

0.0.1 Update At

The primitive *updateAt* performs a replacement at some depth within a Collection without changing any other values in the source Collection.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \text{UpdateAt[Collection, V, Collection]} \text{-----} \\
 \text{AtDepth} \\
 \text{coll? , coll! , indices? : Collection} \\
 \text{v? : V} \\
 \text{updateAt_ : Collection} \times \text{V} \times \text{Collection} \rightarrow \text{Collection} \\
 \hline
 \text{updateAt} = \langle \text{atDepth_ , update_ , } \langle \text{atDepth_ , update_} \rangle^{\# \text{indices?} - 1} \rangle \\
 \text{coll!} = \text{updateAt}(\text{coll? , v? , indices?}) \bullet \\
 \text{let } \text{coll} == \text{update}(\text{atDepth}(\text{coll? , indices?} \triangleleft \text{indices?}_j), \text{v? , indices?}_j) \bullet \\
 \quad \forall n : i \dots j - 1 \bullet j = \text{first}(\text{last}(\text{indices?})) \mid \exists c_n \bullet \\
 \quad \text{let } c_i == \text{atDepth}(\text{coll? , } (\text{indices?} \upharpoonright i)) \Rightarrow \text{atIndex}(\text{coll? , indices?}_i) \\
 \quad c_n == \text{atDepth}(c_{n-1}, (\text{indices?} \upharpoonright n)) \\
 \quad c_{j-1} == \text{atDepth}(c_n, (\text{indices?} \upharpoonright j - 1)) \iff n = j - 2 \\
 \quad c_j == \text{update}(c_{j-1}, \text{v? , } (\text{indices?} \upharpoonright j)) \Rightarrow c_j = \text{coll} = \text{coll!}_j \\
 \quad \text{coll!}_{j-2} == \text{update}(c_{j-2}, c_j, \text{indices?}_{j-1}) \\
 \quad \text{coll!}_n == \text{update}(c_{n-1}, \text{coll!}_n, \text{indices?}_n) \\
 \quad \text{coll!}_i == \text{update}(c_i, \text{coll!}_n, \text{indices?}_n) \iff n = i + 1 \\
 = \text{update}(\text{coll? , coll!}_i, \text{indices?}_i)
 \end{array}$$

The following examples demonstrate the properties of *updateAt*

$$\begin{array}{l}
 X = \langle x_0, x_1, x_2 \rangle \\
 x_0 = 0 \\
 x_1 = \text{foo} \\
 x_2 = \langle a, b, c \rangle \\
 \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 1, 3 \rangle, z) = \langle x_0, \text{fooz}, x_2 \rangle \Rightarrow \text{foo} = \langle f, o, o \rangle \\
 \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 1, 0 \rangle, z) = \langle x_0, \text{zoo}, x_2 \rangle \Rightarrow \text{zoo} = \langle z, o, o \rangle \\
 \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 0 \rangle, 5) = \langle 5, x_1, x_2 \rangle \\
 \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 0, 0 \rangle, 5) = \langle \langle 5 \rangle, x_1, x_2 \rangle \quad [5 \text{ in seq}] \\
 \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 0, 1 \rangle, 5) = \langle \langle 0, 5 \rangle, x_1, x_2 \rangle \quad [5 \text{ and } 0 \text{ in seq}] \\
 \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 2, 0 \rangle, d) = \langle x_0, x_1, \langle d, b, c \rangle \rangle \\
 \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 2 \rangle, d) = \langle x_0, x_1, d \rangle
 \end{array}$$

Which indicates that if navigation would result in stepping into a non-nested Value, an empty sequence is created and then populated with the non-nested Value so navigation can continue.

$$\begin{array}{l}
 X! = \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 0, 0 \rangle, 5) \mid i \mapsto 0 \wedge j \mapsto 0 \wedge i \neq j \bullet \\
 \text{let } X_i == \text{atIndex}(X, i) = 0 \\
 X_{i+1} == \text{atIndex}(X_i, j) = \langle \rangle
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
X_j &== \text{append}(X_{i+1}, X_i, 0) = \langle 0 \rangle && [\text{only item hence 0 index}] \\
X'_j &== \text{update}(X_j, 5, j) = \langle 5 \rangle \\
&= \text{update}(X, X'_j, i) \\
&= \langle \langle 5 \rangle, x_1, x_2 \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

- The nesting which created $\langle 0 \rangle$ also specified that the first index of that sub Collection should have the value of 5 which is why $X! = \langle \langle 5 \rangle, x_1, x_2 \rangle$

$$\begin{aligned}
X! &= \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 0, 1 \rangle, 5) \mid i \mapsto 0 \wedge j \mapsto 1 \wedge i \neq j \bullet \\
\text{let } X_i &== \text{atIndex}(X, i) = 0 \\
X_{i+1} &== \text{atIndex}(X_i, j) = \langle \rangle \\
X_j &== \text{append}(X_{i+1}, X_i, 0) = \langle 0 \rangle && [\text{only item hence 0 index}] \\
X'_j &== \text{update}(X_j, 5, j) = \langle 0, 5 \rangle \\
&= \text{update}(X, X'_j, i) \\
&= \langle \langle 0, 5 \rangle, x_1, x_2 \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

- The nesting which created $\langle 0 \rangle$ now indicates that the second index of that sub Collection should have the value of 5 which is why $X! = \langle \langle 0, 5 \rangle, x_1, x_2 \rangle$

$$\begin{aligned}
X! &= \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 0 \rangle, 5) \mid i \mapsto 0 \bullet \\
\# \text{indices?} &= 1 \Rightarrow \text{updateAt}(X, \langle 0 \rangle, 5) \equiv \text{update}(X, i, 5) \bullet \\
&= \text{update}(X, i, 5) = \langle 5, x_1, x_2 \rangle
\end{aligned}$$

- Here there is no further nesting which can't be performed so the update happens as if the Operation *update* was used.