

# Shortest path in weighted graphs

find the sp between every edge:

> *floyd-warshal algorithm (dynamic programming)*

find the sp between a source and other nodes:

> *dijkstra algorithm (greedy)*

> *bellman-ford algorithm (dynamic programming)*

> *sssp (fast dijkstra in DAG)*

## floyd-warshal implementation

Timecomplexity =>  $O(n^3)$

```
In [5]: def floyd(adj_matrix, nodes):  
    dp = [[0 for x in range(nodes)] for y in range (nodes)]  
    for i in range (nodes):  
        for j in range(nodes):  
            dp[i][j] = adj_matrix[i][j]  
  
    for k in range (nodes):  
        for i in range (nodes):  
            for j in range (nodes):  
                dp[i][j] = min (dp[i][j], dp[i][k] + dp[k][j])  
  
    return dp
```

## bellman-ford implementation

Timecomplexity =>  $O(N \cdot E)$

```
In [14]: def bellman_ford (graph, nodes, source):  
    infi = 1000009  
    dp = [infi for x in range(nodes)]  
    dp[source] = 0  
  
    for i in range (nodes):  
        for u, v, w in graph:  
            if dp[u] != infi and dp[u] + w < dp[v]:  
                dp[v] = dp[u] + w  
  
    return dp
```

```
In [15]: def input_graph():  
    nodes = int(input())  
    edges = int(input())  
    graph = []  
    for i in range (edges):  
        u, v, w = map(int, input().split())  
        graph.append((u, v, w))  
    return bellman_ford(graph, nodes, 0)
```

```
In [16]: input_graph()
```

```
6
7
0 1 2
0 2 3
1 2 1
2 3 1
2 4 1
3 4 2
2 5 100
```

```
Out[16]: [0, 2, 3, 4, 4, 103]
```