

(i) for - How many times we have to execute the statements.
10, 20, ...

(ii) while - If count is not defined, on the basis of ^{time} condition this
Loop works.

(iii) do-while -
At least statement will be executed once
without checking any condition.

(i) for Syntax:-

↑ Keyword
for (

init ; ^{times.}
condition ; inc/dec) {

// statements ✓

}

(ii) while Syntax:

init ;
while (^{true} condition) {

// Statements

inc / dec ;

}

(iii) do-while :-

init;
do {

// Statement

- inc / dec /

} while (cond);

↓
true / false

for (init; cond; inc/dec) { → Loop.

}

Ex. for (int i = 1; i <= 50; i++)

{

 System.out.println("Hello"); → 50

}

System.out.println("JAVA");

100
500

for (int i=1; i <= 50; i++) {

{ System.out.println("A"); }

6

or

3

int i;

for (i=1; i <= 50; i++)

// System

3

int i = 0;

for (i=1; i <= 50; i++)

// System

3

① $1 \neq 10 \rightarrow \text{false} \checkmark \rightarrow \underline{\text{stop}}$
 for (int $i=1$; $i \leq 10$; $i++$)
 {
 System.out.print ln("Hello");
 }

Annotations:
 $1 \leq 10$
 $2 \leq 10$
 $i=2$

Iter 1 $\rightarrow i=1$
 $1 \leq 10 \rightarrow \text{true}$
 ↓
 Hello
 $i=2$

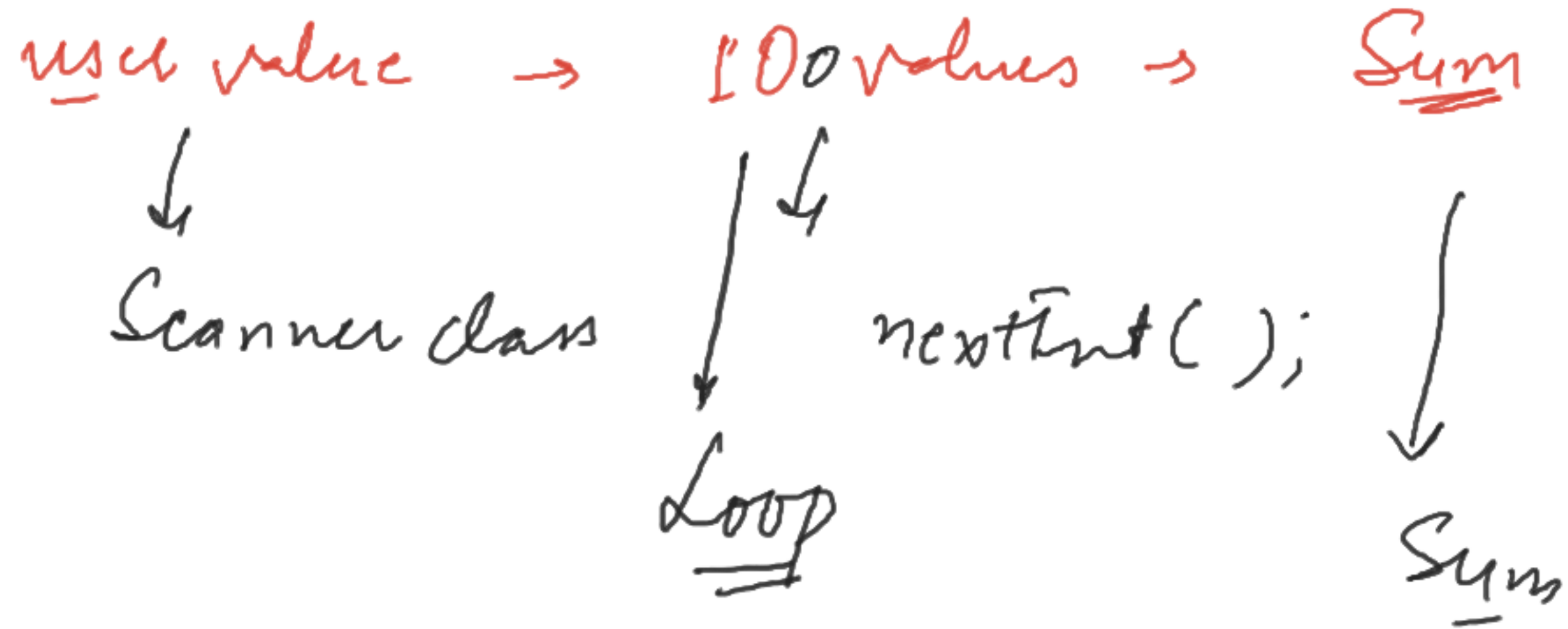
Iter 2 $i=2$
 $2 \leq 10 \rightarrow \text{true}$
 ↓
 Hello
 $i=3$

Iter 3 $i=3$
 $3 \leq 10 \rightarrow \text{true}$
 ↓
 Hello

Iter 10 $i=10$
 $10 \leq 10 \rightarrow \text{true}$
 ↓
 Hello

Iter 11 $i=11$
 $11 \leq 10 \rightarrow \text{false}$

↓ execution - stop.




```

int sum = 0; ① ②
for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
    System.out.println("Please enter " + i + " number - ");
    ③ {
        int a = scn.nextInt(); // 22
        sum = sum + a; // 0 + 1 = 1
        System.out.println("Sum is - " + sum);
    }
}

```

sum ~~0~~
~~2~~ 6

$i = 1, 1 \leq 10$
 Please enter 1 number
 2

$sum = 0 + 2;$

$sum = 2$

$i = 2, 2 \leq 10$ - true
 Please enter 2 number
 4

$sum = sum + a;$
 $2 + 4 = 6$

print table 2

2 4 6 8 10 12

print table \rightarrow 5

$$5 * 1 = 5$$

$$5 * 2 = 10$$

.

:

$$5 * 10 = 50$$

7

$$7 * 1 = 7$$

$$7 * 2 = 14$$

$$7 * 3 = 21$$

.

;