

23/05/24

Lab-4

Topological Sort algorithm using Source Removal method

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
void topologicalSort (int **a, int n) {
    int indegree [n]
```

```
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
        int sum = 0;
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            sum += a[i][j];
```

```
        }
        indegree[j] = sum;
```

```
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
        if (indegree[i] == 0) {
```

```
            s[++top] = i;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    while (top != -1) {
```

```
        int u = s[top--];
```

```
        T[k++] = u;
```

```
        for (int v = 0; v < n; v++) {
```

```
            if (a[u][v] == 1) {
```

```
                if (indegree[v] != 0) {
```

```
                    s[++top] = v;
```

```
printf ("Topological Order :");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
printf ("%d", T[i]);
```

```
printf ("\n");
```

```
int main() {
```

```
int n;
```

```
printf ("Enter the number of Vertices :");
```

```
scanf ("%d", &n);
```

```
int **a = (int **) malloc (n * sizeof (int *));
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
a[i] = (int *) malloc (n * sizeof (int));
```

```
printf ("Enter the adjacency matrix : \n");
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
```

```
scanf ("%d", &a[i][j]);
```

```
topological sort (a, n);
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
free (a[i]);
```

```
free (a);
```

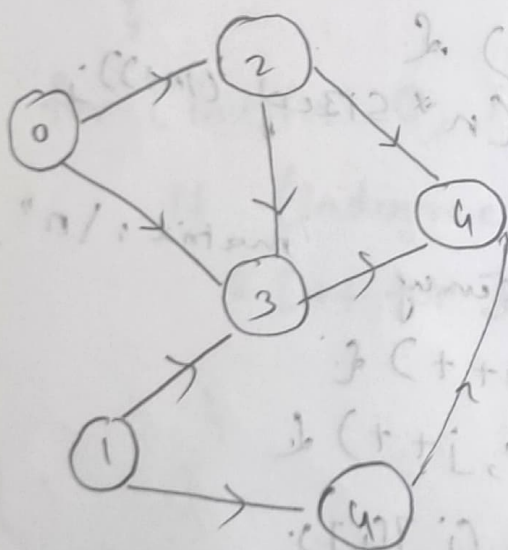
```
return 0;
```

output

Enter the number of vertices 6  
Enter the adjacency matrix:

0	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0

Topological Order: 1 4 0 2 3 5



	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	1	0
2	0	0	0	1	0	1
3	0	0	0	0	0	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	1
5	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	1	3	1	3



2) Topological Sort Algorithm using DFS.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
void DFS (int u, int n, int**a, int*s,  
int*res, int*j) {
```

```
    s[u] = 1;
```

```
    for (int v = 0; v < n; v++) {
```

```
        if (a[u][v] == 1 && s[v] == 0) {
```

```
            DFS (v, n, a, s, res, j);
```

```
        }
```

```
        res[j++] = u;
```

```
void topologicalOrder (int n, int**a) {
```

```
    int s[n];
```

```
    int res[n];
```

```
    int j = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
        if (s[i] == 0) {
```

```
            DFS (i, n, a, s, res, j);
```

```
        }
```

```
    printf ("Topological Order : ");
```

```
    for (int i = n-1; i >= 0; i--) {
```

```
        printf ("%d ", res[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
printf("\n");
}
```

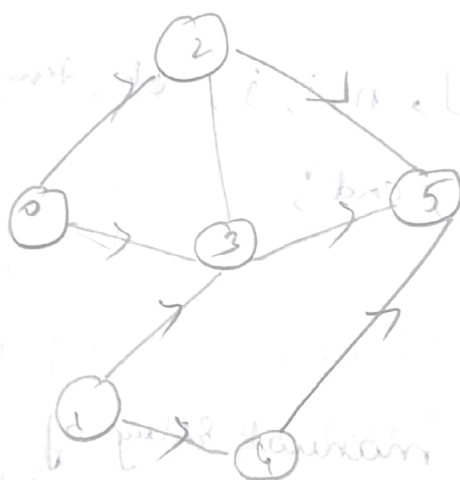
```
int main() {
    int n;
    printf("Enter the number of vertices.");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int **a = (int **) malloc (n * size of (int *));
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
        }
    }
    topological Order (n, a)
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        free (a[i]);
    }
    free (a);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the number of vertices 6
Enter the adjacency matrix:
```

0	0	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	0	0	0

Topological order: 1 4 0 2 3 5



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23/5/24