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PRN: 22070521021 | Practical 2: Data preprocessing and cleaning

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
from scipy.stats import zscore
# ---- Load Boston Housing from CMU URL ---
data_url = "http://lib.stat.cmu.edu/datasets/boston"
raw_df = pd.read_csv(data_url, sep="\s+", skiprows=22, header=None)
# Data wrangling: the dataset is split oddly across rows
X = np.hstack([raw_df.values[::2, :], raw_df.values[1::2, :2]])
y = raw_df.values[1::2, 2]
# Convert to DataFrame
feature_names = [
    "CRIM", "ZN", "INDUS", "CHAS", "NOX", "RM", "AGE",
    "DIS", "RAD", "TAX", "PTRATIO", "B", "LSTAT"
X = pd.DataFrame(X, columns=feature_names)
y = pd.Series(y, name="MEDV")
Х
₹
             CRIM
                     ZN INDUS CHAS
                                       NOX
                                               RM AGE
                                                           DIS RAD
                                                                      TAX PTRATIO
                                                                                         B LSTAT
                                                                                                     \blacksquare
           0.00632 18.0
                          2.31
                                 0.0 0.538 6.575 65.2 4.0900
                                                                1.0 296.0
                                                                               15.3 396.90
                                                                                              4.98
                                                                                                     П
       1
           0.02731
                    0.0
                          7.07
                                 0.0 0.469 6.421 78.9 4.9671 2.0 242.0
                                                                               17.8 396.90
                                                                                              9.14
           0.02729
                    0.0
                          7.07
                                 0.0 0.469 7.185 61.1 4.9671
                                                                2.0 242.0
                                                                               17.8 392.83
                                                                                              4.03
       3
           0.03237
                    0.0
                          2.18
                                 0.0 0.458 6.998 45.8 6.0622 3.0 222.0
                                                                               18.7 394.63
                                                                                             2.94
           0.06905
                                 0.0 0.458 7.147 54.2 6.0622 3.0 222.0
                                                                               18.7 396.90
       4
                    0.0
                          2.18
                                                                                             5.33
      501 0.06263
                                 0.0 0.573 6.593 69.1 2.4786 1.0 273.0
                                                                               21.0 391.99
                                                                                             9.67
                    0.0
                         11.93
      502 0.04527
                    0.0
                         11.93
                                 0.0 0.573 6.120 76.7 2.2875
                                                               1.0 273.0
                                                                               21.0 396.90
                                                                                             9.08
      503 0.06076
                    0.0
                         11.93
                                 0.0 \quad 0.573 \quad 6.976 \quad 91.0 \quad 2.1675
                                                               1.0 273.0
                                                                               21.0 396.90
                                                                                             5.64
                                                                               21.0 393.45
      504 0.10959
                    0.0
                         11.93
                                 0.0 0.573 6.794 89.3 2.3889 1.0 273.0
                                                                                             6.48
      505 0.04741
                    0.0
                         11.93
                                 0.0 0.573 6.030 80.8 2.5050
                                                               1.0 273.0
                                                                               21.0 396.90
                                                                                             7.88
     506 rows × 13 columns
 Next steps: ( Generate code with X )
                                  View recommended plots
                                                                New interactive sheet
# Step 1: Handle Missing Values
# Introduce some artificial missing values (since Boston Housing usually has none)
X.iloc[0:5, 0] = np.nan
# We use **imputation (mean)** instead of deletion (loses data) or prediction (complex)
imputer = SimpleImputer(strategy="mean")
X = pd.DataFrame(imputer.fit_transform(X), columns=X.columns)
# Step 2: Handle Outliers
# Outlier detection in "MEDV" target (house prices)
# We will use **removal** method (drop rows with Z-score > 3)
z_scores = np.abs(zscore(X))
X = X[(z\_scores < 3).all(axis=1)]
y = y.loc[X.index]
# Step 3: Encoding categorical data
# Boston has one categorical feature: "CHAS" (Charles River dummy variable: 0 or 1)
# Since it's binary, we'll use **Label Encoding** (OneHot not needed)
# But for multi-class, OneHot would be used
# Already encoded as 0/1, so nothing more needed
```

```
# Step 4: Feature Scaling
# We'll use **Z-score normalization (StandardScaler)**
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = pd.DataFrame(scaler.fit_transform(X), columns=X.columns)
print("Final cleaned and preprocessed dataset shape:", X_scaled.shape)
print()
X_scaled
```

Final cleaned and preprocessed dataset shape: (415, 13)

	CRIM	ZN	INDUS	CHAS	NOX	RM	AGE	DIS	RAD	TAX	PTRATIO	В	LST
0	0.236041	0.427278	-1.254663	0.0	-0.083120	0.503296	-0.077906	0.120954	-0.938612	-0.607776	-1.483794	0.439914	-1.1282
1	0.236041	-0.488581	-0.553675	0.0	-0.708718	0.251194	0.410713	0.567909	-0.816465	-0.943176	-0.312853	0.439914	-0.4849
2	0.236041	-0.488581	-0.553675	0.0	-0.708718	1.501880	-0.224135	0.567909	-0.816465	-0.943176	-0.312853	0.360916	-1.2751
3	0.236041	-0.488581	-1.273808	0.0	-0.808451	1.195757	-0.769819	1.125951	-0.694319	-1.067398	0.108686	0.395854	-1.4436
4	0.236041	-0.488581	-1.273808	0.0	-0.808451	1.439673	-0.470228	1.125951	-0.694319	-1.067398	0.108686	0.439914	-1.0740
	***		***					***					
410	-0.498068	-0.488581	0.162039	0.0	0.234212	0.532762	0.061190	-0.700185	-0.938612	-0.750631	1.185952	0.344612	-0.4029
411	-0.501621	-0.488581	0.162039	0.0	0.234212	-0.241550	0.332249	-0.797567	-0.938612	-0.750631	1.185952	0.439914	-0.4942
412	-0.498451	-0.488581	0.162039	0.0	0.234212	1.159742	0.842267	-0.858716	-0.938612	-0.750631	1.185952	0.439914	-1.0261
413	-0.488456	-0.488581	0.162039	0.0	0.234212	0.861804	0.781636	-0.745895	-0.938612	-0.750631	1.185952	0.372950	-0.8962
414	-0.501183	-0.488581	0.162039	0.0	0.234212	-0.388882	0.478478	-0.686733	-0.938612	-0.750631	1.185952	0.439914	-0.6797
415 rc	ws × 13 colu	umns											

110 10W0 10 COlumno

Next steps: (Generate code with X_scaled)

View recommended plots

New interactive sheet