Friend Function



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Agenda

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- Making function friend
- Defining Friend operator
- Benefits of Friend

Friend Function

- friend is a keyword
- Friend Function is not a member function of a class to which it is a friend.
- Function which is friend to a class can access any member of the class (public, private and protected)

Making a Function Friend to a class

- Function needs to be declared with friend keyword in the class to which we want to make it a friend.
- Friend function is defined outside the class without membership label, as it is not a member function.
- Remember friend function can be a member to another class, so membership label is required while defining outside all the class.

- You can declare friend function without bothering access specifier because it is not a member, so no impact of access specifier on it.
- A function which is a friend to same class can be

- a non member function, or
- a member of same class

- If friend function is an absolute non member function then you can invoke it like any other function.
 FunctionName();
- If friend function is a member to same class, then you can invoke it using object of the class.
 - Object.FunctionName();
- Member function can access properties of current object directly, But friend function needs an object to access its properties and method.
- A function can be a member to Zero or one class and friend to Zero or many classes.

Defining Friend operator

```
class Item
  private:
     int a,b;
     friend Item operator+(int,Item);
};
Item operator(int x,
Item i1)
  Item temp;
  temp.a = i1.a+x;
  temp.b = i1.b;
  return temp;
```

Benefits of Friend

- Function can be a friend to multiple classes, which makes it Possible to access private members of multiple classes in the same functionality.
- With the friend operator it is possible to overload a binary operator in which left operand is not an object.
- Various operator can only be define using friend.