### Task 1: Create relational database



Figure 1: creating database

#### Create database victorTest

## Task 2: Create table and insert data.

Table 1: students table

```
CREATE TABLE `victorTest`.`students` ( `studentID` VARCHAR(5) NOT NULL ,
   FirstName` VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL , `LastName` VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL , `DOB` DATE
   NOT NULL , PRIMARY KEY ( 'studentID`)) ENGINE = InnoDB;
```

*Figure 2: creating students table* 

```
INSERT INTO `students` (`studentID`, `FirstName`, `LastName`, `DOB`) VALUES
('S001', 'Victor', 'Allison', '1990-06-02'), ('S002', 'Fred', 'Nile',
'1940-03-03'), ('S003', 'Christine', 'Onu', '1970-09-01'), ('S004', 'James',
'Brown', '1976-03-02'), ('S005', 'Mark', 'Oliphant', '1958-10-3'), ('S006',
'George', 'Bush', '1951-11-28')
```

Figure 3: inserting studens data

#### Table 2: courses table

```
CREATE TABLE `victorTest`.`course` ( `CourseID` VARCHAR(5) NOT NULL ,

CourseName VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL , `HoursPerWeek` INT NOT NULL , `StartDate`

DATE NOT NULL , PRIMARY KEY (`CourseID`)) ENGINE = InnoDB;
```

Figure 4: creating courses table

```
INSERT INTO `courses` (`courseID`, `courseName`, `HoursPerWeek`, `StartDate`)
VALUES ('C001', 'Cert 1', '15', '2012-02-01'), ('C002', 'Cert 2', '20',
'2012-02-02'), ('C003', 'Cert 3', '16', '2012-02-03'), ('C004', 'Cert 4', '20',
'2012-02-13')
```

*Figure 5: inserting data into courses* 

#### Table 3: Enrolment Table

```
create table enrollment(
StudentID varchar(5),
CourseID varchar(5),
CONSTRAINT FOREIGN key fk_sID(StudentID) REFERENCES students(StudentID),
CONSTRAINT FOREIGN key fk_courses(CourseID) REFERENCES courses(CourseID));
```

*Figure 6: creating enrolment table* 

```
INSERT INTO `enrollment` (`StudentID`, `CourseID`) VALUES ('S001', 'C001'), ('S002', 'C001'), ('S003', 'C002'), ('S004', 'C002'), ('S005', 'C004')
```

Figure 7: inserting enrollment data

### Task 3: Select data from database

1. the select statement used is **select \* from students** 

```
SELECT * FROM `students`
```

*Figure 8: students select statement* 

the results of execution

studentID	FirstName	LastName	DOB
S001	Victor	Allison	1990-06-02
S002	Fred	Nile	1940-03-03
S003	Christine	Onu	1970-09-01
S004	James	Brown	1976-03-02
S005	Mark	Oliphant	1958-10-03
S006	George	Bush	1951-11-28

Figure 9: results of execution

The results returned were the expected results

2. SQL statements: **SELECT FirstName**, LastName from students RIGHT JOIN enrollment on enrollment.StudentID=students.studentID where enrollment.CourseID='c001'

SELECT FirstName ,LastName from students RIGHT JOIN enrollment on enrollment.StudentID=students.studentID where enrollment.CourseID='c001'

#### executio results



The results produced were the expected results

3. SQL statement: select DISTINCT students.\*, courses.\* from students, courses RIGHT JOIN enrollment on enrollment.StudentID=studentID WHERE students.studentID='s001'

```
select DISTINCT students.*, courses.* from students,courses
RIGHT JOIN enrollment on enrollment.StudentID=studentID
WHERE students.studentID='s001'
```

studentID	FirstName	LastName	DOB	courseID	courseName	HoursPerWeek	StartDate
S001	Victor	Allison	1990-06-02	C001	Cert 1	15	2012-02-01
S001	Victor	Allison	1990-06-02	C002	Cert 2	20	2012-02-02
S001	Victor	Allison	1990-06-02	C003	Cert 3	16	2012-02-03
S001	Victor	Allison	1990-06-02	C004	Cert 4	20	2012-02-13

The execution produced the desired results

4. SQL statement: **SELECT** \* from courses ORDER by StartDate ASC

SELECT \* from courses ORDER by StartDate ASC

<b>← T</b> →	courseID	courseName	HoursPerWeek	StartDate 🔺 1
🗌 🥜 Edit 👫 Copy 🔘 Dele	te C001	Cert 1	15	2012-02-01
☐ 🖉 Edit 👫 Copy 🥥 Dele	te C002	Cert 2	20	2012-02-02
☐ 🥜 Edit 👫 Copy 🥥 Dele	te C003	Cert 3	16	2012-02-03
☐ 🖉 Edit 强 Copy 🥥 Dele	te C004	Cert 4	20	2012-02-13

The execution produced the desired results

5. SQL STATEMENT: <u>SELECT</u> <u>COUNT</u>(\* ) from enrollment <u>RIGHT</u> JOIN courses on enrollment.CourseID=courses.courseID WHERE courses.courseName='Cert 1'

SELECT COUNT(\* ) from enrollment RIGHT JOIN courses on enrollment.CourseID=courses.courseID WHERE courses.courseName='Cert 1'

**COUNT(\* )** 

The execution produced the desired results

6. SQL statement : select max(HoursPerWeek) from courses

max(HoursPerWeek) from courses

max(HoursPerWeek)

20

Figure 10: execution results

The execution produced the desired results

7. SQL Statement: select COUNT(\*) from courses

select COUNT(\*) from courses

COUNT(\*)

The execution produced the desired results

- 8.
- 9.
- 10. sql statement: <u>select</u> \* from students where FirstName <u>LIKE</u> 'Chris%'



# task 4: Modify table structure

sql statement: <u>alter</u> <u>TABLE</u> courses add CourseEndDat <u>date</u>

courseID	courseName	HoursPerWeek	StartDate	CourseEndDat
C001	Cert 1	15	2012-02-01	NULL
C002	Cert 2	20	2012-02-02	NULL
C003	Cert 3	16	2012-02-03	NULL
C004	Cert 4	20	2012-02-13	NULL

# Task 5: Modify table data

1. sql statement: UPDATE `students` SET `DOB` = '1940-06-06'
WHERE `students`.`studentID` = 'S002'

S002	Fred	Nile	1940-06-06

2.