

GG GG



A diagram of a DNA double helix. The top strand is composed of yellow 'G' nucleotides. The bottom strand is composed of yellow 'G' nucleotides. A red 'U' nucleotide is shown on the top strand, positioned between the first and second 'G' nucleotides. A red horizontal line runs through the center of the helix, representing the sugar-phosphate backbone. The 'U' nucleotide is connected to the backbone by a red vertical line. The 'G' nucleotides are connected to the backbone by yellow vertical lines. The 'U' nucleotide is also connected to the backbone by a red vertical line. The 'G' nucleotides are also connected to the backbone by yellow vertical lines.

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