

# A full range calibration for CALIFA



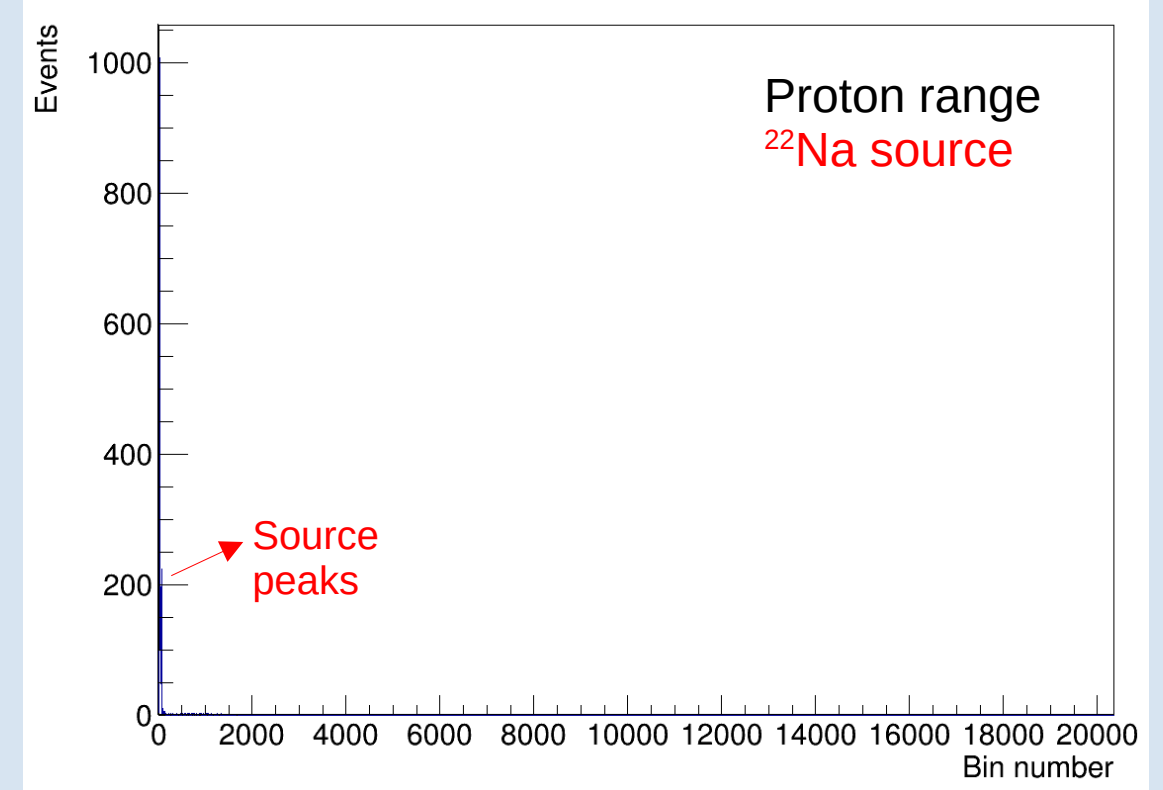
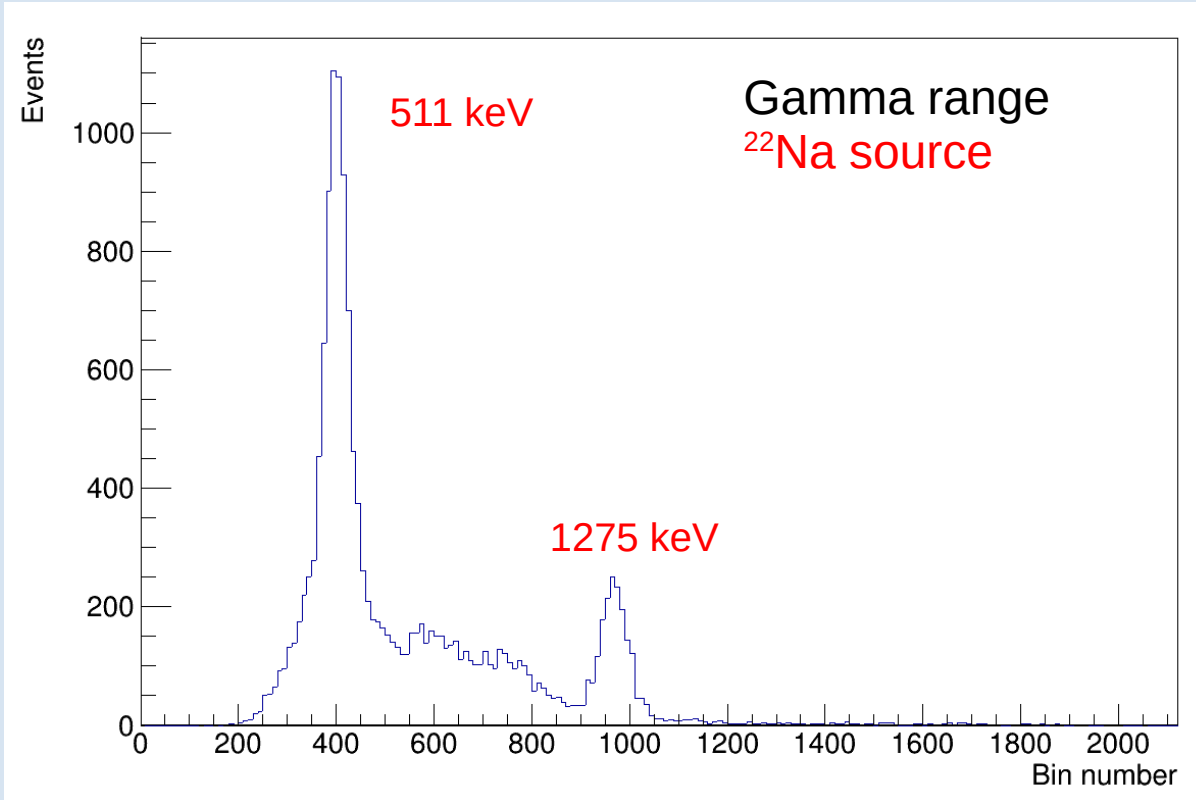
**Mrunmoy Jena**

**R3B Week**  
**12.11.2024**

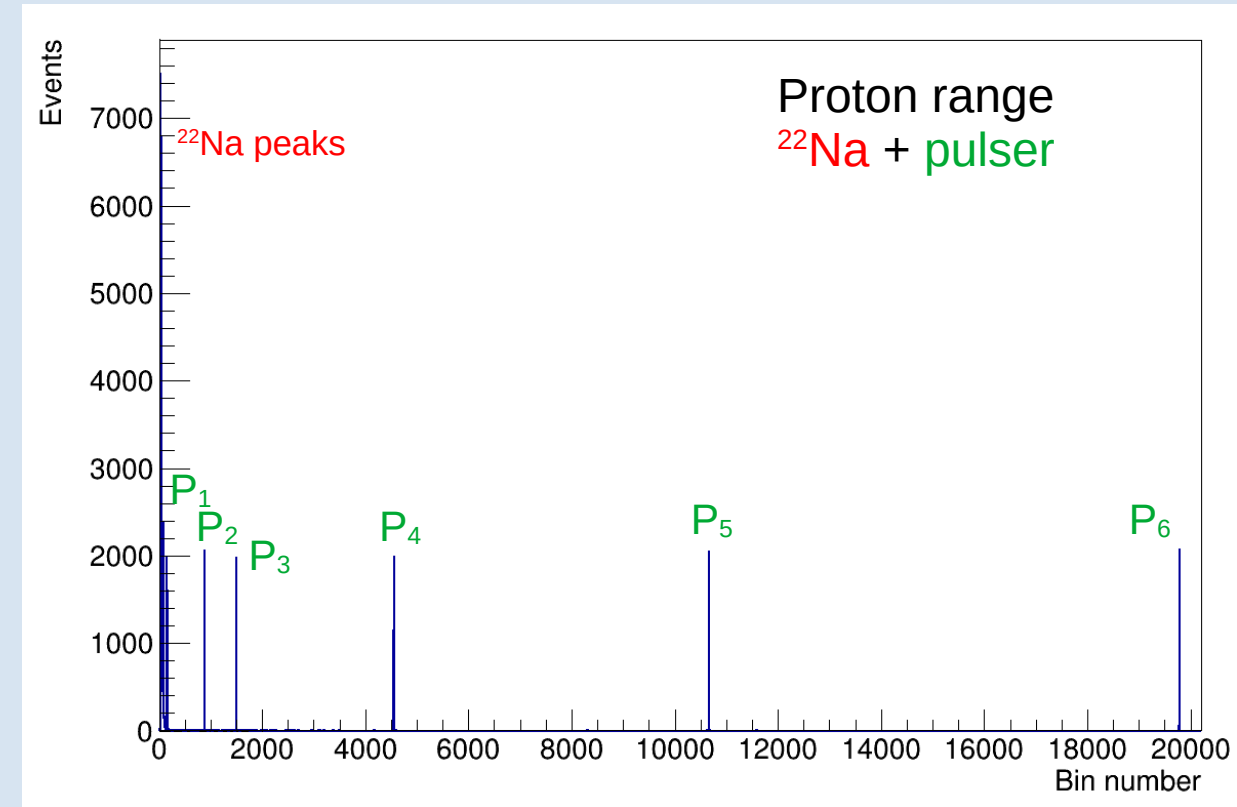
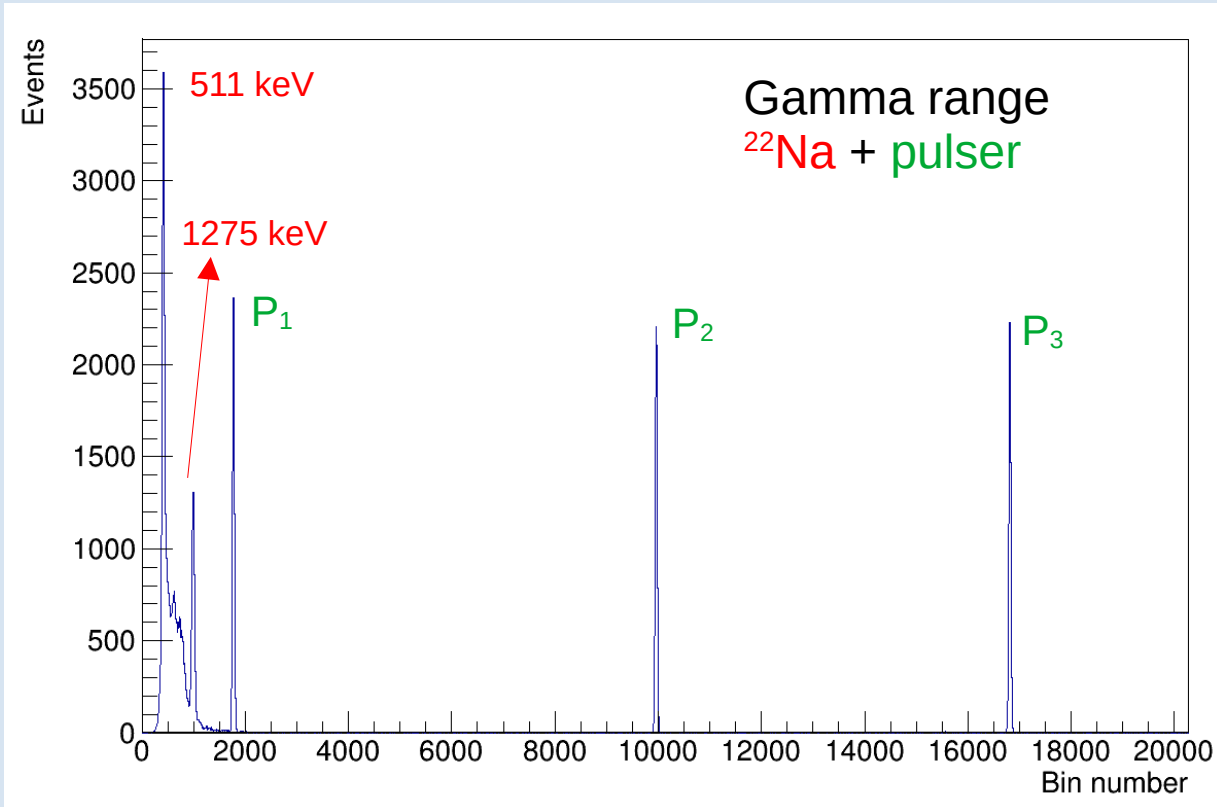
Overview and structure of macro

Calibration in the gamma range

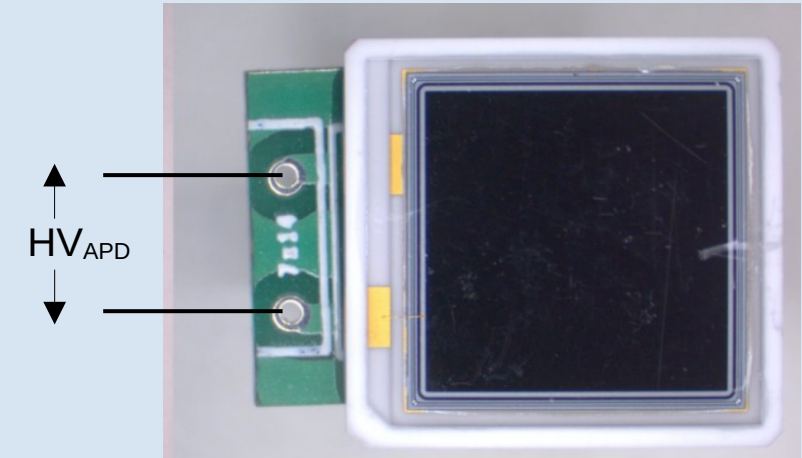
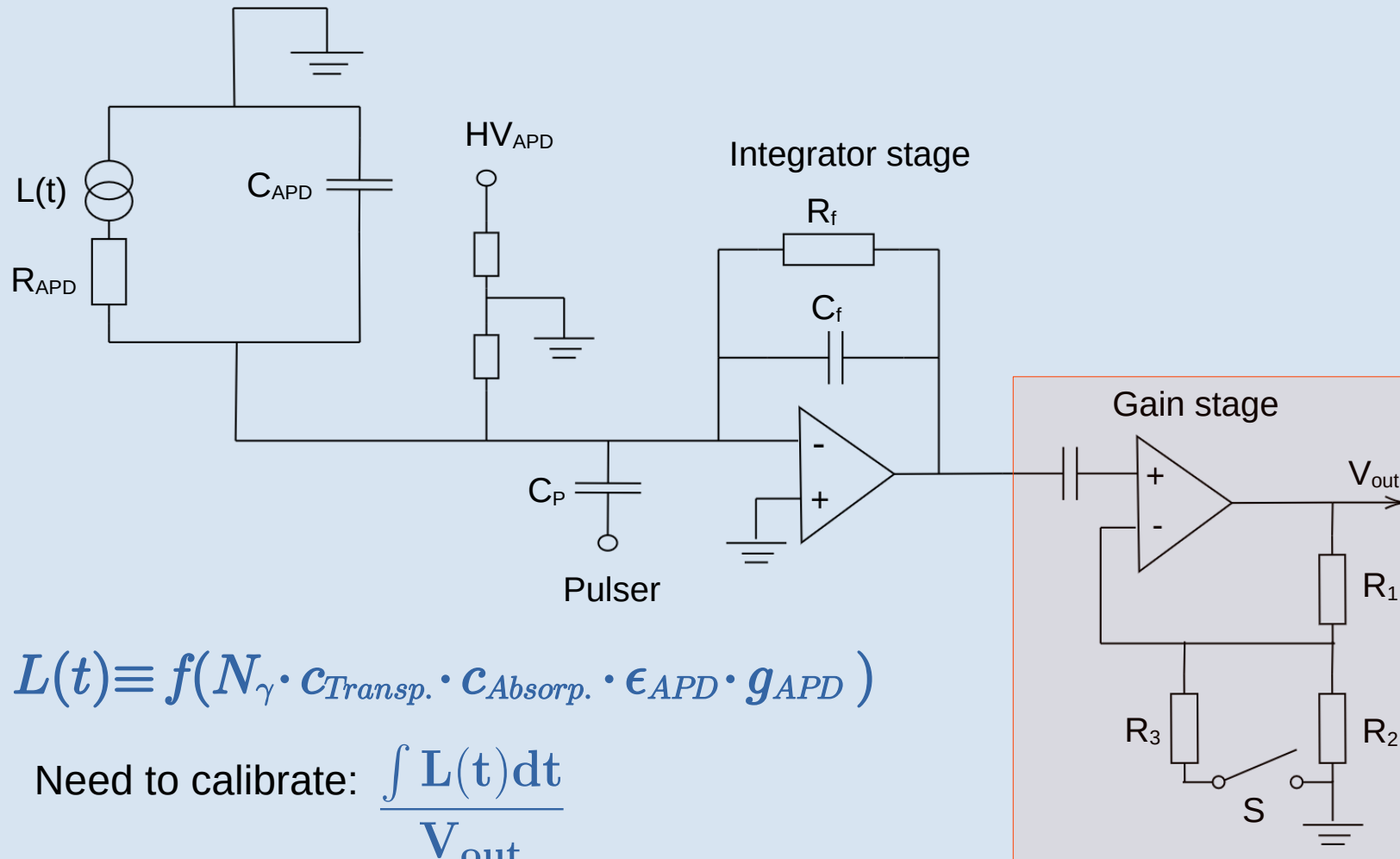
Extrapolation to proton range

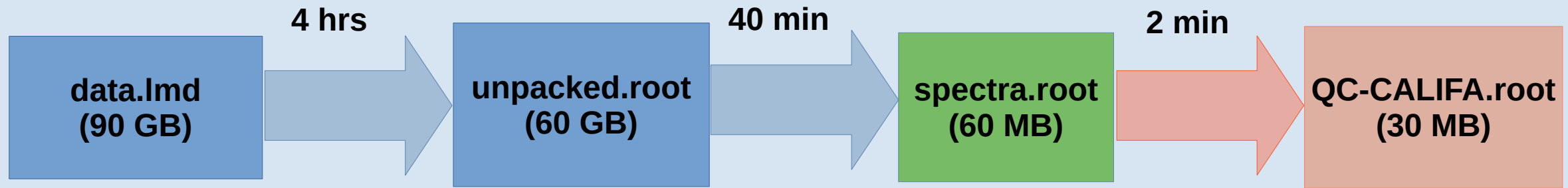


$^{22}\text{Na}$  source hardly useful for performing calibration in the proton range !



Using **pulsers** is essential for calibration in proton range

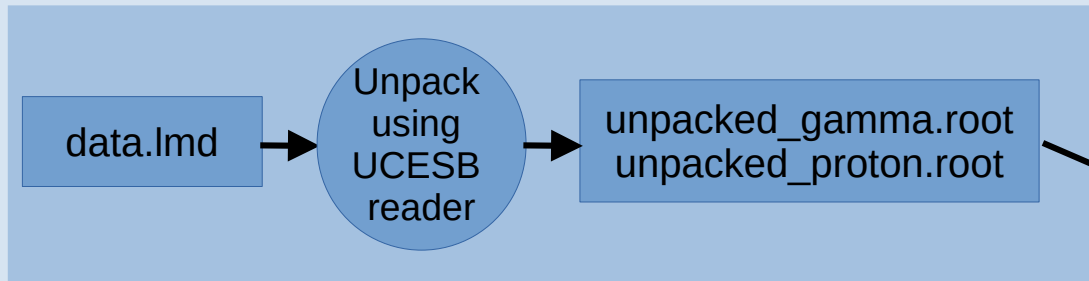




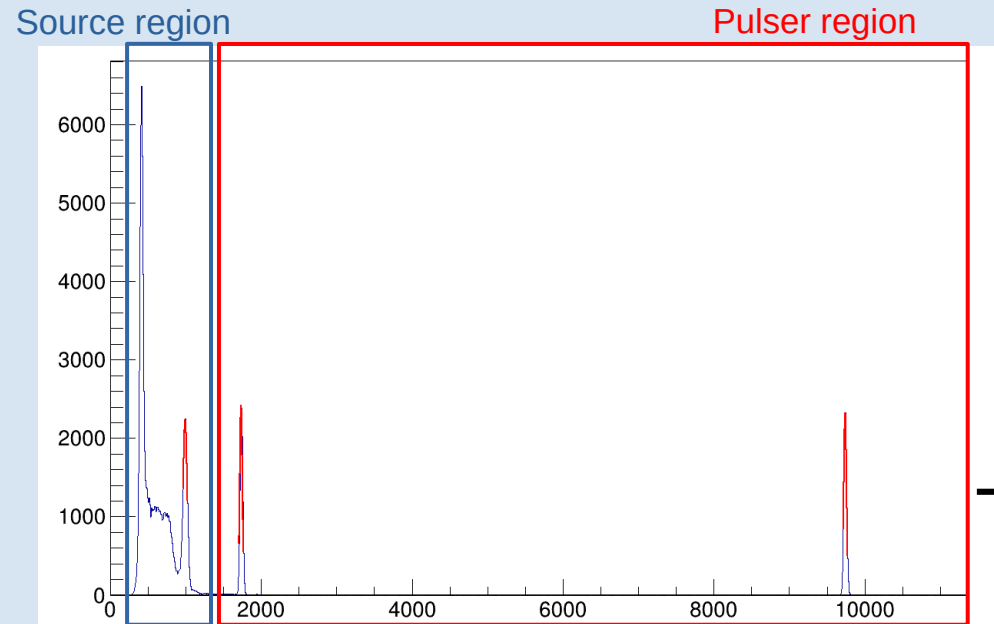
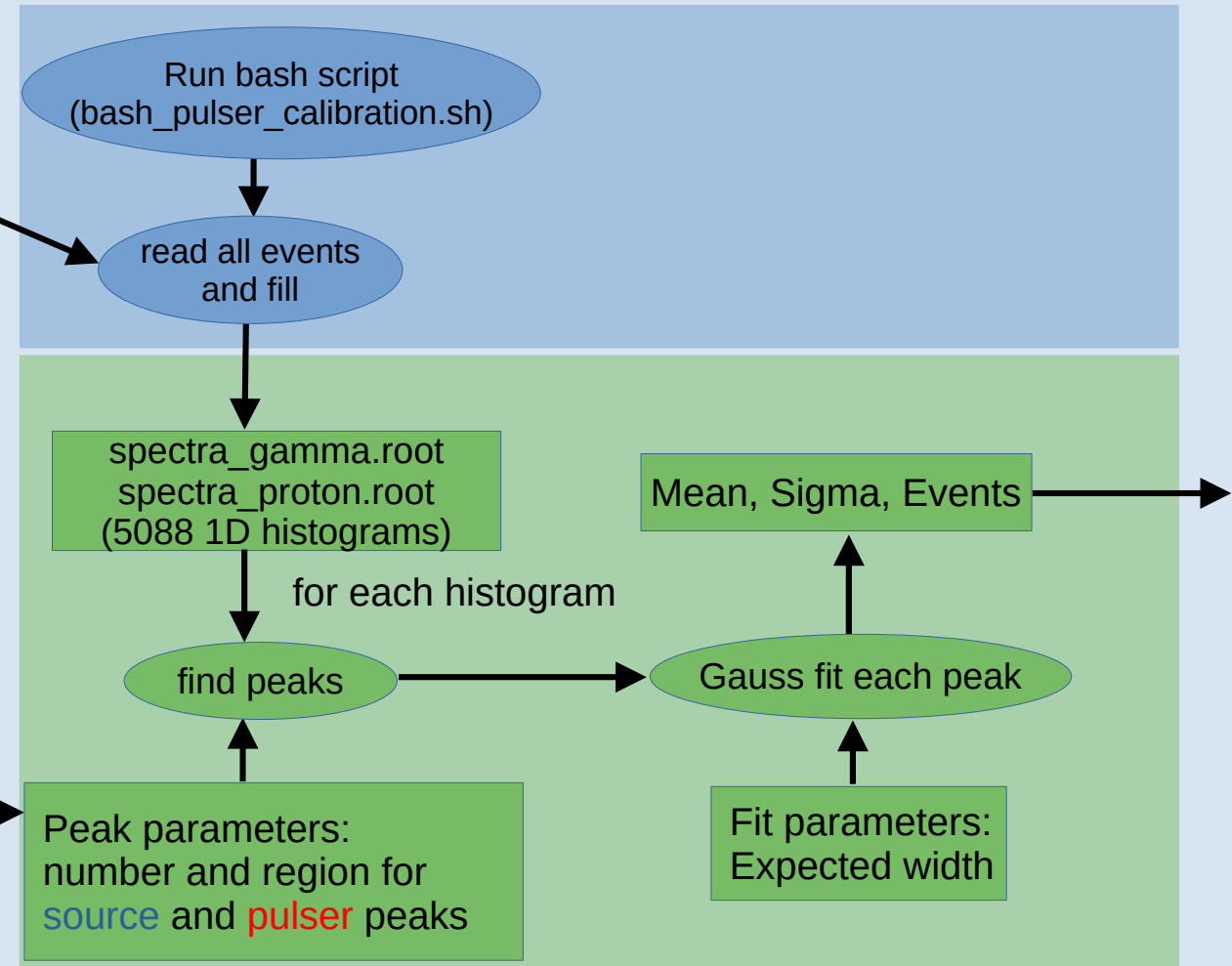
Key advantages:

- Unpacking, writing spectra done only once !
- Calibration takes just **2 min.**

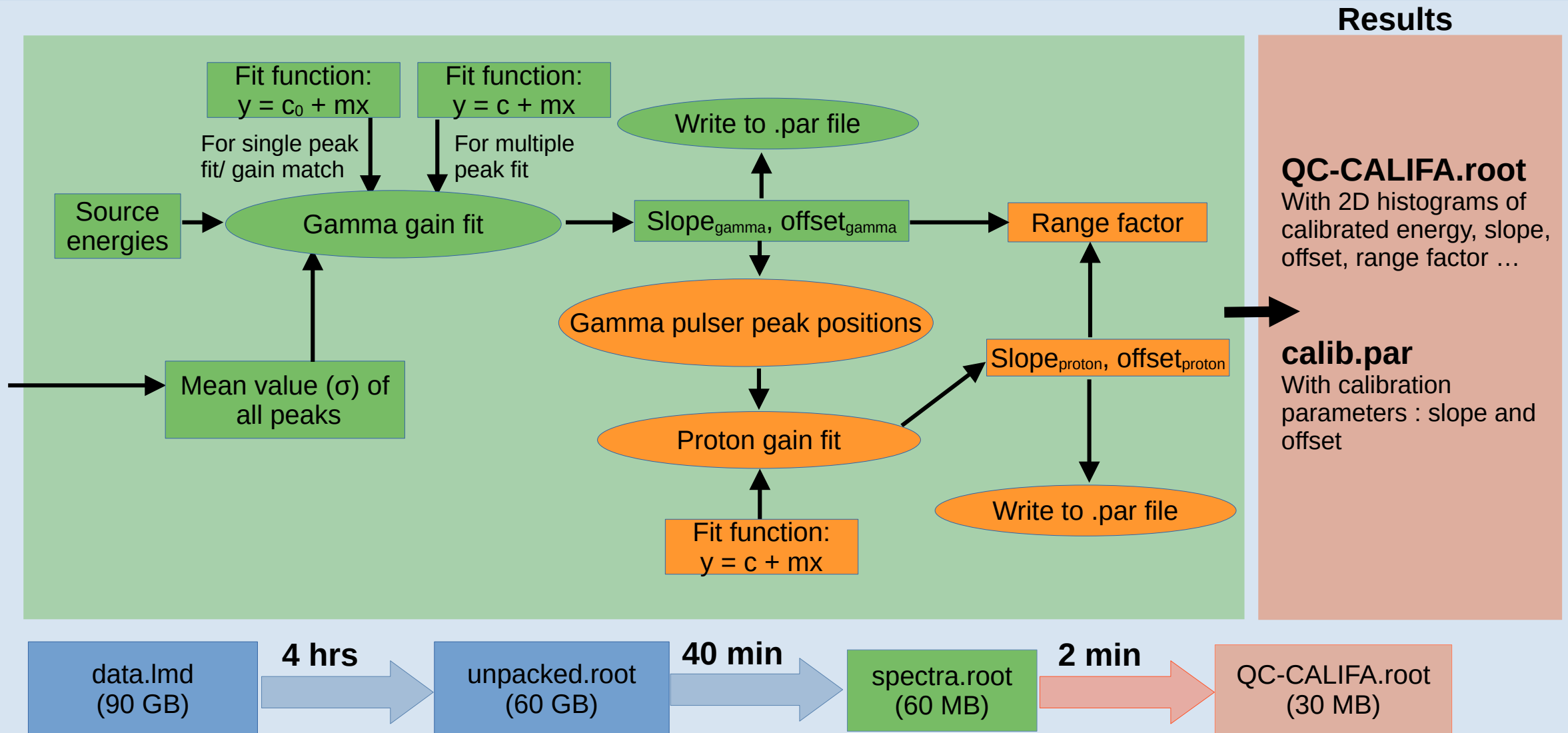
## Unpacking

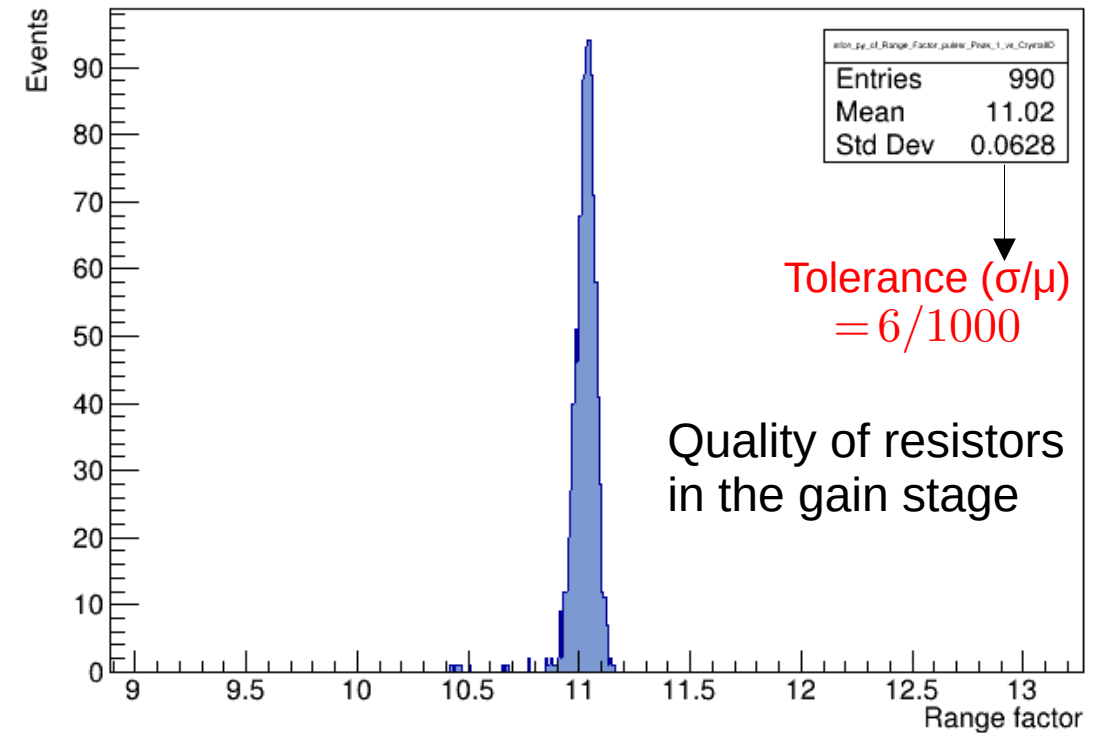
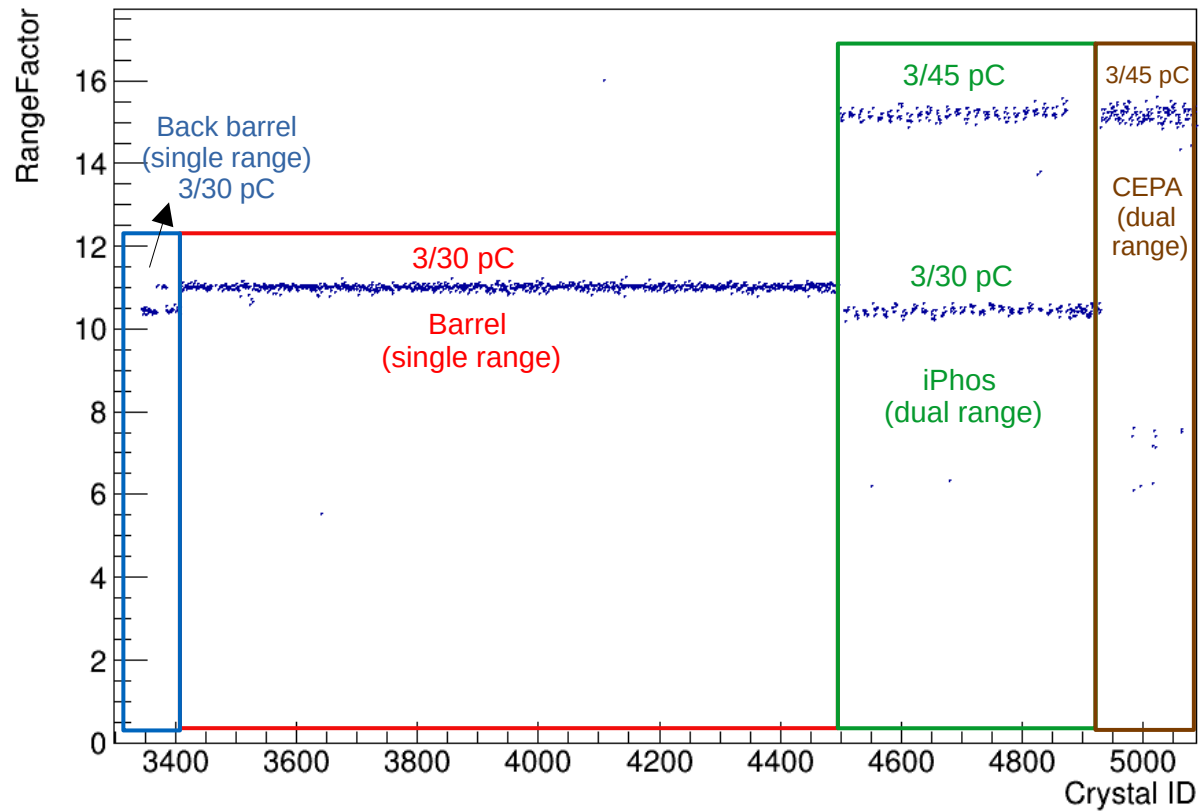


## Calibration macro



# Calibration macro



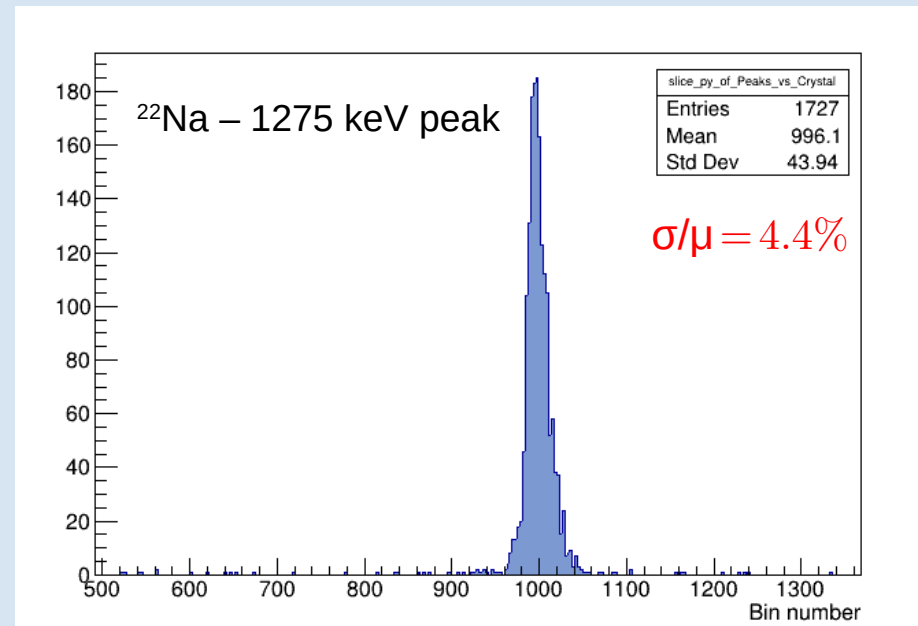
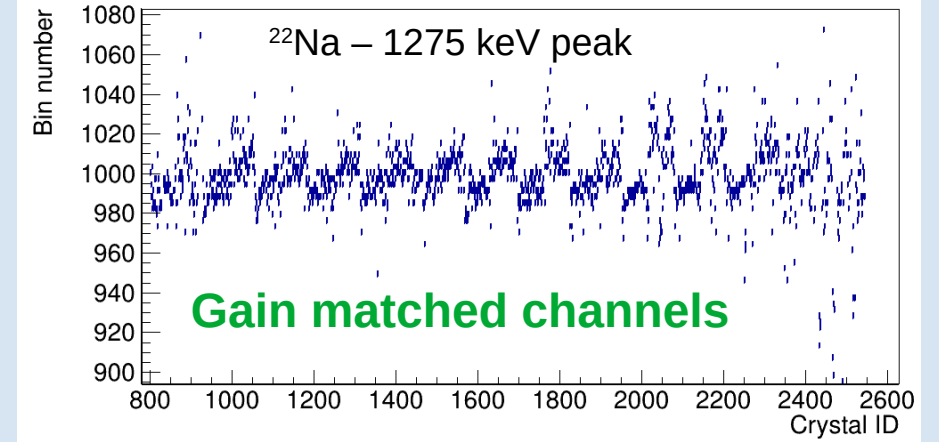
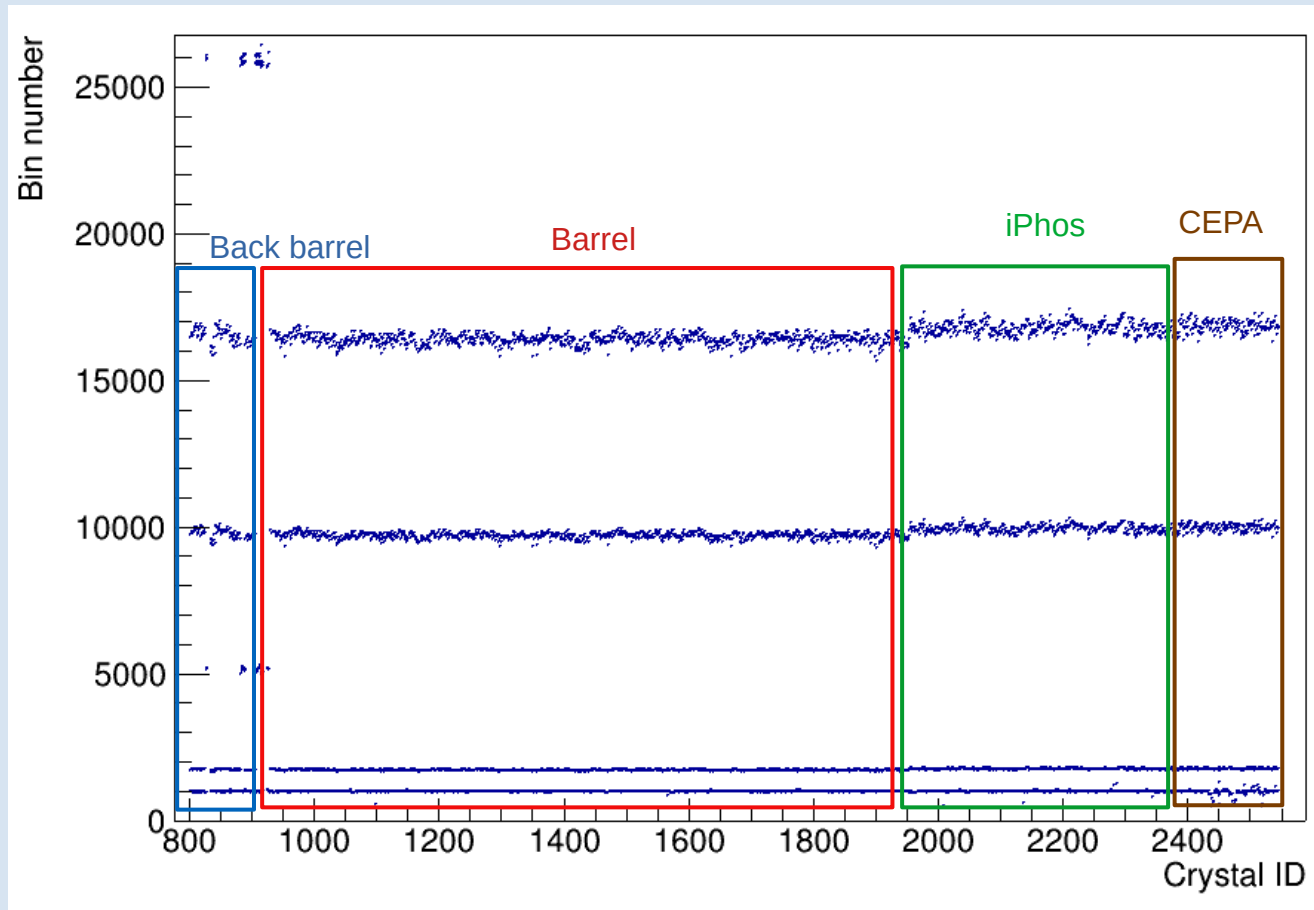


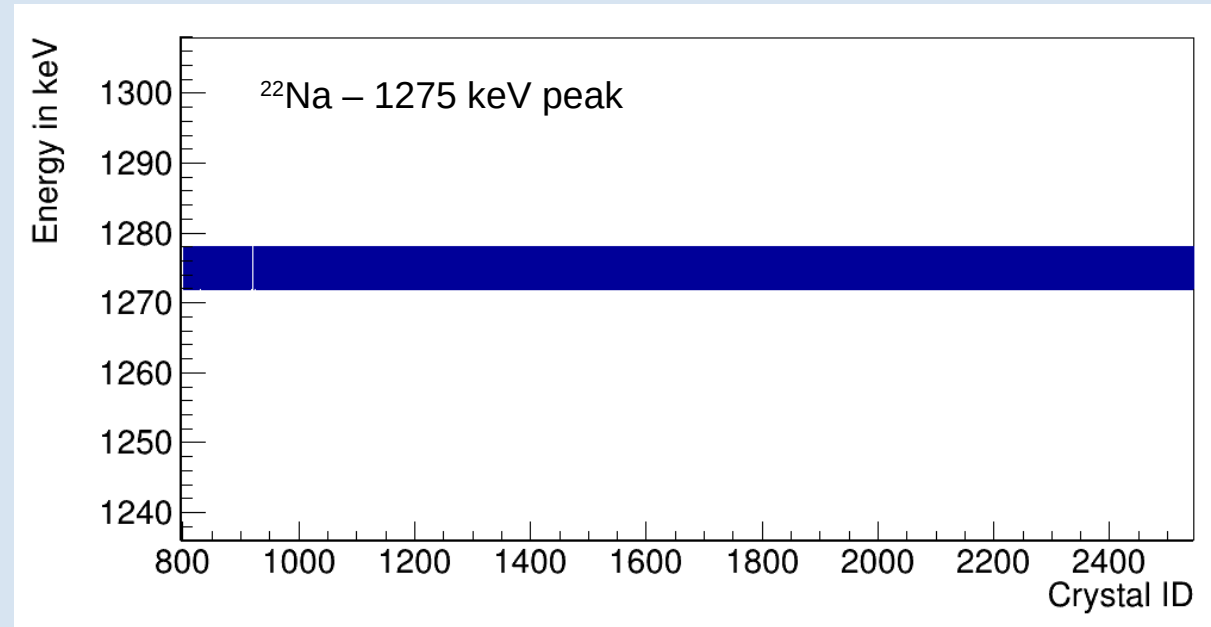
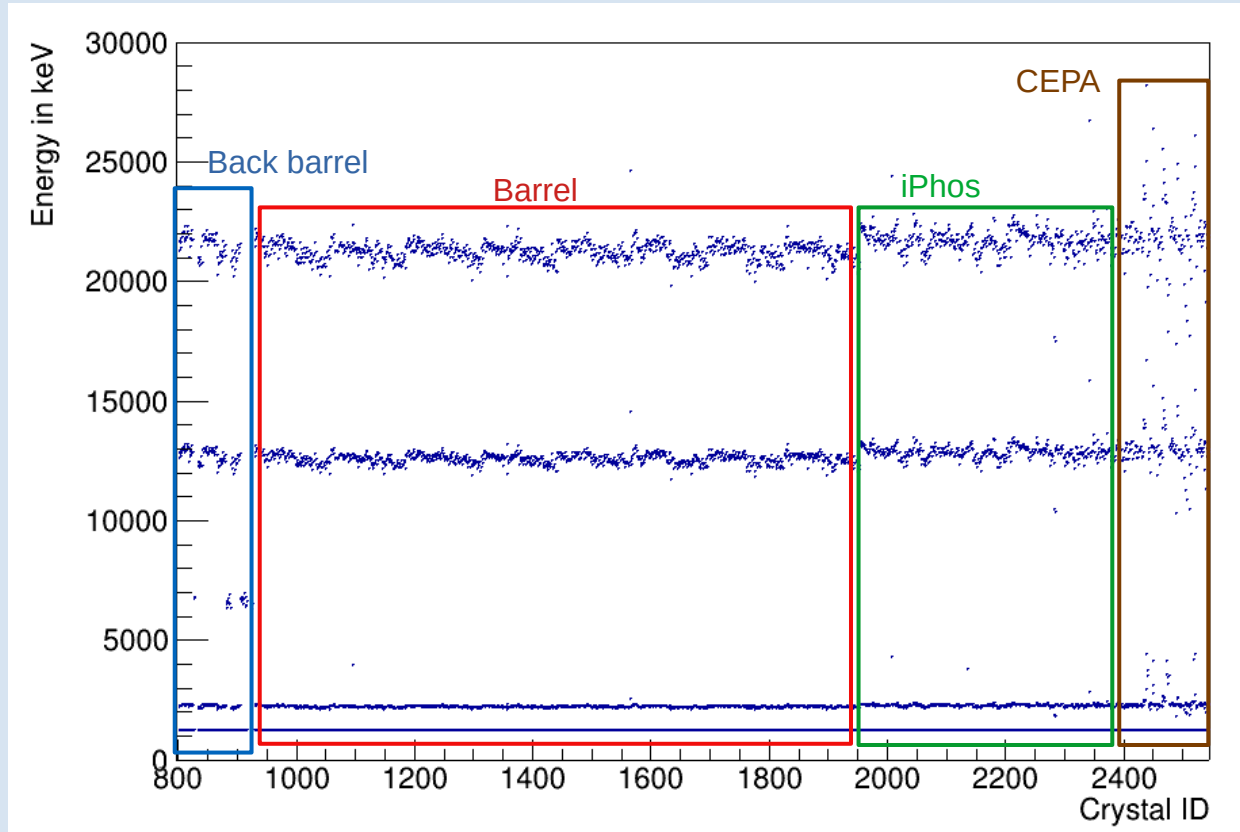
$$R = E_{\gamma(\text{uncalib.})} / E_{p(\text{uncalib.})} \approx 11$$

Serves as a translation factor between gamma range and proton range



# Gamma range: uncalibrated spectra



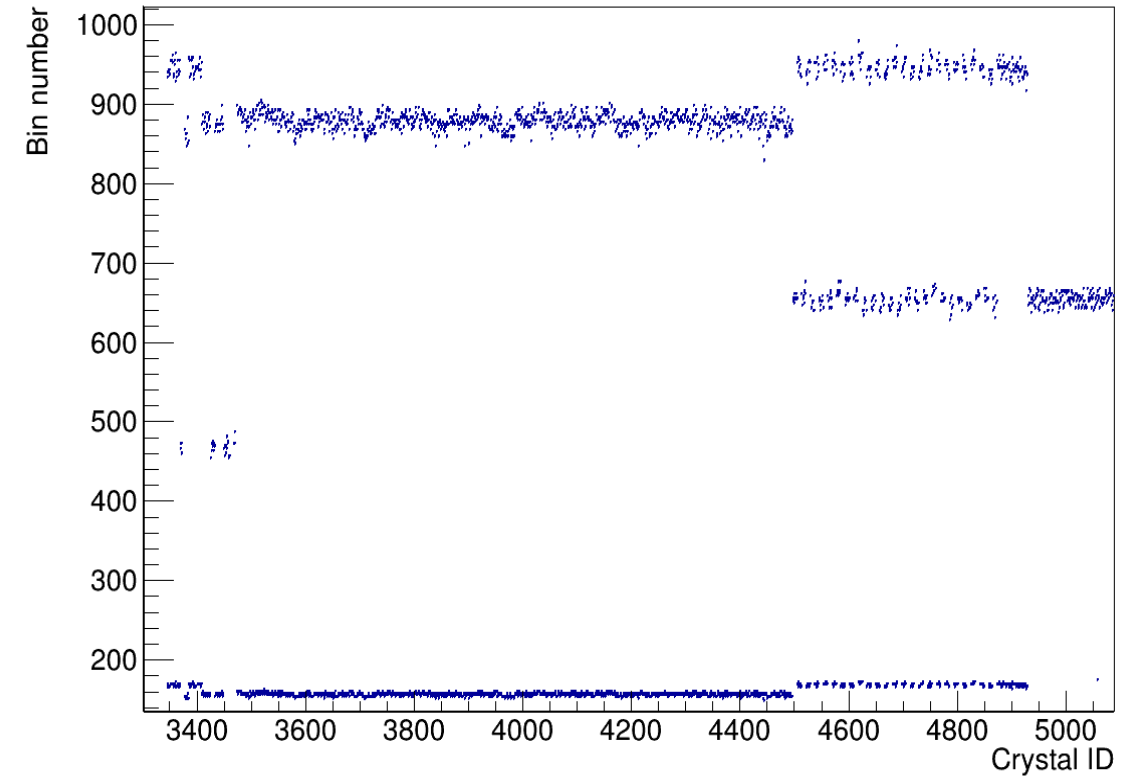
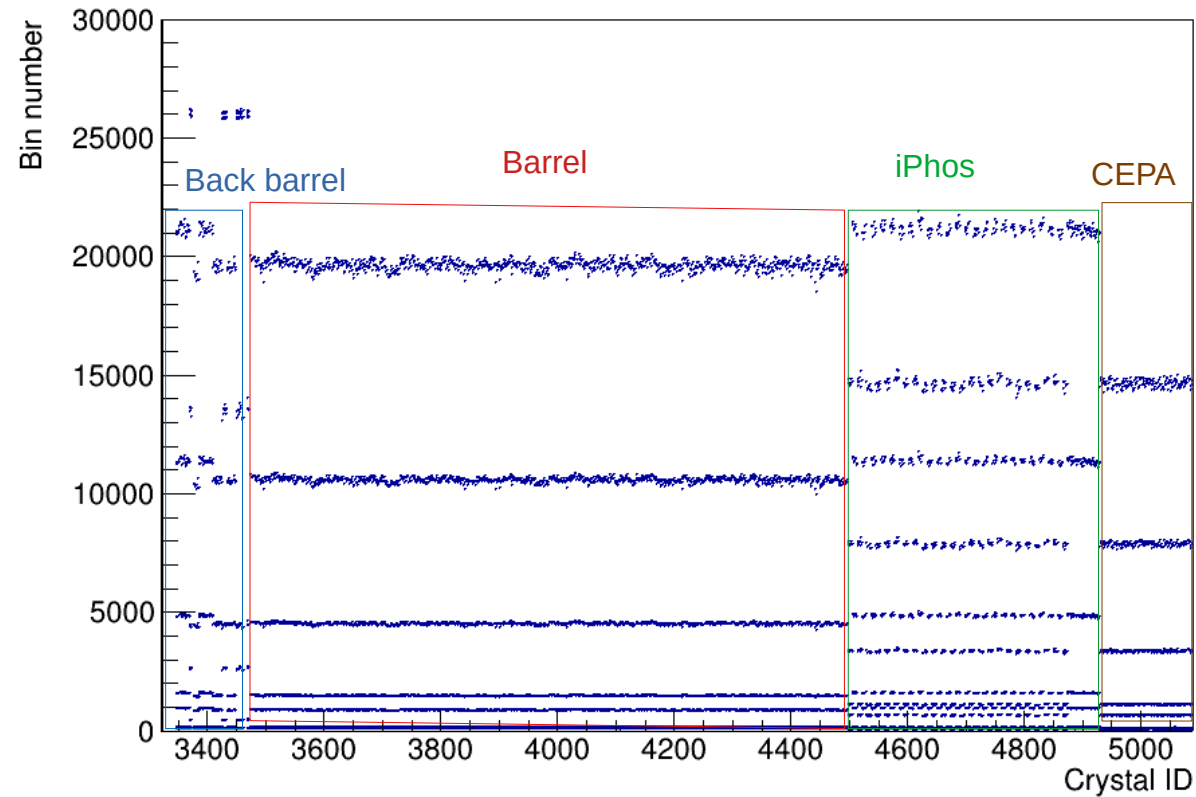


Applying a linear fit:  $y = m_{\gamma}x + c_{\gamma}$

Software works !

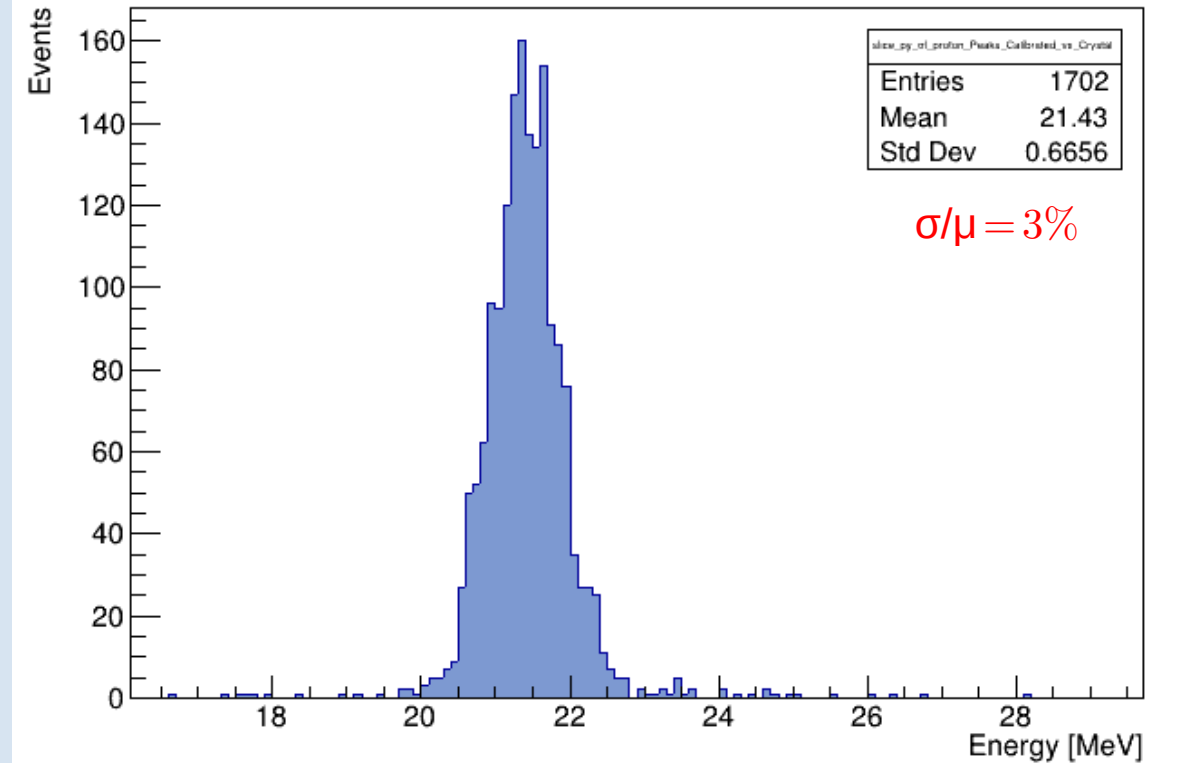
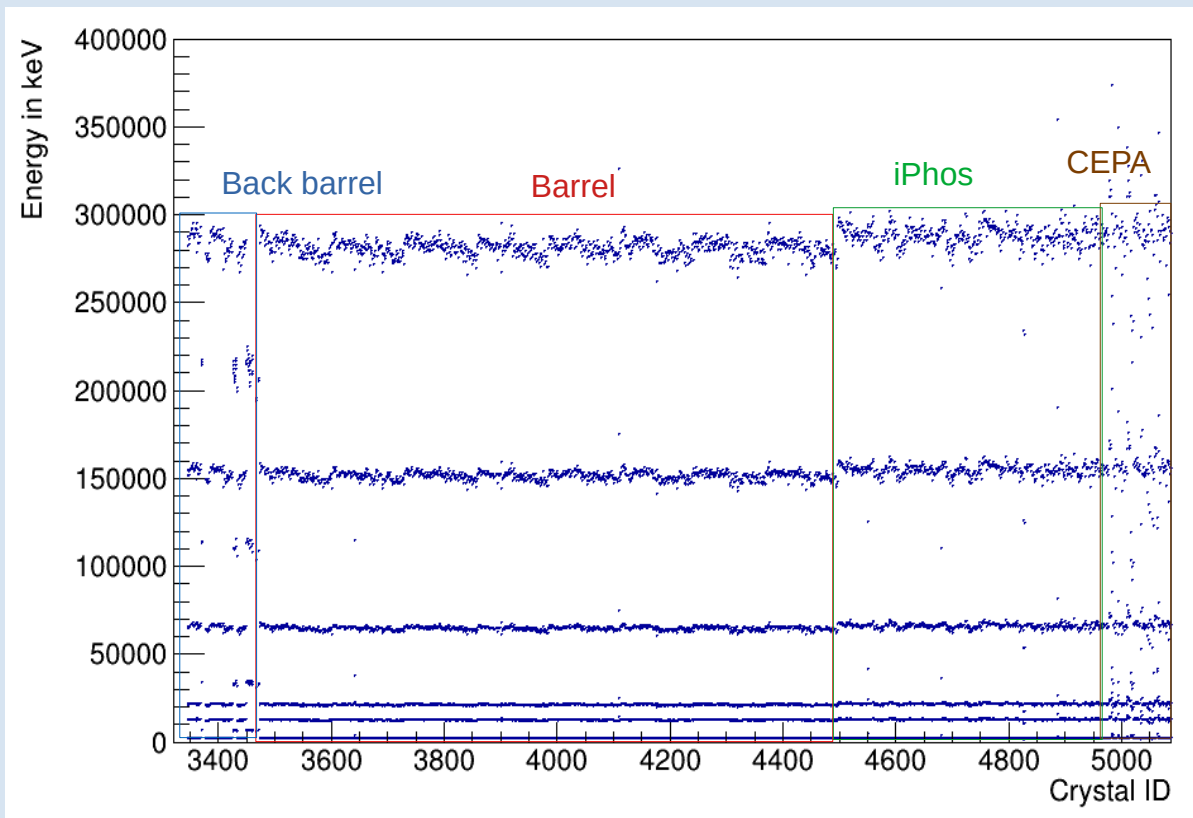
Now we also have pulser peaks in keV

# Proton range: uncalibrated spectra



There are (channel to channel) variations in the electronics

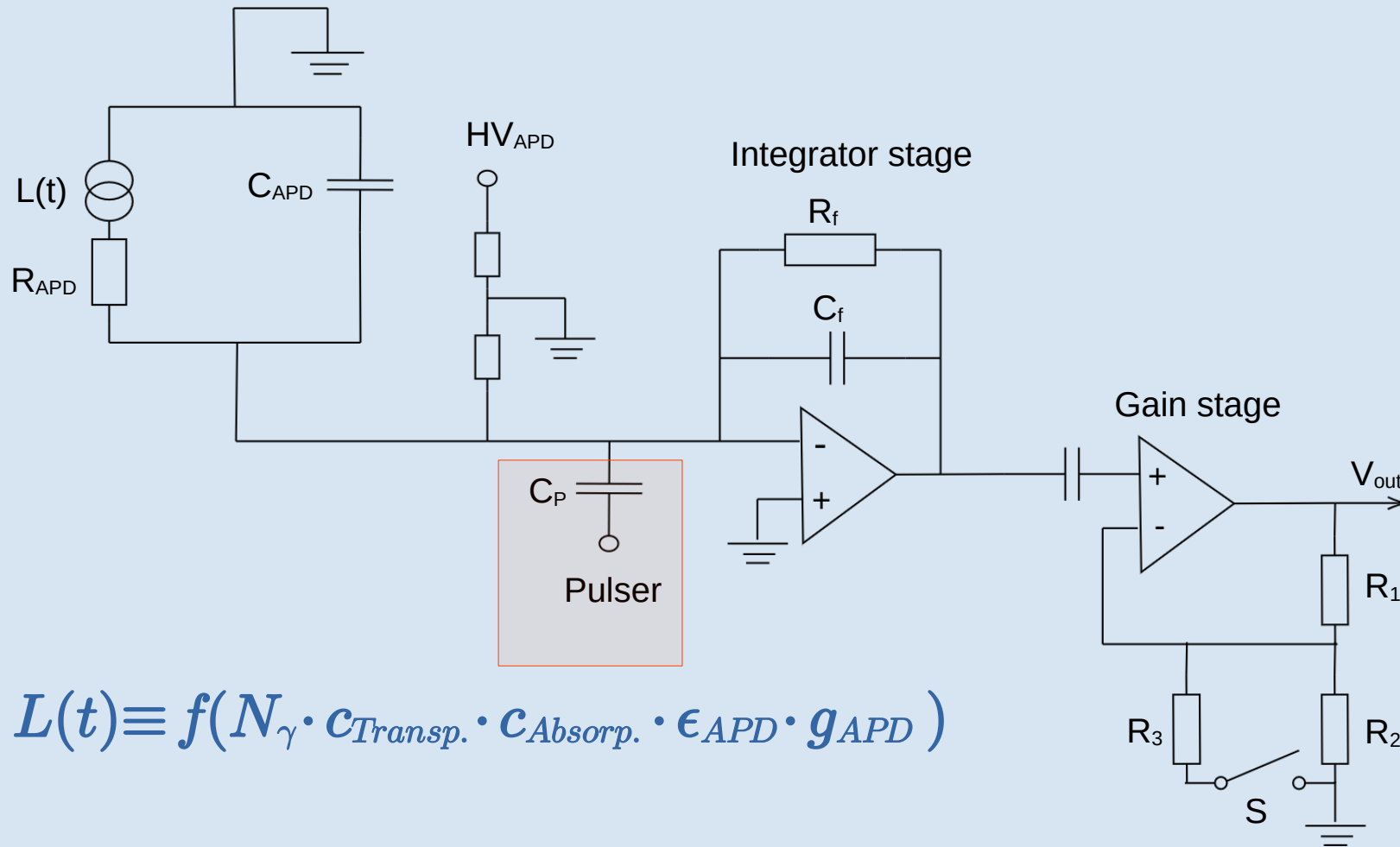
# Calibration in proton range



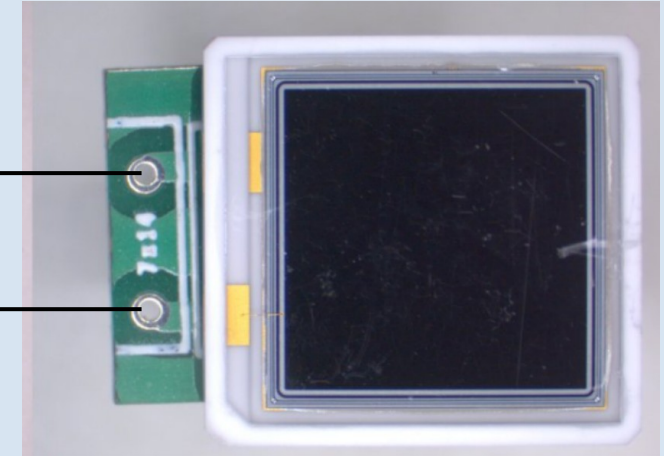
Energies for first 3 pulsers obtained from gamma calibration  
Then doing a linear fit :  $y = m_p x + c_p \Rightarrow$  All pulser energies in keV

Variation in pulsers include all uncertainties (depending on L(t), R and  $C_{\text{pulser}}$ )

# Circuit diagram

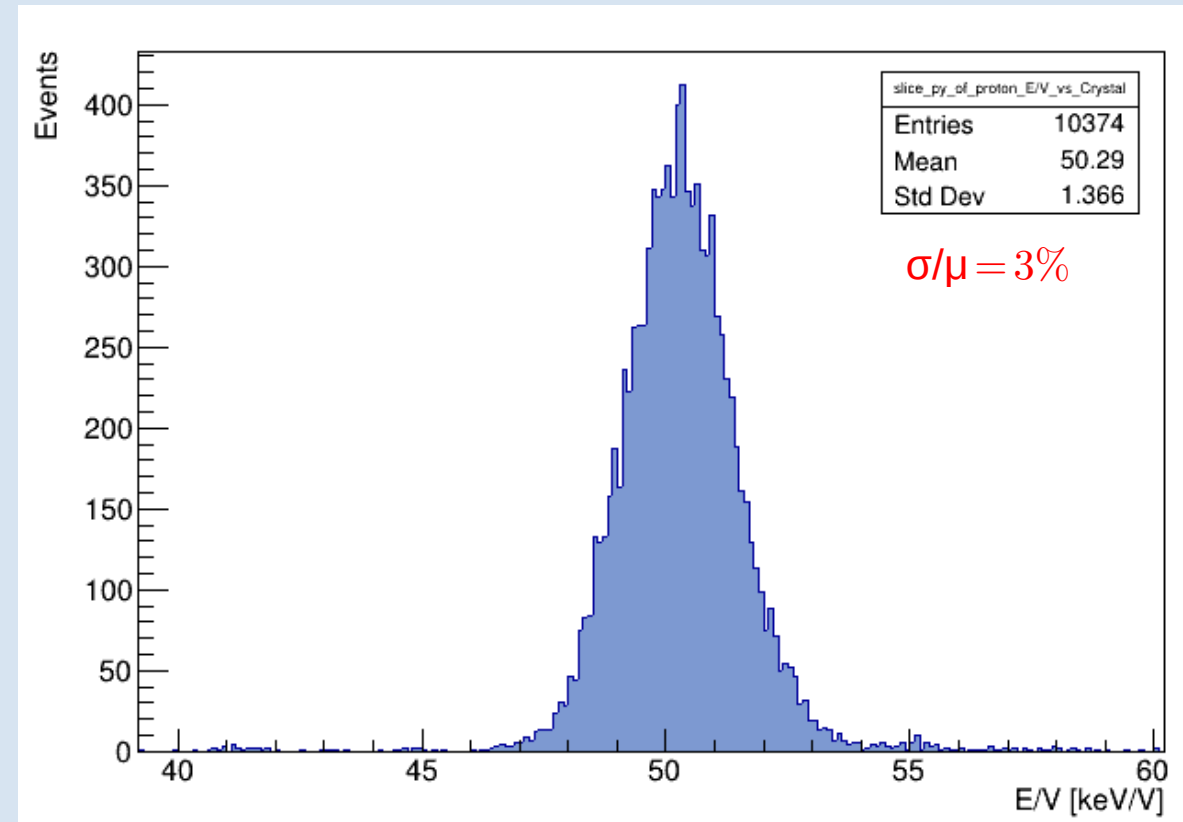
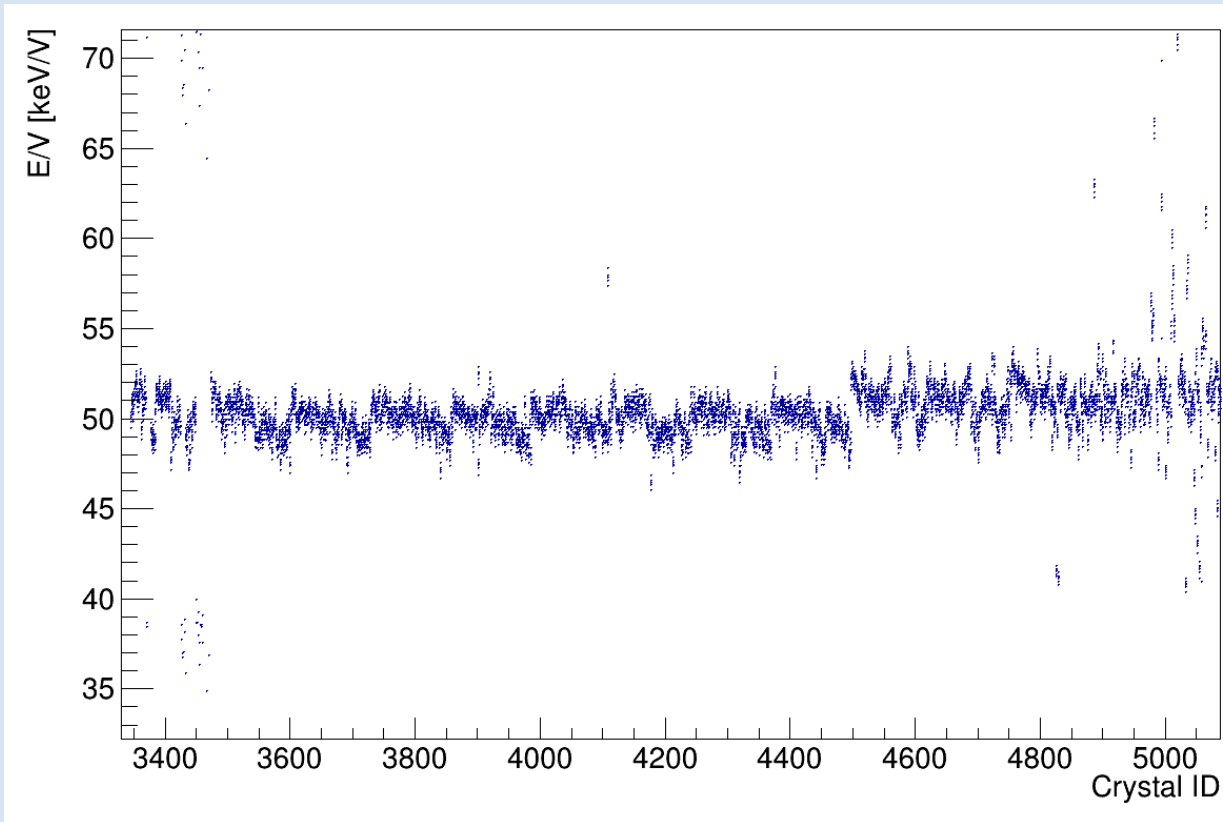


$HV_{APD}$



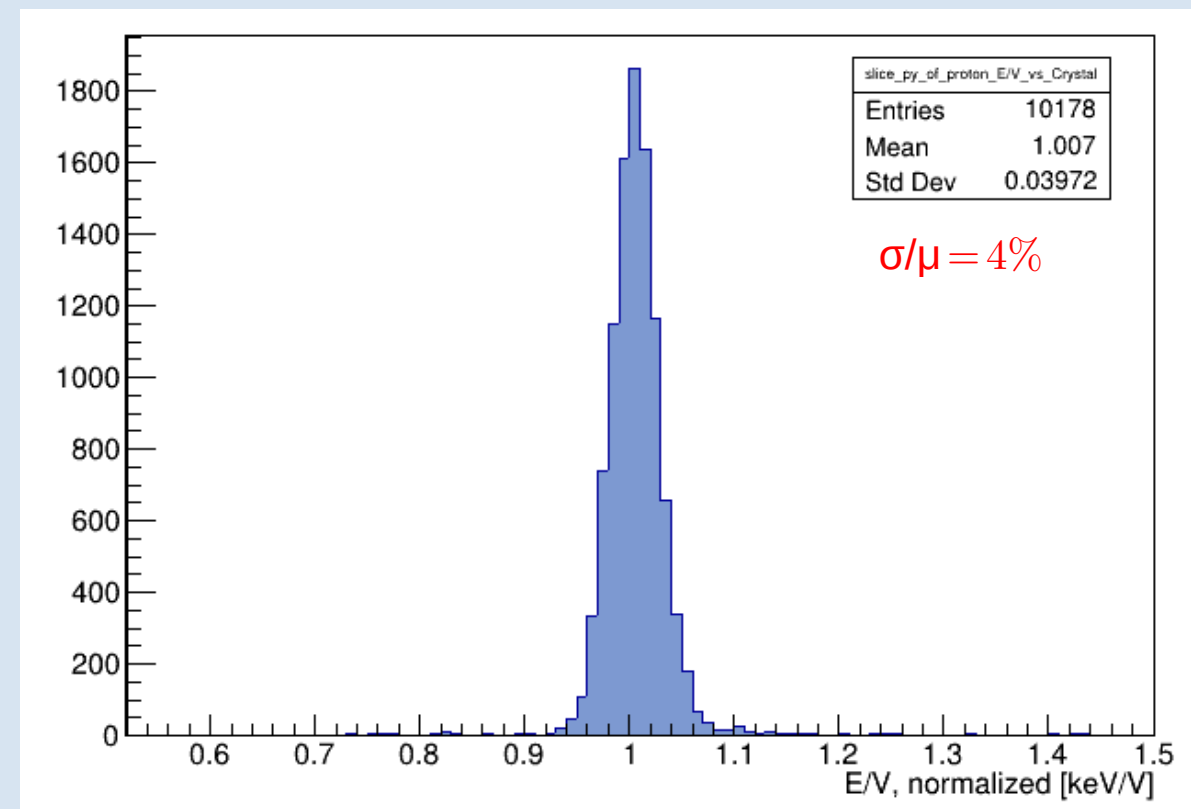
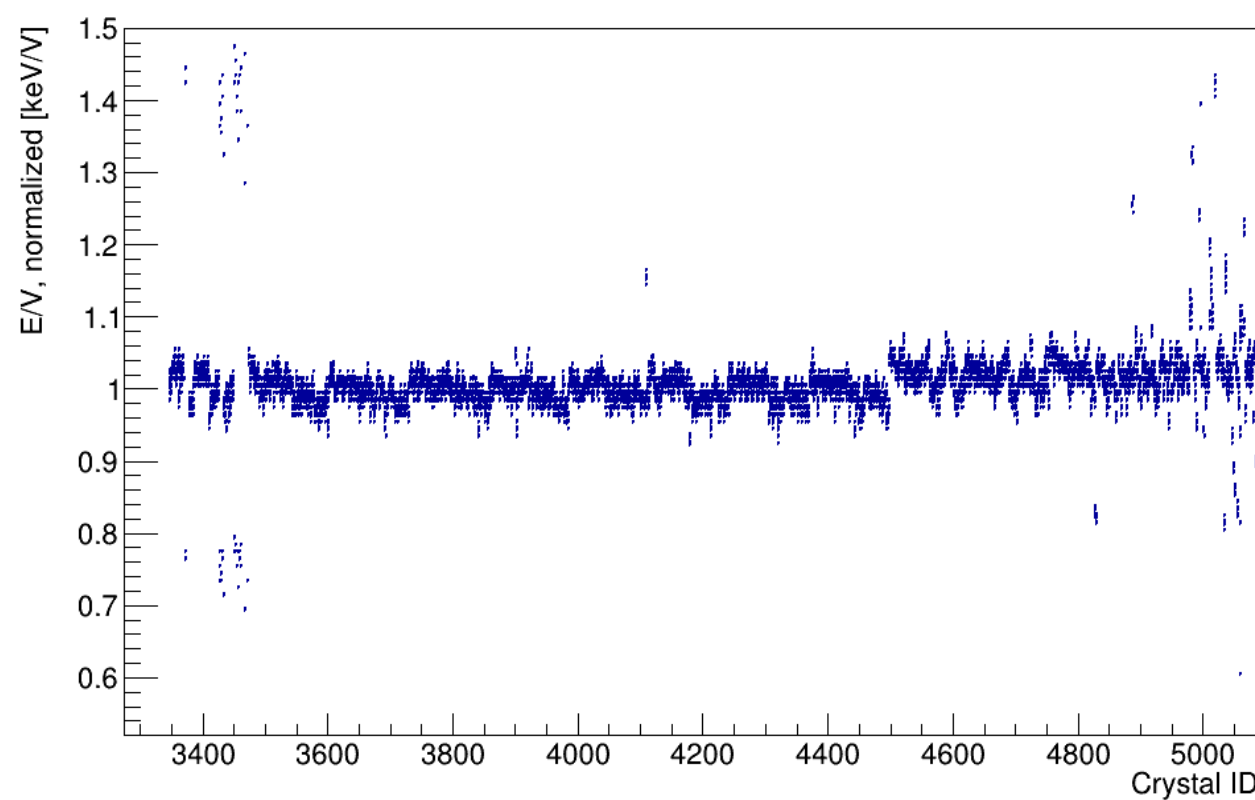
$$L(t) \equiv f(N_{\gamma} \cdot c_{Transp.} \cdot c_{Absorp.} \cdot \epsilon_{APD} \cdot g_{APD})$$

# Pulser capacitance



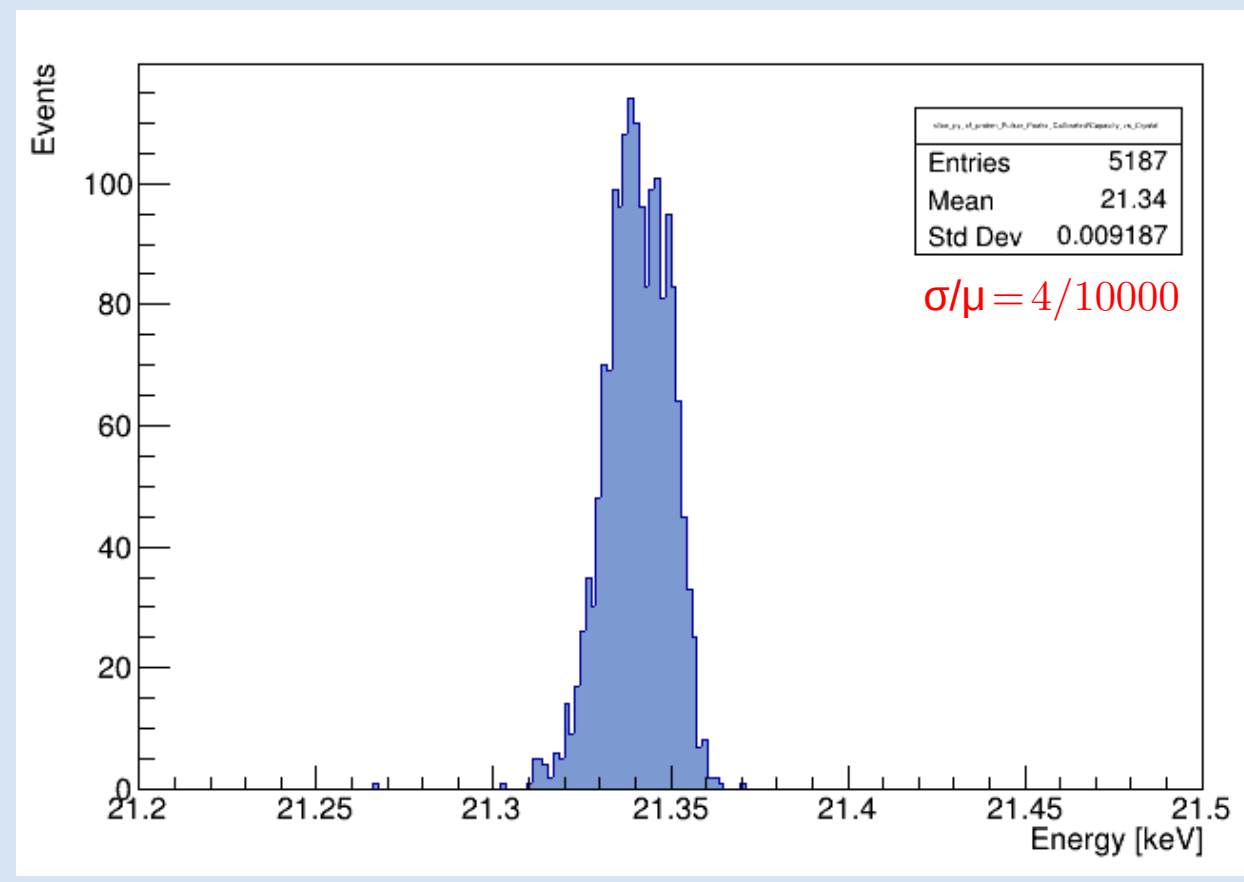
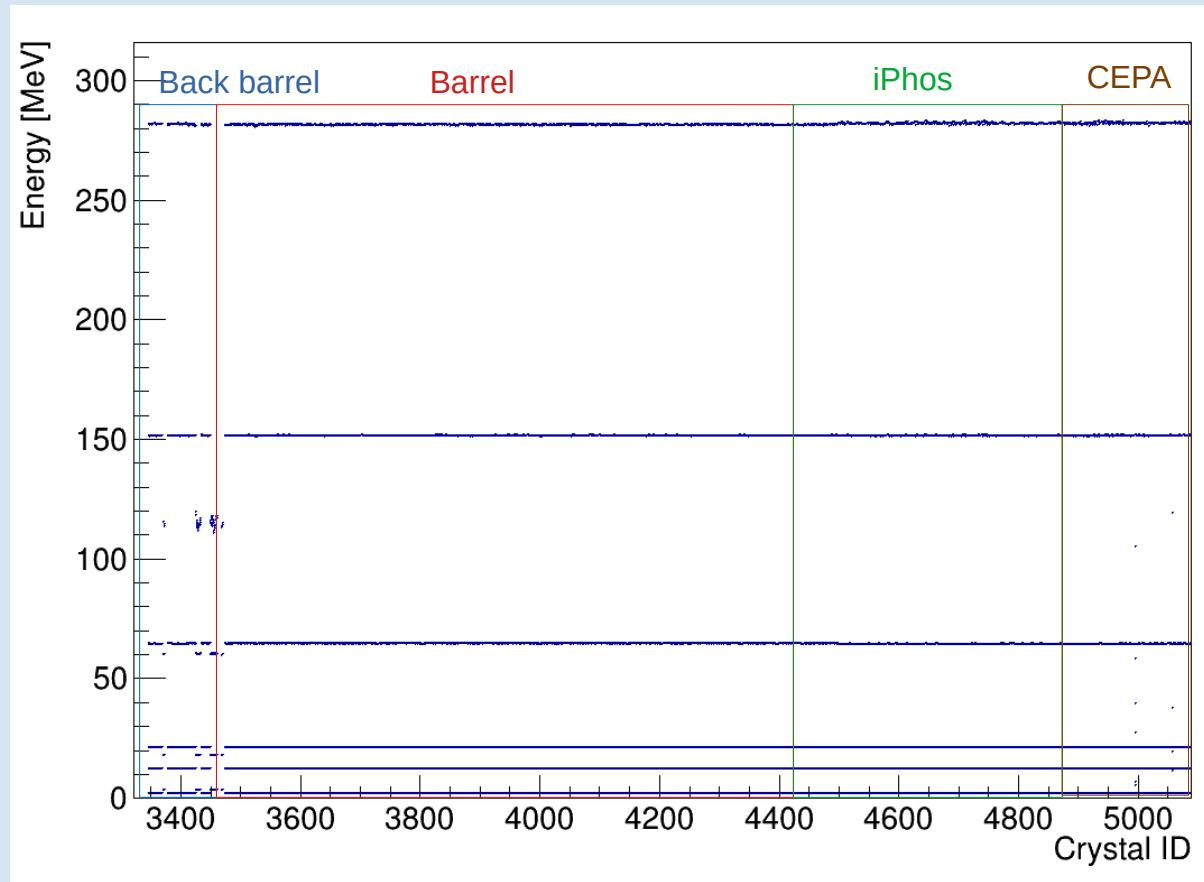
Variation in  $E/V$  for the pulsers again include all uncertainties ( $L(t)$ ,  $R$  and  $C_{\text{pulser}}$ )

# Pulser capacitance



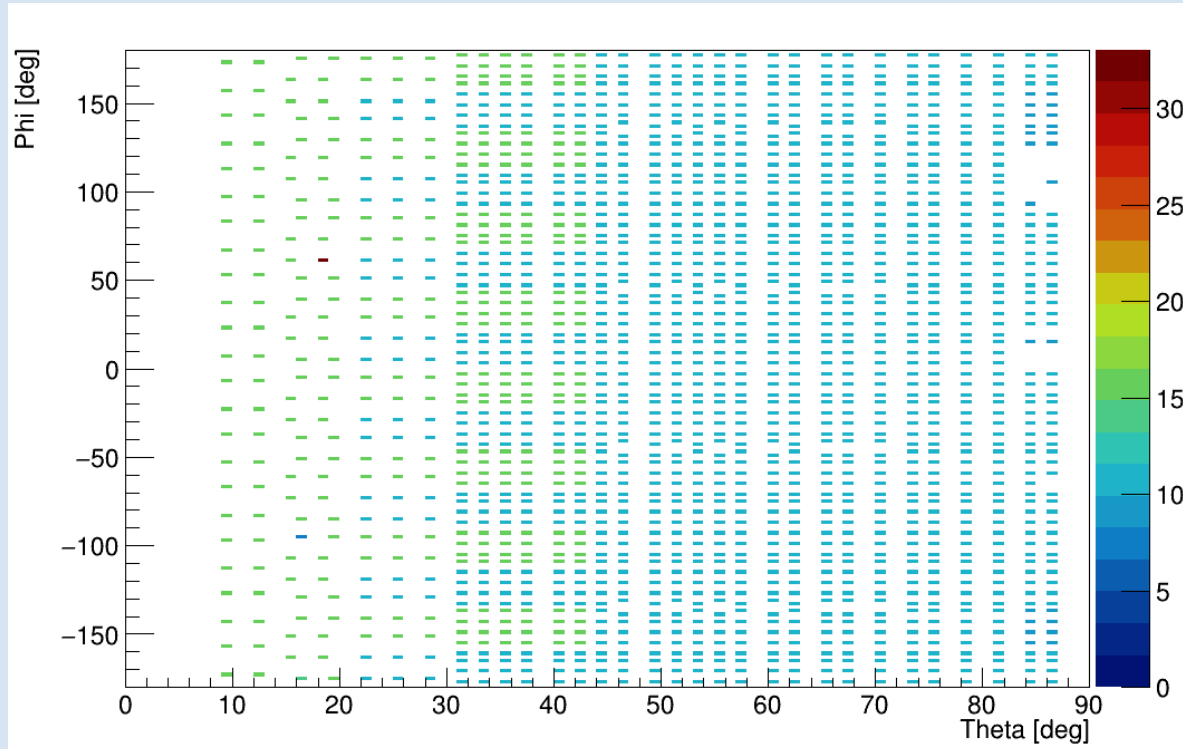
Pulser capacitance (E/V) now normalized with the mean value (50)

# Proton range: calibrated spectra

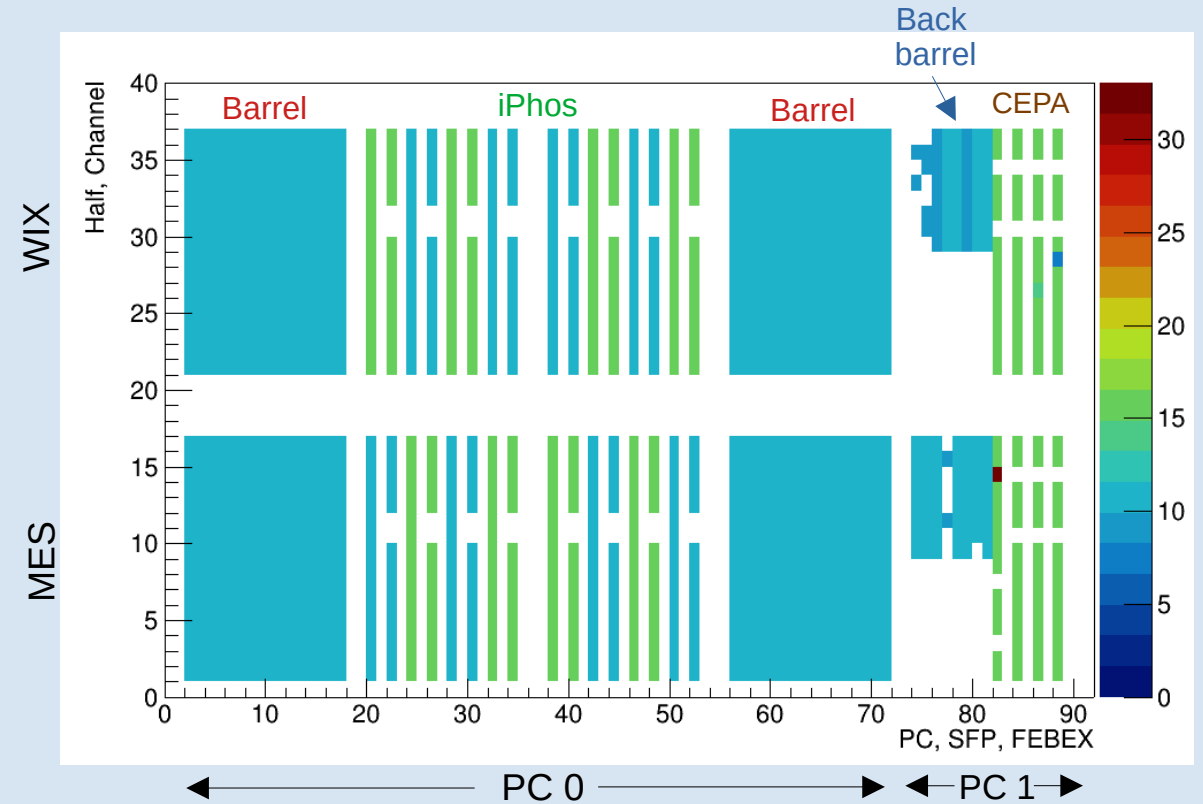


After dividing pulser energies with the normalized capacitances, variations cancel out

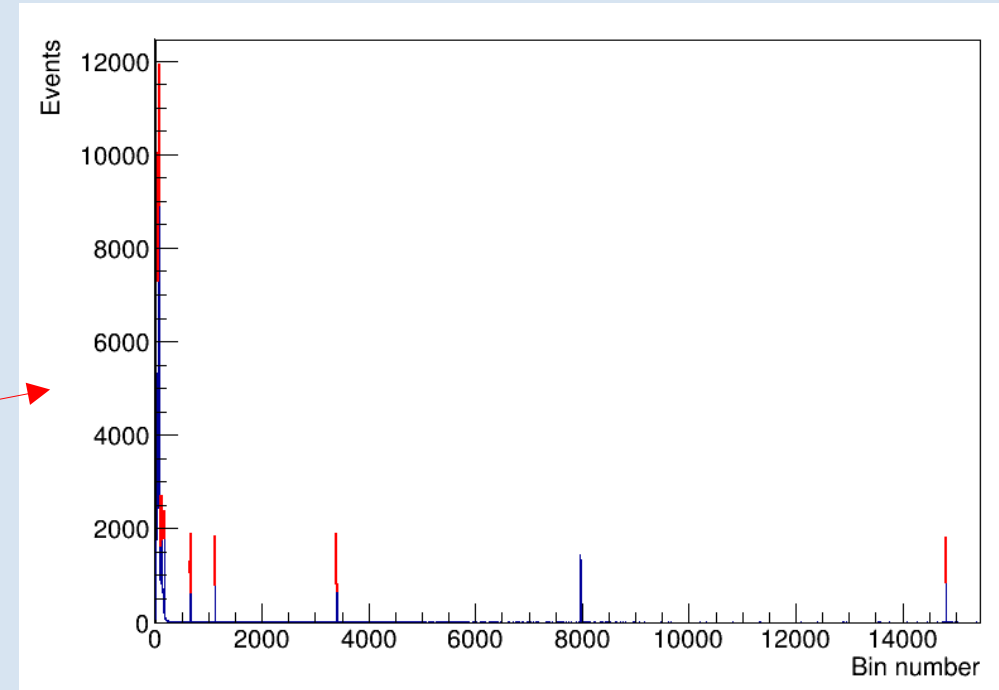
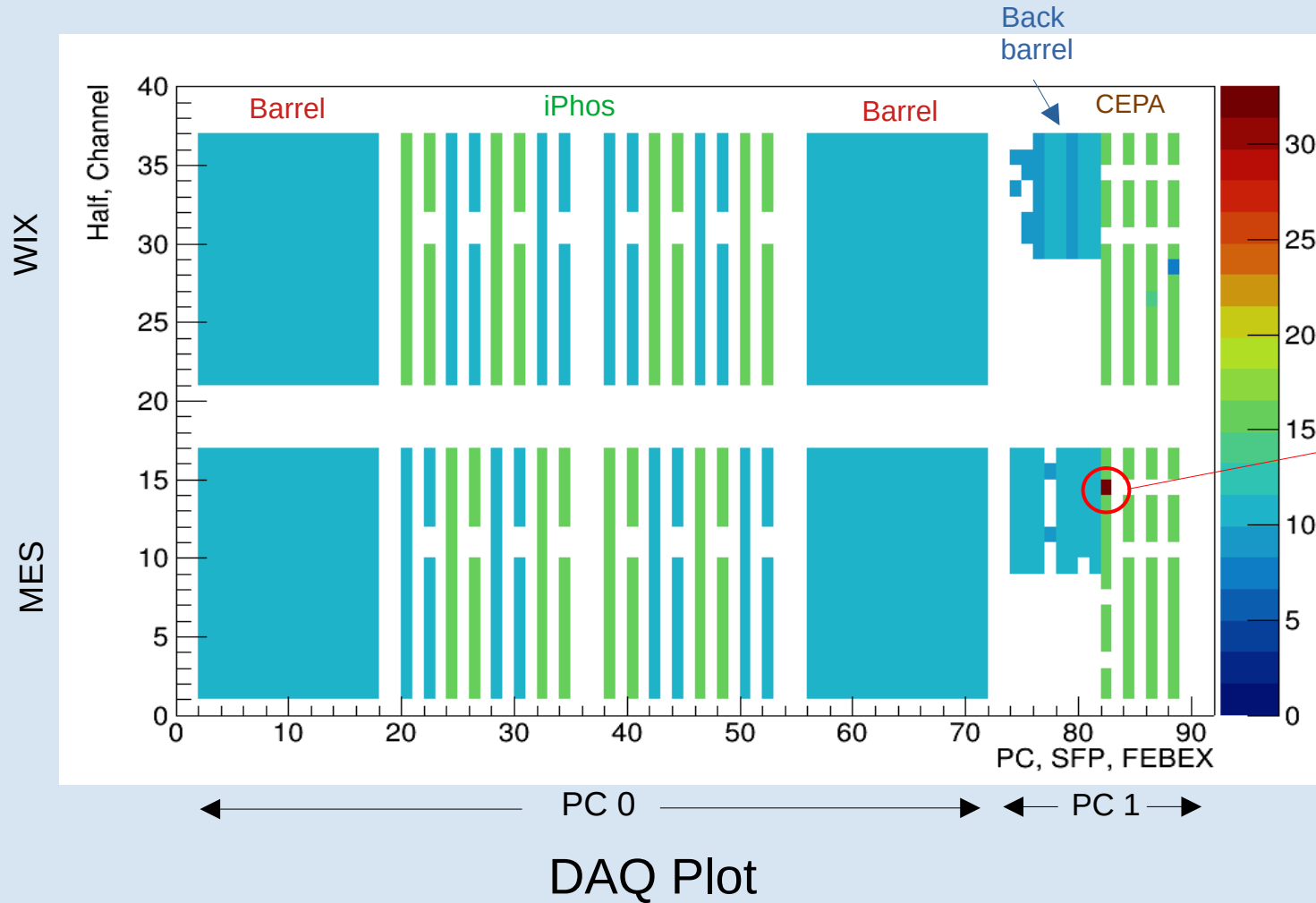




Quality Assessment Plot



DAQ Plot (Hardware level)



Spectrum for incorrectly calibrated channel (one pulser peak not detected)



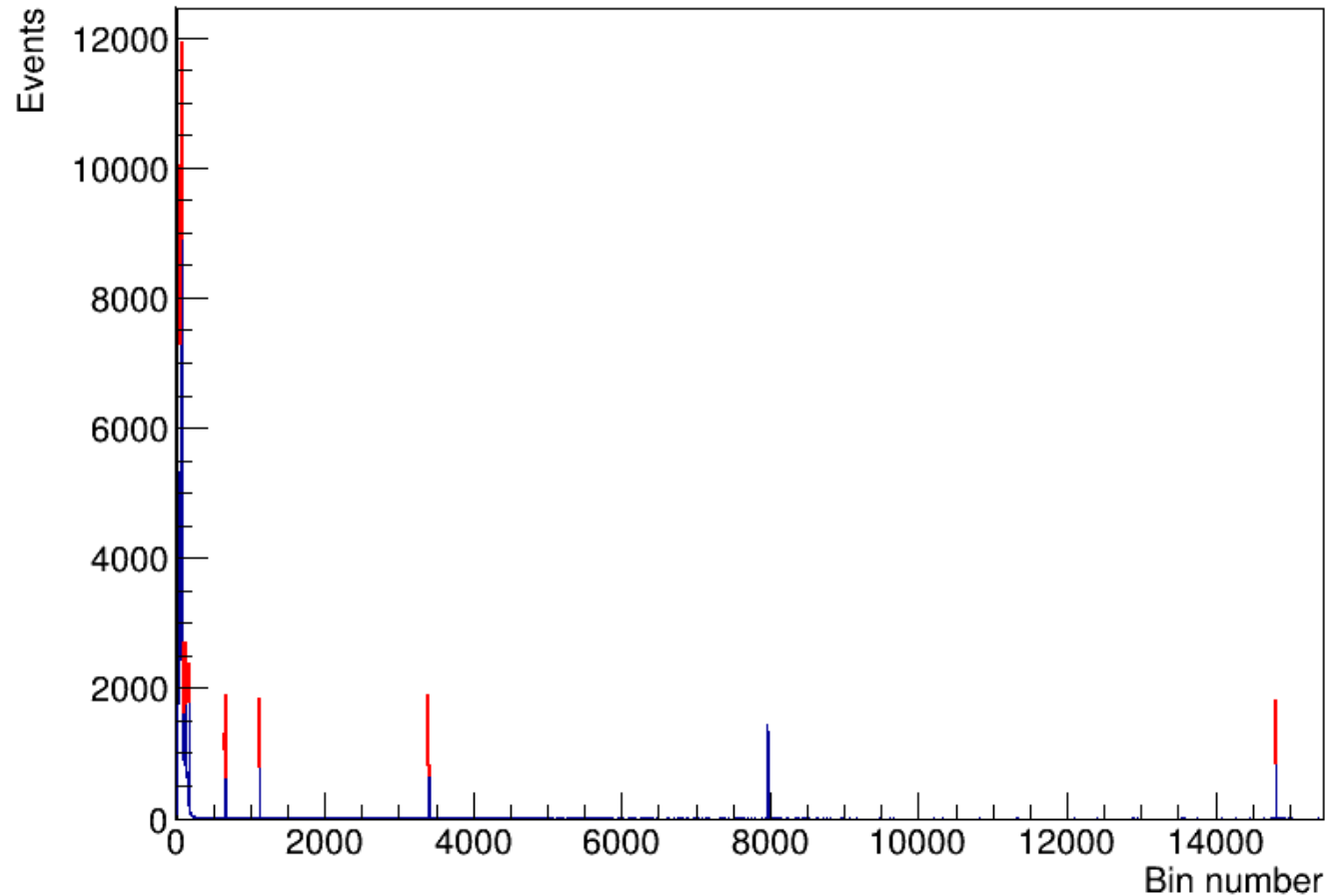
# Thank You !

**CALIFA @ Technical University of Munich**

Roman Gernhäuser, Philipp Klenze, Tobias Jenegger, Mrunmoy Jena



# Extras: Irregular channel



Crystal ID: 5057, in CEPA

## Crystal 5057

Source Peak 1, Bin number: 72.8852  
Pulser Peak 1, Bin number: 118.622  
Pulser Peak 2, Bin number: 176.335  
Pulser Peak 3, Bin number: 664.026  
Pulser Peak 4, Bin number: 1121.33  
Pulser Peak 5, Bin number: 3402.16  
Pulser Peak 6, Bin number: 14819.5  
Range factor Pulser Peak 1: 15.2875  
Range factor Pulser Peak 2: 57.8574  
Range factor Pulser Peak 3: 25.9151  
Range factor: 33.02  
Pulser Offset: -2053.82  
Pulser Slope: 36.794