

0.0.1 Append

The operation *append* will return a Collection with a Value added at a specified numeric Index.

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| $ \begin{array}{l} \text{Append}[Collection, V, \mathbb{N}] \text{ -----} \\ coll?, coll! : Collection \\ v? : V \\ idx? : \mathbb{N} \\ append_ : Collection \times V \times \mathbb{N} \mapsto Collection \\ \hline \# idx? = 1 \\ coll! = append(coll?, v?, idx?) \bullet \\ \text{let } coll' == front(\{ i : \mathbb{N} \mid i \in 0 .. idx? \} \upharpoonright coll?) \cap v? \\ \text{let } coll'' == \{ j : \mathbb{N} \mid j \in idx? .. \# coll? \} \upharpoonright coll? \\ = coll' \cap coll'' \Rightarrow \\ (front(coll') \cap v? \cap coll'') \wedge \\ (v? \mapsto idx? \in coll!) \wedge \\ (\# coll! = \# coll? + 1) \end{array} $ |
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append results in the composition of *coll'* and *coll''* such that

$$coll! = coll' \cap coll'' \wedge idx? \mapsto v? \in coll!$$

- *coll'* is the items in *coll?* up to and including *idx* but the value at *idx?* is replaced with *v?* such that $idx? \mapsto coll?_{idx?} \notin coll'$
- *coll''* is the items in *coll?* from *idx* to $\# coll? \Rightarrow coll?_{idx?} \in coll''$

The following example illustrates these properties.

$$\begin{aligned}
X &= \langle x_0, x_1, x_2 \rangle \\
x_0 &= 0 \\
x_1 &= foo \\
x_2 &= \langle a, b, c \rangle \\
v? &= bar \\
append(X, v?, 0) &= \langle bar, 0, foo, \langle a, b, c \rangle \rangle \\
append(X, v?, 1) &= \langle 0, bar, foo, \langle a, b, c \rangle \rangle \\
append(X, v?, 2) &= \langle 0, foo, bar, \langle a, b, c \rangle \rangle \\
append(X, v?, 3) &= \langle 0, foo, \langle a, b, c \rangle, bar \rangle
\end{aligned}$$