

# **Instagram User Analytics**

## **Project Description:**

This project focused on analysing user behaviour and engagement on the Instagram platform using SQL and MySQL Workbench. The objective was to extract meaningful insights from user interaction data to support decision-making across multiple teams, including product, marketing, and development.

Key responsibilities included tracking how users interact with features such as posts, likes, and account activity. By answering targeted questions posed by the management team, I provided insights that influenced product roadmap decisions, marketing strategies, and user experience improvements.

This analysis played a vital role in:

- Identifying trends in user engagement and content preferences
- Segmenting users based on activity and retention behaviour
- Supporting the product team with data-driven recommendations for feature enhancements
- Helping marketing and development teams optimize campaigns and user flows

## **Tools & Skills Used:**

- SQL
- MySQL Workbench
- Data Cleaning & Aggregation
- User Interaction Analysis
- Business Intelligence & Reporting

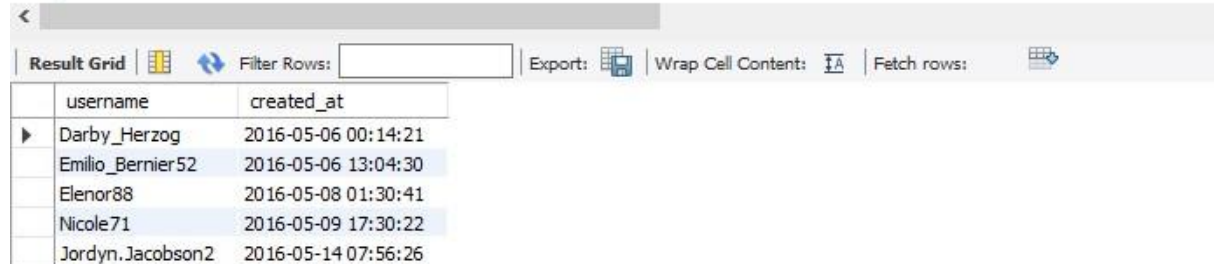
This project demonstrated how structured data analysis can guide the growth of one of the world's most widely used social media platforms.

## A) Marketing Analysis:

1. **Loyal User Reward:** Users who have been using the platform for the longest time.

**SELECT**            username, created\_at from users order by created\_at asc limit 5;

```
4
5      /*1. Loyal User Reward: User's who have been using the platform for the longest time.*/
6
7 •  SELECT username, created_at from users order by created_at asc limit 5;
8
```



The screenshot shows a database query interface. At the top, a SQL query is entered: `SELECT username, created_at from users order by created_at asc limit 5;`. Below the query, a table displays the results. The table has two columns: 'username' and 'created\_at'. The results are as follows:

| username         | created_at          |
|------------------|---------------------|
| Darby_Herzog     | 2016-05-06 00:14:21 |
| Emilio_Bernier52 | 2016-05-06 13:04:30 |
| Elenor88         | 2016-05-08 01:30:41 |
| Nicole71         | 2016-05-09 17:30:22 |
| Jordyn.Jacobson2 | 2016-05-14 07:56:26 |

### Key Insight:

These users have been active since the earliest days of the platform, making them **long-term loyal users**. They are ideal candidates for a **loyalty reward program**, early access to new features, or exclusive recognition to encourage retention and advocacy.

### Business Impact:

- Boosts user satisfaction and loyalty
- Encourages continued platform use
- Strengthens community by recognizing long-time supporters

2. **Inactive User Engagement:** Users who have never posted a single photo on Instagram.

**SELECT u.username**

**FROM users AS u**

**LEFT JOIN photos AS p ON p.user\_id = u.id**

**WHERE p.user\_id IS NULL**

**ORDER BY u.username;**

```

8
9  /*2. Inactive User Engagement: User's who have never posted a single photo on Instagram.*/
10
11 • SELECT u.username

```

| username            |
|---------------------|
| Aniya_Hackett       |
| Bartholome.Bernhard |
| Bethany20           |
| Darby_Herzog        |
| David.Osinski47     |
| Duane60             |
| Esmeralda.Mraz57    |
| Esther.Zulauf61     |
| Franco_Keebler64    |
| Hulda.Macejkovic    |
| Jadyn81             |
| Janelle.Nikolaus81  |
| Jessyca_West        |

### Key Insight:

These users have signed up but **have not engaged by uploading content**, indicating a lack of activity or interest. This segment represents **inactive or disengaged users**.

### Business Implications:

- Opportunity to re-engage users through **targeted email campaigns** or **in-app nudges** encouraging first-time posting.
- Understand friction points in the user journey – maybe the posting process isn't intuitive or users don't find value in sharing.
- Tailor onboarding experiences to better highlight photo-sharing features.

### Actionable Recommendations:

- Offer incentives (badges, shout-outs, contests) to encourage first posts.
- Simplify or gamify the content posting process.
- User personalized reminders to drive initial engagement

**3. Contest Winner Declaration:** List of the users who got most likes on a single photo.

**SELECT**

**likes.photo\_id,**

**users.username,**

**COUNT(likes.user\_id) AS nooflikes FROM**

**likes**

**INNER JOIN photos ON likes.photo\_id = photos.id**

**INNER JOIN users ON photos.user\_id = users.id GROUP**

**BY**

**likes.photo\_id,**

**users.username ORDER**

**BY**

**nooflikes DESC;**

```
17  /*3. Contest Winner Declaration: List of the users who got most likes on a single photo.*/
18
19  SELECT
```

| photo_id | username             | nooflikes |
|----------|----------------------|-----------|
| 145      | Zack_Kemmer93        | 48        |
| 182      | Adelle96             | 43        |
| 127      | Malinda_Streich      | 43        |
| 123      | Seth46               | 42        |
| 30       | Presley_McClure      | 41        |
| 174      | Elenor88             | 41        |
| 192      | Kathryn80            | 41        |
| 147      | Meggie_Doyle         | 41        |
| 61       | Delpha.Kihn          | 41        |
| 52       | Annalise.McKenzie 16 | 41        |

### Key Insight:

This analysis highlights **the top users whose photos have received the highest number of likes**, identifying potential content creators or influencers within the platform.

### Business Value:

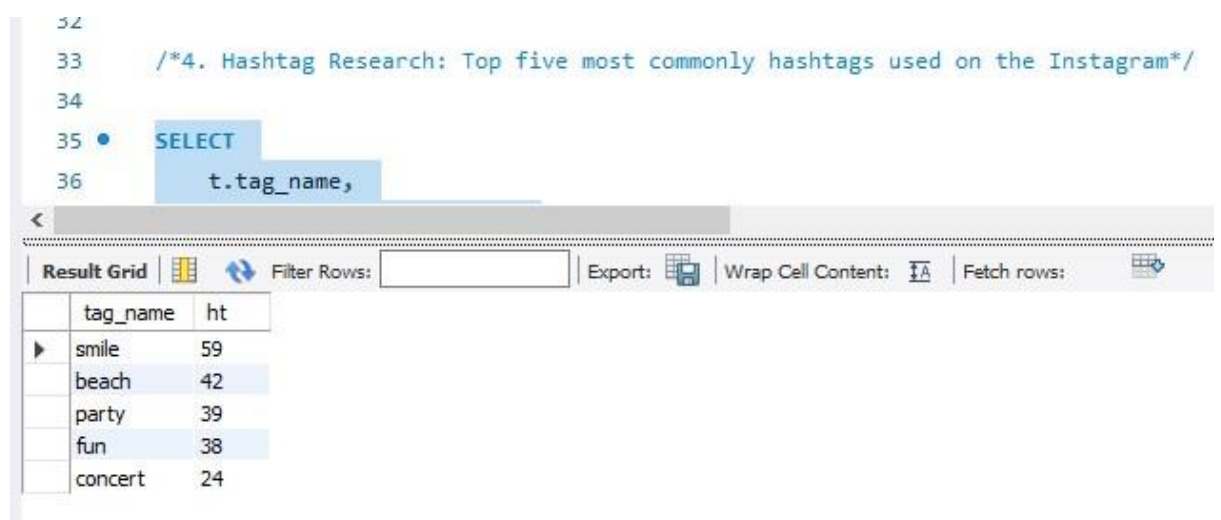
- **Declare winners for a like-based contest** or campaign.
- Spot **high-engagement users** for potential partnerships, influencer outreach, or feature promotion.
- Analyse what type of content drives the most interaction.

#### Actionable Recommendations:

- Feature these users or their content on Instagram's explore page or in app stories.
- Engage them for UGC (user-generated content) promotions.
- Study these top-liked posts to **replicate success patterns** (content type, timing, captioning style, etc.)

#### 4. Hashtag Research: Top five most commonly hashtags used on the Instagram.

```
SELECT  
  
t.tag_name,  
  
COUNT(p.photo_id) AS ht FROM  
  
photo_tags p  
  
INNER JOIN tags t ON t.id = p.tag_id  
  
GROUP BY  
  
t.tag_name ORDER  
  
BY  
  
ht DESC  
  
LIMIT 5;
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with a query on line 35 and its results in a table below. The query is: `SELECT t.tag_name, COUNT(p.photo_id) AS ht FROM photo_tags p INNER JOIN tags t ON t.id = p.tag_id GROUP BY t.tag_name ORDER BY ht DESC LIMIT 5;` The results table has two columns: `tag_name` and `ht`. The data rows are: `smile` (59), `beach` (42), `party` (39), `fun` (38), and `concert` (24).

| tag_name | ht |
|----------|----|
| smile    | 59 |
| beach    | 42 |
| party    | 39 |
| fun      | 38 |
| concert  | 24 |

### Key Insight:

These hashtags are the **most popular and widely used** by Instagram users, indicating trending topics, common interest, or high-engagement themes on the platform.

### Business Implications:

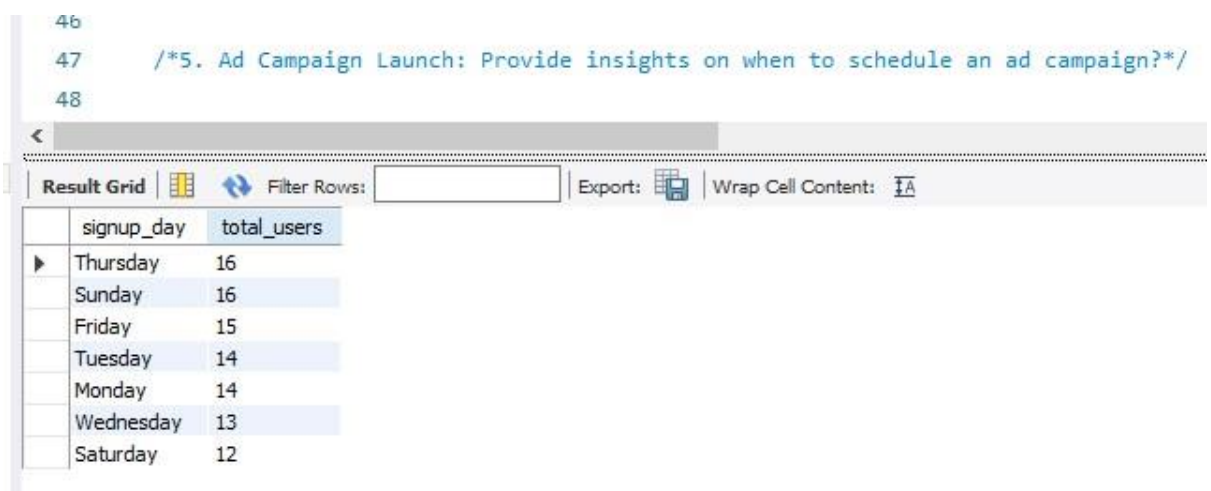
- Helps the **marketing team** target popular hashtag communities for promotions or campaigns.
- Guides **content creators** on which hashtags can **boost visibility** and reach.
- Offers direction for **hashtag-based recommendations**, trends tracking, or search optimization.

### Actionable Recommendations:

- Promote these hashtags in app features like "Trending Now" or "Suggested Tags".
- Encourage new users to use these hashtags to **increase engagement** on their first posts.
- Create targeted challenges or contests using the top hashtags to **drive user participation**.

### 5. Ad Campaign Launch: Provide insights on when to schedule an ad Campaign?

```
SELECT DATE_FORMAT((created_at), '%W') AS day, count(username) FROM users  
GROUP BY 1 ORDER BY 2 DESC;
```



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor with the following query:

```
46  
47 /*5. Ad Campaign Launch: Provide insights on when to schedule an ad campaign?*/  
48
```

Below the query, there is a table with the following data:

| signup_day | total_users |
|------------|-------------|
| Thursday   | 16          |
| Sunday     | 16          |
| Friday     | 15          |
| Tuesday    | 14          |
| Monday     | 14          |
| Wednesday  | 13          |
| Saturday   | 12          |

### Key Insight:

The result highlights the **days of the week with the highest user activity** (sign-ups), helping determine when users are most likely to be active on the platform.

### Business Implications:

- Ad campaigns launched on **high-signup days** are likely to receive **more visibility and engagement**.
- Improves **ad reach efficiency** by targeting users when they are most active or newly joining.

### Actionable Recommendations:

- Schedule **ad launches or promotions** on the **top 2 days** with the highest user sign-ups.
- Align **marketing emails, push notifications, or influencer posts** with these peak days.
- Consider running **A/B tests** on different weekdays to confirm performance.

### B) Investor Metrics:

1. **User Engagement:** Calculating the average number of posts per user on Instagram. Also, finding total number of photos on Instagram/ total number of users.

WITH base AS(

```
SELECT u.id AS userid, COUNT(p.id) AS photoid FROM users u LEFT JOIN photos p ON  
p.user_id=u.id GROUP BY u.id)
```

```
SELECT SUM(photoid) AS totalphotos, COUNT(userid) AS total_users, SUM(photoid)/  
COUNT(userid) AS photoperuser FROM base;
```



```
51  
52 /*B) Investor Metrics:  
53 1. User Engagement: Calculating the average number of posts per user on Instagram. Also, finding total number of  
54 photos on Instagram/ total number of users.*/  
55  
56 • SELECT * FROM photos, users;  
57 • WITH base AS(  
<
```

|   | totalphotos | total_users | photoperuser |
|---|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| ▶ | 257         | 100         | 2.5700       |

### Key Insight:

- **Total Photos:** Shows the overall volume of content generated.
- **Total Users:** Total user base considered in the analysis.
- **Average Posts per User:** Indicates how actively users are posting on Instagram.

### Business Implications:

- A higher average suggests **that strong user engagement** and platform stickiness.
- A lower average may signal **passive users**, indicating a need for better content creation incentives.

### Actionable Recommendations:

- If average post count is low, introduce **engagement-boosting features** like badges, posting streaks, or first-post rewards.
  - Use this metric as a **benchmark** to track changes after running content or engagement campaigns.
  - Segment by user types (new vs. old, active vs. inactive) to **personalize re-engagement strategies**.
2. **Bots & Fake Accounts:** Identifying users (potentially bots) who have liked every single photo on the site (since it's impossible for the normal user).

WITH base AS(

SELECT u.username, COUNT(l.photo\_id) AS likess FROM likes l INNER JOIN users u

ON u.id= l.user\_id

GROUP BY u.username)

SELECT username, likess FROM base WHERE likess= (SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM photos)

ORDER BY username;

```
61  /*2. Bots & Fake Accounts: Identifying users (potentially bots) who have liked every single photo on the site
62  (since it's impossible for the normal user).*/
63
```

| username           | likess |
|--------------------|--------|
| Aniya_Hackett      | 257    |
| Bethany20          | 257    |
| Duane60            | 257    |
| Jadlyn81           | 257    |
| Janelle.Nikolaus81 | 257    |
| Julien_Schmidt     | 257    |
| Leslie67           | 257    |
| Maxwell.Halvorson  | 257    |
| Mckenna17          | 257    |
| Mike.Auer39        | 257    |
| Nia_Haag           | 257    |
| Ollie_Ledner37     | 257    |
| Rocio33            | 257    |



**Key Insight:**

- The result lists users who have **liked 100% of all photos** on the platform.
- This is likely the behavior of **bots, fake accounts, or automation tools**, not regular users.

**Business Implications:**

- Helps identify and flag **suspicious or non-human activity**.
- Important for **maintaining data integrity**, especially when measuring engagement metrics.
- These accounts can skew analytics and must be **monitored or removed**.

**Actionable Recommendations:**

- Flag and review these accounts for potential **bot activity**.
- Improve platform security with **CAPTCHAs or behavioural checks**.
- Adjust engagement KPIs to **exclude outliers** for more accurate reporting.

**Over All Business Impact Summary:**

- **Enhanced decision-making** across product, marketing, and user growth teams.
- Supported strategic planning with clear data on user behaviour, content performance, and platform health.
- Helped in **detecting anomalies**, boosting engagement, and creating **data-driven campaigns**.