

CL 688: AI in process engineering Coding Assignment 1

PROBLEM I. Here, we want to study least squares and regularized least squares.

Write a code to sample $N=10$ points from a corrupted sinusoid

$$y = \sin(2\pi x) + \gamma N(0,1)$$

where γ is a multiplier that governs the size of the noise in the signal y . Also, obtain an independent test set.

- 1) Fit a polynomial of order M by minimizing the squares of the prediction errors
- 2) Study effect of changing M in the range $[0 \ 15]$ for the training set based on $N=10, \gamma=0.1$. Obtain the SSE for the test set also and plot sum of squared prediction errors (SSE) for the training and test set with respect to M . What did you conclude
- 3) Study effect of changing size of the training set N in the range of $[10 \ 1000]$ for $M=9, \gamma=0.1$. Obtain the SSE for the test set also and plot SSE for the training and test set with respect to N . What did you conclude
- 4) Study effect of change in the amplitude of the noise multiplier γ in the range of $[0.1 \ 0.5]$ for $M=10, N=100$. Obtain the SSE for the test set also and plot SSE for the training and test set with respect to γ . What did you conclude

PROBLEM II. Here, we want to repeat the above exercise using regularized least squares. Assume $N=10, M=9, \gamma=0.1$ as default values. As a first step, obtain a plot of SSE for various values of the regularization parameter λ in the range $[0 \ 1]$

Then repeat sub-problems 1-4 above.

PROBLEM III. Theory tells us that minimization of SSE is essentially MLE with Gaussianity and regularization is MAP with Gaussianity. For a truly Bayesian approach we should marginalize the predictions as

$$p(t|x, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{t}) = \int p(t|x, \mathbf{w})p(\mathbf{w}|\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{t}) d\mathbf{w}$$

Using this approach find mean of the above density when the new data points x correspond to the test set

Please upload your solution in form of a pdf file on Moodle

Deadline: Sept 11, 2020