

SQL MODULE

LAB – 5

BY

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Questions

Lab 1-

Database Schema:

Use the same database scheme created in Previous Lab.

Task: Let's consider a scenario where you want to retrieve information about students

from a database table named student and display the results in ascending order based

on their last names.

Hint: Use orderBy clause in a ascending Order

Submission:

Create an SQL script file containing your solutions for the task. Name the file

"lab_assignment1.sql" Provide comments above the query to indicate the query's

purpose.

Lab 2-

Database Schema:

Use the same database scheme created in Previous Lab.

Task: Let's consider a scenario where you want to count the number of students based

on their gender from a database table named Student.

Hint: use GroupBy clause and Count() function

Submission:

Create an SQL script file containing your solutions for the task. Name the file

"lab_assignment2.sql" Provide comments above the query to indicate the query's

purpose.

ChatGPT Exercise

Using ChatGPT generates SQL queries of the below problem .

Scenario 1:

Library Books Given a table called books with columns book_id, title, and author_id, write a query to count the number of books written by each author, ordering the results by the author's name without using a join clause.

Solutions:

Lab 1-

Database Schema:

Use the same database scheme created in Previous Lab.

Task: Let's consider a scenario where you want to retrieve information about students

from a database table named student and display the results in ascending order based

on their last names.

```
mysql> use studentmanagementsystem;
Database changed
mysql> select lastname from student
       -> order by lastname;
+-----+
| lastname |
+-----+
| Lakhude  |
| Pothireddy |
| Shaik   |
| Smith   |
| Yarrampally |
+-----+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Lab 2-

Database Schema:

Use the same database scheme created in Previous Lab.

Task: Let's consider a scenario where you want to count the number of students based

on their gender from a database table named Student.

```
mysql> select gender,count(*) from student
-> group by gender;
+-----+-----+
| gender | count(*) |
+-----+-----+
| Male   | 2        |
| Female | 3        |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from student;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| StudentID | FirstName | LastName | DateOfBirth | Gender | Email | phone |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | Mohammed Sharfuddin | Shaik | 2002-02-02 | Male | sharfoddin28@gmail.com | 6303729550 |
| 2 | Gautham | Lakhude | 2003-03-26 | Male | lakhundegautham@gmail.com | 9381631295 |
| 3 | Susmitha | Pothireddy | 2002-10-26 | Female | susmil123@gmail.com | 9472549645 |
| 4 | Sirisha | Yarrampally | 2001-05-12 | Female | Siril123@gmail.com | 9276539234 |
| 5 | Jane | Smith | 2002-07-18 | Female | jane_Smith@example.com | 9652900626 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

ChatGPT Exercise

Using ChatGPT generates SQL queries of the below problem .

Scenario 1:

Library Books Given a table called books with columns book_id, title, and author_id, write a query to count the number of books written by each author, ordering the results by the author's name without using a join clause.

-- Query to count the number of books written by each author, ordered by the author's ID.

SELECT author_id, COUNT(*) AS book_count

FROM books

```
GROUP BY author_id  
ORDER BY author_id;
```