

File Management

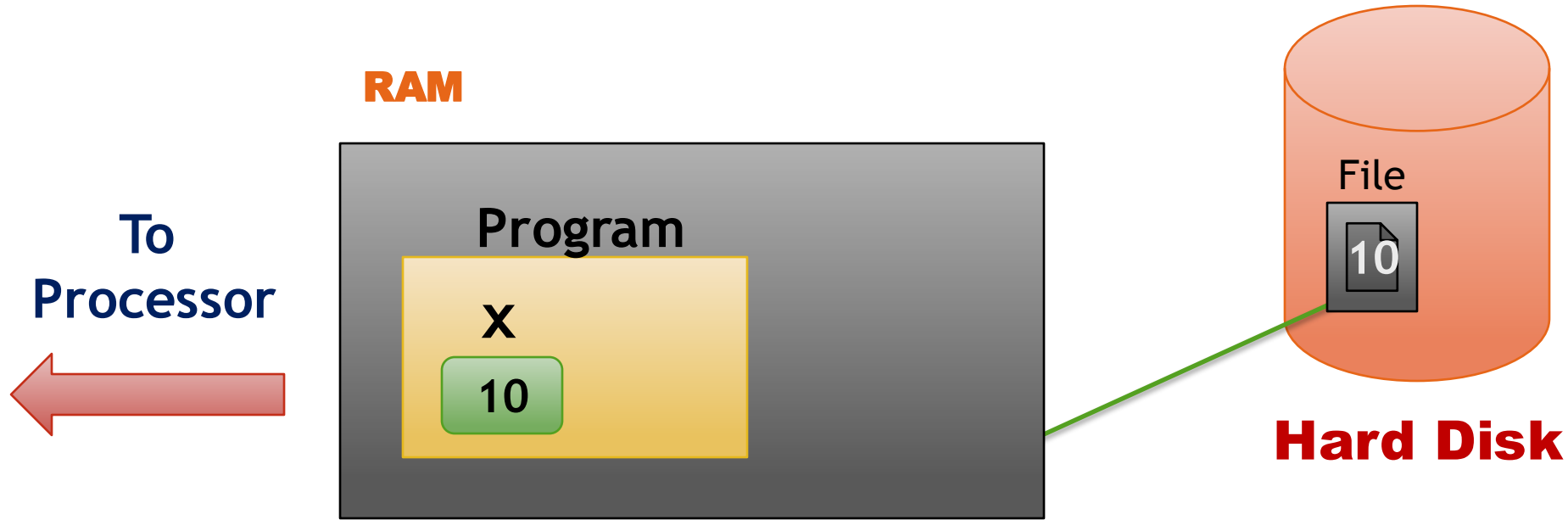


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Agenda

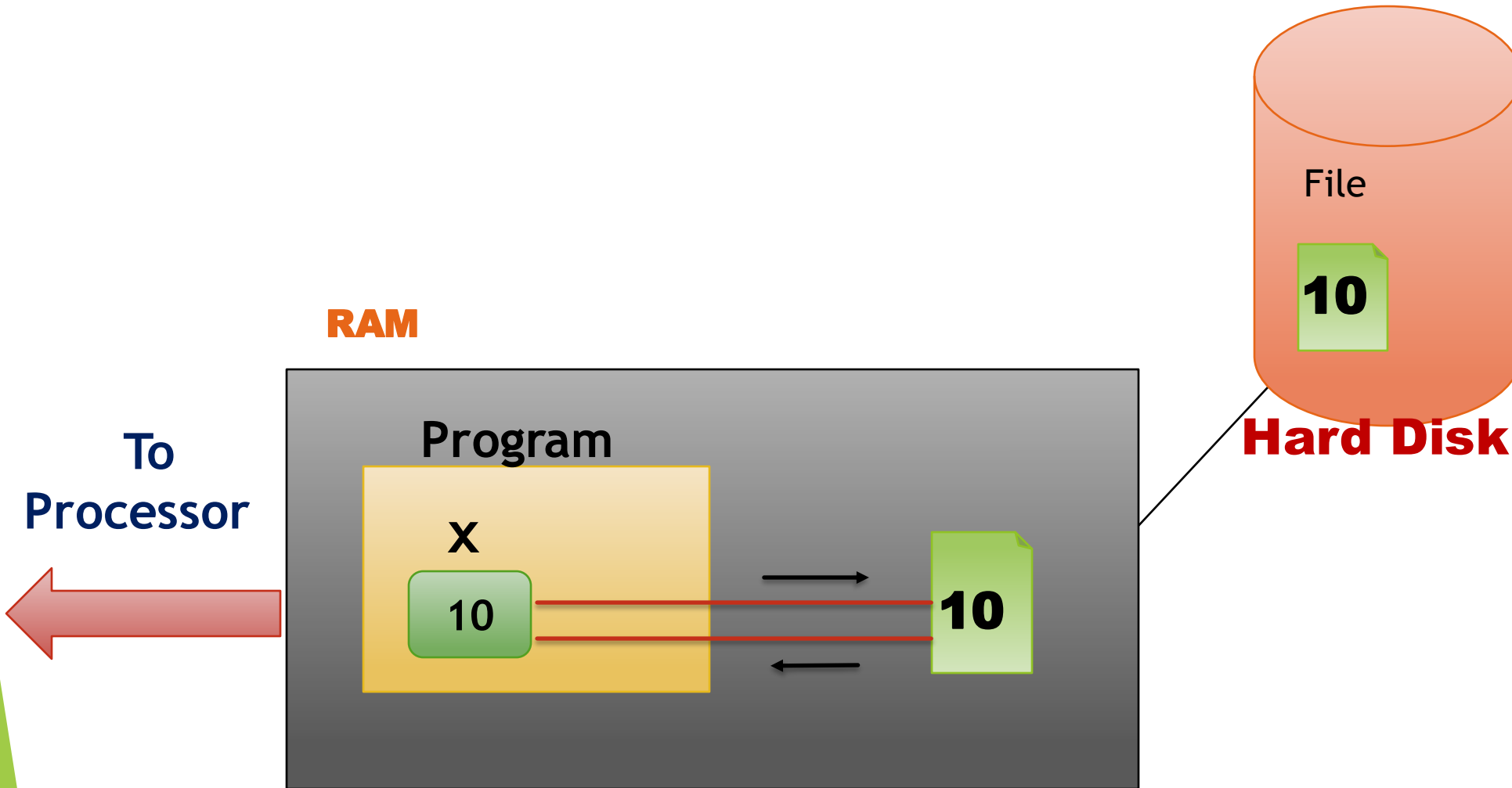
- **What is file handling ?**
- **Introduction to stream**
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- **Reading data from a File**
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What is file handling?

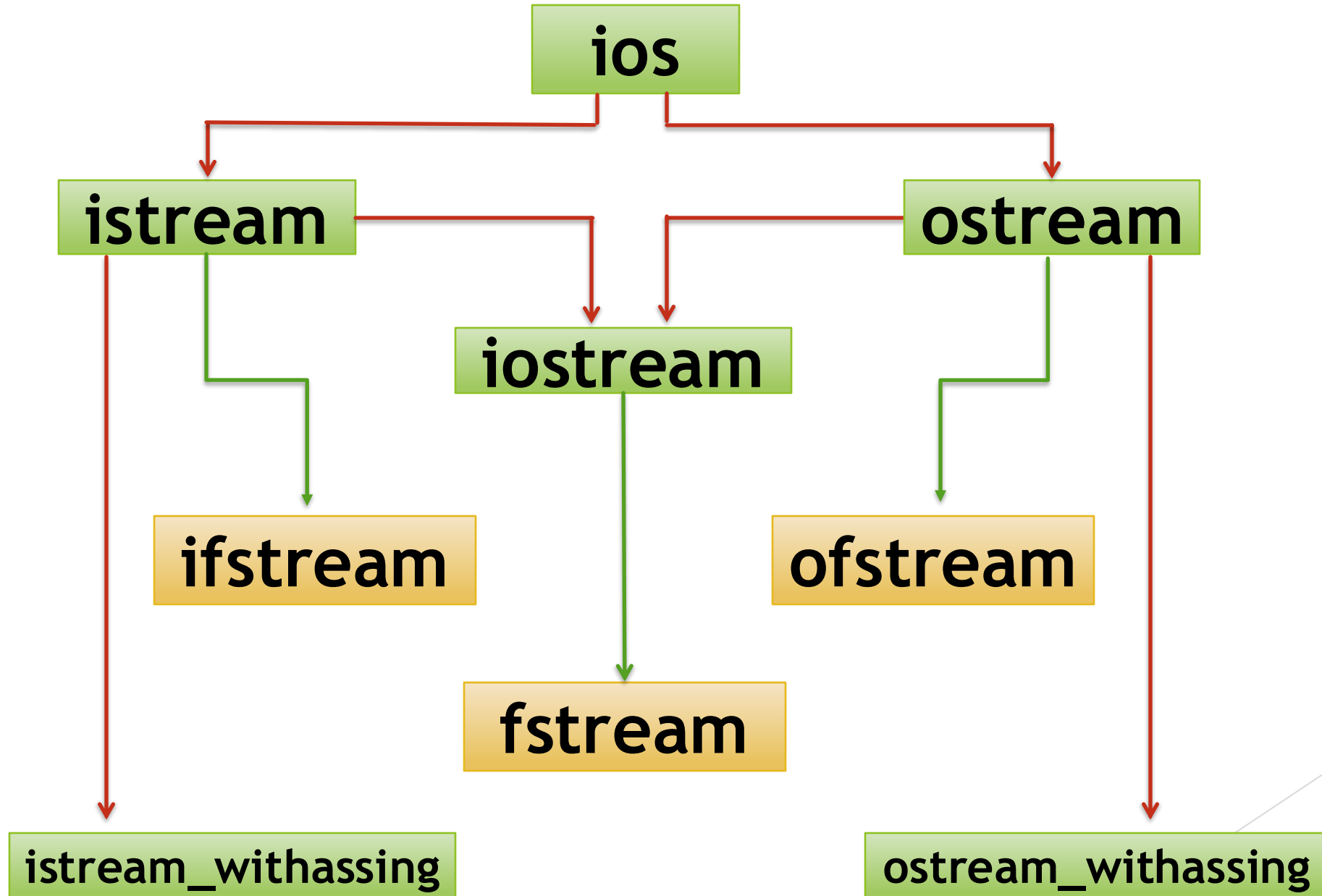


- **File handling is used to store data permanently in a computer.**
- **Using file handling we can store our data in secondary memory (Hard disk).**

Introduction to stream



Streams Classes





- **ofstream:-** Represents the output file stream and is used to create and write to files.
- **ifstream:-** Represents the input file stream and is used to read from files.
- **fstream:-** Represents the file stream and can be used for both reading from and writing to files.
- **ifstream** → इसका **object** बनाके **file** में **read** करते हैं
- **ofstream** → इसका **object** बनाके **file** में **write** करते हैं

File Operations in C++

- **open()** :- This is used to create a file.
- **read()** :- This is used to read the data from the file.
- **write()** :- This is used to write new data to file.
- **close()** :- This is used to close the file.

❖ **Steps of File Handling:-**

- 1. Open a File :-** Before performing any operation on a file, it must be opened.
- 2. Perform Operation :-** Once opened, you can perform various operations likes :-
 - 1. Writing, 2. Reading, 3. appending,**
 - 4. deleting.**
- 3. Close the File:-** After completing operations on the file.

Writing data to a File

```
#include<iostream>
#include<fstream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    ofstream out;
    out.open("Demo.txt");
    if(out)
        cout<<"File Created"<<endl;
    else
        cout<<"File don't Created"<<endl;
    out<<"TasiNCoder";
    out.close();
}
```

Appending data to a file

```
#include<iostream>
#include<fstream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    ofstream out;
    out.open("Demo.txt", ios::app);
    if(out)
        cout<<"File Created"<<endl;
    else
        cout<<"File don't Created"<<endl;
    out<<"\n write code.";
    out.close();
}
```

Reading data from a File

```
#include<iostream>
#include<fstream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    ifstream in;
    string name;
    in.open("Demo.txt");
    if(in)
        cout<<"File opened"<<endl;
    else
        cout<<"File don't open"<<endl;
    in>>name;
    cout<<name<<endl;
    in.close();
}
```

Mode of file opening

❖ File open() mode

- **ios is a class**

- **ios :: in** → **read mode**
- **ios :: out** → **write mode**
- **ios :: trunc** → **Delete \ Rewrite**
- **ios :: app** → **append mode**

- **file open one time multiple modes**

- **syntax:-**

→ **object.open("filename.txt", mode | mode)**

- **eof() :-** This function returns true if the end of the file is reached while reading the file.
- **fail() :-** returns true when the read/write operation fails or a format error occurs.
- **bad() :-** returns true if reading from or writing to a file fails.

Renaming a file & Removing a file

```
int main()
{
    remove("Demo.txt");
    rename("temp.txt", "Demo.txt");
    return 0;
}
```