



BURSA ULUDAĞ ÜNİVERSİTESİ
BİLGİSAYAR MÜHENDİSLİĞİ
2023-2024 EĞİTİM ÖĞRETİM YILI BAHAR DÖNEMİ
BİLGİSAYAR GRAFİKLERİ RAPORU

MURAT BERK YETİŞTİRİR

032290008

032290008@ogr.uludag.edu.tr

Soru:

Lab3

- Verilen png görüntülerinden oluşan 2-B bir doğa sahnesi tarayınız.
 - Farklı görüntüler için farklı konum ve ölçeklerle taramayı gerçekleştiriniz.
 - Programı esneterek değişen sayıda görüntüyü aynı gölgelendirici program içerisinde farklı vertex dizi objeleriyle çizdiriniz.
 - Renge alfa parametresini de ekleyiniz ve renk harmanlamayı aktifleştiriniz.
 - filesystem, shader_s ve stb_image kütüphanelerini ekleyiniz.
- Aynı sahneye metin taramak için diğer bir gölgelendirici kodunu geliştiriniz.
 - Sahne taramadan sonra metin taramayı aktifleştiriniz.
 - Metin için uygun bir konum ve renk ayarını gerçekleştiriniz.
 - freetype, glm kütüphanelerinden yararlanınız.



Cevap Kodu:

```
#include<iostream>
#include "glad.h"
#include<GLFW/glfw3.h>
#include"stb_image.h"

#include"Texture.h"
#include"shaderClass.h"
#include"VAO.h"
#include"VBO.h"
#include"EBO.h"

// Dag
GLfloat vertices[] =
{ //      COORDINATES      /      COLORS      /      TexCoord      //
  -0.7f, -0.7f, 0.0f,      1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 0.0f, // Lower left corner
  -0.7f,  0.7f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 1.0f, // Upper left corner
   0.7f,  0.7f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f,      1.0f, 1.0f, // Upper right corner
   0.7f, -0.7f, 0.0f,      1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f,      1.0f, 0.0f // Lower right corner
};

// Indices for vertices order
GLuint indices[] =
{
  0, 2, 1, // Upper triangle
  0, 3, 2 // Lower triangle
};

// Cocuk
GLfloat vertices1[] =
{ //      COORDINATES      /      COLORS      /      TexCoord      //
  -0.4f, -0.2f, 0.0f,      1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 0.0f, // Lower left corner
  -0.4f,  0.3f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 1.0f, // Upper left corner
```

```

        0.0f,  0.3f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f,  1.0f, 1.0f, // Upper right corner
        0.0f, -0.2f, 0.0f,      1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f,  1.0f, 0.0f // Lower right corner
};

// Indices for vertices order
GLuint indices1[] =
{
    0, 2, 1, // Upper triangle
    0, 3, 2 // Lower triangle
};

// Kedi
GLfloat vertices2[] =
{ //      COORDINATES      /      COLORS      /      TexCoord      //
    0.3f, -0.3f, 0.0f,      1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,  0.0f, 0.0f, // Lower left corner
    0.3f,  0.3f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,  0.0f, 1.0f, // Upper left corner
   -0.1f,  0.3f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f,  1.0f, 1.0f, // Upper right corner
   -0.1f, -0.3f, 0.0f,      1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f,  1.0f, 0.0f // Lower right corner
};

// Indices for vertices order
GLuint indices2[] =
{
    0, 2, 1, // Upper triangle
    0, 3, 2 // Lower triangle
};

// Ay
GLfloat vertices3[] =
{ //      COORDINATES      /      COLORS      /      TexCoord      //
   -0.6f,  0.6f, 0.0f,      1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,  0.0f, 0.0f, // Lower left corner
   -0.6f,  0.5f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f,  0.0f, 1.0f, // Upper left corner
   -0.5f,  0.5f, 0.0f,      0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f,  1.0f, 1.0f, // Upper right corner
   -0.5f,  0.6f, 0.0f,      1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f,  1.0f, 0.0f // Lower right corner
};

// Indices for vertices order
GLuint indices3[] =
{
    0, 2, 1, // Upper triangle
    0, 3, 2 // Lower triangle
};

int main()
{
    // Initialize GLFW
    glfwInit();

    // Tell GLFW what version of OpenGL we are using
    // In this case we are using OpenGL 3.3
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW_CONTEXT_VERSION_MAJOR, 3);
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW_CONTEXT_VERSION_MINOR, 3);

```

```

// Tell GLFW we are using the CORE profile
// So that means we only have the modern functions
glfwWindowHint(GLFW_OPENGL_PROFILE, GLFW_OPENGL_CORE_PROFILE);

// Create a GLFWwindow object of 800 by 800 pixels, naming it "YoutubeOpenGL"
GLFWwindow* window = glfwCreateWindow(800, 800, "YoutubeOpenGL", NULL, NULL);
// Error check if the window fails to create
if (window == NULL)
{
    std::cout << "Failed to create GLFW window" << std::endl;
    glfwTerminate();
    return -1;
}
// Introduce the window into the current context
glfwMakeContextCurrent(window);

//Load GLAD so it configures OpenGL
gladLoadGL();
// Specify the viewport of OpenGL in the Window
// In this case the viewport goes from x = 0, y = 0, to x = 800, y = 800
glViewport(0, 0, 800, 800);

// Generates Shader object using shaders default.vert and default.frag
Shader shaderProgram("default.vert", "default.frag");

// Generates Vertex Array Object and binds it
VAO VAO1;
VAO1.Bind();

// Generates Vertex Buffer Object and links it to vertices
VBO VB01(vertices, sizeof(vertices));
// Generates Element Buffer Object and links it to indices
EBO EB01(indices, sizeof(indices));

// Links VBO attributes such as coordinates and colors to VAO
VAO1.LinkAttrib(VB01, 0, 3, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)0);
VAO1.LinkAttrib(VB01, 1, 3, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)(3 *
sizeof(float)));
VAO1.LinkAttrib(VB01, 2, 2, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)(6 *
sizeof(float)));
// Unbind all to prevent accidentally modifying them
VAO1.Unbind();
VB01.Unbind();
EB01.Unbind();

// Gets ID of uniform called "scale"
GLuint uniID = glGetUniformLocation(shaderProgram.ID, "scale");

Texture mountain("mountain.png", GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE0, GL_RGBA,
GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE);

```

```

mountain.texUnit(shaderProgram, "tex0", 0);

VAO VA02;
VA02.Bind();

// Generates Vertex Buffer Object and links it to vertices
VBO VB02(vertices1, sizeof(vertices1));
// Generates Element Buffer Object and links it to indices
EBO EB02(indices1, sizeof(indices1));

// Links VBO attributes such as coordinates and colors to VAO
VA02.LinkAttrib(VB02, 0, 3, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)0);
VA02.LinkAttrib(VB02, 1, 3, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)(3 *
sizeof(float)));
VA02.LinkAttrib(VB02, 2, 2, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)(6 *
sizeof(float)));
// Unbind all to prevent accidentally modifying them
VA02.Unbind();
VB02.Unbind();
EB02.Unbind();

// Gets ID of uniform called "scale"
GLuint uniID2 = glGetUniformLocation(shaderProgram.ID, "scale");

Texture man("man.png", GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE0, GL_RGBA, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE);
man.texUnit(shaderProgram, "tex0", 0);

VAO VA03;
VA03.Bind();

// Generates Vertex Buffer Object and links it to vertices
VBO VB03(vertices2, sizeof(vertices2));
// Generates Element Buffer Object and links it to indices
EBO EB03(indices2, sizeof(indices2));

// Links VBO attributes such as coordinates and colors to VAO
VA03.LinkAttrib(VB03, 0, 3, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)0);
VA03.LinkAttrib(VB03, 1, 3, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)(3 *
sizeof(float)));
VA03.LinkAttrib(VB03, 2, 2, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)(6 *
sizeof(float)));
// Unbind all to prevent accidentally modifying them
VA03.Unbind();
VB03.Unbind();
EB03.Unbind();

// Gets ID of uniform called "scale"
GLuint uniID3 = glGetUniformLocation(shaderProgram.ID, "scale");

Texture cat("cat.png", GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE0, GL_RGBA, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE);

```

```

cat.texUnit(shaderProgram, "tex0", 0);

VAO VA04;
VA04.Bind();

// Generates Vertex Buffer Object and links it to vertices
VBO VB04(vertices3, sizeof(vertices3));
// Generates Element Buffer Object and links it to indices
EBO EB04(indices3, sizeof(indices3));

// Links VBO attributes such as coordinates and colors to VAO
VA04.LinkAttrib(VB04, 0, 3, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)0);
VA04.LinkAttrib(VB04, 1, 3, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)(3 *
sizeof(float)));
VA04.LinkAttrib(VB04, 2, 2, GL_FLOAT, 8 * sizeof(float), (void*)(6 *
sizeof(float)));
// Unbind all to prevent accidentally modifying them
VA04.Unbind();
VB04.Unbind();
EB04.Unbind();

// Gets ID of uniform called "scale"
GLuint uniID4 = glGetUniformLocation(shaderProgram.ID, "scale");

Texture moon("moon.png", GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE0, GL_RGBA, GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE);
moon.texUnit(shaderProgram, "tex0", 0);

/*
 * I'm doing this relative path thing in order to centralize all the resources
into one folder and not
 * duplicate them between tutorial folders. You can just copy paste the resources
from the 'Resources'
 * folder and then give a relative path from this folder to whatever resource you
want to get to.
 * Also note that this requires C++17, so go to Project Properties, C/C++,
Language, and select C++17
 */

// Texture

// Original code from the tutorial
/*Texture popCat("pop_cat.png", GL_TEXTURE_2D, GL_TEXTURE0, GL_RGBA,
GL_UNSIGNED_BYTE);
popCat.texUnit(shaderProgram, "tex0", 0);*/

glEnable(GL_BLEND);

```

```

glBlendFunc(GL_ONE, GL_ONE_MINUS_SRC_ALPHA);

// Main while loop
while (!glfwWindowShouldClose(window))
{
    // Specify the color of the background
    glClearColor(0.07f, 0.13f, 0.17f, 1.0f);
    // Clean the back buffer and assign the new color to it
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    // Tell OpenGL which Shader Program we want to use
    shaderProgram.Activate();
    // Assigns a value to the uniform; NOTE: Must always be done after activating
the Shader Program

    glUniform1f(uniID, 0.5f);
    mountain.Bind();
    VA01.Bind();
    glDrawElements(GL_TRIANGLES, 6, GL_UNSIGNED_INT, 0);

    shaderProgram.Activate();
    glUniform1f(uniID2, 0.5f);
    man.Bind();
    VA02.Bind();
    glDrawElements(GL_TRIANGLES, 6, GL_UNSIGNED_INT, 0);

    shaderProgram.Activate();
    glUniform1f(uniID3, 0.5f);
    cat.Bind();
    VA03.Bind();
    glDrawElements(GL_TRIANGLES, 6, GL_UNSIGNED_INT, 0);

    shaderProgram.Activate();
    glUniform1f(uniID4, 0.5f);
    moon.Bind();
    VA04.Bind();
    // Draw primitives, number of indices, datatype of indices, index of indices
    glDrawElements(GL_TRIANGLES, 6, GL_UNSIGNED_INT, 0);
    // Swap the back buffer with the front buffer
    glfwSwapBuffers(window);
    // Take care of all GLFW events
    glfwPollEvents();
}

// Delete all the objects we've created
VA01.Delete();
VB01.Delete();
EB01.Delete();

```



```
mountain.Delete();

VA02.Delete();
VB02.Delete();
EB02.Delete();
man.Delete();

VA03.Delete();
VB03.Delete();
EB03.Delete();
cat.Delete();

VA04.Delete();
VB04.Delete();
EB04.Delete();
moon.Delete();

shaderProgram.Delete();
// Delete window before ending the program
glfwDestroyWindow(window);
// Terminate GLFW before ending the program
glfwTerminate();
return 0;
}
```

Cevap Ekran Çıktısı:

