

Week - 8

13 Construct a binary Search tree, Traverse the tree using all 3 methods and display the elements in the tree.

```
#include < stdio.h > #include < stdlib.h >
```

```
#include < stdlib.h > #include < stdio.h >
```

Struct Node {

```
int value; }
```

```
struct Node * left; }
```

```
struct Node * right; }
```

```
};
```

```
int key;
```

```
int s;
```

```
int n;
```

```
int count;
```

```
Void Search (Struct node *t);
```

```
; /* sort out if it's own */
```

```
Void insert ()
```

```
{
```

```
int data;
```

```
Printf ("Enter data to be inserted");
```

```
Scanf ("%d", &data);
```

```
temp = (Struct node *) malloc (sizeof (Struct node));
```

```
temp -> value = data;
```

```
temp -> left = temp -> right = NULL;
```

```
if (root == NULL)
```

```
{ /* about to insert */
```

```
root = temp;
```

```
else
```

```
Search (root);
```

```
; /* sort if it's own */
```

if (t ->value > t ->value) { if (t ->right != NULL)
 Search (t ->right); }
 Else if (t ->value < t ->value) { if (t ->right == NULL)
 t ->right = $temp$; }
 Else if (t ->value == t ->value) { if (t ->right == NULL)
Search (t ->left); }
 Else if (t ->value < t ->value) { if (t ->left == NULL)
 t ->left = $temp$; }
 }
 }

Void inorder (struct node * t)

{

if (t ->root == NULL)

{ if (t ->left == NULL) { if (t ->right == NULL) {

Printf ("No elements in the tree \n");
 return; }

}

if (t ->left != NULL)

inorder (t ->left); { if (t ->left == NULL) { if (t ->right == NULL) {

Printf ("%.d \t (%.d, %.d)\n", t ->value, t ->left->value, t ->right->value); }

if (t ->right != NULL) { if (t ->right == NULL) { if (t ->right == NULL) {

inorder (t ->right); }

} }

Void Preorder (struct node * t)

{

if (t ->root == NULL)

{ if (t ->root == NULL) { if (t ->root == NULL) {

Printf ("No elements in tree \n"); }

return;

if ($t \rightarrow \text{left} \neq \text{NULL}$)
 Postorder ($t \rightarrow \text{left}$);
 if ($t \rightarrow \text{right} \neq \text{NULL}$)
 Postorder ($t \rightarrow \text{right}$);
 Print $\{ \text{"."}, \text{d} \rightarrow \text{""}, t \rightarrow \text{value} \};$
 }
 : (root) above statement - 3;
 : Print $\{ \text{"Struct node* maxvalue node* (struct node* t)"}$
 : (root) above statement - 3;
 : struct node* current = t;
 While (current $\&$ current \rightarrow right $\neq \text{NULL}$)
 current = current \rightarrow right;
 actions { current; left subroot * * } } final
 }
 int main ()

{

```

    int choice;
    while (1) {
        printf ("1. Insert an Element into tree\n");
        printf ("2. Insert to get the max value in tree\n");
        printf ("3. to Print the tree elements in inorder traversal");
        printf ("4. to Print the tree elements in Preorder traversal\n");
        printf ("5. to Print tree Elements in Postorder traversal\n");
        printf ("6. to exit\n");
        printf ("Enter your choice\n");
        scanf ("%d", &choice);
        {
            ("main() block") main
            : (0) + 1
            : (1) + 1
        }
    }
  
```

Switch (Choice)

{

Case 1 :

exit();

break; : (char l, "c-h-s") ; break;

Case 2 :

tp = maxvalue node (root);

Printf ("*** Max Value Node ***");

printf ("Node with Maximum Value = %d", tp->value);

break; : (char l, "c-h-s") ; break;

Case 3 :

printf ("inorder traversal ***");

inorder (root);

break;

Case 4 :

printf ("PreOrder traversal ***");

Preorder (root);

break; : (char l, "c-h-s") ; break;

Case 5 :

printf ("PostOrder traversal ***");

Postorder (root);

break; : (char l, "c-h-s") ; break;

Case 6 :

exit(0);

Default :

printf ("Invalid choice");

break;

}

break return 0;

}

output *** menu ***

- 1) insert an Element into tree
- 2) to get the max value
- 3) to Print the tree elements in inorder traversal
- 4) to Print the tree elements in Preorder traversal
- 5) to Print the tree elements in Postorder traversal
- 6) to Exit

Enter your choice:

1. insert an Element into tree

Enter your choice.

Enter data to be inserted

20

Enter your choice: 1

Enter the data to be inserted

30

Enter your choice: 1

enter the data to be inserted

10

Enter your choice: 2

Node with max value is = 30

Enter your choice: 3

inorder traversal

10 → 20 → 30 →

Enter your choice : 4

Preorder traversal

20 → 10 → 30 →

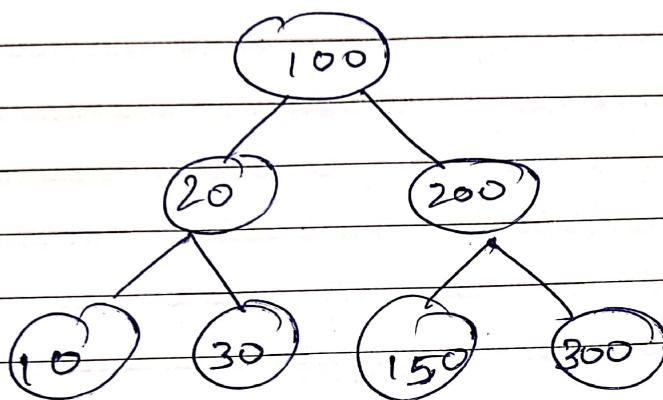
Enter your choice : 5

Postorder traversal

10 → 30 → 20 →

Enter your choice : 6

Exit .



Inorder traversal

10 → 20 → 30 → 100 → 150 → 200 → 300 →
left, root, right

Preorder traversal

100 → 20 → 10 → 30 → 200 → 150 → 300 →
Root, left, right

Postorder traversal

10 → 30 → 20 → 150 → 300 → 200 → 700 →
left, right, root

✓
15/12/24.

(3) Solution

281 - ~~GetListLength~~ ~~int~~ ~~getlistlength~~ (Struct ListNode *head)

281 - ~~GetListLength~~ ~~int~~ ~~getlistlength~~ (Struct ListNode *head)

```

/* Function to calculate length of linked list */
struct ListNode {
    int val;
    struct ListNode *next;
};

int getlistlength(Struct ListNode *head) {
    int length = 0;
    while (head != NULL) {
        length++;
        head = head->next;
    }
    return length;
}

```

* Note: The returned array must be freed
 Assume caller calls free()

~~1. [E, S, I] = Insert at begin . What happens?~~

Struct ~~as~~ ListNode * SplitListToParts (Struct ListNode *
 head, int k, int *returnSize) {
 int length = 0;

Struct ListNode * current = head;
 while (current != NULL) {
 length++;
 current = current->next;
 }

1. [E, S, I] ~~What happens?~~
 int PartSize = length / k; dividing length by k to
 determine avg size of each part
 int ExtraNodes = length % k;

Struct ListNode * result = (Struct ListNode *) malloc
 CK * sizeof (Struct ListNode));

Current = head;

for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {

int currentPartSize = PartSize + (~~i < ExtraNodes ?~~
 1 : 0);

result[i] = current;

for (int j=0; j < current->nextSize - 1; j++)

current = nextNode[j + 1];

current = current->next;

3. ~~for (int i=0; i < resultSize; i++)~~

{ if (current != NULL) {

struct ListNode* nextNode = current->next;

current->next = NULL; ~~for (int j=0; j < resultSize; j++)~~

current = nextNode;

}

}

* returnSize = k;

~~return result;~~ ~~return current;~~ ~~return current->next;~~

} ~~if all nodes are null~~ ~~return result;~~

Output: input = head = [1, 2, 3]

~~what does this do?~~ ~~stack top to down.~~

↳ Consideration: ~~if 5 is first~~ ~~if 1 is last~~

↳ stack top to down.

head = ~~current~~ * ~~stack top to down~~

output[0] = [[1], [2], [3], [1], [1]]

~~(1 + 1 + 1)~~

~~from to from~~ = ~~from~~

[[1], [2], [3], [1], [1]]

~~1 + 1 + 1 = 3 times 1~~

~~1 + 1 + 1 = stack top to down~~

~~(stack top to down) = true~~ ~~stack top to down~~

~~(size of head) for size 3 = 3~~

~~head = from~~

↳ (1 + 1 + 1 + 0 = 3 times 1)

~~(size of head) = stack top to down~~

```
struct ListNode** splitListToParts(struct ListNode* head, int k, int* returnSize)
{
    // Calculate the length of the linked list
    int length = 0;
    struct ListNode* current = head;
    while (current != NULL) {
        length++;
        current = current->next;
    }

    // Calculate the size of each part and the number of nodes that will have an
    extra node
    int partSize = length / k;
    int extraNodes = length % k;

    // Initialize the array to store the heads of the parts
    struct ListNode** result = (struct ListNode*)malloc(k * sizeof(struct
ListNode));

    // Split the linked list into parts
    current = head;
    for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
        // Determine the size of the current part
        int currentPartSize = partSize + (i < extraNodes ? 1 : 0);

        // Store the head of the current part in the result array
        result[i] = current;

        // Move to the end of the current part
        for (int j = 0; j < currentPartSize - 1 && current != NULL; j++) {
            current = current->next;
        }
    }
}
```



```
current = head;
for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
    // Determine the size of the current part
    int currentPartSize = partSize + (i < extraNodes ? 1 : 0);

    // Store the head of the current part in the result array
    result[i] = current;

    // Move to the end of the current part
    for (int j = 0; j < currentPartSize - 1 && current != NULL; j++) {
        current = current->next;
    }

    // If there are more nodes, break the link between parts
    if (current != NULL) {
        struct ListNode* nextNode = current->next;
        current->next = NULL;
        current = nextNode;
    }
}

// Set the returnSize
*returnSize = k;

return result;
}
```



head =

[1,2,3]

k =

5

Output

[[1],[2],[3],[],[]]

Expected

[[1],[2],[3],[],[]]



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```
include<stdio.h>
include<stdlib.h>
truct node{
nt value;
truct node *left;
truct node *right;
*root=NULL,*temp=NULL,*t2,*t1,*tp;

nt key;
nt s;
nt n;
nt count;
oid search(struct node *t);

oid insert()

nt data;
rintf("Enter data to be inserted-");
canf("%d",&data);
temp=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
temp->value=data;
temp->left=temp->right=NULL;
f(root==NULL)

    root=temp;
lse
    search(root);

oid search(struct node*t)

f((temp->value>t->value)&&(t->right!=NULL))
    search(t->right);
lse if((temp->value>t->value)&&(t->right==NULL))
    t->right=temp;
lse if ((temp->value<t->value)&&(t->left!=NULL))
    search(t->left);
```



```
f((temp->value>t->value)&&(t->right!=NULL))
    search(t->right);
lse if((temp->value>t->value)&&(t->right==NULL))
    t->right=temp;
lse if ((temp->value<t->value)&&(t->left!=NULL))
    search(t->left);
lse if((temp->value<t->value)&&(t->left==NULL))
    t->left=temp;

oid inorder(struct node *t)
{
f(root==NULL)
{
rintf("No elements in the tree\n");
eturn;
}
f(t->left!=NULL)
norder(t->left);
rintf("%d->",t->value);
f(t->right!=NULL)
norder(t->right);
}
oid preorder(struct node *t)

F(root==NULL)
{
rintf("No elements in the tree\n");
eturn;
}
rintf("%d->",t->value);
f(t->left!=NULL)
eorder(t->left);
f(t->right!=NULL)
eorder(t->right);
```



```
void postorder(struct node *t)

{
    if(root==NULL)
    {
        printf("No elements in the tree\n");
        return;
    }
    if(t->left!=NULL)
        postorder(t->left);
    if(t->right!=NULL)
        postorder(t->right);
    printf("%d->",t->value);

}

struct node* maxvaluenode(struct node* t)

{
    struct node* current = t;

    while (current && current->right != NULL)
        current = current->right;

    return current;
}

int main()

{
    int choice;
    while(1)
    {
        printf("\n***menu**\n");
        printf("1. insert an element into tree\n");
        printf("2. to get the max value in the tree\n");
        printf("3. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal\n");
    }
}
```



```
printf("4. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal\n");
printf("5. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal\n");
printf("6. to exit\n");
printf("Enter your choice\n");
scanf("%d",&choice);
switch(choice)
{
case 1:
    insert();
    break;
case 2:
    tp=maxvaluenode(root);
    printf("*****MAX VALUE NODE****");
    printf("Node with Maximum value =%d",tp->value);
    break;
case 3:
    printf("***inorder traversal***\n");
    inorder(root);
    break;
case 4:
    printf("***preorder traversal***\n");
    preorder(root);
    break;
case 5:
    printf("***postorder traversal***\n");
    postorder(root);
    break;

case 6:
    exit(0);
default:
    printf("Invalid choice");
    break;
}

return 0;
}
```



```
**menu**
. insert an element into tree
. to get the max value in the tree
. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
. to exit
Enter your choice

Enter data to be inserted-20

**menu**
. insert an element into tree
. to get the max value in the tree
. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
. to exit
Enter your choice

Enter data to be inserted-30

**menu**
. insert an element into tree
. to get the max value in the tree
. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
. to exit
Enter your choice

Enter data to be inserted-10

**menu**
. insert an element into tree
. to get the max value in the tree
. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
. to exit
Enter your choice

****MAX VALUE NODE****Node with Maximum value =30
**menu**
. insert an element into tree
. to get the max value in the tree
. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
. to exit
Enter your choice

**preorder traversal***
0->10->30->
**menu**
. insert an element into tree
. to get the max value in the tree
. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
. to exit
Enter your choice
```

```
Enter your choice
1
Enter data to be inserted-10

***menu**
1. insert an element into tree
2. to get the max value in the tree
3. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
4. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
5. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
6. to exit
Enter your choice
2
*****MAX VALUE NODE****Node with Maximum value =30
***menu**
1. insert an element into tree
2. to get the max value in the tree
3. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
4. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
5. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
6. to exit
Enter your choice
4
***preorder traversal***
20->10->30->
***menu**
1. insert an element into tree
2. to get the max value in the tree
3. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
4. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
5. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
6. to exit
Enter your choice
5
***postorder traversal***
10->30->20->
***menu**
1. insert an element into tree
2. to get the max value in the tree
3. to print the tree elements in inorder traversal
4. to print the tree elements in preorder traversal
5. to print the tree elements in postorder traversal
6. to exit
Enter your choice
6
```

```
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 33.196 s
Press any key to continue.
```



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