HW 10

The random variables
$$X_1, \ldots, X_n$$
 have the joint PDF

 $f_{X_1, \ldots, X_n}(x_1, \ldots, x_n) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \le x_i \le 1; \\ i = 1, \ldots, n, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

(a) What is the joint CDF, $F_{X_1, \ldots, X_n}(x_1, \ldots, x_n)$?

(b) For $n = 3$, what is the probability that $\min_i X_i \le \frac{1}{3}$?

(a) INTRANTOLITED Joint CDF Aumon Joint PDF and $X_n = 1$?

$$F_{x_{1},...,x_{n}}(x_{1},...,x_{n}) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} ... \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f_{x_{1},...,x_{n}}(y_{1,2}...,y_{n}) dy_{1}...dy_{n}$$
where J_{0} int $PDF f_{x_{1},...,x_{n}}(x_{0},...,x_{n}) = 1$ if $0 \leq x_{1} \leq 1$; $i = 1,...,n$

עפאוניאפאר מגמאל א: ואונ
$$Toint PDF = 1: ואינ 0$$
 $min(3 × 1) min(3 × 1)$
 $f(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \int \dots \int 1 dy_1 \dots dy_n$

$$= \min(1, x_1) \times \min(1, x_2) \times ... \times \min(1, x_m)$$

$$= \min(1, x_1) \times \min(1, x_2) \times ... \times \min(1, x_m)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^{m}, 0 \leq x_i, j = j_2, ..., n$$

$$= 0, \text{ otherwise}$$

(b) For
$$n=3$$
, $Prob [X_i \le 3/4]$
 $0 \le x_i \le 1$
 $P[mtn X_i \le 3/4] = 1 - P[mtn X_i > 3/4]$
 $P[min X_i \le 3/4] = 1 - P[x_1 > 3/4, x_2 > 3/4, x_3 > 3/4]$
 $P[min X_i \le 3/4] = 1 - P[x_1 > 3/4, x_2 > 3/4, x_3 > 3/4]$
 $P[min X_i \le 3/4] = 1 - P[x_1 > 3/4, x_2 > 3/4, x_3 > 3/4]$
 $P[min X_i \le 3/4] = 1 - P[x_1 > 3/4, x_2 > 3/4, x_3 > 3/4]$

5.4.4 As in Example 5.4, the random vector **X** has PDF
$$f_{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} 6e^{-\mathbf{a}'\mathbf{x}} & \mathbf{x} \ge 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

un Marginal PDFs $C_{X_i}(x_i)$ shusu $x_i > 0$

mason 5x2 cx) & fx3 cx) iquides no fx1 cx1)

 $= 6e^{-2x^{2}} \times \frac{1}{-1} \times \frac{1}{-3} \times \left[\frac{1}{e^{x}}\right]^{\infty} \times \left[\frac{1}{e^{3x}}\right]^{\infty}$

 $f_{\chi_2(x)} = 6e^{2\chi_2} \int_0^{\infty} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-x_1} \cdot e^{-5x_3} dx_1 dx_3$

 $= 2e^{-2\kappa_2}$; $\kappa_2 > 0$

 $F_{x_1}(x_1) = \int \int f_{x_1}(x) dx_2 dx_3$

$$f_{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} 6e^{-\mathbf{a}\cdot\mathbf{x}} & \mathbf{x} \ge 0\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where
$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}'$$
. Are the components of \mathbf{X} independent random variables?

PDF $\mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -(\mathbf{x}_1 + 2\mathbf{x}_2 + 3\mathbf{x}_3) \\ 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

where
$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}'$$
. Are the components of \mathbf{X}

where
$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}'$$
. Are the components independent random variables?

= $6e^{-x_1}\int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-2x_2} \cdot e^{-3x_3} dx_2 dx_3$

= be^{x_1} lim e^{-2x_2} | be^{-3x_3} | be^{-3x_3} | ce^{-3x_3} | $ce^$

 $= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -x \\ 6 & x \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & x \\ -x \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$

x, >0, x2>0, x3>0

otherwise

 $\int_{X_{2}(x)} \int_{X_{2}(x)} \int_{$

 $\int \int e^{-x} e^{-2x^2} dx_1 dx_2$ $(x_3) = 6e^{-3x_3}$ $+ \chi_3^{(x_3)} = 3e^{-3x_2}$ 5.5.5 In a weekly lottery, each \$1 ticket sold adds 50 cents What are the expected value and variance of J, the to the jackpot that starts at \$1 million before any value of the jackpot the instant before the drawing? tickets are sold. The jackpot is announced each Hint: Use conditional expectations. morning to encourage people to play. On the morning of the ith day before the drawing, the current value of the jackpot J_i is announced. On that day, the number of tickets sold, N_i , is a Poisson random variable with expected value J_i . Thus six days before the drawing, the morning jackpot starts at \$1 million and N_6 tickets are sold that day. On the day of the drawing, the announced jackpot is J_0 dollars and N_0 tickets are sold before the evening drawing.

5.6.4 The 4-dimensional random vector X has PDF $f_{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 \le x_i \le 1, i = 1, 2, 3, 4 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

Find the expected value vector
$$E[X]$$
, the correlation matrix R_X , and the covariance matrix C_X .

$$\Rightarrow f_{\chi}(x) = f_{\chi_1}(x_1) f_{\chi_2}(x_2) f_{\chi_3}(x_3) f_{\chi_4}(x_4)$$
Marginal

$$E[X_i] = 1-0 = 1$$
 $Z = 2$
Nar $[X_i] = (0-D^2 = 1)$
 $Z = 1$
 $Z = 1$

3) COV[X] = [COV[Xi, Xj]]

:. COV [X] = \[\frac{1}{12}

relation matrix
$$\begin{bmatrix}
E[x_1^2] & E[x_1x_2] & E[x_1x_2] \\
E[x_2x_1] & E[x_2^2] & E[x_2x_3] \\
E[x_3x_1] & E[x_3x_2] & E[x_3^2]
\end{bmatrix}$$

= \(\frac{1}{3} \) \(\frac{1} \) \(\frac{1} \) \(\frac{1} \) \(\frac{1} \) \(\

1/4

1/4



 $E[X_4X_1]$ $E[X_4X_2]$ $E[X_4X_3]$



1/4

1/4

1/3

Y4

Y4

44 1/4

1/3

ixi + wrong

E[X1X4] E[X2X4] E[X3X4] E[X₄²]

5.14 Let X be a Gaussian random vector with expected value
$$[n_1, n_2]$$
 and covariance matrix $C_X = \begin{bmatrix} a_1^2 & a_2^2 \\ a_1^2 & a_2^2 \end{bmatrix}$.

Show that X be PDF $f_X(x) = f_X, g_X(x_1, x_2)$ given by th X be PDF $f_X(x) = f_X, g_X(x_1, x_2)$ given by the Novariae Gaussian PDF of Definition 4.17.

Un. Inverse Matrix of C_X $det[C_X] = 6^2 \cdot 6$