

BURSA ULUDAĞ ÜNİVERSİTESİ BİLGİSAYAR MÜHENDİSLİĞİ 2023-2024 EĞİTİM ÖĞRETİM YILI BAHAR DÖNEMİ BİLGİSAYAR GRAFİKLERİ RAPORU

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SORU: 02_Grafik çıktı öğeleri ders notunun 72. slaytına bakınız. Geliştirdiğiniz kodun yanı sıra pencere çıktısının görüntüsünü içeren raporunuzu pdf formatında kaydedip yükleyiniz.

Lab 1

- Bir <u>OpenGL</u> penceresine istediğiniz birer arka plan ve dolgu rengi ile 2-B koordinat sisteminde bir yıldız çiziniz.
 - Ana profilde (Core profile) modern OpenGL ile kodu geliştiriniz.



CEVAP KODU:

```
#include <glad/glad.h>
#include <GLFW/glfw3.h>
#include <iostream>
void framebuffer_size_callback(GLFWwindow* window, int width, int height);
void processInput(GLFWwindow* window);
// settings
const unsigned int SCR_WIDTH = 800;
const unsigned int SCR_HEIGHT = 600;
const char* vertexShaderSource = "#version 330 core\n"
"layout (location = 0) in vec3 aPos;\n"
"void main()\n"
    gl_Position = vec4(aPos.x, aPos.y, aPos.z, 1.0);\n"
"}\0";
const char* fragmentShaderSource = "#version 330 core\n"
"out vec4 FragColor;\n"
"void main()\n"
   FragColor = vec4(0.4f, 0.2f, 0.7f, 1.0f);\n"
"}\n\0";
int main()
    // glfw: initialize and configure
    // -
    glfwInit();
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW_CONTEXT_VERSION_MAJOR, 3);
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW_CONTEXT_VERSION_MINOR, 3);
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW_OPENGL_PROFILE, GLFW_OPENGL_CORE_PROFILE);
       __APPLE
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW_OPENGL_FORWARD_COMPAT, GL_TRUE);
#endif
    // glfw window creation
    GLFWwindow* window = glfwCreateWindow(SCR_WIDTH, SCR_HEIGHT, "LearnOpenGL", NULL, NULL);
    if (window == NULL)
    {
        std::cout << "Failed to create GLFW window" << std::endl;</pre>
```

```
glfwTerminate();
    return -1;
}
glfwMakeContextCurrent(window);
glfwSetFramebufferSizeCallback(window, framebuffer_size_callback);
// glad: load all OpenGL function pointers
// -
if (!gladLoadGLLoader((GLADloadproc)glfwGetProcAddress))
    std::cout << "Failed to initialize GLAD" << std::endl;</pre>
    return -1;
}
// build and compile our shader program
// vertex shader
unsigned int vertexShader = glCreateShader(GL_VERTEX_SHADER);
glShaderSource(vertexShader, 1, &vertexShaderSource, NULL);
glCompileShader(vertexShader);
// check for shader compile errors
int success;
char infoLog[512];
glGetShaderiv(vertexShader, GL_COMPILE_STATUS, &success);
if (!success)
{
    glGetShaderInfoLog(vertexShader, 512, NULL, infoLog);
    std::cout << "ERROR::SHADER::VERTEX::COMPILATION_FAILED\n" << infoLog << std::endl;</pre>
}
// fragment shader
unsigned int fragmentShader = glCreateShader(GL_FRAGMENT_SHADER);
glShaderSource(fragmentShader, 1, &fragmentShaderSource, NULL);
glCompileShader(fragmentShader);
// check for shader compile errors
glGetShaderiv(fragmentShader, GL_COMPILE_STATUS, &success);
if (!success)
{
    glGetShaderInfoLog(fragmentShader, 512, NULL, infoLog);
    std::cout << "ERROR::SHADER::FRAGMENT::COMPILATION_FAILED\n" << infoLog << std::endl;</pre>
// link shaders
unsigned int shaderProgram = glCreateProgram();
glAttachShader(shaderProgram, vertexShader);
glAttachShader(shaderProgram, fragmentShader);
glLinkProgram(shaderProgram);
// check for linking errors
glGetProgramiv(shaderProgram, GL_LINK_STATUS, &success);
if (!success) {
    glGetProgramInfoLog(shaderProgram, 512, NULL, infoLog);
    std::cout << "ERROR::SHADER::PROGRAM::LINKING_FAILED\n" << infoLog << std::endl;</pre>
}
glDeleteShader(vertexShader);
glDeleteShader(fragmentShader);
// set up vertex data (and buffer(s)) and configure vertex attributes
// ---
float vertices[] = {
    -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, // left
    0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, // right
     0.0f, 0.7f, 0.0f, // top
    0.5f, 0.3f, 0.0f,
                         // bottom-right
    -0.5f, 0.3f, 0.0f, // bottom-left
    0.0f, -0.8f, 0.0f,
                         // bottom-middle
    - 0.9f, -0.85f, 0.0f, // left
    -0.6f, -0.85f, 0.0f, // right
   -0.75f, -0.6f, 0.0f, // top
-0.6f, -0.70f, 0.0f, // bottom-right
```

```
-0.9f, -0.70f, 0.0f, // bottom-left
        -0.75f, -0.95f, 0.0f // bottom-middle
    };
    unsigned int VBO, VAO;
    glGenVertexArrays(1, &VAO);
    glGenBuffers(1, &VBO);
    // bind the Vertex Array Object first, then bind and set vertex buffer(s), and then
configure vertex attributes(s).
    glBindVertexArray(VAO);
    glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, VBO);
    glBufferData(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, sizeof(vertices), vertices, GL_STATIC_DRAW);
    glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL_FLOAT, GL_FALSE, 3* sizeof(float), (void*)0);
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);
    // note that this is allowed, the call to glVertexAttribPointer registered VBO as the
vertex attribute's bound vertex buffer object so afterwards we can safely unbind
    glBindBuffer(GL_ARRAY_BUFFER, 0);
    // You can unbind the VAO afterwards so other VAO calls won't accidentally modify this
VAO, but this rarely happens. Modifying other
    // VAOs requires a call to glBindVertexArray anyways so we generally don't unbind VAOs
(nor VBOs) when it's not directly necessary.
    glBindVertexArray(0);
    // uncomment this call to draw in wireframe polygons.
    //glPolygonMode(GL_FRONT_AND_BACK, GL_LINE);
    // render loop
    // -----
    while (!glfwWindowShouldClose(window))
    {
        // input
        // ---
        processInput(window);
        // render
        // ----
        glClearColor(0.7f, 0.5f, 0.1f, 1.0f);
        glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
        // draw our first triangle
        glUseProgram(shaderProgram);
        glBindVertexArray(VAO); // seeing as we only have a single VAO there's no need to bind
it every time, but we'll do so to keep things a bit more organized
        glDrawArrays(GL_TRIANGLES, 0, 12);
        // glBindVertexArray(0); // no need to unbind it every time
        // glfw: swap buffers and poll IO events (keys pressed/released, mouse moved etc.)
        glfwSwapBuffers(window);
        glfwPollEvents();
    }
    // optional: de-allocate all resources once they've outlived their purpose:
    glDeleteVertexArrays(1, &VA0);
    glDeleteBuffers(1, &VBO);
    glDeleteProgram(shaderProgram);
    // glfw: terminate, clearing all previously allocated GLFW resources.
    glfwTerminate();
    return 0;
}
```

CEVAP EKRAN GÖRÜNTÜSÜ:

