0.0.1 Associate

The operation associate establishes a relationship between k? and v? at the top level of m!.

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Associate[KV, K, V] = m?, m!, m' : KV
k? : K
v? : V
associate = KV \times K \times V \Rightarrow KV
m! = associate(m?, k?, v?) \bullet
let m' == m? \Leftrightarrow k? \Rightarrow
(dom m' = dom(m? \setminus k?)) \land
(m? \setminus m' = k? \iff k? \in m?) \land
(m? \setminus m' = \emptyset \iff k? \notin m? \Rightarrow m? = m')
= \langle\!\langle k? \mapsto v? \rangle\!\rangle \cup m'
```

This implies that any existing mapping at $k? \in m?$ will be overwritten by associate but an existing mapping is not a precondition.

```
 \begin{array}{c} (k?\,,m?_{k?}\,) \in m? \lor (k?\,,m?_{k?}\,) \not\in m? \\ (k?\,,m?_{k?}\,) \not\in m! \\ (k?\,,v?\,) \in m! \\ \hline \\ m! = associate(m?\,,k?\,,v?\,) \end{array}
```

associate does not alter any other mappings within m? and this property is illustrated by the definition of local variable m'

```
m': KV \mid m' = m? \lessdot k? \Rightarrow m' \vartriangleleft (m? \backslash k?)
dom \ m? = \{ k_i : K \mid 0 ... \# m? \bullet k_i \in m? \land 0 \le i \le \# m? \}
dom \ m' = \{ k'_i : K \mid 0 ... \# m' \bullet k'_i \in m? \land k'_i \ne k? \land 0 \le i \le \# m' \}
dom \ m' = dom \ m? \iff k? \not \in m? \Rightarrow \forall k_i \in m? \mid k_i \ne k?
\# m' = \# m? \iff k? \not \in m?
\# m' = \# m? -1 \iff k? \in m?
```

and its usage within the definition of associate.

$$m! = m? \cup \langle\langle k? \mapsto v? \rangle\rangle \Rightarrow k? \notin m?$$

 $m! = m' \cup \langle\langle k? \mapsto v? \rangle\rangle \Rightarrow m' \neq m? \land k? \in m?$

The following examples demonstrate the intended functionality of associate.

$$M = \langle \langle k_0 v_{k_0}, k_1 v_{k_1} \rangle \rangle$$

$$k_0 = abc \wedge v_{k_0} = 123 \qquad [k_0 v_{k_0} = abc \mapsto 123]$$

$$k_1 = def \wedge v_{k_1} = xyz \mapsto 456 \qquad [k_1 v_{k_1} = def \mapsto xyz \mapsto 456]$$

$$associate(M, baz, foo) = \langle \langle abc \mapsto 123, def \mapsto xyz \mapsto 456, baz \mapsto foo \rangle \rangle$$

$$associate(M, abc, 321) = \langle \langle abc \mapsto 321, def \mapsto xyz \mapsto 456 \rangle \rangle$$