

AI Lab 07

Section A

A **Markov Decision Process**, also known as an MDP model, contains the following set of features:

- A set of possible states, S .
- A set of models.
- A set of possible actions, A .
- A real-valued reward function, $R(s, a)$.
- A solution to the Markov Decision Process.

The **Frozen Lake problem** is a classic grid-world problem used in reinforcement learning to demonstrate and test various algorithms. It's a simple but illustrative problem that involves an agent navigating a grid while facing challenges. Here's a brief description of the Frozen Lake problem:

Environment:

- The environment is represented as a grid, typically a 4x4 or 8x8 grid.
- The grid consists of different types of cells:
 - "S" (Start): The starting point for the agent.
 - "F" (Frozen): Safe frozen surface, which the agent can walk on without any issue.
 - "H" (Hole): Holes in the frozen surface. If the agent steps into a hole, it falls and fails.
 - "G" (Goal): The goal location the agent needs to reach.

Agent:

- The agent starts at the "S" cell and needs to navigate through the grid to reach the "G" cell.
- The agent can take discrete actions such as moving UP, DOWN, LEFT, or RIGHT.

Objective:

- The goal of the agent is to reach the "G" cell while avoiding the "H" cells. Success is defined as reaching the goal cell.

Challenges:

- The ice on the frozen surface is slippery, so the agent doesn't always move in the intended direction. Instead, it moves in the chosen direction with a certain probability, often making it challenging to reach the goal.
- The agent's objective is to learn a policy that maximizes the cumulative reward while navigating the grid.

For Example: The agent is on a grid of ice and must reach the goal while avoiding holes. The grid looks like this: Consider the following 4x4 grid:

S	F	F	F
F	H	F	H
F	F	F	H
H	F	F	G

S: Start

F: Frozen surface (safe)

H: Hole (fall into the hole and lose)

G: Goal

Your task is to solve this problem using Markov Decision Process.