# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Branch: REC

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Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 5\_CY\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 30 Marks Obtained : 30

Section 1: Coding

#### 1. Problem Statement

John is building a system to store and manage integers using a binary search tree (BST). He needs to add a feature that allows users to search for a specific integer key in the BST using recursion.

Implement functions to create the BST and perform a recursive search for an integer.

# **Input Format**

The first line of input consists of an integer representing, the number of nodes.

The second line consists of integers representing, the values of nodes, separated by space.

The third line consists of an integer representing, the key to be searched.

# **Output Format**

The output prints whether the given key is present in the binary search tree or not.

Refer to the sample output for the exact format.

```
Sample Test Case
Input: 7
```

10 5 15 3 7 12 20

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Output: The key 12 is found in the binary search tree

#### Answer

```
// You are using GCC
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node{
  struct node* right; struct node* left; int data;
};
struct node* insert(struct node* root,int data){
  if(root==NULL){
    struct node* nn=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    nn->data=data;nn->left=nn->right=NULL;return nn;
  if(data<root->data){
    root->left=insert(root->left,data);
  else{
    root->right=insert(root->right,data);
  return root;
int search(struct node* root,int key){
  if(root==NULL) return 0;
  if(root->data==key) return 1;
 if(key<root->data) {
    return search(root->left,key);
```

```
else{
    return search(root->right,key);
}
int main(){
    int n;scanf("%d",&n);
    int val;struct node*root=NULL;
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
        scanf("%d",&val);root=insert(root,val);
    }
    int key;scanf("%d",&key);
    if(search(root,key)){
        printf("The key %d is found in the binary search tree",key);
    }
    else{
        printf("The key %d is not found in the binary search tree",key);
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 2. Problem Statement

Arun is working on a Binary Search Tree (BST) data structure. His goal is to implement a program that reads a series of integers and inserts them into a BST. Once the integers are inserted, he needs to add a given integer value to each node in the tree and find the maximum value in the BST.

Your task is to help Arun implement this program.

#### Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer N, representing the number of elements to be inserted into the BST.

The second line consists of N space-separated integers, each representing an element to be inserted into the BST.

The third line consists of an integer add, representing the value to be added to

The output prints the maximum value in the BST after adding the add value.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

```
Sample Test Case
```

```
Input: 5
    10 5 15 20 25
    5 3
    Output: 30
    Answer
    // You are using GCC
    #include<stdio.h>
    #include<stdlib.h>
    struct node{
      int data;struct node* right;struct node* left;
    };
    struct node* insert(struct node* root,int data){
      if(root==NULL){
        struct node* nn=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
        nn->data=data;nn->right=nn->left=NULL;return nn;
      if(data<root->data){
        root->left=insert(root->left,data);
      else{
        root->right=insert(root->right,data);
      return root;
    void add(struct node* root,int a){
      if(root==NULL) return;
      root->data+=a;
add(root->right,a);
```

```
int max(struct node* root){
    if(root==NULL) return NULL;
    while(root->right!=NULL){
        root=root->right;
    }
    return root->data;
}
int main(){
    int n,val,i,a;
    scanf("%d",&n);struct node* root=NULL;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++){
        scanf("%d",&val);root=insert(root,val);
    }
    scanf("%d",&a);
    add(root,a);
    int maxi=max(root);
    printf("%d",maxi);return 0;
}</pre>
```

Status: Correct Marks: 10/10

#### 3. Problem Statement

Edward has a Binary Search Tree (BST) and needs to find the k-th largest element in it.

Given the root of the BST and an integer k, help Edward determine the k-th largest element in the tree. If k exceeds the number of nodes in the BST, return an appropriate message.

### Input Format

The first line of input consists of integer n, the number of nodes in the BST.

The second line consists of the n elements, separated by space.

The third line consists of the value of k.

# **Output Format**

The output prints the kth largest element in the binary search tree.

For invalid inputs, print "Invalid value of k".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

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```
Sample Test Case
    Input: 7
    8 4 12 2 6 10 14
    Output: 14
    Answer
   // You are using GCC
#include<stdio.h>
    #include<stdlib.h>
    struct node{
      struct node* right; struct node* left; int data;
    struct node* insert(struct node* root,int data){
      if(root==NULL){
         struct node* nn=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
         nn->data=data;nn->left=nn->right=NULL;return nn;
      if(data<root->data){
       root->left=insert(root->left,data);
      else{
         root->right=insert(root->right,data);
      return root;
    void find(struct node* root,int *k,int *r){
      if(root==NULL||*k<=0) return;</pre>
      find(root->right,k,r);
      (*k)--;
      if(*k==0){
         *r=root->data;return;
find(root->left,k,r);
```

```
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     int main(){
     int n,i,k,val;
       scanf("%d",&n);
       struct node* root=NULL;
       for(i=0;i<n;i++){
          scanf("%d",&val);root=insert(root,val);
       scanf("%d",&k);
       if(k>n||k<=0){
          printf("Invalid value of k");return 0;
       int_r=-1;
if(r!=-1){
prin
       find(root,&k,&r);
         printf("%d\n",r);
       else{
          printf("Invalid value of k");
       }
       return 0;
     Status: Correct
                                                                            Marks: 10/10
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```

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