosition;
            validGridPositionList.Add(testGridPosition);
    return validGridPositionList;
```

```
public override int GetActionPointsCost()
{
    return 100;
}

/// <summary>
/// ENEMY AI:
/// Currently this action has no value. Just testing!
/// </summary>
public override EnemyAIAction GetEnemyAIAction(GridPosition gridPosition)
{
    return new EnemyAIAction
    {
        gridPosition = gridPosition,
        actionValue = 0,
        };
    }
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitActions/ScreenShakeActions.cs

```
using System;
using UnityEngine;
public class ScreenShakeActions : MonoBehaviour
    private void Start()
        ShootAction.OnAnyShoot += ShootAction OnAnyShoot;
        GrenadeProjectile.OnAnyGranadeExploded += GrenadeProjectile_OnAnyGranadeExploded;
        MeleeAction.OnAnyMeleeActionHit += MeleeAction OnAnyMeleeActionHit;
    private void OnDisable()
        ShootAction.OnAnyShoot -= ShootAction_OnAnyShoot;
        GrenadeProjectile.OnAnyGranadeExploded -= GrenadeProjectile OnAnyGranadeExploded;
         MeleeAction.OnAnyMeleeActionHit -= MeleeAction_OnAnyMeleeActionHit;
    private void ShootAction_OnAnyShoot(object sender, ShootAction.OnShootEventArgs e)
        ScreenShake.Instance.RecoilCameraShake(1f);
    private void GrenadeProjectile_OnAnyGranadeExploded(object sender, EventArgs e)
        ScreenShake.Instance.ExplosiveCameraShake(2f);
    private void MeleeAction_OnAnyMeleeActionHit(object sender, EventArgs e)
        ScreenShake.Instance.RecoilCameraShake(3f);
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitActions/UnitActionSystem.cs

```
using System;
using UnitvEngine:
using UnityEngine.EventSystems;
/// <summary>
/// This script handles the unit action system in the game.
/// It allows the player to select units and perform actions on them, such as moving or shooting.
/// It also manages the state of the selected unit and action, and prevents the player from performing multiple actions at the same time.
/// Note: This class Script Execution Order is set to be executed before UnitManager.cs. High priority.
/// </summarv>
public class UnitActionSystem : MonoBehaviour
    public static UnitActionSystem Instance { get; private set; }
    public event EventHandler OnSelectedUnitChanged;
    public event EventHandler OnSelectedActionChanged;
    public event EventHandler<bool> OnBusyChanged;
    public event EventHandler OnActionStarted;
    // This allows the script to only interact with objects on the specified layer
    [SerializeField] private LayerMask unitLayerMask;
    [SerializeField] private Unit selectedUnit;
    private BaseAction selectedAction:
    // Prevents the player from performing multiple actions at the same time
    private bool isBusy;
    private void Awake()
        selectedUnit = null;
        // Ensure that there is only one instance in the scene
        if (Instance != null)
            Debug.LogError("UnitActionSystem: More than one UnitActionSystem in the scene!" + transform + " " + Instance);
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
        Instance = this;
   }
    private void Start()
    private void Update()
//
          Debug.Log(LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(MouseWorld.GetMouseWorldPosition()));
        // Prevents the player from performing multiple actions at the same time
        if (isBusy) return:
```

```
// if is not the player's turn, ignore input
    if (!TurnSystem.Instance.IsPlayerTurn()) return;
    // Ignore input if the mouse is over a UI element
    if (EventSystem.current.IsPointerOverGameObject()) return;
    // Check if the player is trying to select a unit or move the selected unit
    if (TryHandleUnitSelection()) return;
    HandleSelectedAction();
}
private void HandleSelectedAction()
    if (selectedUnit == null || selectedAction == null) return;
    if (InputManager.Instance.IsMouseButtonDownThisFrame() && selectedAction is GranadeAction)
        if (selectedUnit.GetGrenadePCS() <= 0) return;</pre>
    GridPosition targetGridPosition;
    if (InputManager.Instance.IsMouseButtonDownThisFrame() && selectedAction is ShootAction)
        Ray ray = Camera.main.ScreenPointToRay(InputManager.Instance.GetMouseScreenPosition());
        if (Physics.Raycast(ray, out RaycastHit hit, float.MaxValue, unitLayerMask))
            if (hit.transform.TryGetComponent<Unit>(out Unit unit))
                if (unit.IsEnemy())
                    targetGridPosition = unit.GetGridPosition();
                    TryExecuteSelectedAction(targetGridPosition);
    else if (InputManager.Instance.IsMouseButtonDownThisFrame())
        Vector3 world = MouseWorld.GetPositionOnlyHitVisible();
        targetGridPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(world);
        TryExecuteSelectedAction(targetGridPosition);
}
private void TryExecuteSelectedAction(GridPosition gp)
    int steps = selectedUnit.GetMaxMoveDistance();
    int moveBudgetCost = PathFinding.CostFromSteps(steps);
```

```
int estCost = PathFinding.Instance.CalculateDistance(selectedUnit.GetGridPosition(), gp);
    if (estCost > moveBudgetCost * 10) return;
    if (!selectedAction.IsValidGridPosition(gp) ||
        !selectedUnit.TrySpendActionPointsToTakeAction(selectedAction)) return;
    SetBusy();
    selectedAction.TakeAction(gp, ClearBusy);
    OnActionStarted?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
/// <summary>
        Prevents the player from performing multiple actions at the same time
/// </summary>
private void SetBusy()
    isBusy = true;
    OnBusyChanged?.Invoke(this, isBusy);
}
/// <summary>
        This method is called when the action is completed.
/// </summary>
private void ClearBusy()
    isBusv = false:
    OnBusyChanged?.Invoke(this, isBusy);
}
/// <summary>
///
        This method is called when the player clicks on a unit in the game world.
        Check if the mouse is over a unit
///
        If so, select the unit and return
///
        If not, move the selected unit to the mouse position
///
/// </summary>
private bool TryHandleUnitSelection()
    if (InputManager.Instance.IsMouseButtonDownThisFrame())
        Ray ray = Camera.main.ScreenPointToRay(InputManager.Instance.GetMouseScreenPosition());
        if (Physics.Raycast(ray, out RaycastHit hit, float.MaxValue, unitLayerMask))
            if (hit.transform.TryGetComponent<Unit>(out Unit unit))
                if (AuthorityHelper.HasLocalControl(unit) || unit == selectedUnit) return false;
                SetSelectedUnit(unit);
                return true;
    return false;
```

```
/// <summary>
        Sets the selected unit and triggers the OnSelectedUnitChanged event.
        By defaults set the selected action to the unit's move action. The most common action.
/// </summary>
private void SetSelectedUnit(Unit unit)
    if (unit.IsEnemy())
        if(selectedAction is ShootAction)
            HandleSelectedAction();
        return;
    selectedUnit = unit;
    SetSelectedAction(unit.GetAction<MoveAction>());
    OnSelectedUnitChanged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
}
/// <summary>
        Sets the selected action and triggers the OnSelectedActionChanged event.
/// </summary>
public void SetSelectedAction(BaseAction baseAction)
    selectedAction = baseAction;
    OnSelectedActionChanged?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
public Unit GetSelectedUnit()
    return selectedUnit;
public BaseAction GetSelectedAction()
    return selectedAction;
// Lock/Unlock input methods for PlayerController when playing online
public void LockInput() { if (!isBusy) SetBusy(); }
public void UnlockInput() { if (isBusy) ClearBusy(); }
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitAnimator.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using System;
using Mirror;
[RequireComponent(typeof(MoveAction))]
public class UnitAnimator : NetworkBehaviour
    [Header("UnitWeaponVisibilitySync")]
    [SerializeField] private WeaponVisibilitySync weaponVis;
    [Header("Animators")]
    [SerializeField] private Animator animator;
    [SerializeField] private NetworkAnimator netAnim;
    [Header("Projectiles")]
    [SerializeField] private GameObject bulletProjectilePrefab;
    [SerializeField] private GameObject granadeProjectilePrefab;
    [Header("Spawnpoints")]
    [SerializeField] private Transform shootPointTransform;
    [SerializeField] private Transform rightHandTransform;
    private static bool IsNetworkActive() => NetworkClient.active || NetworkServer.active;
    private MoveAction _move;
    private ShootAction shoot;
    private GranadeAction _grenade;
    private MeleeAction melee;
    private void Awake()
        TryGetComponent(out _move);
        TryGetComponent(out shoot);
        TryGetComponent(out grenade);
        TryGetComponent(out melee);
        if (TryGetComponent<MoveAction>(out MoveAction moveAction))
            moveAction.OnStartMoving += MoveAction_OnStartMoving;
            moveAction.OnStopMoving += MoveAction OnStopMoving;
        if (TryGetComponent<ShootAction>(out ShootAction shootAction))
            shootAction.OnShoot += ShootAction_OnShoot;
        if (TryGetComponent<GranadeAction>(out GranadeAction granadeAction))
```

```
granadeAction.ThrowGranade += GrenadeAction ThrowGranade;
        granadeAction.ThrowReady += GrenadeAction ThrowReady;
   if (TryGetComponent<MeleeAction>(out MeleeAction meleeAction))
       meleeAction.OnMeleeActionStarted += MeleeAction OnMeleeActionStarted;
       meleeAction.OnMeleeActionCompleted += MeleeAction_OnMeleeActionCompleted;
   */
private void OnEnable()
   // Varmuus: poista ensin, tilaa sitten -> estää tuplat vaikka OnEnable ajettaisiin useasti
   if (_move)
        _move.OnStartMoving -= MoveAction_OnStartMoving;
        move.OnStopMoving -= MoveAction OnStopMoving;
        _move.OnStartMoving += MoveAction_OnStartMoving;
       _move.OnStopMoving += MoveAction_OnStopMoving;
   if (_shoot)
        _shoot.OnShoot -= ShootAction_OnShoot;
        shoot.OnShoot += ShootAction OnShoot;
   if (_grenade)
       _grenade.ThrowGranade -= GrenadeAction_ThrowGranade;
        grenade.ThrowReady -= GrenadeAction ThrowReady;
       _grenade.ThrowGranade += GrenadeAction_ThrowGranade;
        _grenade.ThrowReady += GrenadeAction_ThrowReady;
   if (_melee)
        melee.OnMeleeActionStarted -= MeleeAction OnMeleeActionStarted;
       _melee.OnMeleeActionCompleted -= MeleeAction_OnMeleeActionCompleted;
        _melee.OnMeleeActionStarted += MeleeAction_OnMeleeActionStarted;
       melee.OnMeleeActionCompleted += MeleeAction OnMeleeActionCompleted;
private void OnDisable()
   if (_move)
        move.OnStartMoving -= MoveAction OnStartMoving;
```

```
_move.OnStopMoving -= MoveAction_OnStopMoving;
   if (_shoot)
       _shoot.OnShoot -= ShootAction OnShoot;
   if (_grenade)
       _grenade.ThrowGranade -= GrenadeAction_ThrowGranade;
       _grenade.ThrowReady -= GrenadeAction_ThrowReady;
   if ( melee)
        _melee.OnMeleeActionStarted -= MeleeAction_OnMeleeActionStarted;
       _melee.OnMeleeActionCompleted -= MeleeAction_OnMeleeActionCompleted;
private void Start()
   EquipRifle();
void OnDisable()
   if (TryGetComponent<MoveAction>(out MoveAction moveAction))
        moveAction.OnStartMoving -= MoveAction OnStartMoving;
        moveAction.OnStopMoving -= MoveAction_OnStopMoving;
   if (TryGetComponent<ShootAction>(out ShootAction shootAction))
        shootAction.OnShoot -= ShootAction_OnShoot;
   if (TryGetComponent<GranadeAction>(out GranadeAction granadeAction))
        granadeAction.ThrowGranade -= GrenadeAction ThrowGranade;
        granadeAction.ThrowReady -= GrenadeAction_ThrowReady;
   if (TryGetComponent<MeleeAction>(out MeleeAction meleeAction))
       meleeAction.OnMeleeActionStarted -= MeleeAction_OnMeleeActionStarted;
        meleeAction.OnMeleeActionCompleted -= MeleeAction OnMeleeActionCompleted;
*/
```

```
private void MoveAction OnStartMoving(object sender, EventArgs e)
   animator.SetBool("IsRunning", true);
private void MoveAction_OnStopMoving(object sender, EventArgs e)
   animator.SetBool("IsRunning", false);
private void ShootAction_OnShoot(object sender, ShootAction.OnShootEventArgs e)
   if (!IsNetworkActive())
        animator.SetTrigger("Shoot");
   else
        netAnim.SetTrigger("Shoot");
   Vector3 target = e.targetUnit.GetWorldPosition();
   float unitShoulderHeight = 2.5f;
   target.y += unitShoulderHeight;
   NetworkSync.SpawnBullet(bulletProjectilePrefab, shootPointTransform.position, target);
private void MeleeAction_OnMeleeActionStarted(object sender, EventArgs e)
   EquipMelee();
   if (!IsNetworkActive())
       animator.SetTrigger("Melee");
   else
        netAnim.SetTrigger("Melee");
private void MeleeAction_OnMeleeActionCompleted(object sender, EventArgs e)
   EquipRifle();
private void GranadeActionStart()
   weaponVis.OwnerRequestSet(rifleRight: false, rifleLeft: true, meleeLeft: false, grenade: false);
private Vector3 pendingGrenadeTarget;
private GranadeAction pendingGrenadeAction;
private void GrenadeAction ThrowGranade(object sender, EventArgs e)
```

```
pendingGrenadeAction = (GranadeAction)sender;
   pendingGrenadeTarget = pendingGrenadeAction.TargetWorld;
   GranadeActionStart():
   if (!IsNetworkActive())
       animator.SetTrigger("ThrowGrenade");
   else
       netAnim.SetTrigger("ThrowGrenade");
// ----- START Grenade Animation events START -----
// Event marks is set in animation. UnitAnimations -> Throw Grenade Stand
public void AE_PickGrenadeStand()
   EguipGranade();
public void AE_ThrowGrenadeStandRelease()
   // --- GUARD: jos pending on jo käytetty, älä tee mitään (estää tuplan samalta koneelta)
   if (pendingGrenadeAction == null) return;
   // --- GATE: onlinessa vain omistaja-client saa jatkaa (server ja ei-ownerit return)
   if (NetworkClient.active || NetworkServer.active)
       var ni = GetComponentInParent<NetworkIdentity>();
       if (!(isClient && ni && ni.isOwned)) return;
   // Mistä kranaatti lähtee (sama logiikka kuin luodeilla)
   Vector3 origin = rightHandTransform.position;
   // Kutsu keskitettyä synkkaa (täsmälleen kuin luodeissa)
   NetworkSync.SpawnGrenade(granadeProjectilePrefab, origin, pendingGrenadeTarget);
   // Siivous kuten ennen
   pendingGrenadeAction?.OnGrenadeBehaviourComplete();
   pendingGrenadeAction = null;
public void AE_OnGrenadeThrowStandFinished()
   EquipRifle();
//----- END Grenade Animation events END -----
private void GrenadeAction ThrowReady(object sender, EventArgs e)
   weaponVis.OwnerRequestSet(rifleRight: false, rifleLeft: true, meleeLeft: false, grenade: false);
```

```
private void EquipRifle()
{
    weaponVis.OwnerRequestSet(rifleRight: true, rifleLeft: false, meleeLeft: false, grenade: false);
}
private void EquipMelee()
{
    weaponVis.OwnerRequestSet(rifleRight: true, rifleLeft: false, meleeLeft: true, grenade: false);
}
private void EguipGranade()
{
    weaponVis.OwnerRequestSet(rifleRight: false, rifleLeft: true, meleeLeft: false, grenade: true);
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitAnimatorEventRelay.cs

```
using UnityEngine;

/// <summary>
/// This is needed so that animation event-bound functions in UnitAnimator can be used. Such as AE_Throw Grenade Stand Release()
// </summary>
public class AnimationEventRelay : MonoBehaviour
{
    [SerializeField] private UnitAnimator unitAnimator;

    void Awake()
    {
        // Etsi parentista jos ei asetettu Inspectorissa
        if (!unitAnimator) unitAnimator = GetComponentInParent<UnitAnimator>();
    }

    // Täsmälleen sama nimi kuin Animation Eventin Function-kentässä
    public void AE_ThrowGrenadeStandRelease();
    {
        unitAnimator?.AE_ThrowGrenadeStandRelease();
    }

    public void AE_PickGrenadeStand();
    }
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitArchetypes/UnitArchetype.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
[CreateAssetMenu(menuName = "RogueShooter/UnitArchetype")]
public class UnitArchetype : ScriptableObject
    [Header("BASE SKILLS")]
    [Space(10)]
    [Header("Covering Skill")]
    public int personalCoverMax = 200;
    public int coverRegenOnMove = 1;
    public int coverRegenPerUnusedAP = 25;
    public int lowCoverPenalty = 12;
                                          // -12% osumatodennäköisyys
    public int highCoverPenalty = 25;
                                          // -25%
    [Space(10)]
    [Header("Shooting Skill")]
    public int basicShootinSkill = 69;
    public int shootingSkillLevel = 0; // 0..10
    public int accuracyBonusPerSkillLevel = 3; // +3% tarkkuutta / taso
    [Space(10)]
    [Header("Grenade Skill")]
    public int grenadeCapacity = 2;
    public int throwingRange = 7;
    [Header("Progression (optional)")]
    public AnimationCurve coverMaxByLevel = AnimationCurve.Linear(1, 200, 10, 300);
    public AnimationCurve regenByLevel = AnimationCurve.Linear(1, 20, 10, 35);
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitArchetypes/UnitSkills.cs

```
[System.Serializable]
public class UnitSkills
{
    public int personalCoverMax = 200;
    public int CoverRegenOnMove = 20;
    public float coverMitigationMultiplier = 1f; // varalle jatkoon (+% vaimennukseen)
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitManager.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for managing all units in the game.
/// It keeps track of all units, friendly units, and enemy units.
/// It listens to unit spawn and death events to update its lists accordingly.
/// Note: This class Script Script Execution Order is set to be executed after UnitActionSystem.cs. High priority.
/// </summary>
public class UnitManager : MonoBehaviour
    public static UnitManager Instance { get; private set; }
    private List<Unit> unitList:
    private List<Unit> friendlyUnitList;
    private List<Unit> enemyUnitList;
    private void Awake()
        if (Instance != null)
            Debug.LogError("There's more than one UnitManager! " + transform + " - " + Instance);
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
        Instance = this;
        unitList = new List<Unit>();
        friendlyUnitList = new List<Unit>();
        enemyUnitList = new List<Unit>();
    void OnEnable()
        Unit.OnAnyUnitSpawned += Unit_OnAnyUnitSpawned;
        Unit.OnAnyUnitDead += Unit OnAnyUnitDead;
    void OnDisable()
        Unit.OnAnyUnitSpawned -= Unit_OnAnyUnitSpawned;
        Unit.OnAnyUnitDead -= Unit OnAnyUnitDead;
    }
    private void Unit_OnAnyUnitSpawned(object sender, EventArgs e)
        Unit unit = sender as Unit;
        unitList.Add(unit);
        if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.SinglePlayer)
```

```
if (unit.IsEnemy())
           enemyUnitList.Add(unit);
        else
            friendlyUnitList.Add(unit);
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.Versus)
        if(NetworkSync.IsOwnerHost(unit.OwnerId))
           friendlyUnitList.Add(unit);
        } else
            enemyUnitList.Add(unit);
private void Unit_OnAnyUnitDead(object sender, EventArgs e)
   Unit unit = sender as Unit;
   unitList.Remove(unit);
   if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.SinglePlayer)
        if (unit.IsEnemy())
           enemyUnitList.Remove(unit);
        else
            friendlyUnitList.Remove(unit);
   if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.Versus)
       if(NetworkSync.IsOwnerHost(unit.OwnerId))
           friendlyUnitList.Remove(unit);
        } else
           enemyUnitList.Remove(unit);
public List<Unit> GetUnitList()
```

```
{
    return unitList;
}

public List<Unit> GetFriendlyUnitList()
{
    return friendlyUnitList;
}

public List<Unit> GetEnemyUnitList()
{
    return enemyUnitList;
}

public void ClearAllUnitLists()
{
    unitList.Clear();
    friendlyUnitList.Clear();
    enemyUnitList.Clear();
}
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitPathFinding/PathFinding.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnitvEngine:
/// @file PathFinding.cs
/// @brief Core pathfinding system for RogueShooter.
/// This component implements the game's grid-based navigation logic using a custom A* algorithm
/// with full support for multi-floor environments, movement budgets, and edge-based wall detection.
/// ### Overview
/// The pathfinding system converts Unity scene geometry into an abstract tactical grid used
/// by both player and AI units. Each cell is represented by a `PathNode` containing walkability.
/// cost, and edge-wall information. The system supports 8-directional movement (N, NE, E, SE, S, SW, W, NW)
/// and dynamically links multiple floors through designer-placed `PathfindingLink` components.
111
/// ### System integration
/// - **LevelGrid** - Defines grid dimensions and provides world⇔grid coordinate conversions.
/// - **EdgeBaker** - Scans scene colliders to detect thin obstacles between cells and marks walls accordingly.
/// - **PathFinding** - Performs A* searches using the processed node and edge data.
///
/// ### Key features
/// - Fully deterministic and allocation-free per search (generation-ID based node reuse).
/// - Accurate obstacle handling using edge blockers (no corner clipping or one-way walls).
/// - Move-budget based path truncation for tactical range queries and AI planning.
/// - Extensible multi-floor connectivity via `PathfindingLink` objects.
/// - Optional runtime diagnostics through `PathfindingDiagnostics` (profiling search times and expansions).
111
/// ### Why this exists in RogueShooter
/// - The game's tactical, turn-based design requires predictable and grid-aligned movement.
/// - Unity's built-in NavMesh system is unsuitable for deterministic tile-based combat logic.
/// - Custom A* implementation allows tight integration with game-specific mechanics such as
/// cover, destructible walls, and limited-range actions.
111
/// In summary, this file defines the core pathfinding logic that powers all unit movement
/// and AI navigation in RogueShooter, ensuring consistency between physical scene geometry
/// and tactical gameplay rules.
/// Grid-based A* pathfinding for 8-directional movement (N, NE, E, SE, S, SW, W, NW) across multiple floors.
///
/// What it does:
/// - Builds and queries a per-floor grid of PathNodes and computes shortest paths using A* with an octile heuristic.
/// - Respects fine-grained edge blockers (walls/rails/doorframes) baked by <see cref="EdgeBaker"/> so units can't
/// cut corners or move/shoot through narrow obstacles.
/// - Supports optional move budgets (in "steps") for tactical range queries and AI decisions.
/// - Supports explicit inter-cell "links" (stairs/elevators/hatches) that connect arbitrary cells and floors.
111
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - The game is turn-based and tile-based; we need deterministic, frame-stable paths that match tactical rules,
/// not freeform NavMesh paths.
```

```
/// - Edge-aware movement prevents diagonal corner-cutting and enforces cover/door behavior consistent with combat.
/// - Budgeted pathfinding enables fast "reachable area" calculations for UI previews and AI planning.
111
/// Design notes:
/// - Uses a lightweight custom PriorityOueue and generation IDs to avoid per-search allocations and stale scores.
/// - Movement costs: straight = 10, diagonal = 20 (octile distance for heuristic and step costs).
/// - Runs after <see cref="LevelGrid"/> initialization; floor walkability is raycasted once, edges baked next,
/// then A* queries can safely rely on up-to-date node/edge data.
/// - Optional debug visualizations can create grid debug objects for inspection in the editor.
/// </summary>
public class PathFinding : MonoBehaviour
    public static PathFinding Instance { get; private set; }
    private const int MOVE STRAIGHT COST = 10;
    private const int MOVE DIAGONAL COST = 20;
    [Header("Debug")]
    [SerializeField] private bool showDebug = false;
    [SerializeField] private Transform gridDebugPrefab;
    [Header("Lavers")]
    [SerializeField] private LayerMask obstaclesLayerMask;
    [SerializeField] private LayerMask floorLayerMask;
    [Header("Links")]
    [SerializeField] private Transform pathfindingLinkContainer;
    private int width;
    private int height;
    private int currentGenerationID = 0;
    private List<GridSystem<PathNode>> gridSystemList;
    private List<PathfindingLink> pathfindingLinkList;
    private void Awake()
        if (Instance != null)
            Debug.LogError("PathFinding: More than one PathFinding in the scene! " + transform + " - " + Instance);
            Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
        Instance = this:
    }
    /// <summary>
    /// Initializes the pathfinding system and builds all per-floor grid data.
    /// What it does:
    /// - Creates a <see cref="GridSystem{PathNode}"/> for each floor with the given dimensions.
    /// - Performs raycast-based walkability detection for every grid cell using floor and obstacle layers.
```

```
/// - Invokes <see cref="EdgeBaker"/> to detect thin edge blockers between walkable cells.
/// - Collects any explicit <see cref="PathfindingLink"/> connections (stairs, elevators, etc.) from the scene.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Converts the 3D scene geometry into a grid-based navigation map used by all AI and tactical systems.
/// - Ensures that units move on valid walkable surfaces and respect real physical barriers.
/// - Keeps the runtime logic deterministic and self-contained without relying on Unity's NavMesh.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Should be called once during level initialization (by LevelGrid or GameManager).
/// - Automatically performs full edge baking after walkability setup.
/// - Uses layer masks for flexibility: <c>floorLayerMask</c> defines valid surfaces, <c>obstaclesLayerMask</c> blocks them.
/// </summary>
public void Setup(int width, int height, float cellSize, int floorAmount)
    this.width = width:
    this.height = height;
    gridSystemList = new List<GridSystem<PathNode>>();
    // 1) Create one grid per floor
    for (int floor = 0; floor < floorAmount; floor++)</pre>
        GridSystem<PathNode> gridSystem = new GridSystem<PathNode>(
            width, height, cellSize, floor, LevelGrid.FLOOR_HEIGHT,
            (GridSystem<PathNode> g, GridPosition gridPosition) => new PathNode(gridPosition)
        );
        // Optional: visualize grid in editor for debugging
        if (showDebug && gridDebugPrefab != null)
            gridSystem.CreateDebugObjects(gridDebugPrefab);
        gridSystemList.Add(gridSystem);
    // 2) Raycast: determine which cells are walkable or blocked
    float raycastOffsetDistance = 1f;
    float raycastDistance = raycastOffsetDistance * 2f;
    for (int x = 0; x < width; x++)
        for (int z = 0; z < height; z++)
            for (int floor = 0; floor < floorAmount; floor++)</pre>
                GridPosition gridPosition = new GridPosition(x, z, floor);
                Vector3 worldPosition = LevelGrid.Instance.GetWorldPosition(gridPosition);
                // Default to non-walkable
                GetNode(x, z, floor).SetIsWalkable(false);
```

```
// Downward ray: detect if a valid floor exists under this cell
                if (Physics.Raycast(
                        worldPosition + Vector3.up * raycastOffsetDistance,
                        Vector3.down,
                        raycastDistance,
                        floorLayerMask))
                    GetNode(x, z, floor).SetIsWalkable(true);
                // Upward ray: short check for obstacles blocking this space
                if (Physics.Raycast(
                        worldPosition + Vector3.down * raycastOffsetDistance,
                        Vector3.up,
                        raycastDistance,
                        obstaclesLayerMask))
                    GetNode(x, z, floor).SetIsWalkable(false);
    // 3) Bake edges between cells (walls, rails, etc.)
    EdgeBaker.Instance.BakeAllEdges();
    // 4) Gather explicit pathfinding links (stairs, lifts, portals)
    pathfindingLinkList = new List<PathfindingLink>();
    if (pathfindingLinkContainer != null)
        foreach (Transform linkTf in pathfindingLinkContainer)
            if (linkTf.TryGetComponent(out PathfindingLinkMonoBehaviour linkMb))
                pathfindingLinkList.Add(linkMb.GetPathfindingLink());
/// <summary>
/// Finds a path between two grid positions using the A* algorithm with an optional move budget.
///
/// What it does:
/// - Serves as the public entry point for pathfinding queries.
/// - Wraps the internal implementation (<see cref="FindPathInternal"/>) while exposing a simpler interface.
/// - Returns a list of grid positions representing the optimal route, or <c>null</c> if no valid path exists.
```

```
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Gameplay systems (player input, AI, ability targeting) request paths through this single method.
/// - The move budget allows computing reachable tiles for tactical range previews (e.g. 6 steps max).
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - /// - // - /// - /// - /// - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - // - <
/// - Outputs <paramref name="pathLength"/> as total F-cost (movement cost + heuristic) of the found path.
/// </summary>
public List<GridPosition> FindPath(
     GridPosition startGridPosition,
     GridPosition endGridPosition,
     out int pathLeght,
     int moveBudgetSteps)
     return FindPathInternal(startGridPosition, endGridPosition, out pathLeght, moveBudgetSteps);
/// <summary>
/// Core A* pathfinding algorithm implementation with movement budget and edge-aware navigation.
///
/// What it does:
/// - Expands nodes using standard A* logic (G = actual cost, H = heuristic, F = G + H).
/// - Honors per-edge blockers from <see cref="EdgeBaker"/> via <c>CanStep()</c>.
/// - Supports a movement budget (in "steps") to limit search range for tactical actions.
/// - Uses a lightweight custom <see cref="PriorityOueue{T}"/> for open list management.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Provides deterministic and efficient tactical pathfinding across destructible, multi-floor maps.
/// - Integrates movement range rules directly into path expansion, avoiding separate "reachable area" passes.
/// - Enables AI and player systems to share the same consistent grid and cost rules.
///
/// Algorithm overview:
/// 2. Early reject if even the heuristic distance exceeds the available budget.
/// 3. Initialize open and closed sets and enqueue the start node.
/// 4. While the open queue is not empty:
/// - Dequeue the node with the lowest F-cost.
      - If its G-cost exceeds the movement budget → skip.
///
       - If this is the end node → reconstruct the path and return.
       - Otherwise, expand all valid neighbors that are walkable and not blocked by edges.
/// 5. Return <c>null</c> if no path exists within the allowed movement cost.
///
/// Performance notes:
/// - Avoids heap allocations via <see cref="EnsureInit"/> using generation IDs.
/// - Supports optional runtime diagnostics through <see cref="PathfindingDiagnostics"/> (#if PERFORMANCE DIAG).
/// - Handles diagonal movement correctly with octile distances and no corner clipping.
/// </summary>
private List<GridPosition> FindPathInternal(
     GridPosition startGridPosition,
     GridPosition endGridPosition,
     out int pathLeght,
```

```
int moveBudgetSteps)
#if PERFORMANCE DIAG
        var diag = PathfindingDiagnostics.Instance;
        bool diagOn = diag != null && diag.enabledRuntime;
        System.Diagnostics.Stopwatch sw = null;
        if (diagOn) { sw = new System.Diagnostics.Stopwatch(); sw.Start(); }
        int expanded = 0; // kuinka monta solmua laajennettiin (pop + käsitelty)
#endif
        // 1) Convert step-based budget to internal movement cost units
        int moveBudgetCost = (moveBudgetSteps == int.MaxValue)
            ? int.MaxValue
            : moveBudgetSteps * MOVE STRAIGHT COST;
        // Early pruning: skip search if even the heuristic distance exceeds the move budget
        int minPossibleCost = CalculateDistance(startGridPosition, endGridPosition);
        if (minPossibleCost > moveBudgetCost)
            pathLeght = 0;
#if PERFORMANCE DIAG
            if (diagOn) { sw.Stop(); diag.AddSample(sw.Elapsed.TotalMilliseconds, false, 0, expanded); }
#endif
            return null;
        currentGenerationID++;
        var openQueue = new PriorityQueue<PathNode>();
        HashSet<PathNode> openSet = new HashSet<PathNode>();
        HashSet<PathNode> closedSet = new HashSet<PathNode>();
        PathNode startNode = GetGridSystem(startGridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(startGridPosition);
        PathNode endNode = GetGridSystem(endGridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(endGridPosition);
        // Initialize start node
        EnsureInit(startNode);
        startNode.SetGCost(0);
        startNode.SetHCost(CalculateDistance(startGridPosition, endGridPosition));
        startNode.CalculateFCost();
        openQueue.Enqueue(startNode, startNode.GetFCost());
        openSet.Add(startNode);
```

```
// 2) Main A* loop
        while (openQueue.Count > 0)
            // Dequeue the node with the lowest F-cost; skip outdated entries
            PathNode currentNode = openOueue.Dequeue();
            if (closedSet.Contains(currentNode)) continue;
            EnsureInit(currentNode);
#if PERFORMANCE DIAG
            expanded++;
#endif
            // Stop expanding if the current path already exceeds move budget
            if (currentNode.GetGCost() > moveBudgetCost)
                continue;
            // Goal reached → build final path
            if (currentNode == endNode)
                pathLeght = endNode.GetFCost();
                var path = CalculatePath(endNode);
#if PERFORMANCE DIAG
                if (diagOn)
                    sw.Stop();
                    diag.AddSample(sw.Elapsed.TotalMilliseconds, success: true, pathLen: path.Count, expanded: expanded);
#endif
                return path;
            openSet.Remove(currentNode);
            closedSet.Add(currentNode);
            // 3) Expand all valid neighbor nodes
            foreach (PathNode neighbourNode in GetNeighbourList(currentNode))
                if (closedSet.Contains(neighbourNode)) continue;
                if (!neighbourNode.GetIsWalkable())
                    closedSet.Add(neighbourNode);
                    continue;
                EnsureInit(neighbourNode);
                int stepCost = CalculateDistance(currentNode.GetGridPosition(), neighbourNode.GetGridPosition());
                int tentativeG = currentNode.GetGCost() + stepCost;
```

```
// Skip paths that already exceed movement budget
                if (tentativeG > moveBudgetCost)
                    continue;
                // If this route to the neighbor is cheaper, record it
                if (tentativeG < neighbourNode.GetGCost())</pre>
                    neighbourNode.SetCameFromPathNode(currentNode);
                    neighbourNode.SetGCost(tentativeG);
                    neighbourNode.SetHCost(CalculateDistance(neighbourNode.GetGridPosition(), endGridPosition));
                    neighbourNode.CalculateFCost();
                    if (!openSet.Contains(neighbourNode))
                        openQueue.Enqueue(neighbourNode, neighbourNode.GetFCost());
                        openSet.Add(neighbourNode);
                    else
                        // No decrease-key in PriorityQueue → push duplicate, old entry ignored when dequeued
                        openQueue.Enqueue(neighbourNode, neighbourNode.GetFCost());
        // 4) No valid path within move budget
        pathLeght = 0;
#if PERFORMANCE_DIAG
        if (diagOn)
            sw.Stop();
            diag.AddSample(sw.Elapsed.TotalMilliseconds, success: false, pathLen: 0, expanded: expanded);
#endif
        return null;
    /// Octile-distance cost between two grid positions for 8-directional movement.
    ///
    /// What it does:
    /// - Computes the admissible A* heuristic and unit step costs using:
         diagonal = min(|dx|, |dz|), straight = ||dx| - |dz||.
    /// - Returns MOVE_DIAGONAL_COST * diagonal + MOVE_STRAIGHT_COST * straight.
   ///
    /// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
    /// - Matches our movement rules exactly (orthogonal and diagonal with different costs),
```

```
///
      keeping A* both admissible and consistent (no overestimation).
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - MOVE STRAIGHT COST = 10, MOVE DIAGONAL COST = 20 to align with budget-in-steps logic.
/// </summary>
public int CalculateDistance(GridPosition a, GridPosition b)
    GridPosition d = a - b;
    int xDistance = Mathf.Abs(d.x);
    int zDistance = Mathf.Abs(d.z);
    int diagonal = Mathf.Min(xDistance, zDistance);
    int straight = Mathf.Abs(xDistance - zDistance);
    return MOVE DIAGONAL COST * diagonal + MOVE STRAIGHT COST * straight;
}
/// <summary>
/// Retrieves the grid system instance for a given floor index.
/// What it does:
/// - Returns the <see cref="GridSystem{PathNode}"/> corresponding to the specified floor.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Supports multi-floor pathfinding where each floor maintains its own grid structure.
/// - Allows systems to query and operate on nodes per-floor without global lookups.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Assumes grids were created during <see cref="Setup"/> and stored in <c>gridSystemList</c>.
/// </summary>
private GridSystem<PathNode> GetGridSystem(int floor) => gridSystemList[floor];
/// <summary>
/// Retrieves a single pathfinding node at the given (x, z, floor) position.
/// What it does:
/// - Resolves to the correct grid system (via <see cref="GetGridSystem"/>) and returns its node.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Simplifies code that frequently needs to access individual nodes by absolute coordinates.
/// - Used heavily in A*, edge baking, and AI systems for node-level data manipulation.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Returns <c>null</c> if the grid system or node does not exist (should not normally happen after Setup()).
/// </summary>
public PathNode GetNode(int x, int z, int floor)
    => GetGridSystem(floor).GetGridObject(new GridPosition(x, z, floor));
/// <summary>
/// Converts a unit orthogonal delta (dx, dz) into an EdgeMask direction.
///
/// What it does:
/// - Maps (0,+1)\rightarrow N, (+1,0)\rightarrow E, (0,-1)\rightarrow S, (-1,0)\rightarrow W.
/// - Returns <see cref="EdgeMask.None"/> for non-orthogonal deltas.
```

```
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Used by <see cref="CanStep"/> to check per-edge walls symmetrically for orthogonal moves.
/// - Keeps edge checks readable and centralized.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Diagonal deltas are intentionally not mapped (handled separately in <see cref="CanStep"/>).
/// </summary>
private EdgeMask DirFromDelta(int dx, int dz)
    if (dx == 0 \&\& dz == +1) return EdgeMask.N;
    if (dx == +1 && dz == 0) return EdgeMask.E;
    if (dx == 0 && dz == -1) return EdgeMask.S;
    if (dx == -1 && dz == 0) return EdgeMask.W;
    return EdgeMask.None;
}
/// <summary>
/// Returns the opposite edge direction (N↔S, E↔W).
///
/// What it does:
/// - Maps a cardinal edge to its opposite; otherwise returns <see cref="EdgeMask.None"/>.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Ensures symmetric edge checks (A's east equals B's west) in movement validation.
/// - Avoids "one-way walls" by enforcing consistency across neighboring nodes.
/// </summary>
private EdgeMask Opposite(EdgeMask d) => d switch
    EdgeMask.N => EdgeMask.S,
    EdgeMask.E => EdgeMask.W,
    EdgeMask.S => EdgeMask.N,
    EdgeMask.W => EdgeMask.E,
    _ => EdgeMask.None
};
/// <summary>
/// Determines whether movement from cell A to cell B is allowed,
/// honoring edge walls and preventing diagonal corner-cutting.
///
/// What it does:
/// - Validates that the delta is a single orthogonal or diagonal step.
/// - For orthogonal moves: blocks movement if either side of the shared edge has a wall flag.
/// - For diagonal moves: requires at least one orthogonal "L-shaped" two-step route to be clear
/// (A\rightarrow X\rightarrow B \text{ or } A\rightarrow Z\rightarrow B), preventing cutting through blocked corners.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Enforces tactical rules consistent with baked edge data (from EdgeBaker).
/// - Prevents unrealistic diagonal slips past doorframes/rails and yields robust cover behavior.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Uses <see cref="DirFromDelta"/> and <see cref="Opposite(EdgeMask)"/> to test symmetric edge walls.
```

```
/// - For diagonals, both intermediate orthogonal neighbors must be valid and walkable before testing paths.
/// </summary>
private bool CanStep(GridPosition a, GridPosition b)
    int dx = b.x - a.x;
    int dz = b.z - a.z;
    bool diagonal = Mathf.Abs(dx) == 1 && Mathf.Abs(dz) == 1;
    bool ortho = (dx == 0) ^ (dz == 0);
    if (!diagonal && !ortho) return false; // Disallow jumps longer than 1 cell
    var nodeA = GetNode(a.x, a.z, a.floor);
    var nodeB = GetNode(b.x, b.z, b.floor);
    // ORTHOGONAL MOVE: both sides of the shared edge must be open
    if (ortho)
        var dir = DirFromDelta(dx, dz);
        if (dir == EdgeMask.None) return false;
        if (nodeA.HasWall(dir)) return false;
                                                         // wall on A's side
        return true;
    // DIAGONAL MOVE: require at least one clear L-route (no corner clipping)
    var aToX = new GridPosition(a.x + dx, a.z, a.floor);
    var aToZ = new GridPosition(a.x, a.z + dz, a.floor);
    // Both intermediates must be inside bounds and walkable to be considered
    if (!IsValidGridPosition(aToX) || !IsValidGridPosition(aToZ)) return false;
    if (!IsWalkable(aToX) || !IsWalkable(aToZ)) return false;
    // Route 1: A -> X -> B (two orthogonal steps)
    bool pathViaX = CanStep(a, aToX) && CanStep(aToX, b);
    // Route 2: A -> Z -> B (two orthogonal steps)
    bool pathViaZ = CanStep(a, aToZ) && CanStep(aToZ, b);
    return pathViaX || pathViaZ;
}
private bool IsValidGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
    return LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).IsValidGridPosition(gridPosition);
}
private bool IsWalkable(GridPosition gridPosition)
    PathNode node = GetNode(gridPosition.x, gridPosition.z, gridPosition.floor);
    return node != null && node.GetIsWalkable();
```

```
/// <summary>
/// Collects all valid neighbor nodes (up to 8) for A* expansion from the given node.
///
/// What it does:
/// - Iterates orthogonal and diagonal neighbors within the current floor bounds.
/// - Filters out non-walkable cells early.
/// - Uses <see cref="CanStep"/> to enforce edge walls and anti-corner-cutting rules.
/// - Additionally appends any explicit link targets (e.g., stairs/elevators) connected to this cell.
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Centralizes movement rules so both AI and player pathfinding share identical constraints.
/// - Supports multi-floor traversal via designer-authored links without special-casing A*.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Neighbor order is stable to keep behavior deterministic across runs.
/// - Links bypass edge checks by design (they represent explicit allowed transitions).
private List<PathNode> GetNeighbourList(PathNode currentNode)
    List<PathNode> result = new List<PathNode>(8);
    GridPosition gp = currentNode.GetGridPosition();
    // Candidate offsets (W, SW, NW, E, SE, NE, S, N)
    static IEnumerable<(int dx, int dz)> Offsets()
        yield return (-1, 0); // W
        yield return (-1, -1); // SW
        yield return (-1, +1); // NW
        vield return (+1, 0); // E
        yield return (+1, -1); // SE
        yield return (+1, +1); // NE
        yield return (0, -1); // S
        yield return (0, +1); // N
    // 1) Same-floor neighbors with edge rules
    foreach (var (dx, dz) in Offsets())
        int nx = gp.x + dx;
        int nz = gp.z + dz;
        // Bounds check
        if (nx < 0 \mid | nz < 0 \mid | nx >= width \mid | nz >= height) continue;
        var ngp = new GridPosition(nx, nz, gp.floor);
        // Early reject: must be walkable
```

```
if (!IsWalkable(ngp)) continue;
        // Respect edge blockers and corner rules
        if (!CanStep(gp, ngp)) continue;
        result.Add(GetNode(nx, nz, gp.floor));
    // 2) Explicit links (stairs/lifts/portals) — allowed transitions across floors
    foreach (GridPosition linkGp in GetPathfindingLinkConnectedGridPositionList(gp))
        // Varmista ettei mennä ulos
        if (!IsValidGridPosition(linkGp)) continue;
        if (!IsWalkable(linkGp)) continue;
        // Links intentionally bypass edge checks; they model designer-approved moves
        result.Add(GetNode(linkGp.x, linkGp.z, linkGp.floor));
    return result;
}
/// Returns all grid positions directly connected to the given position via explicit pathfinding links.
///
/// What it does:
/// - Searches the prebuilt <see cref="pathfindingLinkList"/> for connections where the given cell
/// is either endpoint (A or B).
/// - Collects and returns the corresponding linked destinations.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Enables multi-floor traversal and special transitions (stairs, elevators, hatches, ladders, etc.)
/// that bypass standard neighbor logic.
/// - Keeps such transitions data-driven: designers place <see cref="PathfindingLinkMonoBehaviour"/> objects
     in the scene instead of hardcoding connections.
///
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Links are treated as bidirectional: A↔B.
/// - The returned positions are later validated for walkability before use.
/// </summary>
private List<GridPosition> GetPathfindingLinkConnectedGridPositionList(GridPosition gridPosition)
    List<GridPosition> result = new List<GridPosition>();
    if (pathfindingLinkList == null || pathfindingLinkList.Count == 0) return result;
    foreach (PathfindingLink link in pathfindingLinkList)
        if (link.gridPositionA == gridPosition) result.Add(link.gridPositionB);
        if (link.gridPositionB == gridPosition) result.Add(link.gridPositionA);
    return result;
```

```
/// <summary>
/// Reconstructs a complete path from the end node by backtracking through parent pointers.
/// What it does:
/// - Traces the <c>CameFrom</c> chain from the goal node back to the start.
/// - Reverses the collected list and converts it into grid positions for gameplay use.
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Converts A*'s internal node traversal history into a usable list of <see cref="GridPosition"/> steps.
/// - Provides a deterministic, minimal path sequence for units to follow.
///
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Result always includes both the start and end positions.
/// - Returned list is ordered from start → goal.
/// </summary>
private List<GridPosition> CalculatePath(PathNode endNode)
    List<PathNode> pathNodes = new List<PathNode> { endNode };
    PathNode current = endNode;
    while (current.GetCameFromPathNode() != null)
        pathNodes.Add(current.GetCameFromPathNode());
        current = current.GetCameFromPathNode();
    pathNodes.Reverse();
    List<GridPosition> gridPositions = new List<GridPosition>(pathNodes.Count);
    foreach (PathNode n in pathNodes) gridPositions.Add(n.GetGridPosition());
    return gridPositions;
}
/// <summary>
/// Returns whether the given grid position is currently walkable.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Unified query for gameplay/AI to check if a tile can be occupied.
/// - Mirrors the internal node flag computed during Setup() (raycasts + edge bake).
/// </summary>
public bool IsWalkableGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition)
    => GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(gridPosition).GetIsWalkable();
/// <summary>
/// Sets the walkability of a grid position at runtime.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Dynamic gameplay (e.g., collapses, placed barricades, hazards) can toggle occupancy rules.
/// - Lets designers/systems override the initial raycast result if needed.
///
```

```
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Consider calling <see cref="EdgeBaker.RebakeEdgesAround"/> if geometry changes near this tile.
/// </summary>
public void SetIsWalkableGridPosition(GridPosition gridPosition, bool isWalkable)
    => GetGridSystem(gridPosition.floor).GetGridObject(gridPosition).SetIsWalkable(isWalkable);
/// <summarv>
/// Lazily resets per-search A* fields on a node using a generation ID guard.
///
/// What it does:
/// - If the node was last touched in a previous search (generation mismatch),
/// resets G/H/F, clears the "came from" pointer, and marks the node with the current generation.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Avoids per-search heap allocations and dictionary clears by reusing nodes safely.
/// - Ensures stale scores from earlier searches never leak into the current query.
111
/// Implementation notes:
/// - Must be called on any node before reading/updating A* fields during a search.
/// </summary>
void EnsureInit(PathNode node)
    if (node.LastGenerationID != currentGenerationID)
        node.SetGCost(int.MaxValue);
        node.SetHCost(0):
        node.CalculateFCost();
        node.ResetCameFromPathNode();
        node.MarkGeneration(currentGenerationID);
}
/// Converts a movement budget in steps to internal cost units.
///
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - Keeps UI/AI logic readable (work in "steps") while A* uses cost units (10 per orthogonal step).
/// </summary>
public static int CostFromSteps(int steps) => steps * MOVE_STRAIGHT_COST;
/// <summary>
/// Gets all explicit pathfinding links collected from the scene (stairs, elevators, robes).
/// Why this exists in RogueShooter:
/// - External systems (UI, debugging, AI) may need to inspect or visualize cross-cell/floor connections.
/// </summary>
public List<PathfindingLink> GetPathfindingLinks()
    return pathfindingLinkList ?? new List<PathfindingLink>();
public int GetWidth()
```

```
{
    return width;
}

public int GetHeight()
{
    return height;
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitPathFinding/PathfindingLink.cs

```
public class PathfindingLink
{
   public GridPosition gridPositionA;
   public GridPosition gridPositionB;
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitPathFinding/PathfindingLinkMonoBehaviour.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
// Linkit asetetaan tyhjään linkkejä sisältävään game objektiin joka annetaan PathFindig.cs
// Pathfinding etsii yhteydet Editorissa ennakkoon annetusta linkki conteinerista.
public class PathfindingLinkMonoBehaviour : MonoBehaviour
    public Vector3 linkPositionA;
    public Vector3 linkPositionB;
    void OnDrawGizmos()
        Gizmos.color = Color.yellow;
        Vector3 aW = transform.TransformPoint(linkPositionA);
        Vector3 bW = transform.TransformPoint(linkPositionB);
        Gizmos.DrawSphere(aW, 0.15f);
        Gizmos.DrawSphere(bW, 0.15f);
        Gizmos.DrawLine(aW, bW);
   }
    public PathfindingLink GetPathfindingLink()
        var aW = transform.TransformPoint(linkPositionA);
        var bW = transform.TransformPoint(linkPositionB);
        return new PathfindingLink
            gridPositionA = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(aW),
            gridPositionB = LevelGrid.Instance.GetGridPosition(bW),
        };
   }
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitPathFinding/PathNode.cs

```
[System.Flags]
public enum EdgeMask { None = 0, N = 1, E = 2, S = 4, W = 8 }
[System.Flags]
public enum CoverMask { None = 0, N = 1, E = 2, S = 4, W = 8 }
public class PathNode
    private GridPosition gridPosition;
    private int gCost;
    private int hCost;
    private int fCost;
    private PathNode cameFromPathNode;
    private bool isWalkable = true;
    private EdgeMask walls; // ← ruudun reunaesteet
    private CoverMask highCover;
                                      // täyskorkea suoja suunnittain
    private CoverMask lowCover;
                                     // matala suoja suunnittain
    public void ClearWalls() => walls = EdgeMask.None;
    public void AddWall(EdgeMask dir) => walls |= dir;
    public bool HasWall(EdgeMask dir) => (walls & dir) != 0;
    public void ClearCover() { highCover = CoverMask.None; lowCover = CoverMask.None; }
    public void AddHighCover(CoverMask d) => highCover |= d;
    public void AddLowCover(CoverMask d) => lowCover |= d;
    public bool HasHighCover(CoverMask d) => (highCover & d) != 0;
    public bool HasLowCover(CoverMask d) => (lowCover & d) != 0;
    public CoverMask GetHighCoverMask() => highCover;
    public CoverMask GetLowCoverMask() => lowCover;
    public PathNode(GridPosition gridPosition)
        this.gridPosition = gridPosition;
    public int LastGenerationID { get; private set; } = -1;
    public void MarkGeneration(int generationID) => LastGenerationID = generationID;
    public override string ToString()
        return gridPosition.ToString();
    public int GetGCost()
```

```
return gCost;
public int GetHCost()
   return hCost;
public int GetFCost()
   return fCost;
public void SetGCost(int gCost)
   this.gCost = gCost;
public void SetHCost(int hCost)
   this.hCost = hCost;
public void CalculateFCost()
   fCost = gCost + hCost;
public void ResetCameFromPathNode()
   cameFromPathNode = null;
public void SetCameFromPathNode(PathNode pathNode)
   cameFromPathNode = pathNode;
public PathNode GetCameFromPathNode()
   return cameFromPathNode;
public GridPosition GetGridPosition()
   return gridPosition;
public bool GetIsWalkable()
   return isWalkable;
```

```
public void SetIsWalkable(bool isWalkable)
{
    this.isWalkable = isWalkable;
}

public bool IsWalkable()
{
    return isWalkable;
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitRagdoll/RagdollPoseBinder.cs

```
using System.Collections;
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// Online: Client need this to get destroyed unit rootbone to create ragdoll form it.
/// </summary>
public class RagdollPoseBinder : NetworkBehaviour
    [SyncVar] public uint sourceUnitNetId;
    [SyncVar] public Vector3 lastHitPos;
    [SyncVar] public int overkill;
    [ClientCallback]
    private void Start()
        StartCoroutine(ApplyPoseWhenReady());
    private IEnumerator ApplyPoseWhenReady()
        var (root, why) = TryFindOriginalRootBone(sourceUnitNetId);
        if (root != null)
            if (TryGetComponent<UnitRagdoll>(out var unitRagdoll))
                unitRagdoll.SetOverkill(overkill);
                unitRagdoll.SetLastHitPosition(lastHitPos);
                unitRagdoll.Setup(root);
            vield break;
        Debug.Log($"[Ragdoll] waiting root for netId {sourceUnitNetId} ({why})");
        yield return new WaitForEndOfFrame();
        Debug.LogWarning($"[RagdollPoseBinder] Source root not found for netId {sourceUnitNetId}");
    private static (Transform root, string why) TryFindOriginalRootBone(uint netId)
        if (netId == 0) return (null, "netId==0");
        if (!Mirror.NetworkClient.spawned.TryGetValue(netId, out var id) || id == null)
            return (null, "identity not in NetworkClient.spawned");
        // Löydä UnitRagdollSpawn myös hierarkiasta
        var spawner = id.GetComponent<UnitRagdollSpawn>()
                ?? id.GetComponentInChildren<UnitRagdollSpawn>(true)
                ?? id.GetComponentInParent<UnitRagdollSpawn>();
        if (spawner == null) return (null, "UnitRagdollSpawn missing under identity");
```

```
if (spawner.OriginalRagdollRootBone == null) return (null, "OriginalRagdollRootBone null");
    return (spawner.OriginalRagdollRootBone, null);
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitRagdoll/UnitRagdoll.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class UnitRagdoll : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private Transform ragdollRootBone;
    private Vector3 lastHitPosition;
    private int overkill;
    public Transform Root => ragdollRootBone;
    public void Setup(Transform orginalRootBone)
        MatchAllChildTransforms(orginalRootBone, ragdollRootBone);
      // Vector3 randomDir = new Vector3(Random.Range(-1f, +1f), 0, Random.Range(-1, +1));
        ApplyPushForceToRagdoll(ragdollRootBone, 500f + overkill, lastHitPosition, 50f);
    /// <summary>
    /// Sets all ragdoll bones to match dying unit bones rotation and position
    private static void MatchAllChildTransforms(Transform sourceRoot, Transform targetRoot)
        var stack = new Stack<(Transform sourceBone, Transform targetBone)>();
        stack.Push((sourceRoot, targetRoot));
        while (stack.Count > 0)
            var (currentSourceBone, currentTargetBone) = stack.Pop();
            currentTargetBone.SetPositionAndRotation(currentSourceBone.position, currentSourceBone.rotation);
            if (currentSourceBone.childCount == currentTargetBone.childCount)
                for (int i = 0; i < currentSourceBone.childCount; i++)</pre>
                    stack.Push((currentSourceBone.GetChild(i), currentTargetBone.GetChild(i)));
    private void ApplyPushForceToRagdoll(Transform root, float pushForce, Vector3 pushPosition, float PushRange)
        foreach (Transform child in root)
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitRagdoll/UnitRagdollSpawn.cs

```
using System;
using UnityEngine;
[RequireComponent(typeof(HealthSystem))]
public class UnitRagdollSpawn : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private Transform ragdollPrefab;
    [SerializeField] private Transform orginalRagdollRootBone;
    public Transform OriginalRagdollRootBone => orginalRagdollRootBone;
    private HealthSystem healthSystem;
    // To prevent multiple spawns
    private bool spawned;
    private void Awake()
        healthSystem = GetComponent<HealthSystem>();
        healthSystem.OnDead += HealthSystem_OnDied;
    private void OnDisable()
        healthSystem.OnDead -= HealthSystem_OnDied;
    private void HealthSystem OnDied(object sender, EventArgs e)
        if (spawned) return;
        spawned = true;
        Vector3 lastHitPosition = healthSystem.LastHitPosition;
        int overkill = healthSystem.Overkill;
        var ni = GetComponentInParent<Mirror.NetworkIdentity>();
        uint id = ni ? ni.netId : 0;
        NetworkSync.SpawnRagdoll(
            ragdollPrefab.gameObject,
            transform.position,
            transform.rotation,
            orginalRagdollRootBone,
            lastHitPosition,
            overkill);
        healthSystem.OnDead -= HealthSystem OnDied;
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitsControlUI/TurnSystemUI.cs

```
using System;
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.UI;
using TMPro;
using Utp;
///<sumary>
/// TurnSystemUI manages the turn system user interface.
/// It handles both singleplayer and multiplayer modes.
/// In multiplayer, it interacts with PlayerController to manage turn ending.
/// It also updates UI elements based on the current turn state.
///</sumary>
public class TurnSystemUI : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private Button endTurnButton;
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshProUGUI turnNumberText;
                                                                        // (valinnainen, käytä SP:ssä)
    [SerializeField] private GameObject enemyTurnVisualGameObject;
                                                                        // (valinnainen, käytä SP:ssä)
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshProUGUI playerReadyText;
                                                                       // (Online)
    bool isCoop;
    private PlayerController localPlayerController;
    void Start()
        isCoop = GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp;
        // kiinnitä handler tasan kerran
        if (endTurnButton != null)
            endTurnButton.onClick.RemoveAllListeners();
            endTurnButton.onClick.AddListener(OnEndTurnClicked);
        if (isCoop)
            // Co-opissa nappi on DISABLED kunnes serveri kertoo että saa toimia
            TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged += TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged;
            SetCanAct(false);
        else
            // Singleplayerissa kuuntele vuoron vaihtumista
            if (TurnSystem.Instance != null)
                TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged += TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged;
                UpdateForSingleplayer();
        if (playerReadyText) playerReadyText.gameObject.SetActive(false);
```

```
void OnDisable()
   TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged -= TurnSystem OnTurnChanged;
// ===== julkinen kutsu PlayerController.TargetNotifyCanAct:ista =====
public void SetCanAct(bool canAct)
   if (endTurnButton == null) return;
   endTurnButton.onClick.RemoveListener(OnEndTurnClicked);
   if (canAct) endTurnButton.onClick.AddListener(OnEndTurnClicked);
   endTurnButton.gameObject.SetActive(canAct); // jos haluat pitää aina näkyvissä, vaihda SetActive(true)
   endTurnButton.interactable = canAct;
// ===== nappi =====
private void OnEndTurnClicked()
   // Päättele co-op -tila tilannekohtaisesti (ei SelectedMode)
   bool isOnline =
       NetTurnManager.Instance != null &&
        (GameNetworkManager.Instance.GetNetWorkServerActive() || GameNetworkManager.Instance.GetNetWorkClientConnected());
   if (!isOnline)
       if (TurnSystem.Instance != null)
           TurnSystem.Instance.NextTurn();
        else
           Debug.LogWarning("[UI] TurnSystem.Instance is null");
        return;
   CacheLocalPlayerController();
   if (localPlayerController == null)
       Debug.LogWarning("[UI] Local PlayerController not found");
        return:
   // Istantly lock input
   if (UnitActionSystem.Instance != null)
       UnitActionSystem.Instance.LockInput();
   // Prevent double clicks
   SetCanAct(false);
```

```
// Lähetä serverille
    localPlayerController.ClickEndTurn();
    //Päivitä player ready hud
private void CacheLocalPlayerController()
    if (localPlayerController != null) return;
    // 1) Varmista helpoimman kautta
    if (PlayerController.Local != null)
        localPlayerController = PlayerController.Local;
        return;
    // 2) Fallback: Mirrorin client-yhteyden identity
    var conn = GameNetworkManager.Instance != null
        ? GameNetworkManager.Instance.NetWorkClientConnection()
        : null;
    if (conn != null && conn.identity != null)
        localPlayerController = conn.identity.GetComponent<PlayerController>();
        if (localPlayerController != null) return;
    // 3) Viimeinen oljenkorsi: etsi skenestä local-pelaaja
    var pcs = FindObjectsByType<PlayerController>(FindObjectsSortMode.InstanceID);
    foreach (var pc in pcs)
        if (pc.isLocalPlayer) { localPlayerController = pc; break; }
// ===== singleplayer UI (valinnainen) ======
private void TurnSystem OnTurnChanged(object s, EventArgs e) => UpdateForSingleplayer();
private void UpdateForSingleplayer()
    if (turnNumberText != null)
        turnNumberText.text = "Turn: " + TurnSystem.Instance.GetTurnNumber();
    if (enemyTurnVisualGameObject != null)
        enemyTurnVisualGameObject.SetActive(!TurnSystem.Instance.IsPlayerTurn());
    if (endTurnButton != null)
        endTurnButton.gameObject.SetActive(TurnSystem.Instance.IsPlayerTurn());
}
```

```
// Kutsutaan verkosta
public void SetTeammateReady(bool visible, string whoLabel = null)
{
    if (!playerReadyText) return;
    if (visible)
    {
        playerReadyText.text = $"{whoLabel} READY";
        playerReadyText.gameObject.SetActive(true);
    }
    else
    {
        playerReadyText.gameObject.SetActive(false);
    }
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitsControlUI/UnitActionBusyUI.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
        This class is responsible for displaying the busy UI when the unit action system is busy
/// </summary>
public class UnitActionBusyUI : MonoBehaviour
    private void Start()
       // UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnBusyChanged += UnitActionSystem OnBusyChanged;
        Hide();
    void OnEnable()
        UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnBusyChanged += UnitActionSystem OnBusyChanged;
    void OnDisable()
        UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnBusyChanged -= UnitActionSystem_OnBusyChanged;
    private void Show()
        gameObject.SetActive(true);
    private void Hide()
        gameObject.SetActive(false);
    /// <summary>
            This method is called when the unit action system is busy or not busy
    /// </summary>
    private void UnitActionSystem_OnBusyChanged(object sender, bool isBusy)
        if (isBusy)
            Show();
        else
            Hide();
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitsControlUI/UnitActionButtonUI.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.UI;
using TMPro;
/// <summary>
        This class is responsible for displaying the action button TXT in the UI
/// </summary>
public class UnitActionButtonUI : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshProUGUI textMeshPro;
    [SerializeField] private Button actionButton;
    [SerializeField] private GameObject actionButtonSelectedVisual;
    private BaseAction baseAction;
    public void SetBaseAction(BaseAction baseAction)
        this.baseAction = baseAction;
        textMeshPro.text = baseAction.GetActionName().ToUpper();
        actionButton.onClick.AddListener(() =>
            UnitActionSystem.Instance.SetSelectedAction(baseAction);
        } );
    }
    public void UpdateSelectedVisual()
        BaseAction selectedbaseAction = UnitActionSystem.Instance.GetSelectedAction();
        actionButtonSelectedVisual.SetActive(selectedbaseAction == baseAction);
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitsControlUI/UnitActionSystemUI.cs

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
using TMPro;
/// <summary>
        This class is responsible for displaying the action buttons for the selected unit in the UI.
///
        It creates and destroys action buttons based on the selected unit's actions.
/// </summary>
public class UnitActionSystemUI : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private Transform actionButtonPrefab;
    [SerializeField] private Transform actionButtonContainerTransform;
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshProUGUI actionPointsText;
    private List<UnitActionButtonUI> actionButtonUIList;
    private void Awake()
        actionButtonUIList = new List<UnitActionButtonUI>();
    private void Start()
        if (UnitActionSystem.Instance != null)
            UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnSelectedUnitChanged += UnitActionSystem OnSelectedUnitChanged;
            UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnSelectedActionChanged += UnitActionSystem OnSelectedActionChanged;
            UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnActionStarted += UnitActionSystem OnActionStarted;
         else
            Debug.Log("UnitActionSystem instance found.");
        if (TurnSystem.Instance != null)
            TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged += TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged;
         else
            Debug.Log("TurnSystem instance not found.");
        Unit.OnAnyActionPointsChanged += Unit_OnAnyActionPointsChanged;
   }
    void OnDisable()
        UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnSelectedUnitChanged -= UnitActionSystem OnSelectedUnitChanged;
```

```
UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnSelectedActionChanged -= UnitActionSystem OnSelectedActionChanged;
    UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnActionStarted -= UnitActionSystem OnActionStarted;
    TurnSystem.Instance.OnTurnChanged -= TurnSystem OnTurnChanged;
    Unit.OnAnyActionPointsChanged -= Unit OnAnyActionPointsChanged;
private void CreateUnitActionButtons()
    Unit selectedUnit = UnitActionSystem.Instance.GetSelectedUnit();
    if (selectedUnit == null)
        Debug.Log("No selected unit found.");
        return;
    actionButtonUIList.Clear();
    foreach (BaseAction baseAction in selectedUnit.GetBaseActionsArray())
        Transform actionButtonTransform = Instantiate(actionButtonPrefab, actionButtonContainerTransform);
        UnitActionButtonUI actionButtonUI = actionButtonTransform.GetComponent<UnitActionButtonUI>();
        actionButtonUI.SetBaseAction(baseAction);
        actionButtonUIList.Add(actionButtonUI);
}
private void DestroyActionButtons()
    foreach (Transform child in actionButtonContainerTransform)
        Destroy(child.gameObject);
private void UnitActionSystem_OnSelectedUnitChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    DestroyActionButtons();
    CreateUnitActionButtons();
    UpdateSelectedVisual();
    UpdateActionPointsVisual();
}
private void UnitActionSystem_OnSelectedActionChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    UpdateSelectedVisual();
}
private void UnitActionSystem_OnActionStarted(object sender, EventArgs e)
    UpdateActionPointsVisual();
```

```
private void UpdateSelectedVisual()
    foreach (UnitActionButtonUI actionButtonUI in actionButtonUIList)
        actionButtonUI.UpdateSelectedVisual();
private void UpdateActionPointsVisual()
    // Jos tekstiä ei ole kytketty Inspectorissa, poistu siististi
    if (actionPointsText == null) return;
    // Jos järjestelmä ei ole vielä valmis, näytä viiva
    if (UnitActionSystem.Instance == null)
        actionPointsText.text = "Action Points: -";
    Unit selectedUnit = UnitActionSystem.Instance.GetSelectedUnit();
    if (selectedUnit == null)
        actionPointsText.text = "Action Points: -";
        return;
    actionPointsText.text = "Action Points: " + selectedUnit.GetActionPoints();
}
/// <summary>
        This method is called when the turn changes. It resets the action points UI to the maximum value.
/// </summary>
private void TurnSystem_OnTurnChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
   UpdateActionPointsVisual();
/// <summary>
        This method is called when the action points of any unit change. It updates the action points UI.
/// </summary>
private void Unit_OnAnyActionPointsChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    UpdateActionPointsVisual();
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitSelectedVisual.cs

```
using System;
using UnityEngine;
/// <summary>
/// This class is responsible for displaying a visual indicator when a unit is selected in the game.
/// It uses a MeshRenderer component to show or hide the visual representation of the selected unit.
/// </summary>
public class UnitSelectedVisual : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private Unit unit;
    [SerializeField] private MeshRenderer meshRenderer;
    private void Awake()
        if (!meshRenderer) meshRenderer = GetComponentInChildren<MeshRenderer>(true);
        if (meshRenderer) meshRenderer.enabled = false;
    private void Start()
        if (UnitActionSystem.Instance != null)
            UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnSelectedUnitChanged += UnitActionSystem OnSelectedUnitChanged;
            UpdateVisual();
        */
    void OnEnable()
        if (UnitActionSystem.Instance != null)
            UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnSelectedUnitChanged += UnitActionSystem OnSelectedUnitChanged;
            UpdateVisual();
    void OnDisable()
        if (UnitActionSystem.Instance != null)
            UnitActionSystem.Instance.OnSelectedUnitChanged -= UnitActionSystem_OnSelectedUnitChanged;
            UpdateVisual();
    private void OnDestroy()
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitStatsUI/UnitUIBroadcaster.cs

```
using Mirror;
public class UnitUIBroadcaster : NetworkBehaviour
    public static UnitUIBroadcaster Instance { get; private set; }
    void Awake() { if (Instance == null) Instance = this; }
    // Tätä saa kutsua vain serveri (hostin serveripuoli)
    public void BroadcastUnitWorldUIVisibility(bool allready)
        if (!NetworkServer.active) return;
        // käy kaikki serverillä tunnetut unitit läpi
        foreach (var kvp in NetworkServer.spawned)
            var unit = kvp.Value.GetComponent<Unit>();
            if (!unit) continue;
            // serveri voi laskea logiikan: pitääkö tämän unitin AP näkyä
            bool visible = ShouldBeVisible(unit, allready);
            // lähetä client-puolelle että tämän unitin UI asetetaan
            RpcSetUnitUIVisibility(unit.netId, visible);
    // Tätä kutsuu serveri, suoritetaan kaikilla clienteillä
    [ClientRpc]
    private void RpcSetUnitUIVisibility(uint unitId, bool visible)
        if (NetworkClient.spawned.TryGetValue(unitId, out var ni) && ni != null)
            var ui = ni.GetComponentInChildren<UnitWorldUI>();
            if (ui != null) ui.SetVisible(visible);
    // serverilogiikka omistajan perusteella
    [Server]
    private bool ShouldBeVisible(Unit unit, bool allready)
        // Kaikki pelaajat ovat valmiina joten näytetään vain vihollisen AP pisteeet.
        if (allready)
            return unit.IsEnemy();
        // Co-Op
        bool playersPhase = TurnSystem.Instance.IsPlayerTurn();
```

```
bool ownerEnded = false;
if (unit.OwnerId != 0 &&
    NetworkServer.spawned.TryGetValue(unit.OwnerId, out var ownerIdentity) &&
    ownerIdentity != null)
{
    var pc = ownerIdentity.GetComponent<PlayerController>();
    if (pc != null) ownerEnded = pc.hasEndedThisTurn;
}

// 2) Päätä näkyvyys
if (playersPhase)
{
    // Pelaajavaihe: näytä kaikki ei-viholliset, joiden omistaja EI ole lopettanut
    return !unit.IsEnemy() && !ownerEnded;
}
else
{
    // Vihollisvaihe: näytä vain viholliset
    return unit.IsEnemy();
}
}
}
```

Assets/scripts/Units/UnitStatsUI/UnitWorldUI.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using TMPro;
using System;
using UnityEngine.UI;
using Mirror;
/// <summary>
/// Displays world-space UI for a single unit, including action points and health bar.
/// Reacts to turn events and ownership rules to show or hide UI visibility
/// </summary>
public class UnitWorldUI : MonoBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private TextMeshProUGUI actionPointsText;
    [SerializeField] private Unit unit;
    [SerializeField] private Image healthBarImage;
    [SerializeField] private HealthSystem healthSystem;
    [SerializeField] private Image personalCoverBarImage;
    /// <summary>
    /// Reference to the unit this UI belongs to.
    /// Which object's visibility do we want to change?
    /// </summarv>
    [Header("Visibility")]
    [SerializeField] private GameObject actionPointsRoot;
    /// <summary>
    /// Cached network identity for ownership.
    /// </summary>
    private NetworkIdentity unitIdentity;
    // --- NEW: tiny static registry for ready owners (co-op only) ---
   // private static readonly HashSet<uint> s readyOwners = new();
  // public static bool HasOwnerEnded(uint ownerId) => s readyOwners.Contains(ownerId);
    private void Awake()
        unitIdentity = unit ? unit.GetComponent<NetworkIdentity>() : GetComponentInParent<NetworkIdentity>();
    private void Start()
        Unit.OnAnyActionPointsChanged += Unit OnAnyActionPointsChanged;
        healthSystem.OnDamaged += HealthSystem OnDamaged;
        unit.OnCoverPoolChanged += Unit OnCoverPoolChanged;
        UpdateActionPointsText();
```

```
UpdateHealthBarUI();
    Unit OnCoverPoolChanged(unit.GetPersonalCover(), unit.GetPersonalCoverMax());
    // Co-opissa. Ei paikallista seurantaa. Ainoastaan alku asettelu
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp)
        if (unit.IsEnemy())
            actionPointsRoot.SetActive(false);
        return;
    PlayerLocalTurnGate_LocalPlayerTurnChanged += PlayerLocalTurnGate_LocalPlayerTurnChanged;
    PlayerLocalTurnGate LocalPlayerTurnChanged(PlayerLocalTurnGate.LocalPlayerTurn);
}
private void OnDisable()
    Unit.OnAnyActionPointsChanged -= Unit OnAnyActionPointsChanged;
    healthSystem.OnDamaged -= HealthSystem_OnDamaged;
    PlayerLocalTurnGate.LocalPlayerTurnChanged -= PlayerLocalTurnGate LocalPlayerTurnChanged;
    unit.OnCoverPoolChanged -= Unit_OnCoverPoolChanged;
private void OnDestroy()
    Unit.OnAnyActionPointsChanged -= Unit OnAnyActionPointsChanged;
    healthSystem.OnDamaged -= HealthSystem OnDamaged;
    PlayerLocalTurnGate.LocalPlayerTurnChanged -= PlayerLocalTurnGate LocalPlayerTurnChanged;
    unit.OnCoverPoolChanged -= Unit_OnCoverPoolChanged;
private void UpdateActionPointsText()
    actionPointsText.text = unit.GetActionPoints().ToString();
private void Unit_OnAnyActionPointsChanged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    UpdateActionPointsText();
private void UpdateCoverBarUI()
    personalCoverBarImage.fillAmount = unit.GetCoverNormalized();
```

```
private void Unit_OnCoverPoolChanged(int current, int max)
   UpdateCoverBarUI();
private void UpdateHealthBarUI()
   healthBarImage.fillAmount = healthSystem.GetHealthNormalized();
/// <summary>
/// Event handler: refreshes the health bar UI when this unit takes damage.
/// </summary>
private void HealthSystem_OnDamaged(object sender, EventArgs e)
    UpdateHealthBarUI();
/// <summary>
/// SinglePlayer/Versus: paikallinen turn-gate. Co-opissa ei käytetä.
/// </summary>
private void PlayerLocalTurnGate_LocalPlayerTurnChanged(bool canAct)
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.CoOp) return; // Co-op: näkyvyys tulee RPC:stä
   if (!this || !gameObject) return;
    bool showAp;
    if (GameModeManager.SelectedMode == GameMode.SinglePlayer)
        showAp = canAct ? !unit.IsEnemy() : unit.IsEnemy();
    else // Versus
        bool unitIsMine = unitIdentity && unitIdentity.isOwned;
        showAp = (canAct && unitIsMine) || (!canAct && !unitIsMine);
    actionPointsRoot.SetActive(showAp);
public void SetVisible(bool visible)
    actionPointsRoot.SetActive(visible);
```

Assets/scripts/Weapons/BulletProjectile.cs

```
using Mirror;
using UnityEngine;
public class BulletProjectile : NetworkBehaviour
    [SerializeField] private TrailRenderer trailRenderer;
    [SerializeField] private Transform bulletHitVfxPrefab;
    [SyncVar] private Vector3 targetPosition;
    public void Setup(Vector3 targetPosition)
        this.targetPosition = targetPosition;
    public override void OnStartClient()
        base.OnStartClient();
        if (trailRenderer && !trailRenderer.emitting) trailRenderer.emitting = true;
    private void Update()
        Vector3 moveDirection = (targetPosition - transform.position).normalized;
        float distanceBeforeMoving = Vector3.Distance(transform.position, targetPosition);
        float moveSpeed = 200f; // Adjust the speed as needed
        transform.position += moveSpeed * Time.deltaTime * moveDirection;
        float distanceAfterMoving = Vector3.Distance(transform.position, targetPosition);
            // Check if we've reached or passed the target position
        if (distanceBeforeMoving < distanceAfterMoving)</pre>
            transform.position = targetPosition;
            if (trailRenderer) trailRenderer.transform.parent = null;
            if (bulletHitVfxPrefab)
                Instantiate(bulletHitVfxPrefab, targetPosition, Quaternion.identity);
            // Network-aware destruction
            if (isServer) NetworkServer.Destroy(gameObject);
            else Destroy(gameObject);
```

.

Assets/scripts/Weapons/GranadeProjectile.cs

```
using System;
using UnityEngine;
using Mirror;
using System.Collections;
public class GrenadeProjectile : NetworkBehaviour
    public static event EventHandler OnAnyGranadeExploded;
    [SerializeField] private Transform granadeExplodeVFXPrefab;
    [SerializeField] private float damageRadius = 4f;
    [SerializeField] private int damage = 30;
    [SerializeField] private float moveSpeed = 15f;
    [SerializeField] private AnimationCurve arcYAnimationCurve;
    [SyncVar(hook = nameof(OnTargetChanged))] private Vector3 targetPosition;
    private float totalDistance;
    private Vector3 positionXZ;
    private const float MIN DIST = 0.01f;
    private bool isExploded = false;
    private bool ready;
    public override void OnStartClient()
        base.OnStartClient();
    public void Setup(Vector3 targetWorld)
        var groundTarget = SnapToGround(targetWorld);
        // Aseta SyncVar, hook kutsutaan kaikilla (server + clientit)
        targetPosition = groundTarget;
        RecomputeDerived(); // varmistetaan serverillä heti
        _ready = true;
    private Vector3 SnapToGround(Vector3 worldXZ)
        return new Vector3(worldXZ.x, 0f, worldXZ.z);
    void OnTargetChanged(Vector3 _old, Vector3 _new)
        // Kun SyncVar saapuu clientille, laske johdetut kentät sielläkin
        RecomputeDerived();
        _ready = true;
```

```
private void RecomputeDerived()
   positionXZ = transform.position;
   positionXZ.y = 0f;
   totalDistance = Vector3.Distance(positionXZ, targetPosition);
   if (totalDistance < MIN DIST) totalDistance = MIN DIST; // suoja nollaa vastaan
private void Update()
   if (! ready || isExploded) return;
   Vector3 moveDir = targetPosition - positionXZ;
   if (moveDir.sqrMagnitude < 1e-6f) moveDir = Vector3.forward; // varadir, ettei normalized → NaN
   moveDir.Normalize();
   positionXZ += moveSpeed * Time.deltaTime * moveDir;
   float distance = Vector3.Distance(positionXZ, targetPosition);
   if (totalDistance < 1e-6f) totalDistance = 0.01f;</pre>
   float distanceNormalized = 1f - (distance / totalDistance);
   distanceNormalized = Mathf.Clamp01(distanceNormalized);
   float maxHeight = totalDistance / 4f;
   float positionY = arcYAnimationCurve != null
       ? arcYAnimationCurve.Evaluate(distanceNormalized) * maxHeight
       : 0f;
   if (float.IsNaN(positionY)) positionY = 0f;
                                                               // viimeinen pelastus
   transform.position = new Vector3(positionXZ.x, positionY, positionXZ.z);
   float reachedTargetDistance = .2f;
   if ((Vector3.Distance(positionXZ, targetPosition) < reachedTargetDistance) && !isExploded)</pre>
       isExploded = true;
       Collider[] colliderArray = Physics.OverlapSphere(targetPosition, damageRadius);
           foreach (Collider collider in colliderArray)
               if (collider.TryGetComponent<Unit>(out Unit targetUnit))
                   NetworkSync.ApplyDamageToUnit(targetUnit, damage, targetPosition);
               if (collider.TryGetComponent<DestructibleObject>(out DestructibleObject targetObject))
                    NetworkSync.ApplyDamageToObject(targetObject, damage, targetPosition);
```

```
// Screen Shake
       OnAnyGranadeExploded?.Invoke(this, EventArgs.Empty);
       // Explode VFX
       Instantiate(granadeExplodeVFXPrefab, targetPosition + Vector3.up * 1f, Quaternion.identity);
       if (!NetworkServer.active)
           Destroy(gameObject);
            return;
       // Online: Hide Granade before destroy it, so that client have time to create own explode VFX from orginal Granade pose.
       SetSoftHiddenLocal(true);
        RpcSetSoftHidden(true);
       StartCoroutine(DestroyAfter(0.30f));
private IEnumerator DestroyAfter(float seconds)
   yield return new WaitForSeconds(seconds);
   NetworkServer.Destroy(gameObject);
[ClientRpc]
private void RpcSetSoftHidden(bool hidden)
   SetSoftHiddenLocal(hidden);
private void SetSoftHiddenLocal(bool hidden)
   foreach (var r in GetComponentsInChildren<Renderer>())
       r.enabled = !hidden;
```

Assets/scripts/Weapons/ShootingResolver.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
public struct ShotResult {
    public ShotTier tier;
                                // paljonko "vahinkoa" tämä laukaus tuottaa
    public int damage;
    public bool bypassCover; // true = suoraan Healthiin (Crit)
    public bool coverOnly;
                                // true = vain cover-pooliin (Miss/Graze)
public static class ShootingResolver
    public static RangeBand GetBand(float dist, WeaponDefinition w)
        if (dist <= 1.2f) return RangeBand.Melee:</pre>
        if (dist <= w.closeMax) return RangeBand.Close;</pre>
        if (dist <= w.mediumMax) return RangeBand.Medium;</pre>
        if (dist <= w.longMax) return RangeBand.Long;</pre>
        return RangeBand.Extreme;
   }
    public static int BaseAcc(RangeBand b, WeaponDefinition w) => b switch
        RangeBand.Melee => w.meleeAcc,
        RangeBand.Close => w.closeAcc.
        RangeBand.Medium => w.mediumAcc,
        RangeBand.Long => w.longAcc,
        _ => w.extremeAcc
    };
    public static int CritStart(RangeBand b, WeaponDefinition w) => b switch
        RangeBand.Melee => w.critStartMelee,
        RangeBand.Close => w.critStartClose,
        RangeBand.Medium => w.critStartMedium,
        RangeBand.Long => w.critStartLong,
        _ => w.critStartExtreme
    };
    // Palauttaa myös käytetyn cover-penaltin (UI:lle, debugiin).
    public static ShotResult Resolve(Unit attacker, Unit target, WeaponDefinition w)
        // etäisyys & band
        Vector3 a = attacker.GetWorldPosition();
        Vector3 t = target.GetWorldPosition();
        float dist = Vector3.Distance(a, t);
        var band = GetBand(dist, w);
        // lähtötarkkuus
        int acc = BaseAcc(band, w);
```

```
// skillibonus
// var arch = attacker ? attacker.GetComponent<Unit>()?.GetComponent<Unit>() : null; // ei tarvita, käytä suoraan:
// var atArch = attacker != null ? attacker.archetype : null;// jos säilytät viitteen julkisesti, käytä attacker.archetype
// int skill = attacker.GetComponent<Unit>().isServer ? 0 : 0: // älä näin - käytä suoraan attacker.archetype
// var atkArch = attacker.GetComponent<Unit>().GetComponent<UnitArchetype>(); // jos ei ole helposti käsillä, lisää Unitille getter archetypeen
int skillBonus = (attacker as Unit)?.archetype != null
   ? (attacker as Unit).archetype.shootingSkillLevel * (attacker as Unit).archetype.accuracyBonusPerSkillLevel
    : 0;
acc += skillBonus;
// cover-penalty suunnasta
var targetGridPosition = target.GetGridPosition();
var node = PathFinding.Instance.GetNode(targetGridPosition.x. targetGridPosition.z. targetGridPosition.floor);
var ct = CoverService.EvaluateCoverHalfPlane(attacker.GetGridPosition(), target.GetGridPosition(), node);
int coverPenaltv = 0:
if ((attacker as Unit)?.archetype != null)
    var archA = (attacker as Unit).archetype;
    coverPenalty = ct == CoverService.CoverType.High ? archA.highCoverPenalty :
                   ct == CoverService.CoverType.Low ? archA.lowCoverPenalty : 0;
acc -= coverPenalty;
// rajaa 0..100 ja heitto
acc = Mathf.Clamp(acc, 0, 100):
int roll = UnityEngine.Random.Range(1, 101);
// määritä tier kynnysten mukaan
int critStart = CritStart(band, w);
                                          // esim. 80-90
int hitStart = Mathf.Max(35, acc - 15); // pehmeä siirtymä: mitä parempi acc, sitä alempaa alkaa "Hit"
int grazeStart = Mathf.Max(15, acc / 2); // pienikin acc antaa mahdollisuuden grazeen
ShotTier tier:
if (roll > Mathf.Max(critStart, acc + 5)) tier = ShotTier.Crit;
                                                                 // pieni "over-roll" mahdollistaa critin
else if (roll > hitStart) tier = ShotTier.Hit;
else if (roll > grazeStart) tier = ShotTier.Graze;
else if (roll > 10) tier = ShotTier.Miss;
else tier = ShotTier.CritMiss;
// rakenna tulos
var res = new ShotResult { tier = tier };
switch (tier)
    case ShotTier.CritMiss:
        res.damage = 0;
        res.coverOnly = false; // ei mitään vaikutusta
        res.bypassCover = false;
        break;
    case ShotTier.Miss:
```

```
res.damage = Mathf.RoundToInt(w.baseDamage * w.missChipFactor);
                res.coverOnly = true; // vaikuttaa vain cover-pooliin
                res.bypassCover = false;
                break:
            case ShotTier.Graze:
                res.damage = Mathf.RoundToInt(w.baseDamage * w.grazeFactor);
                res.coverOnly = true; // vain cover-pooliin
                res.bypassCover = false;
                break;
            case ShotTier.Hit:
                res.damage = w.baseDamage;
                res.coverOnly = false; // normaali pipeline (ensin cover-mitigation, sitten personal cover, ylijäämä healthiin)
                res.bypassCover = false;
                break:
            case ShotTier.Crit:
                res.damage = w.baseDamage + w.critBonusDamage;
                res.coverOnly = false;
                res.bypassCover = true; // ohita cover completely (suoraan healthiin)
                break:
//#if UNITY_EDITOR
            DebugShot(attacker, target, w, band, acc, roll, res);
//#endif
        return res;
//#if UNITY EDITOR
    private static void DebugShot(Unit attacker, Unit target, WeaponDefinition w, RangeBand band, int acc, int roll, ShotResult result)
        string txt =
            $"<b>{attacker.name}</b> → <b>{target.name}</b>\n" +
           $"Weapon: {w.name}\n" +
            $"Range: {band} | Roll: {roll}\n" +
            $"Accuracy: {acc}% | Result: <color={(result.tier==ShotTier.Crit ? "lime" : result.tier==ShotTier.Hit ? "cyan" : result.tier==ShotTier.Graze ? "yellow" : "red")}
>{result.tier}</color>\n" +
            $"Damage: {result.damage} | " +
            $"{(result.bypassCover ? "Bypass Cover" : result.coverOnly ? "Cover Only" : "Normal")}";
        // Tulostaa konsoliin
        Debug.Log(txt);
        // Näyttää tekstin maailmassa (Scene/Game näkymässä)
        Vector3 pos = target.transform.position + Vector3.up * 2.0f;
        //UnityEditor.Handles.Label(pos, txt.Replace("<b>", "").Replace("</b>", ""));
   }
//#endif
```

RogueSh	nooter – A	II Scripts
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Assets/scripts/Weapons/WeaponDefinition.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
public enum RangeBand { Melee, Close, Medium, Long, Extreme }
public enum ShotTier { CritMiss, Miss, Graze, Hit, Crit }
[CreateAssetMenu(menuName="RogueShooter/Weapon")]
public class WeaponDefinition : ScriptableObject
    [Header("Base damage")]
    public int baseDamage = 10;
    public int critBonusDamage = 8;
    public float grazeFactor = 0.4f; // 40% damagesta
    public float missChipFactor = 0.2f; // 20% damagesta (vain coveriin)
    [Header("Optimal ranges (world units)")]
    public float closeMax = 4f;
    public float mediumMax = 9f;
    public float longMax = 15f;
    [Header("Hit chance baseline by band (% before skill/cover)")]
    public int meleeAcc = 95;
    public int closeAcc = 80;
    public int mediumAcc = 65;
    public int longAcc = 45;
    public int extremeAcc = 25;
    [Header("Crit thresholds by band (bonus tunning)")]
    public int critStartMelee = 90;
    public int critStartClose = 85;
    public int critStartMedium = 80;
    public int critStartLong = 70;
    public int critStartExtreme = 60;
```