

# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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## 2024\_28\_III\_OOPS Using Java Lab

### REC\_2028\_OOPS using Java\_Week 4\_CY

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 40

Marks Obtained : 40

#### **Section 1 : Coding**

##### **1. Problem Statement**

In a university library, librarians need to track the usage of special characters in students' notes.

To help them, you are asked to write a program that counts the number of specific symbols in each passage of text.

The symbols of interest are:

Exclamation marks (!) Colons (:) Semicolons (;

#### ***Input Format***

The first line of input contains an integer T, representing the number of test cases (passages).

Each of the next T lines contains a single passage of text.

### ***Output Format***

For each test case, print three integers separated by spaces, representing the number of exclamation marks, colons, and semicolons in the passage.

The first line of output corresponds to the first passage, the second line to the second passage, and so on.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1

Hello! How are you

Output: 1 0 0

### ***Answer***

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int T = sc.nextInt();
        sc.nextLine();

        for (int t = 0; t < T; t++) {
            String line = sc.nextLine();
            int exclamCount = 0;
            int colonCount = 0;
            int semicolonCount = 0;

            for (int i = 0; i < line.length(); i++) {
                char ch = line.charAt(i);
                switch (ch) {
                    case '!':
                        exclamCount++;
                        break;
                    case ':':
                        colonCount++;
                        break;
                    case ';':
                        semicolonCount++;
                        break;
                }
            }

            System.out.println(exclamCount + " " + colonCount + " " + semicolonCount);
        }
    }
}
```

```

        colonCount++;
        break;
    case ":":
        semicolonCount++;
        break;
    default:
        }

    }
}

System.out.println(exclamCount + " " + colonCount + " " +
semicolonCount);
}

sc.close();
}
}

```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

## 2. Problem Statement

A library wants to analyze book titles to count the number of words that start with an uppercase letter. This helps the library track proper nouns and important words in titles.

Your task is to write a program that, for each given title, counts and prints the number of words that start with an uppercase letter.

### ***Input Format***

The first line contains an integer T, representing the number of book titles.

Each of the next T lines contains a single title (string).

### ***Output Format***

For each title, the output print a single integer representing the number of words starting with an uppercase letter.

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1  
The Chronicles of Narnia  
Output: 3

### ***Answer***

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int T = sc.nextInt();
        sc.nextLine();

        for (int t = 0; t < T; t++) {
            String line = sc.nextLine();
            String[] words = line.split(" ");
            int count = 0;

            for (String word : words) {
                if (!word.isEmpty() && Character.isUpperCase(word.charAt(0))) {
                    count++;
                }
            }

            System.out.println(count);
        }
    }
}
```

**Status :** Correct

**Marks :** 10/10

### **3. Problem Statement**

Meera is practicing her English vocabulary. She wants to focus on words

that have more vowels in them, as they help improve her pronunciation. She decides to extract only those words from a sentence that contain at least two vowels.

Your task is to help Meera by writing a program that finds such words from the given sentence.

***Input Format***

The input contains a string representing the sentence.

***Output Format***

The output prints all the words that contain at least two vowels, separated by a space.

If no such word exists, print "No words with two vowels".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

***Sample Test Case***

Input: This is an example sentence

Output: example sentence

***Answer***

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        String line = sc.nextLine();
        sc.close();

        String[] words = line.split(" ");
        boolean found = false;

        for (String word : words) {
            int vowelCount = 0;
            String lower = word.toLowerCase();
```

```

for (int i = 0; i < lower.length(); i++) {
    char c = lower.charAt(i);
    if (c == 'a' || c == 'e' || c == 'i' || c == 'o' || c == 'u') {
        vowelCount++;
    }
    if (vowelCount >= 2) {
        if (found) {
            System.out.print(" ");
        }
        System.out.print(word);
        found = true;
        break;
    }
}
if (!found) {
    System.out.print("No words with two vowels");
}
}
}

```

**Status : Correct**

**Marks : 10/10**

#### 4. Problem Statement

In a college, students are required to create unique usernames for accessing the digital library.

The librarian needs your help to verify whether the usernames entered by students are valid.

A username is considered valid if:

It contains only letters (a–z, A–Z) and digits (0–9). Its length is between 5 and 15 characters (inclusive). It must start with a letter (not a digit).

Your task is to determine whether each username in the list is valid or not.

***Input Format***

The first line of input contains an integer T, representing the number of usernames to check.

The next T lines each contain a string S, representing a username.

### ***Output Format***

For each username S, the output print "YES" if it is valid.

Otherwise, the output print "NO".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

### ***Sample Test Case***

Input: 1

Alice123

Output: YES

### ***Answer***

```
// You are using Java
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int T = sc.nextInt();
        sc.nextLine();

        for (int t = 0; t < T; t++) {
            String s = sc.nextLine();
            boolean valid = true;

            if (s.length() < 5 || s.length() > 15) {
                valid = false;
            }

            else if (!Character.isLetter(s.charAt(0))) {
                valid = false;
            } else {
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
            char c = s.charAt(i);
            if (!Character.isLetterOrDigit(c)) {
                valid = false;
                break;
            }
        }
        System.out.println(valid ? "YES" : "NO");
    }
    sc.close();
}
}
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10