

Trigonometriska formler

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \pm x\right) = \cos x$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} \pm x\right) = \mp \sin x$$

$$\sin(x \pm y) = \sin x \cos y \pm \cos x \sin y$$

$$\cos(x \pm y) = \cos x \cos y \mp \sin x \sin y$$

$$\tan(x \pm y) = \frac{\tan x \pm \tan y}{1 \mp \tan x \tan y}$$

$$\cot(x \pm y) = \frac{\cot x \cot y \mp 1}{\pm \cot x + \cot y}$$

$$\sin 2x = 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\cos 2x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = 2 \cos^2 x - 1 = 1 - 2 \sin^2 x$$

$$\sin^2 \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{2}$$

$$\cos^2 \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1 + \cos x}{2}$$

$$\sin x \pm \sin y = 2 \sin \frac{x \pm y}{2} \cos \frac{x \mp y}{2}$$

$$\cos x - \cos y = -2 \sin \frac{x + y}{2} \sin \frac{x - y}{2}$$

$$\cos x + \cos y = 2 \cos \frac{x + y}{2} \cos \frac{x - y}{2}$$

$$2 \sin x \sin y = \cos(x - y) - \cos(x + y)$$

$$2 \cos x \cos y = \cos(x - y) + \cos(x + y)$$

$$2 \sin x \cos y = \sin(x - y) + \sin(x + y)$$

Eulers formler

$$\cos \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{e^{i\theta} - e^{-i\theta}}{2i}$$

Standardgränsvärden

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^\alpha \log_a x = 0 \quad (a > 1, \alpha > 0)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a^x}{x^\alpha} = \infty \quad (a > 1)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^\alpha}{\log_a x} = \infty \quad (a > 1, \alpha > 0)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{a^n}{n!} = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x = e$$

Derivator

$f(x)$	$f'(x)$
$\sin x$	$\cos x$
$\cos x$	$-\sin x$
$\tan x$	$1 + \tan^2 x = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}$
$\cot x$	$-1 - \cot^2 x = -\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}$
$\arcsin x$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$\arccos x$	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$\arctan x$	$\frac{1}{1+x^2}$
$\operatorname{arccot} x$	$-\frac{1}{1+x^2}$
$\ln \left x + \sqrt{x^2 + \alpha} \right $	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + \alpha}}$
$\frac{1}{2}x\sqrt{x^2 + \alpha} + \frac{\alpha}{2} \ln \left x + \sqrt{x^2 + \alpha} \right $	$\sqrt{x^2 + \alpha}$