

Microcontroller



ĐẠI HỌC QUỐC GIA THÀNH PHỐ HỒ CHÍ MINH TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC BÁCH KHOA KHOA KHOA HỌC & KỸ THUẬT MÁY TÍNH



VI XỬ LÝ-ĐIỀU KHIỂN (CO3009)

Report

LAB 3: BUTTONS/SWITCHES

GVHD: Lê Trọng Nhân

Huỳnh Phúc Nghị

SV thực hiên: Nguyễn Quốc Việt – 2115279

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1 Exercise and Report

1.1 Specifications

You are required to build an application of a traffic light in a cross road which includes some features as described below:

- The application has 12 LEDs including 4 red LEDs, 4 amber LEDs, 4 green LEDs.
- The application has 4 seven segment LEDs to display time with 2 for each road. The 2 seven segment LEDs will show time for each color LED corresponding to each road.
- The application has three buttons which are used
 - to select modes.
 - to modify the time for each color led on the fly, and
 - to set the chosen value.
- The application has at least 4 modes which is controlled by the first button. Mode 1 is a normal mode, while modes 2 3 4 are modification modes. You can press the first button to change the mode. Modes will change from 1 to 4 and back to 1 again.

Mode 1 - Normal mode:

- The traffic light application is running normally.

Mode 2 - Modify time duration for the red LEDs: This mode allows you to change the time duration of the red LED in the main road. The expected behaviours of this mode include:

- All single red LEDs are blinking in 2 Hz.
- Use two seven-segment LEDs to display the value.
- Use the other two seven-segment LEDs to display the mode.
- The second button is used to increase the time duration value for the red LEDs.
 - The value of time duration is in a range of 1 99.
 - The third button is used to set the value.

Mode 3 - Modify time duration for the amber LEDs: Similar for the red LEDs described above with the amber LEDs.

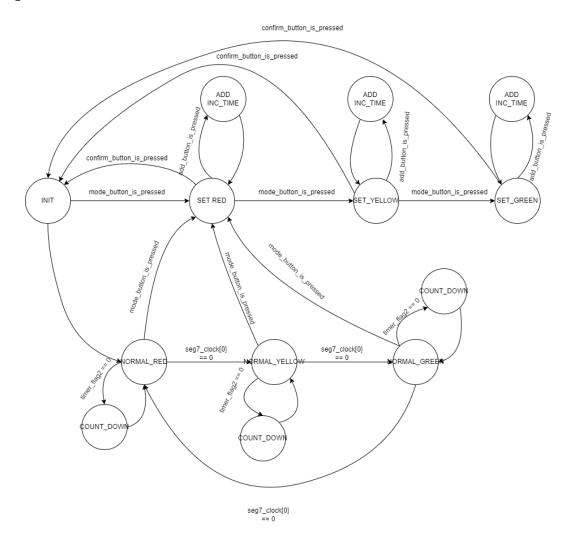
Mode 4 - Modify time duration for the green LEDs: Similar for the red LEDs described above with the green LEDs.

1.2 Exercise 1: Sketch an FSM

Your task in this exercise is to sketch an FSM that describes your idea of how to solve the problem.

Please add your report here.

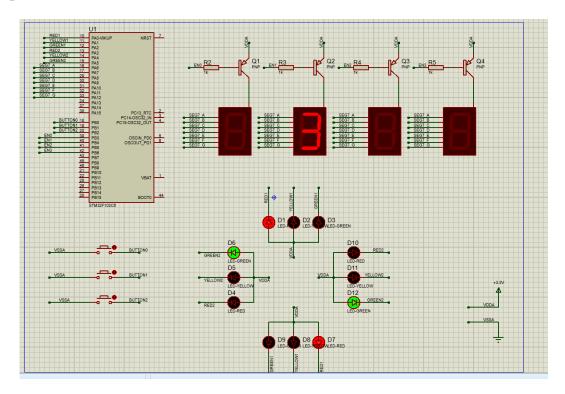
Report: FSM



Hình 1: Sketch FSM

1.3 Exercise 2: Proteus Schematic

Your task in this exercise is to draw a Proteus schematic for the problem above. **Report:**



Hình 2: Simulation Protues FSM

1.4 Exercise 3: Create STM32 Project

Your task in this exercise is to create a project that has pin corresponding to the Proteus schematic that you draw in previous section. You need to set up your timer interrupt is about 10ms.

Report:



Hình 3: STM32 Project

1.5 Exercise 4: Modify Timer Parameters

Your task in this exercise is to modify the timer settings so that when we want to change the time duration of the timer interrupt, we change it the least and it will not affect the overall system. For example, the current system we have implemented is that it can blink an LED in 2 Hz, with the timer interrupt duration is 10ms. However, when we want to change the timer interrupt duration to 1ms or 100ms, it will not affect the 2Hz blinking LED.

```
#include "software_timer.h"
int timer_counter[NUMBER_OF_TIMER] = {0};
int timer_flag[NUMBER_OF_TIMER] = {0};
 void set_timer(int index, int duration){
   timer_counter[index] = duration/TIME_CYCLE;
7 }
8 int timer1_counter = 0;
9 int timer1_flag = 0;
 void set_timer1(int duration){
   timer1_counter = duration;
   timer1_flag = 0;
13 }
 void clear_timer(int index){
   timer_counter[index] = 0;
   timer_flag[index] = 0;
16
17 }
 int get_time_of_counter(int index){
   return timer_counter[index]*TIME_CYCLE;
19
20
 int is_timer_timeout(int index){
   if(timer_flag[index]){
     timer_flag[index] = 0;
      return 1;
```

```
return 0;
27 }
 void timer_run(){
    for(int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_TIMER; ++i){</pre>
      if(timer_counter[i] > 0){
30
         timer_counter[i]--;
31
         if(timer_counter[i] <= 0) timer_flag[i] = 1;</pre>
      }
33
    }
    if (timer1_counter > 0){
35
         timer1_counter --;
36
        if (timer1_counter <= 0){</pre>
           timer1_flag = 1;
        }
      }
 }
41
```

Program 1: Source Code

1.6 Exercise 5: Adding code for button debouncing

Following the example of button reading and debouncing in the previous section, your tasks in this exercise are:

- To add new files for input reading and output display,
- To add code for button debouncing,
- To add code for increasing mode when the first button is pressed.

Report:

```
//file BUTTON.h
#ifndef INC_BUTTON_H_
#define INC_BUTTON_H_

#include "global.h"
#include "main.h"
#include "software_timer.h"
extern int state_of_button[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON];
extern int flag_for_pressed[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON];
extern int flag_for_pressed_3s[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON];

extern int registerO_key[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON];

extern int register1_key[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON];
extern int register2_key[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON];
extern int button_buffer[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON];
int is_pressed(int index);
```

```
int is_pressed_3s(int index);
int is_button_released(int index);
void read_input();
void fsm_for_button();
24 //file BUTTON.c
25 #include "BUTTON.h"
26 // gan cac gia tr
                       ban dau cua state_of_button =
    BUTTON_RELEASED
int state_of_button[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON] = {[0
    NUMBER_OF_BUTTON - 1] = BUTTON_RELEASED};
int flag_for_pressed[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON] = {0};
int flag_for_pressed_3s[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON] = {0};
 int is_pressed(int index){
   if(index > NUMBER_OF_BUTTON) return 0;
   if (flag_for_pressed[index]){
33
     flag_for_pressed[index] = 0;
34
     return 1;
35
36
   return 0;
37
38 }
 int is_pressed_3s(int index){
   if(index > NUMBER_OF_BUTTON) return 0;
   if(flag_for_pressed_3s[index]){
41
     flag_for_pressed_3s[index] = 0;
42
     return 1;
43
   }
44
   return 0;
45
46 }
int is_button_released(int index){
   if(button_buffer[index] == BUTTON_IS_RELEASED) return 1;
   return 0;
49
50 }
int register0_key[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON] = {[0 ...
    NUMBER_OF_BUTTON-1] = BUTTON_IS_RELEASED};
int register1_key[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON] = {[O ...
    NUMBER_OF_BUTTON-1] = BUTTON_IS_RELEASED};
int register2_key[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON] = {[0 ...
    NUMBER_OF_BUTTON-1] = BUTTON_IS_RELEASED};
int button_buffer[NUMBER_OF_BUTTON] = {[0 ...
    NUMBER_OF_BUTTON-1] = BUTTON_IS_RELEASED};
56 void read_input(){
   for(int i = 0 ; i < NUMBER_OF_BUTTON; ++i){</pre>
57
     register0_key[i] = register1_key[i];
58
     register1_key[i] = register2_key[i];
59
     switch(i){
```

```
case 0 :
61
          register2_key[i] = HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOB,
62
     BUTTONO_Pin);
        break;
63
      case 1:
64
        register2_key[i] = HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOB,
65
     BUTTON1_Pin);
        break;
      case 2:
67
        register2_key[i] = HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOB,
     BUTTON2_Pin);
        break;
69
      default:
70
        break;
      }
      if(register0_key[i] == register1_key[i] &&
     register1_key[i] == register2_key[i]){
        button_buffer[i] = register2_key[i];
      }
75
    }
76
77
  void fsm_for_button(){
    for(int i = 0; i < NUMBER_OF_BUTTON; ++i){</pre>
      switch(state_of_button[i]){
81
      case BUTTON_RELEASED:
82
        if(button_buffer[i] == BUTTON_IS_PRESSED){
           flag_for_pressed[i] = 1;
           set_timer(i, 3000);
           state_of_button[i] = BUTTON_PRESSED;
        }
        break;
      case BUTTON_PRESSED:
89
        if(is_timer_timeout(i)){
           flag_for_pressed_3s[i] = 1;
           state_of_button[i] = BUTTON_PRESSED_3S;
        }
        if (button_buffer[i] == BUTTON_IS_RELEASED) {
           clear_timer(i);
           state_of_button[i] = BUTTON_RELEASED;
        }
        break;
      case BUTTON_PRESSED_3S:
        if (button_buffer[i] == BUTTON_IS_RELEASED) {
           state_of_button[i] = BUTTON_RELEASED;
101
        }
102
        break:
103
      default:
104
        break;
```

```
106 }
107 }
108 }
```

1.7 Exercise 6: Adding code for displaying modes

Your tasks in this exercise are:

- To add code for display mode on seven-segment LEDs, and
- To add code for blinking LEDs depending on the mode that is selected.

```
1 //file led_7_seg.h
#ifndef INC_LED_7_SEG_H_
3 #define INC_LED_7_SEG_H_
5 #include "global.h"
6 #include "main.h"
7 #include "software_timer.h"
8 //LED 7 SEGMENT
9 extern int led_7_seg_buffer[4];
extern int index_led_7_seg;
11 //turn_on_led_7seg control the ENi pin
void turn_on_led_7seg(int index);
//display_led_7seg display led 7 segment (0 - 9);
void display_led_7seg(int number);
15 //update value of buffer of led 7 seg at index 0 and
16 //number1 will update buffer[0] and buffer[1]
void update_2_buffer_led_7seg_left(int number1);
18 //update value of buffer of led 7 seg at index 2 and
                                                         index
19 //number2 will update buffer[2] and buffer[3]
void update_2_buffer_led_7seg_right(int number2);
21 // running in while(1), display led 7 segment 0 to 3 and
    repeat this index(0 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 0 - 1 - ...).
void led_7seg_run();
24 //file led_7_seg.c
#include "led_7_seg.h"
27 int led_7_seg_buffer[4] = {0};
int index_led_7_seg = 0;
void turn_on_led_7seg(int index){
   switch(index){
   case 0:
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, ENO_Pin, RESET);
```

```
HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN1_Pin, SET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN2_Pin, SET);
35
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN3_Pin, SET);
37
    case 1:
38
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, ENO_Pin, SET);
39
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN1_Pin, RESET);
40
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN2_Pin, SET);
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN3_Pin, SET);
      break;
    case 2:
44
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, ENO_Pin, SET);
45
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN1_Pin, SET);
46
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN2_Pin, RESET);
47
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN3_Pin, SET);
      break:
    case 3:
50
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, ENO_Pin, SET);
51
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN1_Pin, SET);
52
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN2_Pin, SET);
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN3_Pin, RESET);
54
      break;
    default:
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, ENO_Pin, SET);
57
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN1_Pin, SET);
58
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN2_Pin, SET);
59
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin( GPIOB, EN3_Pin, SET);
60
      break;
61
   }
62
63
64
 void display_led_7seg(int number){
    switch(number){
67
    case 0:
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, RESET);
70
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin,
                                                 RESET);
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin, RESET);
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin,
                                                 RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin, RESET);
74
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, SET);
     break;
    case 1:
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin,
78
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, RESET);
79
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin, RESET);
80
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin, SET);
81
     HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin, SET);
```

```
HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin, SET);
83
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, SET);
84
      break;
85
    case 2:
86
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin, RESET);
87
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, RESET);
88
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin, SET);
89
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin, RESET);
90
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin, RESET);
91
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin, SET);
92
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, RESET);
93
      break;
94
    case 3:
95
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin, RESET);
96
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, RESET);
97
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin, RESET);
98
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin, RESET);
99
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin, SET);
100
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin, SET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, RESET);
102
      break;
103
    case 4:
104
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin, SET);
105
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, RESET);
106
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin, RESET);
107
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin, SET);
108
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin, SET);
109
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin, RESET);
110
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, RESET);
111
      break;
    case 5:
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin, RESET);
114
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, SET);
115
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin, RESET);
116
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin, SET);
118
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin, RESET);
119
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, RESET);
120
      break;
121
    case 6:
122
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, SET);
124
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin, RESET);
126
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin, RESET);
128
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, RESET);
129
      break;
130
    case 7:
```

```
HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, RESET);
133
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin,
135
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin,
136
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin,
137
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, SET);
138
      break;
    case 8:
140
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, RESET);
142
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin, RESET);
143
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin, RESET);
144
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin, RESET);
145
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, RESET);
      break;
    case 9:
149
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_A_Pin, RESET);
150
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_B_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_C_Pin, RESET);
152
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_D_Pin, RESET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_E_Pin, SET);
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_F_Pin, RESET);
155
      HAL_GPIO_WritePin(GPIOA, LED_7SEG_G_Pin, RESET);
156
      break:
    default:
158
      break;
159
    }
160
162
  void update_2_buffer_led_7seg_left(int number1){
163
      led_7_seg_buffer[0] = (number1/1000)/10;
164
      led_7_seg_buffer[1] = (number1/1000)%10;
165
166
  void update_2_buffer_led_7seg_right(int number2){
      led_7_seg_buffer[2] = (number 2/1000)/10;
169
      led_7_seg_buffer[3] = (number2/1000)%10;
170
171
  void led_7seg_run(){
172
    // enable the ENi pin ( when index = 0, ENO = RESET ...);
    turn_on_led_7seg(index_led_7_seg);
    display_led_7seg(led_7_seg_buffer[index_led_7_seg]);
    //switch index after 500ms, index increase 1 and index
176
     assign 0 when index = 4;
    if(timer1_flag == 1)//each LED_7SEG run25ms-> 4LED = 1S
177
178
      index_led_7_seg= (index_led_7_seg+1)%4;
```

1.8 Exercise 7: Adding code for increasing time duration value for the red LEDs

Your tasks in this exercise are:

- to use the second button to increase the time duration value of the red LEDs
- to use the third button to set the value for the red LEDs.

See full code on github file trafic_fsm.c and led_traffic

```
2 #include "traffic_fsm.h"
 void fsm_traffic_1_run(){
    switch(state_led_traffic_1){
      case RED:
        turn_on_traffic_led_1();
        //STATE STRANSION
8
        // time out, RED-->GREEN
        if (is_timer_timeout(4)){
10
          state_led_traffic_1 = GREEN;
11
          set_timer(4,duration_time_of_GREEN);
        }
13
      break;
14
      case YELLOW:
15
        turn_on_traffic_led_1();
16
        //STATE STRANSION
17
        // time out, YELLOW --> RED
18
        if (is_timer_timeout(4)){
19
          state_led_traffic_1 = RED;
20
          set_timer(4,duration_time_of_RED);
21
        }
22
      break;
23
      case GREEN:
24
        turn_on_traffic_led_1();
25
        //STATE STRANSION
        // timeout, GREEN-->YELLOW
27
        if (is_timer_timeout(4)){
28
          state_led_traffic_1 = YELLOW;
29
          set_timer(4,duration_time_of_YELLOW);
30
        }
31
      break;
32
      default:
```

```
break;
   }
 }
36
37
 void fsm_traffic_2_run(){
    switch(state_led_traffic_2){
39
      case RED:
        turn_on_traffic_led_2();
        //STATE STRANSION
        // time out, RED-->GREEN
        if (is_timer_timeout(5)){
          state_led_traffic_2 = GREEN;
          set_timer(5,duration_time_of_GREEN);
        }
      break;
      case YELLOW:
51
        turn_on_traffic_led_2();
        //STATE STRANSION
        // time out, YELLOW --> RED
        if (is_timer_timeout(5)){
          state_led_traffic_2 = RED;
          set_timer(5,duration_time_of_RED);
        }
      break;
59
      case GREEN:
60
        turn_on_traffic_led_2();
        //STATE STRANSION
        // timeout, GREEN-->YELLOW
        if (is_timer_timeout(5)){
          state_led_traffic_2 = YELLOW;
66
          set_timer(5,duration_time_of_YELLOW);
        }
      break;
      default:
      break;
72
 void fsm_system_run(){
    switch(mode){
      case INIT_SYSTEM:
78
        state_led_traffic_1 = RED;
        state_led_traffic_2 = GREEN;
80
        set_timer(3, 500);
81
        set_timer(4, duration_time_of_RED);
```

```
set_timer(5, duration_time_of_GREEN);
         //STATE STRANSITION
84
        mode = NORMAL_MODE;
      break:
86
      case NORMAL_MODE:
87
88
         fsm_traffic_1_run();
89
         fsm_traffic_2_run();
         update_2_buffer_led_7seg_left(get_time_of_counter(4))
91
         update_2_buffer_led_7seg_right(get_time_of_counter(5)
92
     );
        //STATE STRANSITION
93
         //button 0 is pressed,
                                   NORMA1_MODE ->
94
     MODIFY_RED_MODE
        if(is_pressed(0)){
95
           clear_timer(4);
           clear_timer(5);
97
           state_led_traffic_1 = RED;
98
           state_led_traffic_2 = RED;
99
           set_timer(6, 500);
100
           turn_on_traffic_led_1();
           turn_on_traffic_led_2();
           buffer_duration_time = duration_time_of_RED;
103
           mode = MODIFY_RED_MODE;
104
        }
105
      break;
106
      case MODIFY_RED_MODE:// LED_RED
107
108
         update_2_buffer_led_7seg_left(mode*1000);
         update_2_buffer_led_7seg_right(buffer_duration_time);
110
        //blinking every 500ms
111
        if (is_timer_timeout(6)){
           blinkind_led_traffic_1();
113
           blinkind_led_traffic_2();
114
           set_timer(6, 500);
        }
116
        //button 1 is pressed, buffer_duration_time increase
117
     1, if buffer exceed 99, buffer = 0;
        if(is_pressed(1)){
118
           buffer_duration_time = (buffer_duration_time +1000)
119
     % (100*1000);
        }
                                   duration time of system =
        //button 2 is pressed,
121
     buffer_duration_time;
        if(is_pressed(2)){
           duration_time_of_RED = buffer_duration_time;
123
        }
124
         //STATE STRANSITION
```

```
//button 0 is pressed, MODIFY_RED_MODE ->
     MODIFY_YELLOW_MODE
        if(is_pressed(0)){
          state_led_traffic_1 = YELLOW;
128
          state_led_traffic_2 = YELLOW;
129
          set_timer(6, 500);
130
          turn_on_traffic_led_1();
          turn_on_traffic_led_2();
          buffer_duration_time = duration_time_of_YELLOW;
          mode = MODIFY_YELLOW_MODE;
        }
135
      break;
```

1.9 Exercise 8: Adding code for increasing time duration value for the amber LEDs

Your tasks in this exercise are:

- to use the second button to increase the time duration value of the amber LEDs
- to use the third button to set the value for the amber LEDs.

Report:

```
case MODIFY_YELLOW_MODE:
     update_2_buffer_led_7seg_left(mode*1000);
     update_2_buffer_led_7seg_right(buffer_duration_time);
   //blinking every 500ms
      if(is_timer_timeout(6)){
   blinkind_led_traffic_1();
6
   blinkind_led_traffic_2();
   set_timer(6, 500);
     }
9
        //button 1 is pressed, buffer_duration_time increase
    1, buffer exceed 99, buffer = 0;
     if(is_pressed(1)){
   buffer_duration_time = (buffer_duration_time +1000)%
12
    (100*1000);
     }
        //button 2 is pressed, duration time of system =
14
    buffer_duration_time;
        if(is_pressed(2)){
15
          duration_time_of_YELLOW = buffer_duration_time;
16
       }
18
        //STATE STRANSITION
19
        //button 0 is pressed,MODIFY_YELLOW_MODE
    MODIFY_GREEN_MODE
```

```
if(is_pressed(0)){
    state_led_traffic_1 = GREEN;
    state_led_traffic_2 = GREEN;
    set_timer(6, 500);
    turn_on_traffic_led_1();
    turn_on_traffic_led_2();
    buffer_duration_time = duration_time_of_GREEN;
    mode = MODIFY_GREEN_MODE;
}
break;
```

1.10 Exercise 9: Adding code for increasing time duration value for the green LEDs

Your tasks in this exercise are:

- to use the second button to increase the time duration value of the green LEDs
- to use the third button to set the value for the green LEDs.

Report:

```
case MODIFY_GREEN_MODE:
        update_2_buffer_led_7seg_left(mode*1000);
        update_2_buffer_led_7seg_right(buffer_duration_time);
        //blinking every 500ms
        if (is_timer_timeout(6)){
          blinkind_led_traffic_1();
          blinkind_led_traffic_2();
          set_timer(6, 500);
8
        }
9
        //button 1 is pressed, buffer_duration_time increase
10
    1, if buffer exceed 99, buffer = 0;
        if(is_pressed(1)){
11
          buffer_duration_time = (buffer_duration_time +1000)
12
    % (100*1000);
        }
13
        //button 2 is pressed, duration time of system =
14
    buffer_duration_time;
        if(is_pressed(2)){
15
          duration_time_of_GREEN = buffer_duration_time;
        }
17
18
        //STATE STRANSITION
19
        //button 0 is pressed, MODIFY_GREEN_MODE ->
20
    NORMAL_MODE
        if(is_pressed(0)){
21
          clear_timer(6);
```

```
state_led_traffic_1 = RED;
state_led_traffic_2 = GREEN;
set_timer(4, duration_time_of_RED);
set_timer(5, duration_time_of_GREEN);
mode = NORMAL_MODE;

break;
default:
break;
}
```

1.11 Exercise 10: To finish the project

Your tasks in this exercise are:

- To integrate all the previous tasks to one final project
- To create a video to show all features in the specification
- To add a report to describe your solution for each exercise.
- To submit your report and code on the BKeL

Report:

All code of Project on Github

https://github.com/quocviet1502/VXL_LAB3/tree/main/STM32PROJECT/Core/Src

1.12 Link Github

Link Github of LAB 3: BUTTONS / SWITCHES Including STM32Project_traffic_light + Proteus

Link Github: https://github.com/quocviet1502/VXL_LAB3.git

End.