

Executing Strategy 2020

London, 29 October 2015

John Cryan – Co-Chief Executive Officer Marcus Schenck – Chief Financial Officer

Agenda



1 Executing Strategy 2020

2 Financial profile

In the next three years, we intend to make Deutsche Bank...



... Simpler & more efficient

- Materially reduce number of products, clients and locations
- Simplify structure with fewer legal entities
- Manage towards competitive cost structure based on a more efficient infrastructure

... Less risky

- Exit from higher risk countries and clients
- Improve control framework
- Implement automation to replace manual reconciliation

... Better capitalised

- Reduce RWA by ~20% before regulatory driven inflation by 2020
- Achieve ≥12.5% CET1 ratio⁽¹⁾
- Generate sufficient organic capital to support business and drive returns to shareholders

... Better run with more disciplined execution

- Have one fully accountable management team with all businesses and functions represented
- Put personal accountability in place of committees wherever possible
- Better align reward system and conduct to returns

Strategy 2020: It is all about execution



Execution plan

RWA and CRD4 exposure reductions Reposition Split division along client lines Investment Banking Exit selected Global Markets business lines and markets IPO / sale of Postbank, sale of HuaXia stake Strategy Restructure cost base, close >200 branches Reshape Retail Leading advisory capability for affluent, wealth and commercial clients Automate manual processes to drive efficiency and control Digitalise DB Fundamental redesign of customer interface priorities **Grow Transaction** Expand penetration of European client segments and Banking and Asset grow profitably in US and Asia Management Continue to drive above-market AuM growth Strategic Rationalise Exit countries, products and client segments where returns are too low or risks are too high **Footprint** Cut organisational layers that create complexity, slow decision making and stifle individual accountability Transform target Install effective and robust control environment operating model In-source critical IT capabilities

Targeted 2018 financial impact

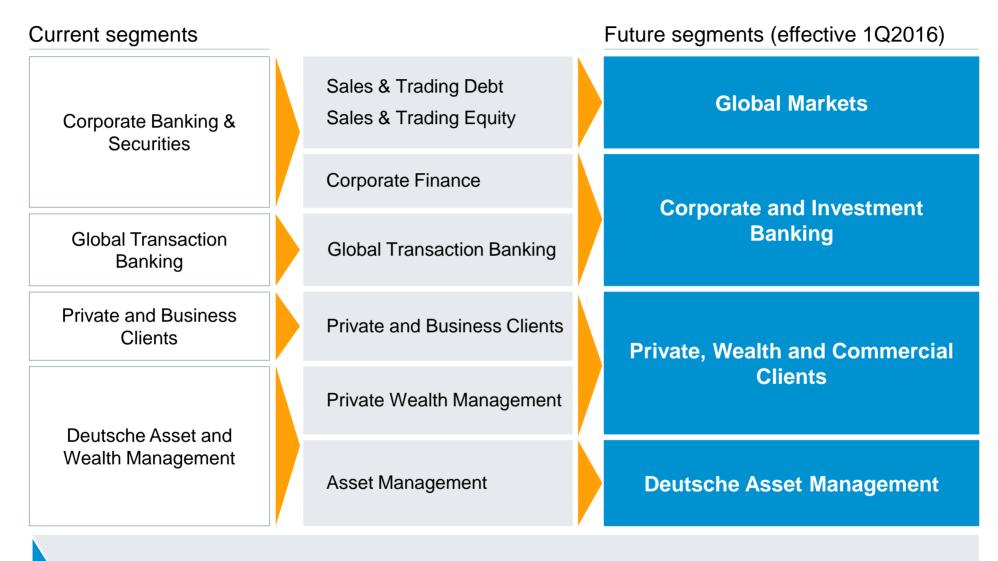
- Adjusted Costs⁽¹⁾
 EUR <22 bn
- EUR ~3.8 bn gross savings;
 EUR ~1 1.5 bn net savings
- CIR ~70%
- 2015 2018 EUR ~3.0 3.5
 bn restructuring and severance, 2/3^{rds} spent by 2016
- CET1 ratio ≥12.5%
- Leverage ratio ≥4.5%
- EUR ~170bn net CRD4 exposure reduction
- EUR ~90 bn RWA reduction ex regulatory inflation
- Post-tax RoTE >10%

Note: 2018 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

(1) New definition: total noninterest expenses excluding restructuring and severance, litigation, impairment of goodwill and other intangibles and policyholder benefits and claims

Reorganised our operating divisions along our client lines





Strengthen client alignment and anticipate developing regulatory best practice



One fully accountable new leadership team with all businesses and functions represented







Kim Hammonds
Chief Operating Officer



Stuart Lewis
Chief Risk Officer



Sylvie Matherat Chief Regulatory Officer



Quintin PriceHead of Deutsche Asset Management



Garth Ritchie
Head of Global Markets



Karl von Rohr Chief Administrative Officer



Marcus Schenck
Chief Financial Officer



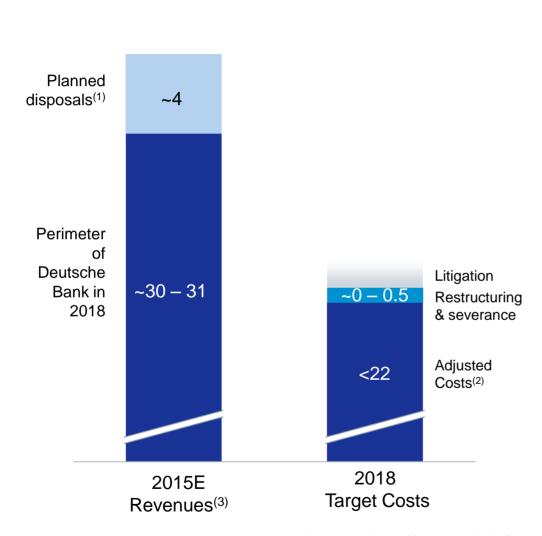
Christian Sewing
Head of Private, Wealth and Commercial Clients



Jeff Urwin Head of Corporate & Investment Banking

Top priority: Achieve structurally affordable cost base In EUR bn





Revenue expectations

- Restructuring including country, client and product reductions to result in revenue loss
- Concurrent investments to drive growth in key areas like Transaction Banking, Asset Management, Wealth Management and Corporate Finance
- Anticipate target revenue growth to offset revenue losses from restructuring by 2018

Cost expectations

- Plan to sell assets with a cost base of EUR ~4 bn over next 24 months
- Assume current litigation issues largely resolved by 2018
- 2015 2018 expected restructuring and severance of EUR ~3 – 3.5 bn
- Net savings target of EUR ~1 1.5 bn by 2018
- 2018 planned Adjusted Costs⁽²⁾ EUR <22 bn

Note: 2018/2020 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

- (1) Primarily related to Postbank and HuaXia Bank (incl. EUR 0.6bn impairment)
- (2) Total noninterest expenses excluding restructuring and severance, litigation, impairment of goodwill and other intangibles and policyholder benefits and claims

How do we take out costs?



Planned key measures

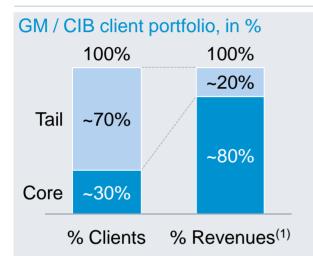
Focus client base	 Thorough review of client relationships in Global Markets and Corporate & Investment Bank Particular focus on reducing clients in high-risk operating countries
Reduce country presence	 Streamline country presence through full exit or more focused and smaller presence Reduce operational complexity and conduct risk
Exit selected businesses / shrink product range	 Exit a number of businesses in Global Markets, reduce others Right-size retail branch network and reduce product offering
Material overhaul of IT infrastructure / automate processes	 Re-engineer excessively complex IT architecture Industrialise the bank with focus on automation and simplification Digitalise customer experience and end-to-end processes
Resolve organisational complexity	 — Establish clear accountability structure — Eliminate ~90 legal entities — Take out organisational layers

Reduce complexity of our business



Planned focus on:

Client base



- Reduce number of clients in Global Markets and Corporate & Investment Banking by up to 50%
- Become more relevant (top 3 bank) with key corporate clients
- Increase number of products per client
- Target lower RWA over time, but higher revenues

Product suite

- Exit a number of businesses:
 - Market-making uncleared CDS
 - Rates legacy (e.g. uncleared swaps with dealers)
 - Agency RMBS trading
 - High risk weight securitised trading
- Rationalise a number of businesses:
 - EM Debt hubbing
 - Low return client lending
 - FIC perimeter
 - Rates & Credit OTC clearing
- Reduce products in retail by 1/3rd

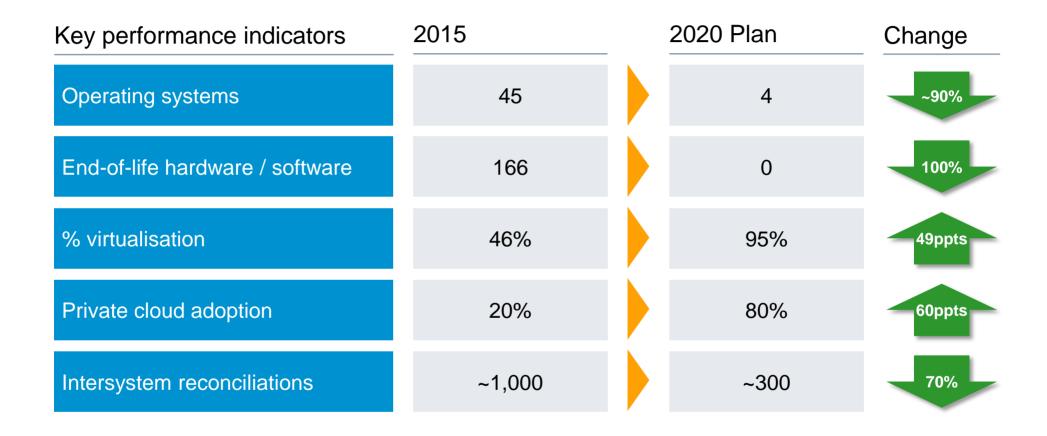
Country footprint

- Full exit from 10 countries to be implemented within next 36 months
- Further centralise booking and onshore trading in regional hubs
- Targeted financial impact:
 - Cost savingsEUR ~200 m
 - CRD4 leverage exposure decline
 EUR ~10 bn
 - ~700 FTE reduction
- Maintain strong commitment to our global network with Transaction Banking to focus on its international client base
- Expected to reduce complexity and conduct risk

(1)

Reduce complexity of our IT Infrastructure

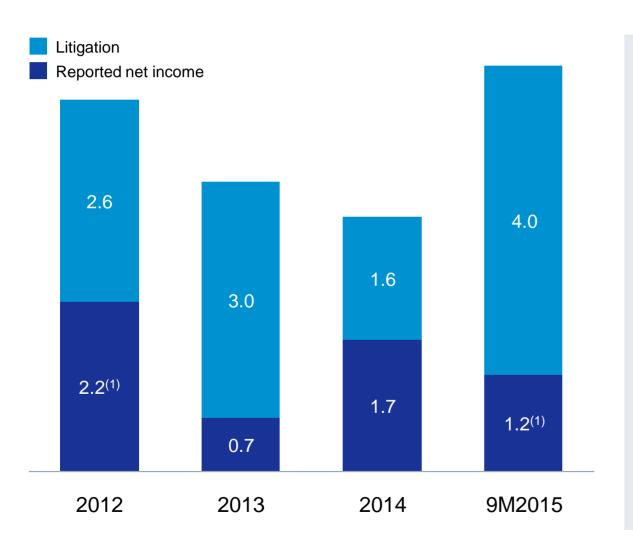




"Run the bank" costs targeted to decline by EUR ~800 m

Control issues must be resolved In EUR bn





- Insufficient controls and poor behavior led to enormous litigation burden
- Robust investment required to strengthen weak control infrastructure
- Know-Your-Customer and Anti-Money-Laundering infrastructure a priority
- Thorough review of client relationships, particularly those in higher risk countries
- Accountability for conduct issues across DB must be key
- Align reward system to better reflect conduct
- 30 Sep 2015 litigation reserves at EUR 4.8 bn

(1)

Growing regulatory pressures will continue



Issues

Basel 4

Dasei 4

- Fundamental Review of the Trading Book
- Standardised Approach for Counterparty Credit Risk and Credit Risk
- Standardised Approach floors
- Operational Risk RWA
- Total impact: EUR ~100+bn

DB intended response

- EUR ~90 bn RWA reduction by 2018 before RWA inflation
- Further portfolio optimisation in Global Markets in 2019 and 2020
- No common equity dividend planned for fiscal years 2015 and 2016

Intermediate Holding Company (IHC)

RWA

Inflation

- Fundamental change to DB's governance model in the U.S.
- IHC must be capitalised and operational by July 2016
- IHC to participate in CCAR⁽¹⁾ in April 2017 (private) and April 2018 (public)
- EUR ~500 m investment planned in IHC / CCAR⁽¹⁾ projects over 2015 – 2017
- EUR ~100 m ongoing expense expected from 2018 onwards

(1)

/

Global Markets will remain core business but significant planned actions

Franchise strength

- Balanced portfolio of market leading products
- Deep client relationships
- Strong distribution teams
- Excellent risk management capabilities
- Shown great adaptability to changing capital requirements

Significant challenges remain

- Lack of straight-through processing
- Sizeable legacy derivatives inventory generating low returns
- Too many things to too many people, leading to inefficiency
- Inflexible compensation culture
- Conduct and control issues

Planned actions

- Rationalise and optimise business mix
- Review and materially reduce number of client relationships
- Streamline product, infrastructure and technology to drive cost reductions
- Cut balance sheet



Reallocating CB&S resources, primarily in Global Markets 3Q2015 – 2018 targeted change, in EUR bn

	RWA	CRD4 Exposure	Revenues	
Exit				
Market making uncleared CDS				
Rates legacy: e.g. uncleared Swaps with dealers	~(15)	~(40)	~(0.4)	
Agency RMBS trading	~(15)	~(40)	~(0.4)	
High risk weight securitised trading				
Rationalise				
EM Debt hubbing				
Low return client lending	~(9)	~(40)	~(0.7)	
FIC perimeter	~(9)	~(40)	~(0.7)	
Rates & Credit OTC clearing				
Optimise				
Leverage initiatives	~(14)	~(30)	~(0.6)	
RWA initiatives	~(14)	~(30)	~(0.6)	
Invest				
Normalisation of market risk levels	~5			
Prime Brokerage				
Credit Solutions including CRE	~5	~40	~0.6	
Targeted Client Lending	~3	~40	~0.0	
M&A and ECM investment				
Total Impact	~(28)	~(70)	~(1.1)	

Note: RWA changes to 2018 excludes inflation driven by regulatory driven methodology changes, operational risk increases and operational risk re-allocations from Group. 2018 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

Corporate and Investment Banking: Continue to grow profitably



- Combine Transaction Banking and Corporate Finance under common leadership
- Continue to grow substantial Transaction Banking businesses with particular focus on core German market and Asia Pacific
- Retain strength in Debt Capital Markets with focused efforts to expand market share in Advisory and Equity Capital Markets
- Client coverage moving away from single product-only relationships towards focus on more cross-sell opportunities with higher profitability
- Several initiatives already underway
 - Strategic goal of deepening and optimising Top Tier and Core relationships
 - Reducing number of tail clients with limited prospects and / or in high risks countries as well as lowering complexity at the same time
 - Enhanced capital allocation / lending processes spanning all CIB to drive improved efficiency



Private, Wealth & Commercial Clients: Leverage the partnership to improve client focus and realise cost synergies

"One Bank" in Germany	 Offer seamless client coverage with distinct Private Banking and Wealth Management approach
Strengthened European presence	 Complement the existing PBC affluent client business with (U)HNW franchise with active client referrals and enhanced cross-selling into Wealth Management
Growth track for Asia, Americas & Middle East	 Continue expansion in growing markets of Asia, Americas and Middle East with superior offerings for (U)HNW clients – leveraging DB Capital Market expertise
"Deutsche Bank for Entrepreneurs"	 Integrated approach for the attractive and growing segment of entrepreneurs – both in Germany and across Europe
Cost synergies	 Invest in digitalisation and generate synergies in product offerings, operations, overhead and support functions
Capital efficiency	 Improve capital efficiency by further strengthening advisory capabilities and emphasis on capital-light products



Private, Wealth & Commercial Clients: Distinct client and product focus

()	e of total revenues, FY2014 pement and PBC pro-forma ⁽¹⁾)	Product focus – targeted impact	
Private Clients	Digitally enabled retail bank with reshaped branch network & formats and efficient e2e processes Tagus as officient elients with leading advisors.	Investment & Insurance Products	↑
~55%	 Focus on affluent clients with leading advisory banking and emphasis on investment products Presence in core European markets leveraging 	Digital product offering	↑
Refocus	strong DB brand	Mortgages	7
Wealth Management	 Top 10 global wealth manager Relationship-based approach with tailored solutions, 	Discretionary Portfolio Management (DPM)	↑
~25%	 access to DB's global franchise Invest in key growth markets, e.g., Asia, Americas, 	Capital Markets Products	7
Emphasise	Middle East with superior offerings for (U)HNW clients	Lending solutions	7
Commercial Clients	 Focus on MidCap client relationship management; regain "Hausbank"-status in Germany (Deutsche 	Capital Markets and Transaction Banking Products	↑
~20%	Bank for Entrepreneurs)Deliver first class quality solutions and services	Commercial Lending	7
Emphasise	 Accelerate cross selling by leveraging DB's product strengths – in collaboration with CIB 	Deposits	→

(1)



Private, Wealth & Commercial Clients: Reshape PBC for lower costs and higher efficiency

Key levers

Targeted impact

Portfolio measures

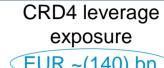
- Disposal of Postbank
- Sale of stake in HuaXia Bank
- Consumer finance portfolio measures across Europe

Network optimisation

- Rationalise the number of sales and market regions in Germany
- Close >200 branches in Germany

Organisational streamlining

- Reduce number of products by 1/3rd
- Reduce number of committees by 2/3^{rds}
- Streamline PBC Head Office and Operations set-up



EUR ~(140) bn

RWA

EUR ~(50) bn

Gross cost reduction (2018 vs 2015)

EUR ~0.6 bn

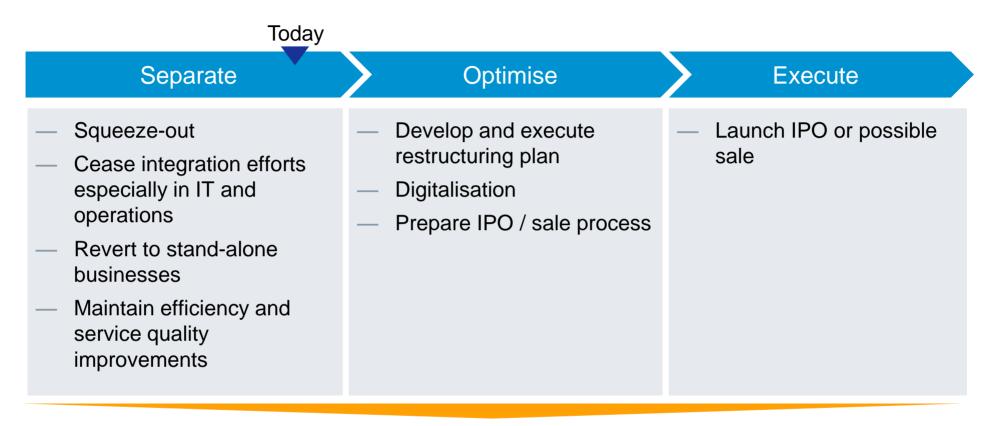
Reported CIR⁽¹⁾ (2018 vs 2015)

>(10) ppt

Additionally, realise synergies from combining PBC with Wealth Management (mainly operations, overhead and support functions)

Planned disposal of Postbank





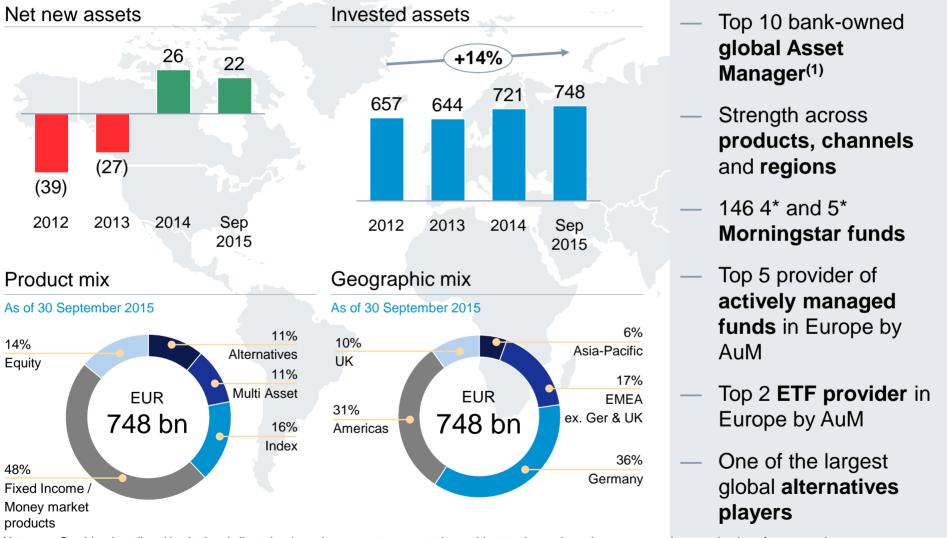
2014 summary results⁽¹⁾, in EUR bn



(1) Results refer to the DB internal view which differs from the Postbank AG results reported on a stand-alone basis, primarily driven by purchase price allocation / accounting differences

/

Asset Management: global client franchise with strong growth momentum In EUR bn



Note: Combined retail and institutional client view based on current segmentation, subject to change based on announced reorganization of our operating segments DB internal analysis from IPE Top 400 AM List 2015

Asset Management: strategic focus on institutional clients



Why we want to grow AM

and funds

Attractive industry growth outlook (~6% rev. CAGR)⁽¹⁾

Diversified, recurring fee-based business

Capital-efficient with attractive returns

Strong momentum of net inflows

How we want to grow

Select examples:

- Expand innovative retirement and Strategic Beta offerings
- Further enhance ETF,
 Alternatives and Multi-Asset investment capabilities
- Invest in superior client solutions capabilities (e.g. pensions)
- Continue building out ESG⁽²⁾,
 sustainable and impact investing
- Fully automate front-to-back investment processes

Asset Management targets by 2018

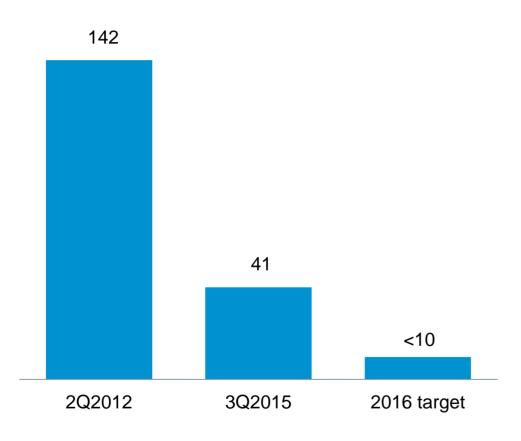
- AuM growth above market
- Top player in multiasset and solutions
- Competitive cost efficiency
- Streamlined investment processes

⁽¹⁾ Source: PWC, Asset Management 2020, A Brave New World

⁽²⁾ Environmental, social and governance

NCOU: Accelerated wind-down RWA, in EUR bn





Planned measures

- Accelerated wind-down of NCOU targeted to be materially complete by 2016
- Estimated incremental IBIT impact from accelerated wind-down of EUR ~(1–2) bn; estimated to be accretive to CET1 ratio
- Continued derisking of monoline exposures and settlement / novation of long-dated CDS contracts
- Sale of residual IAS 39 reclassified assets and derisking of European mortgage book

Financial targets



	2018	2020	
CET 1 ratio, in %	≥ 12.5%		
Leverage ratio, in %	≥ 4.5%	≥ 5.0%	
Post-tax RoTE, in %	>10%		
Dividend per share	Aspiration to deliver competitive payout ratio		
Adjusted Costs ⁽¹⁾ , in EUR bn	<22.0		
CIR, in %	~70%	~65%	
RWA ⁽²⁾ , in EUR bn	~320	~310	

Note: 2018/2020 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

(1) Total noninterest expenses excluding restructuring and severance, litigation, impairment of goodwill and intangibles and policyholder benefits and claims

(2) Excluding expected regulatory inflation

Agenda

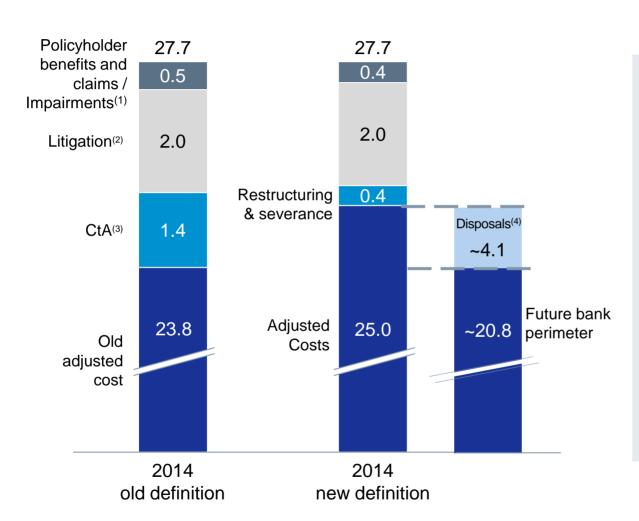


1 Executing Strategy 2020

2 Financial profile

Moving towards a cleaner cost definition Noninterest expenses 2014, in EUR bn





New concept of "Adjusted Costs" with reduced carve-outs:

- Litigation cost
- Restructuring and severance
- Impairments
- Policyholder benefits and claims

Restructuring and severance represent the most significant costs to achieve our cost savings target. All other costs will be included in Adjusted Costs.

⁽¹⁾ Impairments refer to Impairments of goodwill and other intangibles. The old definition also includes other disclosed cost specific items, which become part of adjusted costs under the new definition

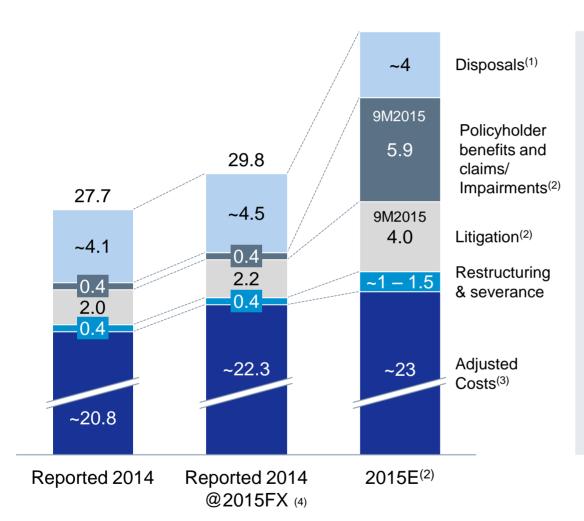
⁽²⁾ Includes loan processing fees recorded in PBC

⁽³⁾ CtA includes other severance

⁴⁾ Executed and planned disposals, e.g. related to Postbank and NCOU operating assets

/

2015 noninterest expenses affected by one-off items Noninterest expenses, in EUR bn



- 2015 cost position hit by material one-offs:
 - EUR 5.8 bn goodwill / other intangibles impairment (9M2015)
 - EUR 4 bn litigation (9M2015)
 - EUR ~1 1.5 bn restructuring & severance, mainly Strategy 2020 related

⁽¹⁾ Executed and planned disposals, e.g. related to Postbank and NCOU operating assets

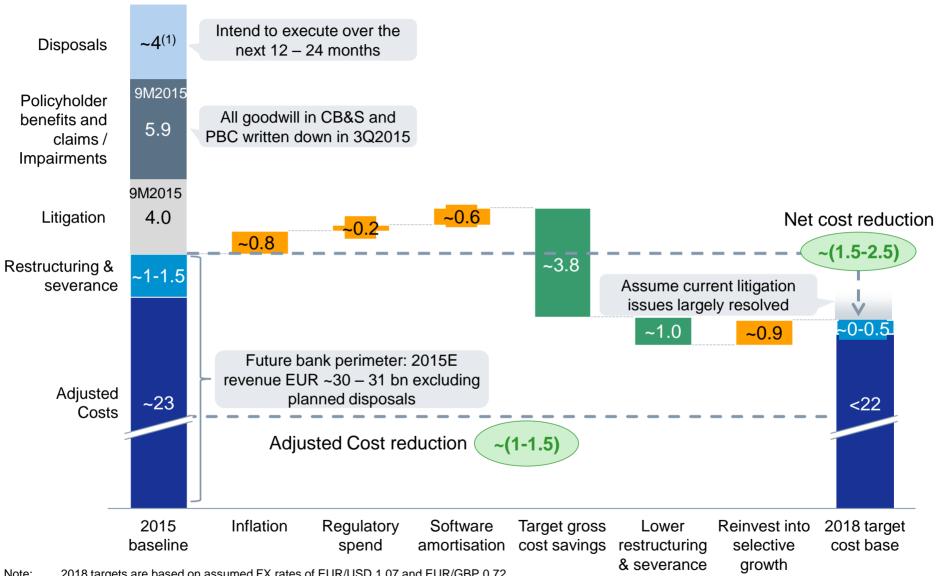
⁽²⁾ Impairments relates to impairments of goodwill & other intangibles. 2015 figures shown for policyholder benefits and claims, impairments of goodwill & other intangibles and litigation are based on 9M2015 Actuals. Disposals, restructuring & severance and adjusted costs are estimates and subject to potentially material change

⁽³⁾ Total noninterest expenses excluding restructuring & severance, litigation, impairment of goodwill and other intangibles and policyholder benefits and claims

⁽⁴⁾ To exclude the FX effects, the prior year is recalculated using current year's FX rate

Adjusted Cost target EUR <22 bn in 2018 In EUR bn





Note: 2018 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

Impairments relates to impairments of goodwill & other intangibles. 2015 figures shown for policyholder benefits and claims, impairments of goodwill & other intangibles and litigation are based on 9M2015 Actuals. Disposals, restructuring & severance and adjusted costs are estimates and subject to potentially material change

Executed and planned disposals, e.g. related to Postbank and NCOU operating assets

(1)

/

Key areas to achieve cost savings Cumulative targeted savings 2015 – 2018, in EUR bn

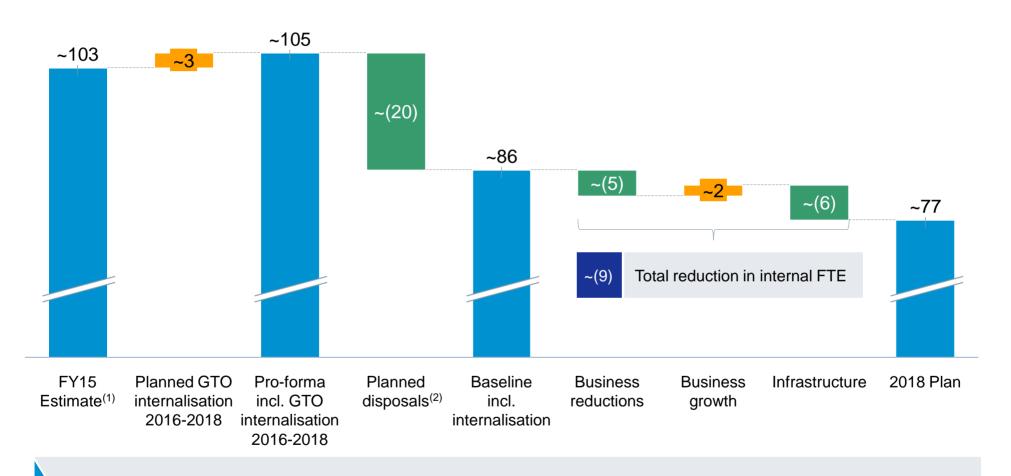
	Measures	Target gross savings
Business	 Focus Global Markets business model Re-shape Retail banking Reduce client footprint in Global Markets and Corporate & Investment Banking Execute country exits 	~2.1
Technology / Operations	 Simplify IT / Operations landscape Re-engineer core platforms Develop front-to-back data environment Continue modernisation of technology 	~1.0
Infra- structure (ex Technology / Operations)	 Reduce complexity together with businesses and ensure regulatory compliance Eliminate Corporate Center redundancies Automate manual workflow 	~0.7
		~3.8

Expected restructuring and severance cost

- Total 2015 2018:EUR ~3 3.5 bn
- 2/3^{rds} spent in 2015/ 2016

~9k internal FTE reductions planned Internal FTE, in 000s





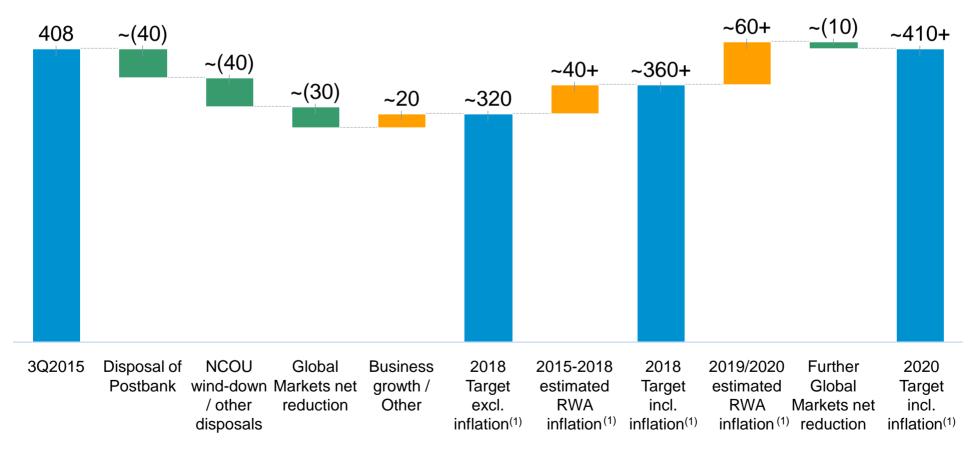
~6,000 additional reduction of external Global Technology related FTEs (~20% of total)

⁽¹⁾ Includes expected internalisation of ~2k by 2015

⁽²⁾ Includes ~19k FTE from Postbank (incl. service entities)



RWA planned to be reduced materially but offset by regulatory inflation In EUR bn

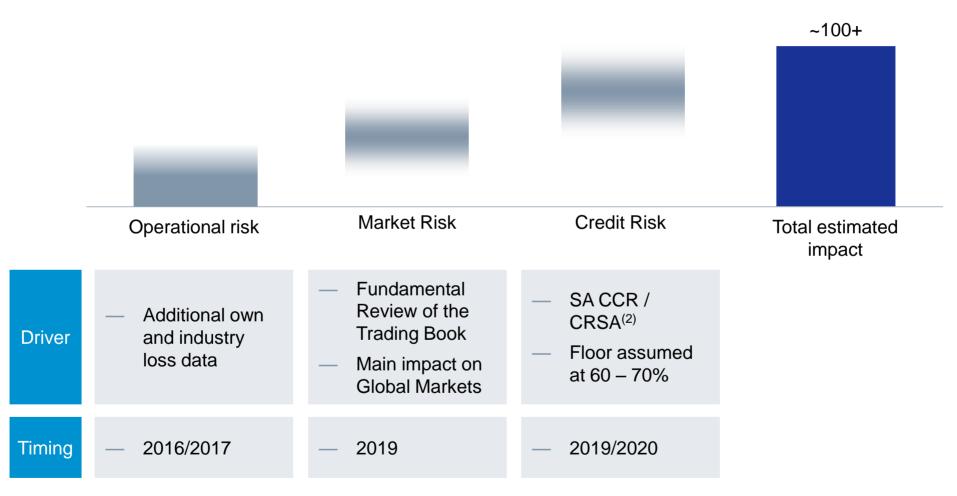


Note: 2018/2020 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

(1) Anticipated regulatory RWA inflation ("RWA inflation") based on latest BCBS pronouncements; Operational Risk estimate assessed on current AMA model as it exceeds the estimates derived from the latest published proposals by the BCBS in 2014; all estimates net of mitigation

RWA inflation from regulatory requirements⁽¹⁾ In EUR bn





Note: 2018/2020 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

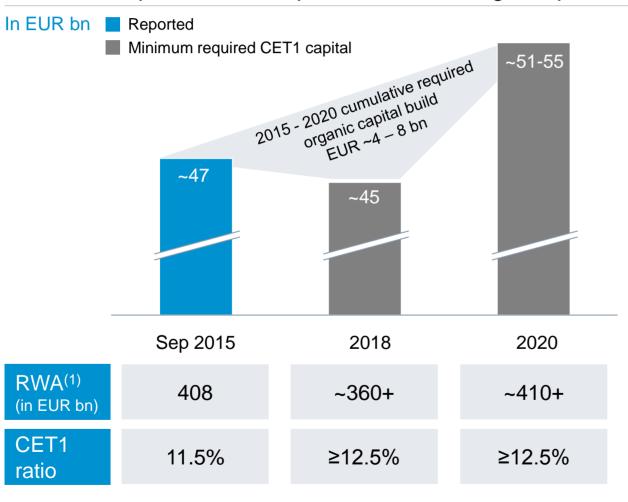
Anticipated regulatory RWA inflation ("RWA inflation") based on latest BCBS pronouncements; Operational Risk estimate assessed on current AMA model as it (1) exceeds the estimates derived from the latest published proposals by the BCBS in 2014; all estimates net of mitigation (2)

SA CCR (Standardised Approach for Counterparty Credit Risk), CRSA (Standardised Approach for Credit Risk)

Conservative capital growth achieves capital ratios



Minimum required CET1 capital to achieve target capital ratio

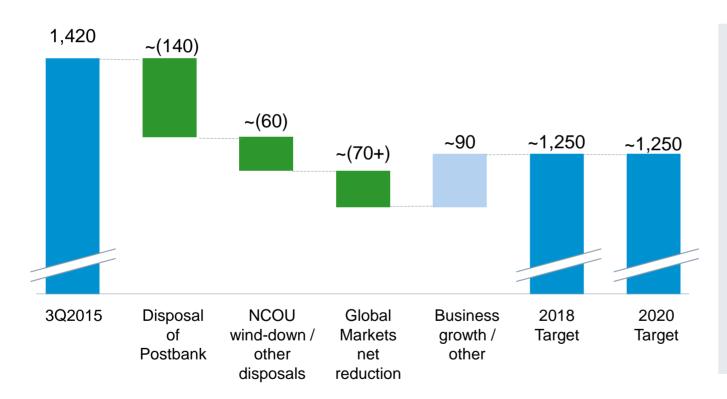


- 3Q2015 2018: No growth in CET1 capital required to reach 12.5% CET1 ratio, assuming planned RWA reduction
- By 2020: EUR ~4 8 bn organic CET1 capital generation required to mitigate RWA inflation
- No common share dividend planned for fiscal years 2015 and 2016; longer-term aspiration to deliver a competitive payout

Note: 2018/2020 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

(1) Target, including expected inflation

Further exposure reduction planned to improve leverage ratio CRD4 exposure, in EUR bn



- Leverage ratio target reflects likely EU regulatory requirements and DB's strategic objectives
- Improvement principally driven by disposals and deleveraging
- EUR 3 4 bn further AT1 issuance assumed to support leverage ratio

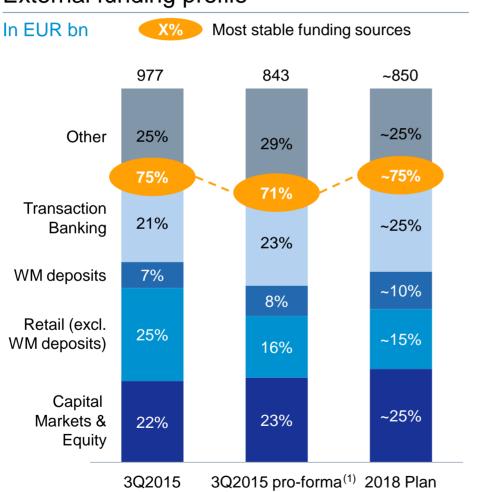
Note: 2018/2020 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

Numbers do not add up due to roundings

/

Pro forma funding remains robust and well positioned for new regulation

External funding profile



- 2015 Funding Plan complete with
 EUR 33 bn raised vs EUR 30 35 bn target;
 2016 requirements expected to be similar to
 2015
- Liquidity reserves of EUR 219 bn as of 30 Sep 2015
- LCR >110%⁽²⁾
- Targeted NSFR ex Postbank >100% by 2016

Note: 2018 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

(1) Pro forma for the disposal of Postbank and deconsolidation of EUR ~130bn of stable funding sources

(2) Estimated as of 30 September 2015 month-end, based on Basel Committee on Banking Supervision LCR quantitative impact study guidelines

DB at a glance – where we are going



Sim	pler &
more	efficient

Less risky

Better capitalised

Better run with more disciplined execution

	Reported	Group financial targets		
	2014	2018	2020	
CET 1 ratio	11.7%	≥12.5%		
Leverage ratio	3.5%	≥4.5%	≥5.0%	
Post-tax RoTE	3.5%	>10%		
Dividend per share	0.75	Aspiration to deliver competitive payour ratio		
Costs ⁽¹⁾ , in EUR bn	25.0	<22.0		
CIR	87%	~70%	~65%	
RWA ⁽²⁾ , in EUR bn	394	~320	~310	

Our driving goal: Create better returns for our shareholders

Note: 2018/2020 targets are based on assumed FX rates of EUR/USD 1.07 and EUR/GBP 0.72

(1) Total noninterest expenses excluding restructuring and severance, litigation, impairment of goodwill and intangibles and policyholder benefits and claims

(2) Excluding expected regulatory inflation

Financial highlights in summary



- Clear concept of Adjusted Costs
 - Limited adjustments to cost base to drive better cost discipline
 - Adjusted Cost reduction of EUR ~1 1.5 bn targeted by 2018
 - Net cost reduction target (adjusted costs plus restructuring and severance) of EUR ~(1.5 – 2.5) bn by 2018
- 2015 and 2016 expected to be burdened by material items
 - 2/3^{rds} of EUR ~3.0 3.5 bn restructuring and severance
 - Significant litigation
 - Impairments, largely in 2015
 - NCOU accelerated wind down, largely in 2016
- 2017 first "cleaner" year, 2018 first post cost restructuring year
- Expect to offset revenue declines from selected business, country and client exits with growth investments
- Plan to achieve regulatory capital ratios organically
 - Expected long-term RWA inflation planned to be offset by ~20% RWA decline from current levels by 2018
 - Target CET1 ratio ≥12.5% by 2018

Cautionary statements



This presentation contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts; they include statements about our beliefs and expectations and the assumptions underlying them. These statements are based on plans, estimates and projections as they are currently available to the management of Deutsche Bank. Forward-looking statements therefore speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update publicly any of them in light of new information or future events.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. A number of important factors could therefore cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Such factors include the conditions in the financial markets in Germany, in Europe, in the United States and elsewhere from which we derive a substantial portion of our revenues and in which we hold a substantial portion of our assets, the development of asset prices and market volatility, potential defaults of borrowers or trading counterparties, the implementation of our strategic initiatives, the reliability of our risk management policies, procedures and methods, and other risks referenced in our filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Such **SEC** Commission. factors described in detail in Form are our 20-F of 20 March 2015 under the heading "Risk Factors." Copies of this document are readily available upon request or can be downloaded from www.db.com/ir.

This presentation also contains non-IFRS financial measures. For a reconciliation to directly comparable figures reported under IFRS, to the extent such reconciliation is not provided in this presentation, refer to the 3Q2015 Financial Data Supplement, which is available at www.db.com/ir.