

Dijkstra's algorithm

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```
#include <stdio.h>
#define INF 9999
#define MAX 100

void dijkstra (int c [MAX][MAX],
               int n, int src) {
    int dist [MAX], vis [MAX], Count,
    min, u, i, j;
    for (i=1; i <= n; i++) {
        dist [i] = INF;
        vis [i] = 0;
    }
    dist [src] = 0;
    vis [src] = 0;

    Count = 1;
    while (Count != n) {
        min = INF;
        for (j=1; j <= n; j++) {
            if (dist [j] < min && vis [j] != 1) {
                min = dist [j];
                u = j;
            }
        }
        vis [u] = 1;
        Count++;
    }
}
```

```

for (j=1; j<=n; j++) {
    if ((min + ccv[j] < dist[i]) &&
        (vis[j] != 1)) {
        dist[j] = min + ccv[j];
    }
}

```

```

printf ("Shortest distances from source: %d:\n",
        src);

```

```

for (i=1; i<=n; i++) {
    if (dist[i] == INF)
        printf ("%d -> %d : Infinity\n", src, i);
    else
        printf ("%d -> %d : %d\n", src, i,
                dist[i]);
}

```

```

int main () {
    int c[MAx][MAx], n, src;
    printf ("Enter the number of vertices:");
    scanf ("%d", &n);
    printf ("Enter the Cost matrix (Enter INF as
            %d): \n", INF);
    for (int i=1; i<=n; i++) {
        for (int j=1; j<=n; j++) {
            scanf ("%d", &c[i][j]);
            if (c[i][j] == INF)
                continue;
        }
    }
    printf ("Enter the Source vertex:");
    scanf ("%d", &src);
    return 0;
}

```

Output: Enter number of vertices (max 100): 5

0 3 9999 9999 4

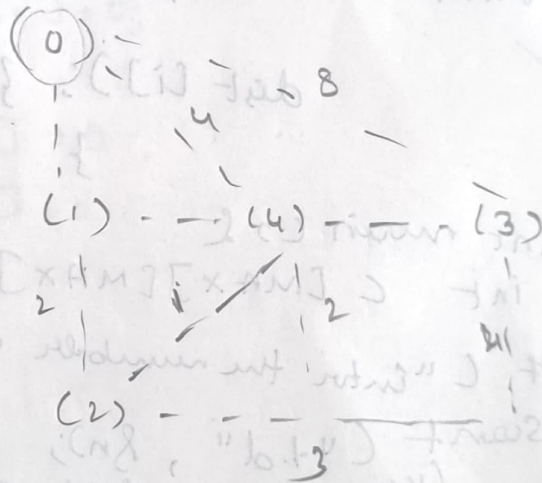
3 0 2 1 9999

9999 2 0 1 9999

9999 1 1 0 9999

4 9999 9999 9999 0

Graph:



Edge

Weight

0-1 ∞

1-2 ∞

1-3 2

2-4 1

Kruskal's algorithm

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define INF 9999
```

```
#define MAX 10
```

```
struct Edge {  
    int Src, dest, weight;  
};
```

```
struct Subset {  
    int Parent;  
    int rank;  
};
```

```
int find (struct Subset Subsets[], int i);
```

```
void UnionSet (struct Subset Subsets[], int x,  
               int y);
```

```
void kruskals (int C[MAX][MAX], int n);
```

```
int find (struct Subset Subsets[], int i) {  
    if (Subsets[i].Parent != i)  
        Subsets[i].Parent = find(Subsets, Subsets[i].  
                                   Parent);
```

```
    return Subsets[i].Parent;
```

```
void UnionSet (struct Subset Subsets[],  
               int x, int y) {
```

```
    int xroot = find(Subsets, x);
```

```
    int yroot = find(Subsets, y);
```

```
    if (Subsets[xroot].rank < Subsets[yroot].rank)
```

```
        Subsets[xroot].Parent = yroot;  
    else if (Subsets[xroot].rank > Subsets[yroot].rank)
```

```
        Subsets[yroot].Parent = xroot;
```

```
    else {
```

```

Subsets [xroot].Parent = xroot;
Subsets [xroot].rank++;

```

```

}

```

```

void kruskals (int c [MAX][MAX], int n)

```

```

    struct Edge result [n];
    int c = 0;
    int i, j;

```

```

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
        result[i].Src = result[i].dest = result[i].
        height = 0;

```

```

    struct Subset Subsets [n];

```

```

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        Subsets [i].Parent = i;
        Subsets [i].Rank = 0;

```

```

        while (c < n - 1) {
            int u = INF, v = -1, w = -1;

```

```

            for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {

```

```

                u = i;
                v = j;

```

```

            }

```

```

        int m = 0;

```

```

        int c [MAX][MAX], n;

```

```

        printf ("Enter the number of vertices\n");

```

```

        scanf ("%d", &n);

```

```

    }

```

return (c, n);

return 0;

}

output: Enter the number of vertices: 5

0 2 0 6 0

2 0 3 8 5

0 3 0 0 7

6 8 6 0 9

0 5 7 9 0

OP:

Edge

Weight
2

0-1

1-2

3

0-3

6

1-4

5

Q
11/7

