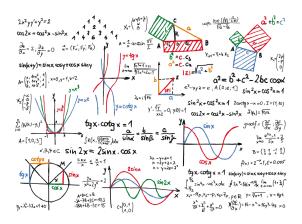


### **B1 - Mathematics**

B-MAT-100

# 104intersection

Third dimension and quadratic equations



EPITECH.



## 104intersection

**binary name**: 104intersection

language: everything working on "the dump"

compilation: when necessary, via Makefile, including re, clean and fclean

rules



- The totality of your source files, except all useless files (binary, temp files, obj files,...), must be included in your delivery.
- All the bonus files (including a potential specific Makefile) should be in a directory named *bonus*.
- Error messages have to be written on the error output, and the program should then exit with the 84 error code (O if there is no error).

To create synthesis images (when doing ray tracing, for example), potential intersection points between light rays and scene objects (here cylinders, spheres and cones) must be computed. This is exactly what you have to do in this project.

To do so, you need to write a 3 dimensional equation of the considered surface, and inject into it the equation of the straight line representing the light ray. You'll get a quadratic equation, with 0, 1, 2 or an infinite number of solutions that will give you the intersection points coordinates.

The straight line is defined by the coordinates of a point by which it passes through and the coordinates of a parallel vector.

 ${\cal O}$  being the origin of the coordinate system, and  ${\cal X}$ ,  ${\cal Y}$  and  ${\cal Z}$  the axis, the surfaces that must be handled in this project are:

- *O*-centered spheres,
- $\bullet$  Cylinders of revolution around Z axis,
- Cones of revolution around Z axis whose apex is O.

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#### **USAGE**

```
Terminal

Termin
```

#### **SUGGESTED BONUSES**

- Adding other surfaces,
- Managing multiple surfaces.



#### **EXAMPLES**

# Terminal — + x $\sim$ /B-MAT-100> ./104intersection 1 0 0 2 1 1 0 1 Sphere of radius 1 Line passing through the point (0, 0, 2) and parallel to the vector (1, 1, 0) No intersection point.

```
Terminal — + \times ~/B-MAT-100> ./104intersection 1 4 0 3 0 0 -2 4 Sphere of radius 4 Line passing through the point (4, 0, 3) and parallel to the vector (0, 0, -2) 1 intersection point: (4.000, 0.000, 0.000)
```

```
Terminal - + x

~/B-MAT-100> ./104intersection 3 -1 -1 -1 1 1 5 30

Cone with a 30 degree angle

Line passing through the point (-1, -1, -1) and parallel to the vector (1, 1, 5)

2 intersection points:
(-1.568, -1.568, -3.842)
(-0.537, -0.537, 1.315)
```