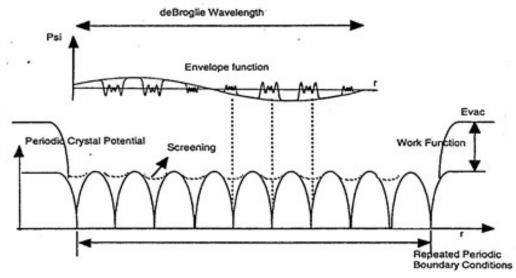
### Potentials in a solid

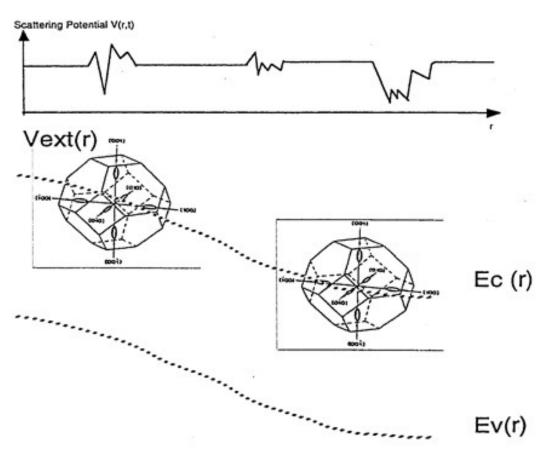
**Bloch wavefunction** 

**Periodic potential** 

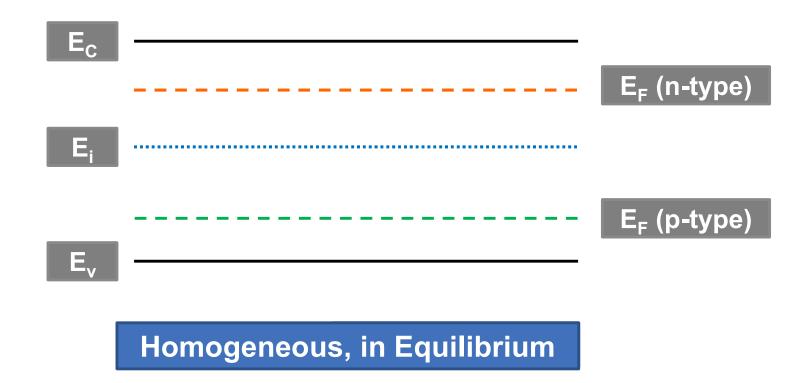
Imperfection → scattering potential

**External potential** 

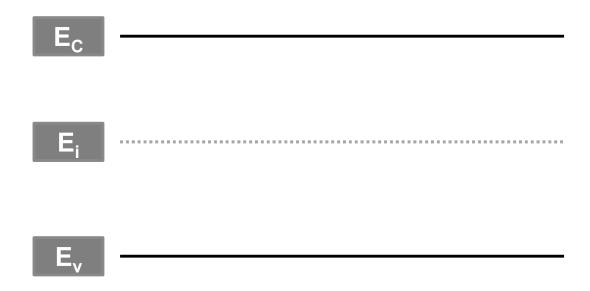




# **Band diagram**

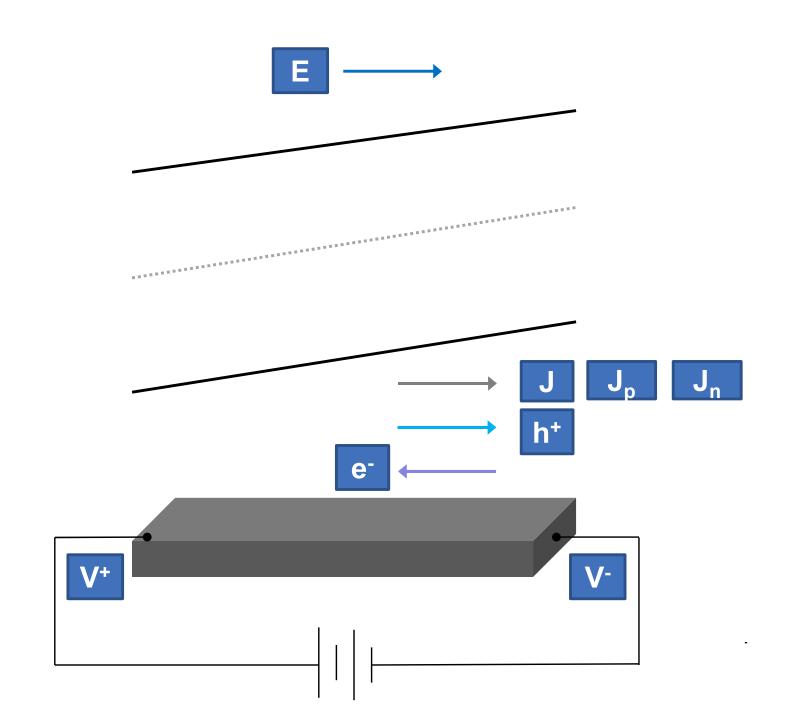


# **Band diagram**



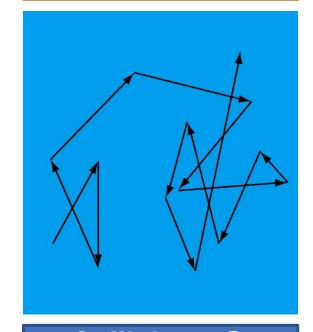
What happens if there is an electric field (due to inhomogeneity OR due to non-equilibrium)?

# Bands in an electric field

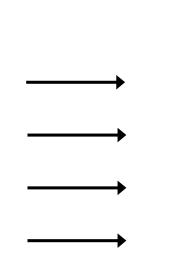


## Electrons in a band (with collisions)

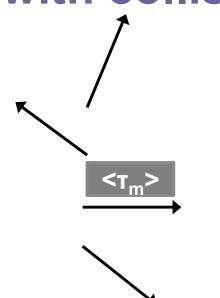
No longer semiclassical motion



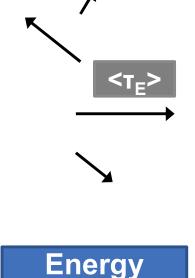
Collisions → Brownian motion



Drift



Momentum relaxation



relaxation

 $\frac{1}{\tau} = S_1(k, k') + S_2(k, k') + \dots = \frac{1}{\tau_1} + \frac{1}{\tau_2} + \dots$ 

Mean time between collisions

S<sub>j</sub>: Scattering rate due to j-th mechanism (ionized impurity, acoustic phonon, ...)

Mattheisen's Rule?

## Mobility and drift current

### Charged particle in electric field → acceleration

$$\frac{dv}{dt} = \frac{q\mathcal{E}}{m^*}$$

#### 'Friction' due to scattering

$$\frac{dv}{dt} + \frac{v}{\tau_m} = \frac{q\mathcal{E}}{m^*}$$

#### **Steady-state drift**

$$\frac{v_d}{\tau_m} = \frac{q\mathcal{E}}{m^*} \Rightarrow v_d = \left(\frac{q\tau_m}{m^*}\right)\mathcal{E} = \mu \cdot \mathcal{E}$$

**Drift current** 

$$J = q\eta v_d = (q\eta\mu)\varepsilon$$
  $\mu = \frac{q\langle \tau_m \rangle}{m^*}$  Mobility

Ohm's Law

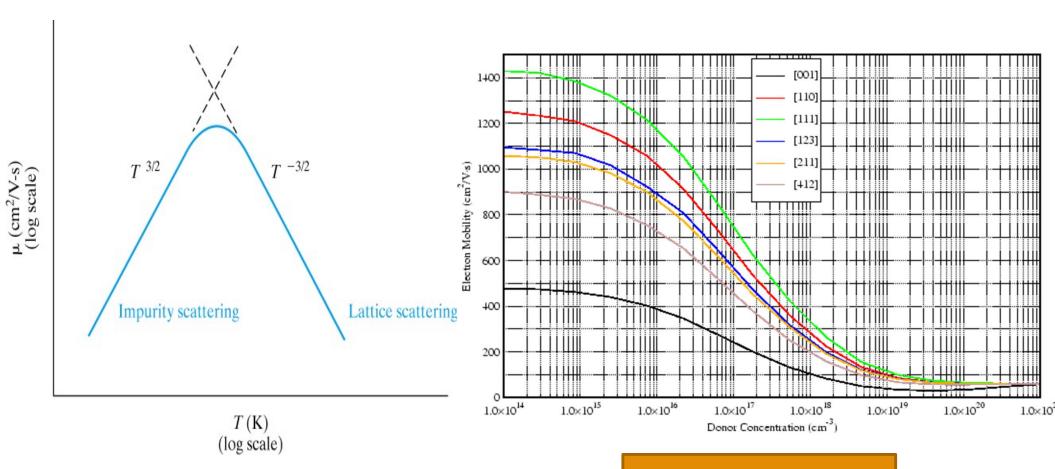
Electron & hole drift

$$J = J_n + J_p = nev_n + pev_p = \left(ne\mu_n + pe\mu_p^{\cdot}\right) \cdot \mathcal{E}$$

## **Mobility dependencies**

#### Temperature dependence

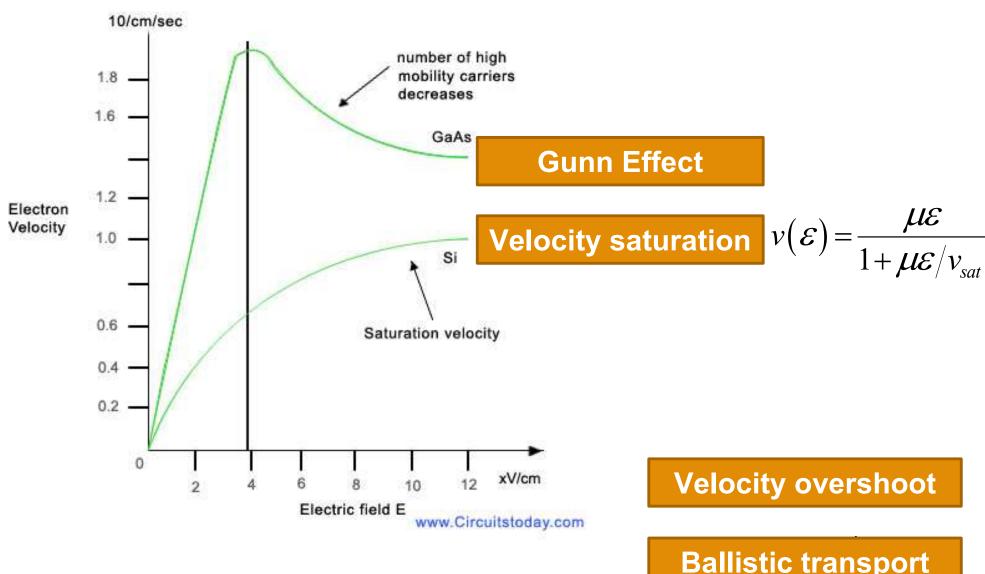
#### Doping & orientation dependence



Why orientation?

### Mobility limits: high-fields, small dimensions





**Ballistic transport** 

### **Finis**

#### **Artwork Sources:**

- 1. Prof. Sanjay Banerjee
- 2. <u>electrons.wikidot.com</u>
- 3. <u>iue.tuwien.ac.at</u>